In The Matter Of:

In Re: BellSouth Telecommunications, LLC d/b/a AT&T

TN v.

Halo Wireless, Inc.

Transcript of Proceedings January 17, 2012

nashvillecourtreporters

"Quality: Your work demands it . . . Our work reflects it."

P.O. Box 290903 Nashville, TN 37229-0903



Original File F01-17-12 TRA 11-00119.txt
Min-U-Script®

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were those pieces of testimony prepared
1
    Q.
2
    by you or under your direction?
3
                Yes, they were.
    Α.
                Do you have any corrections to either
4
    Q.
    piece of testimony at this time?
5
6
    Α.
                No.
7
                If I were to ask you the same questions
    Q.
    set forth in the testimony today, would you give the
8
    same answers?
9
10
    Α.
                Yes.
11
                      MR. COVEY: I move the admission of
12
    Mr. McPhee's direct and rebuttal testimony, including
13
    the exhibits, and make him available to issue his
14
    opening statements.
15
                      CHAIRMAN HILL: Without objection.
                      MR. THOMAS: We do have an objection.
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17
                      CHAIRMAN HILL: Okav. Please make it.
                      MR. THOMAS: We would like to take the
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    witness on voir dire to test the credibility of the
19
    witness and his statements in the testimony and to
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21
    determine whether there's a proper foundation been laid
22
    for the testimony.
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                      MS. PHILLIPS: If I could just briefly
    respond to that objection.
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25
                      CHAIRMAN HILL: You may.
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MS. PHILLIPS: Thank you. The practice of the Authority has been consistent with Tennessee State statute that the Rules of Evidence do not bind this Authority. As a result, we do not follow that sort of process of asking questions first to find out whether you will ask questions of a witness.

And so what we would suggest is that if counsel for Halo wants to ask the witness questions on cross, that they ask those questions on cross. If they think those questions somehow form a basis to ask the Authority not to allow this witness to testify, then they can make that argument.

But I fear that if we're going to question all the witnesses twice, once to see if we're going to question them and then to ask them their questions, we're going to be here for a longer time than is necessary.

MR. THOMAS: May I respond, Chairman?

CHAIRMAN HILL: You may.

MR. THOMAS: Regardless of the applicability of the evidence rules, there are still rules that govern whether evidence is admissible for purposes of using it as testimony for the Authority to rule on.

As the Authority itself has previously

said: (As read) Despite the leeway granted to the Authority in admitting and valuing certain evidence, the purpose of prefiled testimony, expert or otherwise, presented for the consideration of the Authority remains constant to substantially assist the Authority in understanding the evidence or determining of fact in issue in the case. (End of reading.) That was in the Chattanooga -- March 2, 2009, In Re Chattanooga proceeding.

And the point behind my voir dire is to show that none of this testimony is based on personal knowledge, none of this testimony is based upon any expert opinion. It is all essentially a reassertion of the positions taken by the legal counsel. Most of it is legal opinion, and, therefore, it does not -- it does not serve the purposes of the -- of evidence for this Authority and is objectionable.

And so we take the position -- Halo takes the position that we believe we have the right to conduct voir dire, but if we do not -- if we are not afforded that right, we object to the admission of the testimony because we believe that none of it is credible, trustworthy, reliable testimony on which the Authority may rely.

