Exhibit No.:

Issues:

Cost Allocation/Rate Design

Witness: Paul R. Herbert

Exhibit Type: Direct

Sponsoring Party: Missouri-American Water Company Case No.: WR-2008-XXXX

Date:

March 31, 2008

MISSOURI PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

CASE NO. WR-2008-XXXX

DIRECT TESTIMONY

OF

PAUL R. HERBERT

ON BEHALF OF

MISSOURI-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY

JEFFERSON CITY, MISSOURI

BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

IN THE MATTER OF MISSOURI-AMERICAN
WATER COMPANY FOR AUTHORITY TO
FILE TARIFFS REFLECTING INCREASED
RATES FOR WATER AND SEWER
SERVICE

CASE NO. WR-2008-XXXX CASE NO. SR-2008-XXX

AFFIDAVIT OF PAUL R. HERBERT

Paul R. Herbert, being first duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the witness who sponsors the accompanying testimony entitled "Direct Testimony of Paul R. Herbert"; that said testimony and schedules were prepared by him and/or under his direction and supervision; that if inquires were made as to the facts in said testimony and schedules, he would respond as therein set forth; and that the aforesaid testimony and schedules are true and correct to the best of his knowledge.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania **County of Cumberland**

SUBSCRIBED and sworn to

Before me this ANK day of _

2008.

My commission expires: February, 20, 2011

COMMONWEALTH

Notatia Seta Cheryl Ann Rutter, Plotary Public East Pennsboro Typ., Cumicanand County My Commission Explication Feb. 20, 2011

Member, Pennsylvanic Associados or Notados

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WITNESS INTRODUCTION AND QUALIFICATIONS AND EXPERIENCE

- 3 1. Q. Please state your name and address.
- A. My name is Paul R. Herbert. My business address is 207 Senate Avenue,

 Camp Hill, Pennsylvania.
- 6 2. Q. By whom are you employed?

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- 7 A. I am employed by Gannett Fleming, Inc.
- Q. Please describe your position with Gannett Fleming, Inc. and briefly
 state your general duties and responsibilities.
- A. I am President of the Valuation and Rate Division. My duties and responsibilities include the preparation of accounting and financial data for revenue requirement and cash working capital claims, the allocation of cost of service to customer classifications, and the design of customer rates in support of public utility rate filings.
- 4. Q. Have you presented testimony in rate proceedings before a regulatoryagency?
- A. Yes. I have testified before the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission, the

 New Jersey Board of Public Utilities, the Public Utilities Commission of Ohio,

 the Public Service Commission of West Virginia, the Kentucky Public Service

 Commission, the Iowa State Utilities Board, the Virginia State Corporation

 Commission, the Missouri Public Service Commission, the New Mexico

 Public Regulation Commission, the Public Utilities Commission of the State of

 California, the Illinois Commerce Commission and the Tennessee Regulatory

Authority, concerning revenue requirements, cost of service allocation, rate design and cash working capital claims. A list of cases that I have testified is attached to my testimony.

5. Q. What is your educational background?

Α.

A. I have a Bachelor of Science Degree in Finance from the Pennsylvania State
University, University Park, Pennsylvania.

6. Q. Would you please describe your professional affiliations?

A. I am a member of the American Water Works Association and serve as a member of the Management Committee for the Pennsylvania Section. I am also a member of the Pennsylvania Municipal Authorities Association. In 1998, I became a member of the National Association of Water Companies as well as a member of its Rates and Revenue Committee.

7. Q. Briefly describe your work experience.

I joined the Valuation Division of Gannett Fleming Corddry and Carpenter, Inc., predecessor to Gannett Fleming, Inc., in September 1977, as a Junior Rate Analyst. Since then, I advanced through several positions and was assigned the position of Manager of Rate Studies on July 1, 1990. On June 1, 1994, I was promoted to Vice President and Senior Vice President in November 2003. On July 1, 2007, I was promoted to my current position as President of the Valuation and Rate Division.

While attending Penn State, I was employed during the summers of 1972, 1973 and 1974 by the United Telephone System - Eastern Group in its accounting department. Upon graduation from college in 1975, I was

employed by Herbert Associates, Inc., Consulting Engineers (now Herbert Rowland and Grubic, Inc.), as a field office manager until September 1977.

