

41. Measurement	
Percent Repeat Reports	
Definition	
Percent of customer trouble reports received within 10 calendar days of a previous customer report.	
Exclusions	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Excludes subsequent reports. A subsequent report is one that is received while an existing repair report is open. Excludes disposition code "13" reports (excludable reports), with the exception of code 1316, unless the report is taken prior to the completion of the service order. Excludes reports caused by customer provided equipment (CPE) or wiring. 	
Business Rules	
Includes customer trouble reports received within 10 calendar days of an original customer report. When the second report is received in 10 days, the original report is marked as an Original of a Repeat, and the second report is marked as a Repeat. If a third report is received within 10 days, the second report is marked as an Original of a Repeat as well as being a Repeat, and the third report is marked as a Repeat. In this case there would be two repeat reports.	
Levels of Disaggregation	
POTS <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Business class of service Residence class of service UNE Combination - None	
Calculation	Report Structure
Count of customer trouble reports, not caused by CPE or wiring and excluding subsequent reports, received within 10 calendar days of a previous customer report ÷ total customer trouble reports not caused by CPE or wiring and excluding subsequent reports) * 100	Reported by CLEC, all CLECs and SWBT.
Measurement Type	
Tier 1 – High Tier 2 – High	
Benchmarks	
POTS – Parity with SWBT Retail. UNE Combination – Parity with SWBT Business and Residence combined.	

PM 42 WAS ELIMINATED WITH THE 6 MONTH REVIEW - EFFECTIVE 7/12/00

RESALE SPECIALS AND UNE LOOP AND PORT COMBINATIONS COMBINED BY SWBT (EXCLUDES "ACCESS" ORDERS)

Provisioning

4.3. Measurement	
Average Installation Interval	
Definition:	
Average business days from application date to completion date for N, T, and C orders by circuit.	
Exclusions:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • UNE and Interconnection Trunks. • Excludes orders that are not N, T, or C. • Excludes circuits that have a customer requested Due Date greater than 20 business days. • Excludes Weekends and Holidays. • Excludes Customer Caused Misses • Excludes expedites for which the customer paid. 	
Business Rules:	
The Application Date is the day that the customer initiated the service request. The Completion Date is the day that SWBT personnel complete the service order activity by circuit. The base of items is out of WFA (Work Force Administration) and it is This measure is reported at a circuit level.	
Levels of Disaggregation:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Resold Specials - DDS, DS1, DS3, Voice Grade Private Line (VGPL), ISDN - BRI, ISDN - PRI, DSL and any other services available for resale. • UNE Loop and Port - ISDN and other combinations. 	
Calculation	Report Structure
$[\Sigma(\text{completion date} - \text{application date})] \div (\text{Total number of circuits completed})$	Reported for CLEC, all CLECs and SWBT.
Measurement Type:	
Tier 1 – High	
Tier 2 – High	
Benchmark:	
Parity with SWBT Retail.	

44 Measurement	
Percent (Specials) Installations Completed Within The Customer Requested Due Date	
Definition	
Measure of circuits completed within the customer requested due date when that date is greater than or equal to the standard offered interval as defined in the CLEC manual or if expedited (accepted or not accepted), the date agreed to by SWBT..	
Exclusions	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • UNE and Interconnection Trunks. • Excludes orders that are not N, T, or C. • Excludes Weekends and Holidays. • Excludes Customer Caused Misses • Excludes circuits requested for less than the standard offered interval 	
Business Rules	
The Application Date is the day that the customer initiated the service request. The Completion Date is the day that SWBT personnel complete the service order activity by circuit. For orders requiring negotiated due dates, the negotiated due date will be considered the customer requested due date. This measure is reported at a circuit level.	
Levels of Disaggregation	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Resold Specials - DDS, DS1, DS3, Voice Grade Private Line (VGPL), ISDN - BRI, ISDN - PRI, DSL and any other services available for resale. • UNE Loop and Port - ISDN and other combinations 	
Calculation	Report Structure
(Count of circuits installed within the customer requested due date ÷ total circuits) * 100	Reported for CLEC, all CLECs and SWBT.
Measurement Type	
Tier 1 – None	
Tier 2 – None	
Benchmark	
Parity with SWBT Retail.	