CHAIRMAN HILL: Mr. Thomas, I've heard

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what you have to say, and I understand what you're
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2
    saying; however, I think that you are a competent
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    counsel for your client and in your cross-examination I
    believe that you can bring out the points that you need
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5
    to bring out without us going through the Rules of
6
    Evidence.
7
                     MR. THOMAS: And on that point, may
    I -- I simply make my objection and I would only ask
8
    that you overrule it.
9
                      CHAIRMAN HILL: The objection is
10
11
    overruled and it is part of the record.
12
                     MR. THOMAS:
                                   Thank you.
13
                               (Prefiled testimony entered
14
                                into the record.)
                     CHAIRMAN HILL: All right. Mr. Covey.
15
    BY MR. COVEY:
16
17
                Mr. McPhee, are you ready to make your
    Q.
    opening statement?
18
19
                       Good morning. My name is Scott
    Α.
                I am.
    McPhee and I'm employed by AT&T.
20
21
                I submitted testimony in this proceeding
22
    that addresses the interconnection agreement between
23
    AT&T Tennessee and Halo Wireless, as well as several
24
    ways in which Halo has breached the agreement.
25
                In April 2010, the parties entered into the
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                     CHAIRMAN HILL: If you would.
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                     MR. THOMAS: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
3
                        CROSS-EXAMINATION
    BY MR. THOMAS:
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5
                Good morning, Mr. McPhee. My name is
    Q.
6
    Steve Thomas.
7
       Good morning.
    Α.
         I represent Halo Wireless Services --
8
    0.
    Halo Wireless, Inc.
9
                would you confirm -- your testimony says
10
11
    that you were -- you have degrees from the University
12
    of California at Davis in economics and political
13
    science. Do you have any other degrees?
14
    Α.
                I do not.
15
                Are you an attorney?
    Q.
16
    Α.
                No.
                Have you ever had any legal training?
17
    Q.
18
    Α.
                No.
                Have you ever been to Halo's facilities?
19
    Q.
20
                I have not.
    Α.
21
                Have you ever discussed anything with
    Q.
    any of Halo's personnel?
22
23
    Α.
                No.
24
                Have you ever had an opportunity to
    Q.
25
    directly take data of call information for Halo
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- 1 calls?
- 2 A. Can you please explain what you mean by
- 3 "directly take data"?
- 4 Q. By you actually putting in the
- 5 instructions where you obtained the data as it came
- 6 from the call stream.
- 7 A. I have not input any instructions to
- 8 obtain data.
- 9 Q. Have you taken any other steps where
- 10 you -- from a scientific or technical point of view
- 11 conducted any study or analysis that you would use
- 12 to -- on any data of Halo?
- 13 A. I'm sorry. Could you -- I guess I need
- to understand what you mean by "study or analysis."
- 15 Q. In any way have you conducted a
- 16 scientific study or analysis of any data of Halo?
- 17 A. I have seen studies of data from Halo.
- 18 I'm not sure I understand your term "scientific
- 19 study," but I have looked at the studies. I have
- 20 not directed the collection of the data for those
- 21 studies.
- 22 Q. So all of the information that you have
- 23 was provided to you by third parties; is that
- 24 correct?
- MR. COVEY: If I could ask for

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46
    end users --
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2
                      CHAIRMAN HILL: We're going to recess
3
    for five minutes. We'll be back.
                     You are under oath. Don't talk while
4
5
    you're gone.
6
                               (Recess taken from 9:59 a.m.
7
                                to 10:06 a.m.)
8
                      DIRECTOR KYLE: Thank you. I'm ready
9
    to move on.
                      CHAIRMAN HILL: Is everybody situated?
10
11
    Let me remind the witness you are still under oath.
12
    All right. You may continue.
13
    BY MR. THOMAS:
                Thank you, Mr. McPhee. The point that I
14
    Ο.
    was trying to make is that if a court disagrees with
15
    you that it's landline-originated, then the court
16
17
    would trump, would it not?
18
    Α.
                I will leave that to the attorneys to
    decide. It sounds like a legal issue.
19
20
                Exactly. And so because this is a legal
    Q.
21
    term, it's not something that you have expertise on?
22
    Α.
                Well, I disagree, because in my
    experience of 12 years of dealing with intercarrier
23
24
    compensation, the term is commonly used in order to
25
    describe call scenarios.
                               So --
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- 1 Q. Go ahead and finish your answer. I'm
- 2 sorry.
- 3 A. So I do feel a bit -- that I have an
- 4 understanding of what a landline-originated call
- 5 means for purposes of my testimony and for purposes
- 6 of intercarrier compensation.
- 7 Q. You have an understanding of what you
- 8 understand "landline-originated" means, and all I'm
- 9 trying to point out is you may not agree -- or a
- 10 court may not agree with you on that and a court
- 11 would trump, wouldn't it?
- 12 A. I understand that there may be a legal
- definition where the lawyers might have a different
- 14 understanding or there might be a different
- definition, but, as I said, in my industry
- 16 experience, I do use the term and it is commonly
- 17 used.
- 18 Q. You use the term "disguising" and
- 19 "manipulating" -- those two terms in that sentence
- 20 that follows, didn't you?
- 21 A. I did.
- Q. With that, you implied, didn't you, that
- 23 Halo was intentionally trying to deceive AT&T,
- 24 didn't you?
- 25 A. I don't say specifically that Halo is