8. Q. What is the purpose of your testimony in this proceeding?

A. The purpose of my testimony is to present and explain Missouri-American

Water Company's (or MAWC or Company) cost of service allocation studies

and proposed rate designs set forth in Schedule PRH-1.

9. Q. Was Schedule No. PRH-1 prepared by you or under your direction and supervision?

A. Yes, it was.

Α.

COST OF SERVICE ALLOCATION

10. Q. Briefly describe the purpose of your cost allocation studies.

The purpose of the studies was to allocate the district specific cost of service, which is the total revenue requirement, for MAWC water operations to the customer classifications in each operating district. The operating districts include Brunswick (BRU), Jefferson City (JFC), Joplin (JOP), Mexico (MEX), Parkville (PKW), St. Joseph (SJO), Warrensburg (WAR) and the St. Louis Metro Area (SLM) which includes the former St. Charles (SCH), Warren County Water (WCW) and St. Louis County (STL) districts. Cost allocation studies were not performed for the sewer districts in Parkville, Cedar Hill and Warren County since these districts are predominantly residential customers.

In the studies, the district specific costs were allocated to the residential, commercial, industrial, other public authorities, sales for resale,

private fire protection and public fire protection classifications in accordance with generally accepted principles and procedures. The cost of service allocation studies results in indications of the relative cost responsibilities of each class of customers in each operating district. The allocated cost of service is one of several criteria appropriate for consideration in designing customer rates to produce the required revenues. The results of the allocation of the district specific cost of service for the test year ended December 31, 2007, and proposed customer rates which produce the pro forma revenue requirements, are presented in the studies.

11. Q. Please describe the method of cost allocation that was used in your study.

A. The base-extra capacity method, as described in 2000 and prior Water Rates Manuals published by the American Water Works Association (AWWA), was used to allocate the pro forma costs. Base-extra capacity is a recognized method for allocating the cost of providing water service to customer classifications in proportion to the classifications' use of the commodity, facilities, and services. It is generally accepted as a sound method for allocating the cost of water service and was used by the Company in previous cases.

12. Q. Please describe the procedure followed in each of the cost allocation studies.

A. Each identified classification of cost in the district specific cost of service was allocated to the customer classifications through the use of appropriate

factors. These allocations are presented in Schedule B for each study. The items of cost, which include operation and maintenance expenses, depreciation expense, taxes and income available for return, are identified in column 1 of Schedule B. The cost of each item, shown in column 3, is allocated to the several customer classifications based on allocation factors referenced in column 2. The development of the allocation factors is presented in Schedule C. I will use some of the larger cost items to illustrate the principles and considerations used in the cost allocation methodology.

Purchased water, purchased electric power, treatment chemicals and waste disposal are examples of costs that tend to vary with the amount of water consumed and are thus considered base costs. They are allocated to the several customer classifications in direct proportion to the average daily consumption of those classifications through the use of Factor 1. The development of Factor 1 is shown in Schedule C.

Other source of supply, water treatment and transmission costs are associated with meeting usage requirements in excess of the average, generally to meet maximum day requirements. Costs of this nature were allocated to customer classifications partially as base costs, proportional to average daily consumption, partially as maximum day extra capacity costs, in proportion to maximum day extra capacity, and, in the case of certain pumping stations and transmission mains, partially as fire protection costs, through the use of Factors 2 and 3. The development of the allocation factors, referenced as Factors 2 and 3, is shown in Schedule C.

Costs associated with storage facilities and the capital costs of distribution mains were allocated partly on the basis of average consumption and partly on the basis of maximum hour extra demand, including the demand for fire protection service, because these facilities are designed to meet maximum hour and fire demand requirements. The development of the factors, referenced as Factors 4 and 5, used for these allocations is shown in Schedule C.

Fire demand costs were allocated to public and private fire protection service in proportion to the relative potential demands on the system by public fire hydrants and private service lines as presented in Schedule E.

Costs associated with pumping facilities and the operation and maintenance of mains were allocated on combined bases of maximum day and maximum hour extra capacity because these facilities serve both functions. For pumping facilities, the relative weightings of Factor 2 (maximum day), Factor 3 (maximum day and fire) and Factor 4 (maximum hour) were based on the horsepower of pumps serving maximum day, maximum day and fire and maximum hour functions. The development of this weighted factor is referenced as Factor 6.