45 Measurement	
Percent SWBT Caused Missed Due Dates	
Definition	
Percentage of N, T, and C orders by circuit where installations were not completed by the due date or were canceled after the due date that were caused by SWBT.	
Exclusions	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • UNE and Interconnection Trunks. • Excludes orders that are not N, T, or C. • Excludes customer caused misses. 	
Business Rules	
<p>The Due Date is the negotiated date that is returned on the FOC by SWBT for service activation. The Completion Date is the day that SWBT personnel complete the service order activity. This measure includes in both the numerator and the denominator the number of orders canceled after a SWBT-caused missed due date. The source is WFA (Work Force Administration) and data is reported at a circuit level. Specials are selected based on a specific service code off of the circuit ID.</p>	
Levels of Disaggregation	
See Measurement No. 43	
Calculation	Report Structure
<p>(Count of circuits with missed due dates or were canceled after the due date that were caused by SWBT excluding customer caused misses ÷ total number of circuits and those that were canceled after the due date that were caused by SWBT)</p> <p>* 100</p>	<p>Reported by CLEC, all CLECs and SWBT.</p>
Measurement Type	
<p>Tier 1 – High</p> <p>Tier 2 – High</p>	
Benchmark	
Parity with SWBT Retail.	

46. Measurement	
Percent Installation Reports (Trouble Reports) Within 30 Days (I-30) of Installation	
Definition	
Percent of N, T, and C orders by circuit that receive a customer trouble report within 30 calendar days of service order completion.	
Exclusions	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • UNE and Interconnection Trunks. • Excludes orders that are not N, T, or C. • Excludes trouble report received on the due date before service order completion. • Excludes trouble tickets that are coded to Customer Premise Equipment, Interexchange Carrier/Competitive Access Provider, and Informational 	
Business Rules	
<p>A trouble report is counted if it is flagged on WFA (Work Force Administration) as a trouble report that had a service order completion within 30 days. It cannot be a repeat report. The order flagged against must be an addition in order for the trouble report to be counted. Specials are selected based on a specific service code off of the circuit ID. . The denominator for this measure is the total count of orders posted within the reporting month. (However, the denominator will at a minimum equal the numerator). The numerator is the number of trouble reports received within 30 days of service order completion and closed within the reporting month</p>	
Levels of Disaggregation	
See Measurement No. 43	
Calculation	Report Structure
<p>[Count of circuits that receive a customer trouble report within 30 calendar days of service order completion ÷ total circuits (excludes trouble reports received on the due date)] * 100</p>	<p>Reported by CLEC, all CLECs and SWBT.</p>
Measurement Type	
<p>Tier 1 – High Tier 2 – High</p>	
Benchmark	
Parity with SWBT Retail.	

47. Measurement	
Percent Missed Due Dates Due To Lack Of Facilities	
Definition:	
Percentage of N, T, and C orders by circuit with missed committed due dates due to lack of facilities.	
Exclusions:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • UNE and Interconnection Trunks. • Excludes orders that are not N, T, or C. 	
Business Rules:	
The Due Date starts the clock. The Completion Date is the day that SWBT personnel complete the service order activity, which stops the clock. The source is WFA (Work Force Administration) and is at an item or-circuit level. Specials are selected based on a specific service code off of the circuit ID and by selected center names that indicate resale. The lack of facilities is selected based on the missed reason code.	
Level of Disaggregation:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • See Measurement No. 43 • Reported for > 30 calendar days & > 90 calendar days. 	
Calculation:	Report Structure:
(Count of circuits with missed committed due dates due to lack of facilities ÷ total circuits) * 100	Reported for Specials Resale by CLEC, all CLECs and SWBT Retail.
Measurement Type:	
Tier 1 – None	
Tier 2 – None	
Benchmark:	
Parity with SWBT Retail.	

48. Measurement	
Delay Days for Missed Due Dates Due to Lack Of Facilities	
Definition	
Average calendar days from due date to completion date on company missed circuit orders due to lack of facilities.	
Exclusions	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • UNE and Interconnection Trunks. • Excludes orders that are not N, T, or C. 	
Business Rules	
The calculation is the difference in calendar days between the completion date and the due date. The source is WFA (Work Force Administration) and is at an item or circuit level. Specials are selected based on a specific service code off of the circuit ID and by selected center names that indicate resale. The lack of facilities is based on the missed reason code.	
Levels of Disaggregation	
See Measurement No. 43	
Calculation	Report Structure
$\Sigma(\text{Completion date} - \text{Committed circuit due date}) \div (\# \text{ of completed circuits with SWBT caused missed due dates due to lack of facilities})$	Reported for CLEC, all CLECs and SWBT Retail Specials.
Measurement Type	
Tier 1 – None	
Tier 2 – None	
Benchmark	
Parity with SWBT Retail.	