- 1 intentionally doing it. I say that the traffic was
- 2 disguised and the call records were manipulated.
- 3 Q. So you think that there's a possibility
- 4 that someone could accidentally disguise and
- 5 accidentally manipulate?
- 6 A. I don't know what the intention may be
- 7 behind somebody disguising or manipulating. I'm
- 8 just describing the characteristic of the traffic
- 9 and the call records.
- 10 Q. So you don't have personal knowledge of
- 11 anything -- you don't have personal knowledge of
- 12 anything that Halo did, do you?
- 13 A. I'm sorry? In what respect?
- 14 Q. You don't have personal knowledge of
- 15 anything -- any action that Halo has ever taken, do
- 16 you?
- 17 A. I disagree with that.
- 18 Q. How would you have personal knowledge if
- 19 you've never had any interaction with Halo or its
- 20 employees?
- 21 A. I have not literally stood over
- 22 anybody's shoulder at Halo and watched them do
- 23 things. I do have knowledge of --
- Q. Let me clarify my question. I'm sorry.
- 25 It was an improper question.

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"Personal knowledge" means that you saw it,
1
2
    you experienced it. If you don't have personal
3
    knowledge, then you're relying on something someone
    else told you, something that came from a document,
4
5
    something that came from someone telling you something.
    It's hearsay. It's something you've been told and so
6
    you're repeating it or you're using it to analyze
7
8
    without knowing what the source of that is.
                So the difference between personal
9
    knowledge and the type of knowledge you're talking
10
11
    about -- you're not talking about personal knowledge.
12
    Do you understand that?
13
                                     Chairman Hill, could I
                     MS. PHILLIPS:
    just clarify for the record?
14
15
                     CHAIRMAN HILL: You may.
16
                     MS. PHILLIPS: AT&T is happy to
17
    stipulate that Mr. McPhee has based his testimony on
    things like looking at the call detail, looking at call
18
19
    studies, looking at communications from Halo. We are
    not suggesting that Mr. McPhee witnessed with his eyes
20
    call detail being input by Halo.
21
22
                     I hate for us to waste a lot of time
23
    on the legal, technical definition of what is personal
24
    knowledge. I think within the context of the ordinary
25
    practice of this agency, in order to not have 15
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different witnesses who say, yes, I'm the one who looked at the computer screen and I pulled the call detail, and then have somebody else say I looked at the call detail and I handed it to Mr. McPhee, Mr. McPhee is describing what he understands has happened here and how that interrelates with the contract. We are not suggesting that Mr. McPhee has visited Halo.

And I don't believe Mr. McPhee has testified anything about their intent. The call study that was included in the prefiled testimony is included in someone else's prefiled testimony, and I think we might could move through this a little more quickly if we just stipulate he is a fact witness. He is not offering an expert legal conclusion. He is simply describing his understanding of the information that came from other parties and whether that is consistent with the interconnection agreement of the parties.

And I say that on the record because I just want to try to cut through some of the evidentiary sort of discussion about the competence of the witness.

CHAIRMAN HILL: And so then, if I may, you would -- forgive me if I -- I don't mean this to be a leading question, but would you agree to the fact that your witness has not -- he has not been to Halo. He hasn't talked to Halo. He hasn't had a

psychological profile done on anybody at Halo. That what he has to say should not be inferred -- there should be no inference that he has that knowledge. Is that what I'm hearing?

MS. PHILLIPS: I think those are all correct statements, in large part because our case does not allege any intent on Halo's part. We're not making a fraud claim. We're saying that they breached the contract.