For operation and maintenance of mains, the relative weightings of Factor 3 (maximum day and fire) and Factor 4 (maximum hour) were based on the footage of transmission and distribution mains. Generally for cost allocation purposes, mains larger than 10-inch were classified as serving a transmission function and mains 10-inch and smaller were classified as

serving a distribution function. The development of this weighted factor is referenced as Factor 7.

Costs associated with meters were allocated to customer classifications in proportion to the relative unit costs of the sizes and quantities of meters serving each classification. The development of the factor for meters is referenced as Factor 9. Factor 10, Allocation of Services, was developed in a similar manner as Factor 9, except that the relative unit cost per foot by service size was used in order to weight the number of services by classification. Costs associated with public fire hydrants were assigned directly to the public fire protection class (Factor 8).

Costs for customer accounting, billing and collecting were allocated on the basis of the number of customers for each classification, and costs for meter reading were allocated on the basis of metered customers. The development of these factors is referenced as Factor 13 and Factor 14.

Administrative and general costs were allocated on the basis of allocated direct costs, excluding those costs such as purchased water, power, chemicals and waste disposal, which require little administrative and general expense. The development of the factor is referenced as Factor 15.

Annual depreciation accruals were allocated on the basis of the function of the facilities represented by the depreciation expense for each depreciable plant account. The original cost less depreciation of utility plant in service was similarly allocated for the purpose of developing factors, referenced as Factor 18, for allocating items such as income taxes and

return. The development of Factor 18 is presented on the last three pages of Schedule C.

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Factors 15 and 18, as well as Factors 11, 12, 16, 17 and 19, are composite allocation factors. These factors are based on the result of allocating other costs and are computed internally in the cost allocation program. Refer to Schedule C for a description of the bases for each composite allocation factor.

8 13. Q. What was the source of the total cost of service data set forth in column 9 3 of Schedule B?

- A. The pro forma costs of service were furnished by the Company, and are set forth in Company accounting exhibits and workpapers. The cost of service by district used in my allocation studies reflects the revenue contribution among districts as explained in Mr. Grubb's testimony.
- 14 14. Q. Refer to Schedule C, and explain the source of the system maximum

 15 day and maximum hour ratios used in the development of factors

 16 referenced as Factors 2, 3 and 4.
 - A. The ratios were based on a review of historic Company data for each district.

 Schedule D shows the experienced maximum day ratios for each district over the last several years. The maximum hour ratios were estimated based on actual data or the relationship of system maximum hour ratios compared to system maximum day ratios for similar systems.
- 22 15. Q. What factors were considered in estimating the maximum day extra 23 capacity and maximum hour extra capacity demands used for the

customer classifications in the development of Factors 2, 3 and 4?

A. The estimated demands were based on judgment which considered field studies of actual customer class demands conducted for other American Companies, field observations of the service areas of the Company, field studies of similar service areas in Pennsylvania, and generally-accepted customer class maximum day and maximum hour demand ratios.

16. Q. Please explain the allocation of small mains in certain districts.

Factor 4, used to allocate distribution mains, was modified to exclude consumption for certain large customers connected primarily to large mains, commonly referred to as transmission mains, in Joplin, St. Joseph and St. Louis Metro Area districts. This was done to recognize that certain industrial and sales for resale customers are connected directly to the transmission system and do not benefit from the smaller distribution mains.

17. Q. How was this adjustment accomplished?

Α.

Α.

In Joplin, five of the six largest industrial customers are connected to mains 12-inch and larger. The sixth customer is served from an 8-inch main, but is located a short distance from 12- and 16-inch mains. The test year consumption for these six customers was excluded from the industrial class for the basis of developing Factor 4.

In St. Joseph, the four largest industrial accounts and all sales for resale accounts are served from mains 12-inch and larger. The test year consumption for these customers was excluded in the development of Factor 4.

In St. Louis Metro Area, all sales for resale customers (Rates B) are served from the transmission system and therefore, were excluded from Factor 4. For the industrial or Rate J classification, an analysis of the customers was performed to determine the size main each Rate J customer is served from. The analysis showed that out of 215 Rate J customers, 112 customers representing 61.8% of the Rate J consumption are connected to mains 12-inch and larger. The remaining 103 customers with 38.2% of the consumption are connected to mains smaller than 12-inch.