49. Measurement	
Delay Days For SWBT Caused Missed Due Dates	
Definition	
Average calendar days from due date to completion date on company missed circuit orders.	
Exclusions	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Excludes UNE and Interconnection Trunks. Excludes orders that are not N, T, or C. Excludes Customer Caused Misses 	
Business Rules	
The calculation is the difference in calendar days between the completion date and the due date. The source is WFA (Work Force Administration) and is reported at a circuit level. Specials are selected based on a specific service code off of the circuit ID.	
Levels of Disaggregation	
See Measurement No. 43	
Calculation	Report Structure
$\Sigma(\text{Completion date} - \text{committed circuit due date}) \div (\# \text{ of posted} - \text{circuits with a SWBT caused missed due date})$	Reported by CLEC, all CLECs and SWBT Retail Specials.
Measurement Type	
Tier 1 – Medium Tier 2 – None	
Benchmark	
Parity with SWBT Retail.	

PM 50 WAS ELIMINATED WITH THE 6 MONTH REVIEW - EFFECTIVE 7/12/00

PM 51 WAS ELIMINATE WITH THE 6 MONTH REVIEW - EFFECTIVE 7/12/00

Maintenance

NOTE: Specials are all treated as Out of Service repair reports. There is no classification or disaggregation of Affecting Service.

52. Measurement	
Mean Time To Restore	
Definition:	
Average duration in calendar days of customer trouble reports from the receipt of the customer trouble report to the time the trouble report is cleared.	
Exclusions:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • UNE and Interconnection Trunk. • No Access Time. • Delayed Maintenance Time. • Excludes trouble tickets that are coded to Customer Premise Equipment, Interexchange Carrier/Competitive Access Provider, and Informational 	
Business Rules:	
The start time is when the customer report is received and the stop time is when the report is closed. Specials are selected based on a specific service code off of the circuit ID.	
Levels of Disaggregation:	
See Measurement No. 43 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • No Dispatch • Dispatch 	
Calculation	Report Structure
$\Sigma[(\text{Date and time trouble report is cleared with the customer}) - (\text{date and time trouble report is received})] \div \text{total network customer trouble reports}$	Reported by CLEC, all CLECs and SWBT.
Measurement Type:	
Tier 1 – High Tier 2 – High	
Benchmark:	
Parity with SWBT Retail.	

53. Measurement	
Percent Repeat Reports	
Definition	
Percentage of customer trouble reports received within 30 calendar days of a previous customer report.	
Exclusions	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • UNE and Interconnection Trunk • Excludes trouble tickets that are coded to Customer Premise Equipment, Interexchange Carrier/Competitive Access Provider, and Informational 	
Business Rules	
<p>Includes customer trouble reports received within 30 calendar days of an original customer report. When the second report is received in 30 days, the original report is marked as an Original of a Repeat, and the second report is marked as a Repeat. If a third report is received within 30 days, the second report is marked as an Original of a Repeat as well as being a Repeat, and the third report is marked as a Repeat. In this case there would be two repeat reports.</p>	
Levels of Disaggregation	
See Measurement No. 43	
Calculation	Report Structure
<p>(Count of customer trouble reports received within 30 calendar days of a previous customer report ÷ total network customer trouble reports) * 100</p>	<p>Reported by CLEC, all CLECs and SWBT.</p>
Measurement Type	
<p>Tier 1 – High Tier 2 – High</p>	
Benchmark	
Parity with SWBT Retail.	

54. Measurement	
Trouble Report Rate	
Definition:	
The number of customer trouble reports within a calendar month per 100 circuits.	
Exclusions:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • - UNE and Interconnection Trunks • Excludes trouble reports coded to Customer Premise Equipment, Interexchange Carrier/Competitive Access Provider, and Informational 	
Business Rules:	
CLEC and SWBT repair reports are entered into and tracked via WFA. Reports are counted in the month they post.	
Level of Disaggregation:	
See Measurement No. 43	
Calculation	Report Structure:
[Count of trouble reports ÷ (Total circuits + 100)]	Reported by CLEC, all CLECs and SWBT.
Measurement Type:	
Tier 1 – Low	
Tier 2 – None	
Benchmark:	
Parity with SWBT Retail.	