So this testimony is about what they did, not what they intended, not what their motivations were. And Mr. McPhee is testifying based on his understanding of material he has reviewed from other people as opposed to interacting face-to-face with Halo, and we would contend that that is commonly accepted as reliable and proper testimony here at the Authority.

And we will not be objecting to Halo's witnesses who also rely on -- describe industry practices and rely on things that their lawyers told them, because we recognize that is the efficient way to raise these issues in this commission.

CHAIRMAN HILL: And so your witness appears as an analyst of what he has seen?

MS. PHILLIPS: He is describing what

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he has seen. He has not performed any sort of expert
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2
    analysis or the kinds of things that expert witnesses
3
    do. He is describing his conclusions based on other
    things that he has observed or learned, yes, sir.
4
5
                     CHAIRMAN HILL: Thank you.
6
                     MR. THOMAS: May I make two points,
7
    Your Honor?
8
                     CHAIRMAN HILL: You may.
                     MR. THOMAS: First of all, I apologize
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    that I am not well experienced in dealings before the
10
11
    Tennessee Regulatory Authority or proceedings like
12
    this, but I have been representing clients for many
13
    years. And when someone says that my client is
    disguising, when they say that my client is
14
15
    manipulating, or on the next page when they say that my
    client is perpetuating a scheme, it appears to me that
16
    that is a specific statement -- an accusation that my
17
    client is engaged in unlawful conduct intentionally,
18
19
    and I have a right to defend my client against those
20
    accusations.
                     But, second, if counsel for AT&T will
21
22
    stipulate that Mr. McPhee has no personal knowledge of
23
    the matters on which he is testifying regarding Halo,
    then I think we can leave all of that -- all of these
24
25
    issues behind.
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MS. PHILLIPS: Chairman Hill, AT&T will not stipulate that this witness does not have personal knowledge. He has a great deal of personal knowledge. He has personally evaluated the information that all folks in the telecom industry use to decide whether folks are complying with their interconnection agreements. We certainly are not going to do something in Tennessee -- the first state commission to take up these issues -- to create the ability for Halo to go around to other places, well, AT&T has agreed that their witnesses don't have any knowledge, that their witnesses aren't competent, and that is all this exercise appears to be about.

MR. THOMAS: No. You're wrong.

MS. PHILLIPS: What I would suggest is -- I hoped by raising this that we could cut to the chase and relieve Halo of feeling the obligation to create a lot of record here that they have questioned the competence of the witness. Obviously, that isn't going to make things go more quickly; it's just going to draw things out. So we would just suggest that -- I think both parties have made their point on the record and maybe we can get back to asking questions of the witness.

CHAIRMAN HILL: If I may restate then

what I heard you say, Ms. Phillips, you're not accusing fraud, you're not -- you're not exposing in any fashion something that you've discovered. All you're talking about here is whether or not there was a breach of the agreement; is that correct?

MS. PHILLIPS: We are talking about -our claim is that there has been a breach of the
agreement. Now, it certainly makes it more likely in
the -- for the fact finder to determine that a breach
occurred when we explain what the motivation might have
been for doing those things. We do believe that the
reasons that Halo has made -- has inserted call detail
that isn't normally inserted is for the purpose of
making their traffic look like something it isn't.

We are not making a fraud claim, though. We don't have to prove what was in their heart. And all I'm suggesting is that, you know, the word "disguise" means make something look like something else, and that's what I think the witness means. And "manipulate" means, you know, change something. That is what I think has happened.

"Scheme" -- I'm sorry if that word feels a little unpleasant, but "scheme," you know, means a design, a plan, a purpose to do something.