A further analysis of the 103 customers connected to small mains was conducted to measure the length of distribution mains used to serve these customers from the transmission system. This analysis showed that only about 225,000 feet of small mains are used from the transmission system to the connection point of the 103 Rate J customers. The 225,000 feet represents about 1.3% of the total 17.5 million feet of distribution mains. This analysis clearly shows that although certain Rate J customers are connected to smaller mains, the length of those mains are only a small fraction of the total distribution main system. Therefore, based on this analysis, 10% of the Rate J consumption was used in the development of Factor 4, to reflect that a small part of the distribution mains are used by Rate J customers.

18. Q. Have you summarized the results of your cost allocation study?

A. Yes. The results are summarized in columns 1, 2 and 3 of Schedule A for each district. Column 2 sets forth the total allocated pro forma cost of service as of December 31, 2007, for each customer classification identified in

column 1. Column 3 presents each customer classification's cost responsibility as a percent of the total cost.

19. Q. Have you compared these cost responsibilities with the proportionate revenue under existing rates for each customer classification?

A. Yes. A comparison of the allocated cost responsibilities and the percentage revenue under existing rates for each district can be made by comparing columns 3 and 5 of Schedule A. A similar comparison of the percentage cost responsibilities (relative cost of service) and the percentage of pro forma revenues (relative revenues) under proposed rates can be made by comparing columns 3 and 7 of Schedule A.

CUSTOMER RATE DESIGN

20. Q. What are the appropriate factors to be considered in the design of the rate structure?

15 A. In preparing a rate structure, one should consider the allocated costs of
16 service, the impact of changes from the present rate structure, the
17 understandability and ease of application of the rate structure, community and
18 social influences, and the value of service. General guidelines should be
19 developed with management to determine the extent to which each of these
20 criteria is to be incorporated in the rate structure to be designed, inasmuch as
21 the pricing of a commodity or service is a function of management.

21. Q. Did management discuss rate design guidelines with you?

A. Yes, they did. The guidelines were as follows: (1) Maintain district specific

pricing for each district's rate structure and taking into account a revenue contribution for several small districts; (2) merge the rates for St. Charles and Warren County Water into the rate structure of the former St. Louis County district to form the St. Louis Metro Area district rates; (3) determine the unit cost per public fire hydrant in the St. Louis Metro Area district so that public fire protection costs can be recovered from each customer in a similar manner as the current practice in St. Louis County; (4) design two sets of customer charges – one uniform structure by meter size applicable for all districts excluding the St. Louis Metro Area and one structure by meter size for the St. Louis Metro Area alone; (5) for districts other than St. Louis Metro, use a one-block structure for the residential class and two- to four-block structures for non-residential classes; and (6) design the customer charges and volumetric rates so that proposed revenues by customer classification move toward or approximate the indicated cost of service in each district.

15 22. Q. Do you agree with these guidelines?

16 A. Yes, I do.

23. Q. Have you prepared proposed rate schedules for each classification and each rate zone?

A. No, however the Company has prepared Schedule EJG-5 which shows a comparison of present and proposed rates for each district.

21 24. Q. Please explain the proposed minimum charges.

A. An analysis of the customer costs in each district was prepared to determine the appropriate monthly minimum charges by meter size. For the seven districts other than the St. Louis Metro Area, the pro forma customer costs for a 5/8-inch meter ranged from \$12.93 to \$19.32 per month. (See Schedule F for each district). Based on this analysis, the 5/8-inch minimum charge was set at \$13.00 per month for each of the seven districts representing increases ranging from 11.9% in Joplin to 52% in Parkville. The larger increases in certain districts are a result of the existing rates being significantly below the indicated cost of service. The increases to the larger sizes (3/4-inch through 12-inch meters) were based on the existing ratios by size to the 5/8-inch charge.

For St. Louis Metro Area, the analysis of pro forma customer costs resulted in a 5/8-inch meter customer cost of \$13.81 per month and \$20.33 per quarter. Since these unit costs would represent a 98% and 99% increase respectively, over existing rates, the minimum charges were set at \$10.00 per month and \$16.52 per quarter. Minimums, for the larger meter sizes were developed in a similar manner. Minimum charges for St. Charles and Warren County Water were set equal to those for St. Louis Metro Area.

25. Q. Please explain the volumetric charges.

Α.