And we do believe that they have

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engaged in this purposefully to pay a lower rate than
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2
    is required by the contract, but all of those claims
3
    relate to breach of contract. And I do not want to
    concede that we are obligated to prove that they had
4
5
    some evil intent, because breach of contract claims
    don't require that.
6
7
                     CHAIRMAN HILL: So what you're trying
8
    to -- what I'm trying to hear here -- I think you're
    trying to tell me is that these words are used without
9
    prejudice and are not necessarily malevolent in their
10
11
    usage?
12
                     MS. PHILLIPS: Absolutely.
13
                     CHAIRMAN HILL: What I'm -- I mean, I
    can understand -- I mean, you know, there's a famous
14
15
    lawyer named Shylock, so we understand that that set a
    precedent for certain views of attorneys. And so words
16
17
    are powerful, but I'm understanding, for the record,
    that you're telling me that this is not used with any
18
    prejudice, these words are not?
19
20
                     MS. PHILLIPS: They are not intended
    to offend.
21
22
                     CHAIRMAN HILL: However, apparently,
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respond. Page 4, line 15 of Mr. Neinast's testimony

MR. THOMAS: Chairman, if I might

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24

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they do offend.

comes straight out and says that this is an attempt to defraud by Halo. This is evidence -- they are asking that you admit this information as evidence. We are objecting to that evidence in cross-examining to show they don't have any basis for these claims of fraud or scheme or manipulation or disguising.

Second, there are only two types of witnesses in any kind of proceeding you want to put together in this country, and that is a fact witness or an expert witness. AT&T has said he is a fact witness. Under Tennessee law, he cannot testify unless he has personal knowledge. We have the right to object to his testimony being admitted because he has no personal knowledge of any of the facts that he has put into his testimony. They are all of the type of facts that would be presented by an expert witness.

It has been right here on the record said by AT&T he is not an expert witness. He is a fact witness. Absolutely none of this testimony can come in for that reason, and we object to its admission.

MS. PHILLIPS: Chairman Hill, we don't agree that personal knowledge for purposes of admitting evidence at the Tennessee Regulatory Authority has the meaning that was just described. This testimony is based on this witness's industry understanding, his

actual experience, his actual evaluation of what has happened.

I'm sorry. I just disagree with what's being described. This is a perfectly competent witness of the same nature that this agency routinely relies upon in cases of this nature.

CHAIRMAN HILL: Well, the objection is noted, but it's my opinion that the witness has the right to make his statements. You also have the right to question them, Counsel, and I understand that. And so let's proceed, shall we?

MR. THOMAS: Your Honor, I have made an objection to the admission of his evidence based on the admission by AT&T that he is not an expert, that he is a fact witness. I presented that objection to the Authority. It sounds to me as though you have just overruled my objection.

CHAIRMAN HILL: I have overruled your objection, but I have noted it.

MR. THOMAS: Thank you. Thank you. In light of you overruling that objection and in order to preserve time, I will -- I will say that in the interest of time, we will take up issues where the two witnesses overlap through cross-examination of Mr. Neinast and I will conclude my cross-examination.

- 1 Q. Was that testimony prepared by you or
- 2 under your direction?
- 3 A. Yes, it was.
- 4 Q. Do you have any corrections to the
- 5 testimony at this time?
- 6 A. No, I don't.
- 7 Q. Does your testimony include a corrected
- 8 version of, I believe it was, Exhibit MN-3 with your
- 9 direct testimony?
- 10 A. Yes, it was. I had a label correction
- 11 that I needed to make.
- 12 Q. If I were to ask you the same questions
- set forth in your direct and rebuttal testimony
- 14 today, would you give the same answers?
- 15 A. Yes, I would.
- MR. COVEY: Your Honor, I would move
- 17 the admission of the testimony of Mr. Neinast and make
- 18 him available to issue his opening statement.
- 19 CHAIRMAN HILL: Without an objection.
- 20 MR. MCCOLLOUGH: There is an
- 21 objection. I suspect it is going to sound very much
- 22 like what counsel before me did with Mr. McPhee. We
- do, for the record, request an opportunity to take voir
- 24 dire to test the basis for this witness's opinions.
- I would characterize much of this

testimony not only as legal in nature, but also as an expert who is expressing opinions, who has conducted a study. And before testimony on his study results can be admitted, we have a right, under the law which has been adopted in this state, to test its reliability.

This is in the nature of a Daubert test. Before expert opinions using studies of this type can be admitted into evidence, there must be a finding that it is of a reliable nature and was performed using proper scientific or other analytical methods. I wish to conduct some voir dire to get into that before this is admitted.

CHAIRMAN HILL: Counsel?

MS. PHILLIPS: Thank you, Chairman Hill. AT&T disagrees that that is a proper characterization of this witness's testimony. This witness is offering fact evidence. This witness did not do any DNA testing. Okay? We are not talking about somebody who has performed scientific experiments.

The data that Mr. Neinast is going to talk about, what is called in his testimony "a call study" is basically this, we looked -- AT&T collected a list of all the telephone calls that Halo sent during a week. We didn't use logarithms or mathematical

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analysis is silly and not at all consistent with the way this commission treats evidence of this nature. So we disagree, obviously.

MR. MCCOLLOUGH: If I may respond. I
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promise to be really quick. In essence, what
Mr. Neinast is bringing to you is some kind of
forensics analysis. He studied information, picked a
certain period, looked at the information from that
period, and formed conclusions and an opinion which he
is presenting to you. One specific instance is his
estimate that 74 percent of the traffic is
landline-originated. Now, in order to calculate that
percent, he had to perform an analysis and a study.
I'm sorry. Where I come from, that's an expert
opinion.

CHAIRMAN HILL: You are from Texas, aren't you?

MR. MCCOLLOUGH: I am indeed, and in Texas we pronounce it VORE-DIRE, not VWA-DEER. I don't want to waste a bunch of time here, because I suspect I know what the ruling is. We do request the opportunity for voir dire, and you're either going to give it to me or you're not.

CHAIRMAN HILL: Voir dire or garde or whatever you want to call it, no, we're not going to

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1
    give it to you.
2
                     MR. MCCOLLOUGH: Thank you.
3
                     CHAIRMAN HILL: We're going to operate
    as we normally do within the TRA function, and I don't
4
5
    think it rises to that issue at this point.
6
                               (Prefiled testimony moved
7
                                into the record.)
8
                     CHAIRMAN HILL: All right. Continue.
9
                     MR. COVEY: Thank you.
    BY MR. COVEY:
10
11
                Mr. Neinast, have you prepared a summary
    Q.
    of your testimony that you would like to present at
12
13
    this time?
14
                Yes, I have.
    Α.
15
    Q.
                Thank you.
                Good morning. I'm Mark Neinast,
16
17
    associate director of network regulatory. I have
    over 36 years with AT&T, primarily in the network
18
    organization. I'm here to discuss the network and
19
20
    technical facts in this case.
21
                Halo has entered into a wireless
22
    interconnection agreement with AT&T here in Tennessee.
23
    Halo's ICA clearly prohibits from sending AT&T landline
24
    traffic. I discuss in my testimony how Halo has
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actually been sending landline traffic to AT&T in

- 1 going to -- I'm not here to testify about that.
- 2 Q. So you don't know --
- 3 A. No.
- 4 Q. -- that, for example, if we assume that
- 5 this Bandwidth.com number that was in your list --
- 6 that this particular call actually touched
- 7 Bandwidth.com's network when it was originated?
- 8 A. I'm not here to represent that. I'm
- 9 here to represent the fact that they're listed in
- 10 the LERG, local exchange routing guide, as a
- 11 | landline carrier, and that's what they're listed as
- 12 and that's the way we treat them. That's the
- industry practice today.
- 14 Q. Your study, however, would have assumed
- 15 that it did indeed originate on Bandwidth.com's
- 16 network?
- 17 A. If they list themselves as a landline
- 18 carrier, Bandwidth.com, then that's how we're going
- 19 to treat them, and that's the industry practice
- 20 that's being used today by all local exchange
- 21 carriers.
- MR. MCCOLLOUGH: I'm going to rise
- 23 just to make a record. I move to exclude his testimony
- because his study is unreliable. He used the calling
- and called number and then derived from that the

inference or assumption that merely because an originating number was signaled, that it originated on the carrier's network that holds that number and that it is the type of call that is denoted in the LERG, i.e., wireline or wireless.

I have demonstrated in this room today that that is not a valid assumption. That renders his study invalid, without basis, and inadmissible. I move to strike.