Generally, for the seven districts other than St. Louis Metro, a one-block uniform volumetric rate is proposed for the residential classification in each district. This is a change from the existing declining block structure for residential customers and recognizes that large residential users (over 100,000 gallons per month) do not have favorable load factors and should not pay less for their usage than small users.

For non-residential customers, a two, three or four block structure is proposed with the first block rate that is the same for each of the non-residential classes and the remaining block rates designed to move revenues toward or equal to the indicated cost of service by classification within each district.

In St. Louis Metro Area, the same single-block rate structure for Rates A through J is proposed with increases in each rate according to cost of service. All St. Charles and Warren County customers were placed in the Rate A classification.

26. Q. Please explain private fire charges.

11 A. In most districts, the existing private fire revenues exceed the indicated cost
12 of service. Therefore, no changes to the private fire line rates are proposed
13 at this time.

14 27. Q. Please explain the public fire hydrant charges.

A. The cost of service for public fire protection was established only for the St.

Louis Metro Area. The annual unit cost was determined by dividing the cost

of service by the number of public hydrants for the combined service areas.

The public fire hydrant rates will be charged on a per customer basis in each

area as a separate charge in a similar manner as the existing practice in St.

Louis County.

28. Q. Has the Company prepared proof of revenue schedules under present and proposed rates?

A. Yes. The proof of revenue shows that the application of the present and

proposed rates to the billing determinants or bill analysis produce the proforma present and proposed revenue and proves that the proposed rates filed in the proposed tariffs recover the requested revenue requirements.

Schedule CAS-13 and 14, sponsored by Mr. Petry, sets forth the proof of revenues from the application of present and proposed rates to the customer consumption analysis. The revenues from these exhibits are brought forward to Schedule A, columns 4 and 6, for each district.

8 29. Q. Does this complete your testimony at this time?