MS. PHILLIPS: Obviously, AT&T opposes the motion to strike. Mr. McCollough can make his argument about his view of how reliable our process was, but it's been explained here, and I think the Authority can weigh that as the Authority thinks is appropriate. But it certainly doesn't go to the admissibility of this evidence. This evidence has been explained. It is of the type and character that we routinely rely on in this commission to talk about what happened with a bunch of telephone calls.

CHAIRMAN HILL: One question of the witness. The study that you did and the way that it was done, getting the information and all that, and the results that you had from the study, is that industry standard -- and I don't mean AT&T only, but industry standard to do the study the way you did it and to come

- a lot of things I've got questions about, but we're not
- 2 here to talk about those things today.
- I overrule your objection, but well
- 4 stated, nonetheless. Anything else?
- MR. MCCOLLOUGH: Yes, sir.
- 6 BY MR. MCCOLLOUGH:
- 7 Q. You said today -- you said in your
- 8 rebuttal testimony, page 6, 11 -- lines 11 through
- 9 12, that the industry treats IP-originated traffic
- 10 as wireline. May I take from that then that your
- 11 analysis would have included all IP-originated calls
- 12 and characterized them as wireline-originated?
- 13 A. Yes.
- 14 Q. Okay. Now, AT&T has an affiliate,
- 15 AT&T Wireless; correct?
- 16 A. Yes.
- 17 Q. And AT&T Wireless is building a
- 18 next-generation wireless network. It's 4G LTE;
- 19 right?
- 20 A. Yes.
- 21 Q. That's an IP-based network, isn't it?
- 22 A. Yes, it is.
- 23 Q. And, in fact, the voice piece of it runs
- on the data side. They actually have a session
- 25 initiation protocol-type application baked into the

DOCKET NO. 11-00119, 01/17/12 220 MS. PHILLIPS: Put it in as an 1 2 exhibit. He can't testify about it. 3 CHAIRMAN HILL: Without objection, Exhibit 10 will be in the record. 4 5 (Marked Exhibit 10.) 6 MR. MCCOLLOUGH: That concludes my 7 cross-examination. 8 CHAIRMAN HILL: We are going to take a 5-minute break or so and let everybody get a little 9 refreshed and then come back and we'll hit the next 10 11 side. The witness is excused. Thank you very much. 12 (Recess taken from 3:08 p.m. 13 to 3:19 p.m.) 14 CHAIRMAN HILL: We're back in session 15 again. Ms. Phillips, did you have any redirect? MS. PHILLIPS: No, sir, we don't. 16 17 CHAIRMAN HILL: And you wanted to move the testimony of Mr. Neinast into the record; is that 18 19 correct? 20 MS. PHILLIPS: I believe we moved it 21 earlier and there was an objection, and we just weren't 22 absolutely sure, even though the objection was 23 overruled, that it actually got accepted into the 24 record.

CHAIRMAN HILL: It's moved into the

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    record, without objection.
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                     MS. PHILLIPS: Thank you.
3
                               (Prefiled testimony entered
4
                                into record.)
5
                     CHAIRMAN HILL: And there's no direct
6
    from you?
7
                     MS. PHILLIPS:
                                     No.
                      CHAIRMAN HILL: Do the directors have
8
9
    any questions for the witness, if we do, we'll call him
    back to the stand?
10
11
                      DIRECTOR FREEMAN:
                                         No.
12
                      CHAIRMAN HILL: Do the staff members
13
    have any questions?
14
                     MS. STONE: No.
15
                      CHAIRMAN HILL: You get off easy.
                                                         Ι
    don't know if that's true or not, but at least you
16
17
    don't have to answer any more questions. How's that?
                     Mr. Thomas, are you the lead on this
18
    one?
19
20
                     MR. THOMAS: No, Your Honor. I just
21
    wanted to clarify that we did object to the entry of
22
    the testimony, and you have overruled our objection?
23
                     CHAIRMAN HILL: That's the way it
    worked. All right. Well --
24
25
                                  Thank you.
                     MR. THOMAS:
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