9 A. Yes, it does.

LIST OF CASES IN WHICH PAUL R. HERBERT TESTIFIED

Subject Pro Forma Revenues Bill Analysis and Rate Application Revenue Requirements (Rule 42) Cash Working Capital Cost Allocation and Rate Design Cost Allocation and Rate Design Revenue Requirements, Cost Allocation, Rate Design and	Cash Working Capital Cash Working Capital Cash Working Capital Cost Allocation and Rate Design Cost Allocation and Rate Design Revenue Requirements and Rate	Design Revenue Requirements and Rate Design Cost Allocation and Rate Design Cash Working Capital	Water and Wastewater Cost Allocation and Rate Design Revenue Requirement, Cost Allocation and Rate Design	Cost Allocation and Rate Design Cost Allocation and Rate Design Revenue Requirements (Rule 42), Cost Allocation and Rate Design	Cost Allocation and Rate Design Cash Working Capital Cost Allocation and Rate Design Cost Allocation and Rate Design	Cost Allocation and Rate Design Tapping Fee Study Cost Allocation and Rate Design Cost Allocation and Rate Design
Client/Utility T. W. Phillips Gas and Oil Co. Pennsylvania-American Water Company Clarksburg Water Board North Penn Gas Company The Atlantic City Sewerage Company The York Water Company City of Bethlehem	Roaring Creek Water Company North Penn Gas Company The Atlantic City Sewerage Company Citizens Utilities Water Company of Pennsylvania Apollo Gas Company	Carnegie Natural Gas Company The York Water Company Consumers Pennsylvania Water Company - Shenango Valley Division	Citizens Utilities Company of Ohio City of Bethlehem - Bureau of Water	The York Water Company Philadelphia Suburban Water Company Clarksburg Water Board	Kentucky-American Water Company PPL Gas Utilities Atlantic City Sewerage Company lowa-American Water Company Virginia-American Water Company	West-Virginia American Water Company City of Lancaster The York Water Company Pennsylvania-American Water Company Philadelphia Suburban Water Company
Docket No. R-832399 R-891208 91-106-W-MA R-922276 WR92050532J R-943124	R-943177 R-943245 WR94070325 R-953300 R-953378	R-953379 R-963619 R-973972	98-178-WS-AIR R-984375	R-994605 R-994868 99-1570-W-MA	2000-120 R-00005277 WR00080575 RPU-01-4 PUE010312	01-0326-W-42T R-016114 R-016236 R-016339 R-016750
Jurisdiction Pa. PUC Pa. PUC PSC of W. Va. Pa. PUC NJ BPU Pa. PUC Pa. PUC	Pa. PUC Pa. PUC NJ BPU Pa. PUC Pa. PUC	Pa. PUC Pa. PUC Pa. PUC	Ohio PUC Pa. PUC	Pa. PUC Pa. PUC PSC of W.Va.	Ky. PSC Pa. PUC NJ BPU Ia. St Util Bd Va. St. Corp Cm	WV PSC Pa. PUC Pa. PUC Pa. PUC
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Subject	Cost Allocation and Rate Design Cost Allocation and Rate Design	Cost Allocation and Rate Design	Cost Allocation and Rate Design	Cost Allocation and Rate Design	Cost Allocation and Rate Design	Cost Allocation and Rate Design	Cost Allocation and Rate Design	Cost Allocation and Rate Design	Cost Allocation and Rate Design	Cost Allocation and Rate Design	Cost Allocation and Rate Design	Cost Allocation and Rate Design	Cost Allocation and Rate Design	Cost Allocation and Rate Design	Cost Allocation and Rate Design	Cost Allocation and Rate Design	Cost Allocation and Rate Design	Cost Allocation and Rate Design	Water Conservation Rate Design	Water Conservation Rate Design	Cost Allocation and Rate Design	Cost Allocation and Rate Design	Cost Allocation and Rate Design	Cost Allocation and Rate Design	Customer Class Demand Study	Cost Allocation and Rate Design	Cost Allocation and Rate Design	Revenue Requirements, Cost Alloc.	Cost Allocation and Rate Design	Cost Allocation and Rate Design	Cost Allocation and Rate Design
Client/Utility	Virginia-American Water Company The York Water Company	Tennessee-American Water Company	Pennsylvania-American Water Company	New Jersey-American Water Company	Missouri-American Water Company	Virginia-American Water Company	Pennsylvania Suburban Water Company	The York Water Company	The Atlantic City Sewerage Company	Morgantown Utility Board	Morgantown Utility Board	Aqua Pennsylvania, Inc.	T. W. Phillips Gas and Oil Co.	The York Water Company	New Jersey American Water Company	PPL Gas Utilities, Inc.	New Mexico American Water Company	Tennessee American Water Company	Suburban Water Systems	San Jose Water Company	Pennsylvania American Water Company	Kentucky American Water Company	Missouri American Water Company	Ohio American Water Company	Illinois American Water Company	Aqua Pennsylvania, Inc.	The Atlantic City Sewerage Company	City of Bethlehem – Bureau of Water	Clarksburg Water Board	West Virginia American Water Company	inew Jersey American water Company
Docket No.	PUE-2002-00375 R-027975	03-	R-038304	WR03070511	WR-2003-0500	PUE-200 -	R-038805	R-049165	WRO4091064	04-1024-S-MA	04-1025-W-MA	R-051030	R-051178	R-061322	WR-06030257	R-061398	06-00208-UT	06-00290	U-339-W	U-168-W	R-00072229	2007-00143	WR-2007-0216	07-1112-WS-AIR	02-0507	R-00072711		R-00072492	07-0541-W-MA	07-0998-W-42T	
Jurisdiction	Va. St. Corp Cm Pa. PUC	Tenn Reg. Auth	Pa. PUC	NJ BPU	Mo. PSC	Va. St. Corp Cm	Pa. PUC	Pa. PUC	NJ BPU	WV PSC	WV PSC	Pa. PUC	Pa. PUC	Pa. PUC	NJ BPU	Pa. PUC	NM PRC	Tenn. Reg Auth	ca. PUC	Ca. PUC	Pa. PUC	Ky. PSC	Mo. PSC	Oh. PUC	II. CC	Pa. PUC	NJ BPU	Pa. PUC	WV PSC	WV PSC	0 10 01
Year	2002	2003	2003	2003	2003	2004	2004	2004	2004	2002	2002	2005	2006	2006	2006	2006	2006	2006	2007	2007	2007	2007	2007	2007	2007	2007	2007	2007	2007	2007	2007
	31. 32.	33.	34.	35.	36.	37.	38	39.	40	4.	42.	43.	44	45.	46.	47.	48.	49.	20.	51.	52.	53.	5.	55.	20	57.	28.	59	. 60	61.	9