UNBUNDLED NETWORK ELEMENTS (UNES)**Provisioning**

55. Measurement	
Average Installation Interval	
Definition:	
Average business days from application date to completion date for N, T, and C orders excluding customer caused misses and customer requested due date greater than "X" business days. The "X" business days is determined based on quantity of UNE loops ordered and the associated standard interval.	
Exclusions:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Specials and Interconnection Trunks. • Excludes UNE Combos captured in the POTS or Specials measurements. • Exclude orders that are not N, T, or C. • Excludes customer requested due dates greater than "X" business days as set out in benchmark measures below. • Excludes customer caused misses. • Excludes Weekends and Holidays. • Excludes circuits in PM 55.2 • Excludes expedites for which the CLEC pays an expedite charge. • Excludes xDSL loops in PM 55.1. 	
Business Rules:	
The Application Date is the day that the customer initiated the service request. The Completion Date is the day that SWBT personnel complete the service order activity. The base of items is out of WFA (Work Force Administration) and it is reported at a circuit level (except 8.0dB loops at an order level.)	
Levels of Disaggregation:	
UNEs contained in the UNE price schedule, and/or agreed to by parties.	
Calculation:	Report Structure:
$[\Sigma(\text{completion date} - \text{application date})] \div (\text{Total number of circuits/orders completed})$	Reported for CLEC and all CLECs
Measurement Type:	
Benchmark Tier 1 – None Tier 2 – None	

Benchmark

The standard offered interval is defined in business days as follows:

- Switch Ports – Analog Port – 3 Days
- Switch Ports – BRI Port (1-50) – 3 Days
- Switch Ports – BRI Port (50+) – 5 Days
- Switch Ports – PRI Port (1-20) – 5 Days
- Switch Ports – PRI Port (20+) – 10 Days
- DS1 Trunk Port (1 to 10) – 3 Days
- DS1 Trunk Port (11 to 20) – 5 Days
- DS1 Trunk Port (20+) – ICB
- Dark Fiber (1 to 10) – 5 Days
- Dark Fiber (11 to 20) – 7 Days
- Dark Fiber (20+) – 10 Days
- Dedicated Transport (DS0, DS1, and DS3) (1 to 10) – 3 Days
- Dedicated Transport (DS0, DS1, and DS3) (11 to 20) – 5 Days
- Dedicated Transport (DS0, DS1, and DS3) (20+) and all other types – Negotiate
- BRI Loop (1 to 10) – 4Days
- BRI Loop (11 to 20) – 10 Days
- BRI Loop (20+) – Negotiate
- 8.0 dB Loops (1 to 10) – 3
- 8.0 dB Loops (11 to 20) – 7
- 8.0 dB Loops (20+) – 10
- 5.0 dB Loops (1 to 10) – 3
- 5.0 dB Loops (11 to 20) – 7
- 5.0 dB Loops (20+) – 10
- INP (1-10 Numbers) – 3 days
- INP (11-20 Numbers) – 7 days
- INP (> 20 Numbers) – 10 days

55.1 Measurement (Totally replaces old PM 55.1)**Average Installation Interval – DSL****Definition:**

Average business days from application date to completion date for N, T, and C orders excluding customer caused misses and customer requested due date greater than the offered interval.

Exclusions:

- Exclude orders that are not N, T, or C.
- Excludes customer requested due dates greater than the standard offered interval
- Excludes customer caused misses.
- Excludes Weekends and Holidays.
- Excludes expedites (less than 3 days).
- Excludes Rejects for non-conformance as to PSD masks if, and only if, the CLEC requests such qualification on the LSR

Business Rules:

The Application Date is the day that the customer authorizes SWBT to provision the DSL based on the loop qualification. If the CLEC uses the “one-step” process (combined loop qualification request and LSR), and the loop qualification determines that the existing loop, in its current condition, meets the CLEC’s specifications, SWBT will initiate the service order when the loop qualification is returned from SWBT engineering and this date will be the application date. If the loop in its current condition does not meet the CLEC’s specifications, SWBT will reject the LSR back to the CLEC and wait for a supplement from the CLEC notifying SWBT of the appropriate action to take. If the CLEC supplements the LSR to order the DSL, SWBT will issue the order and the application date will be the date that SWBT receives the supplement. If the CLEC uses the “two-step” process (loop qualification performed on a pre-order basis) or waives the loop qualification for a loop that pre-qualifies as “green,” SWBT will issue the order upon receipt of a valid LSR and the Application Date will be the date that SWBT receives the valid LSR. The Completion Date is the day that SWBT personnel complete the service order activity. If the CLEC has requested that Cooperative Acceptance Testing be performed on the loop, the Completion Date is the day that successful Cooperative Acceptance Testing is completed. This is reported at a circuit level.

NOTE: For all of the above scenarios, the CLEC’s specifications for the loop will be considered met under the following circumstances:

- If the CLEC has specified “AS IS” on the initial LSR, the loop meets the CLEC’s specifications if the loop qualification does not show that the end user’s address is served exclusively by Digital Loop Carrier (“DLC”).
- If the CLEC has pre-authorized conditioning on the initial LSR, the loop meets the CLEC’s specifications if the loop qualification does not show that the end user’s address is served exclusively by DLC. Any load coils, repeaters and/or bridged/end tap greater than or equal to 2.5 kft, revealed on the loop qualification will be removed per the requirements of the SPEC code. If the CLEC pre-authorizes conditioning, CLEC will not have to provide an additional

LSR requesting provision of the loop	
Levels of Disaggregation	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Loops requiring no conditioning with Line Sharing • Loops requiring conditioning with Line Sharing • Loops requiring no conditioning with no Line-Sharing • Loops requiring conditioning with no Line-Sharing • Broadband service product (Note: Additional disaggregations may be required as necessary in the future. 	
Calculation	Report Structure
$[\sum(\text{completion date} - \text{application date})] \div (\text{Total number of circuits completed})$	Reported for CLEC and all CLECs, SWBT or affiliate.
Measurement Type	
Tier 1 – High Tier 2 – High	
Benchmark	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Non-Conditioned Loops with no line sharing– 5 Business Days. Critical z-value applies. • Conditioned Loops with no line sharing – 10 Business Days. Critical z-value applies. • Loops with line sharing – Parity 	

5.2 Measurement**Average Installation Interval for Loop With LNP****Definition:**

Average business days from the receipt of an accurate LSR to completion date for N, T, and C orders excluding customer caused misses and customer requested due date greater than "X" business days. The "X" business days is determined based on quantity of UNE loops ordered and the associated standard interval.

Exclusions:

- Specials and Interconnection Trunks.
- Excludes UNE Combinations captured in the POTS or Specials measurements.
- Excludes orders that are not N, T, or C.
- Excludes customer requested due dates greater than "X" business days. X is defined as follows:
 - Loop with LNP (1-10) – 4 business days
 - Loop with LNP (11-20) – 8 business days
 - Loop with LNP (>20) – 11 business days
- Excludes customer caused misses.
- Excludes Weekends and Holidays.
- NPAC caused delays unless caused by SWBT.

Business Rules

The start time is the date of the receipt of an accurate LSR. The Completion Date is the day that SWBT personnel complete the service order activity. If the CLEC submits the LSR prior to 3:00 p.m. the CLEC may request a 3 day interval. If the LSR is submitted after 3:00 p.m. the CLEC can request a 4 day interval. The base of items is out of WFA (Work Force Administration) and it is reported at an order level to account for different measurement standards based on the number of circuits per order.

For partial LNP conversions that require restructuring of customer account:

- 1-30 TNs: Add one additional day to the FOC interval. The LNP due date intervals will continue to be three business days and five business days from the receipt of the FOC depending on whether the NXX has been previously opened or is new.
- >30 TNs, including entire NXX: The due dates are negotiated.

Levels of Disaggregation

- CHC
 - Loop with LNP (1-10)
 - Loop with LNP (11-20)
 - Loop with LNP (>20)
- FDT
 - Loop with LNP (1-10)
 - Loop with LNP (11-20)
 - Loop with LNP (>20)

Calculation	Report Structure
$[\Sigma(\text{completion date} - \text{application date})] \div (\text{Total number of orders completed})$	Reported for CLEC and all CLECs.
Measurement Type	
Tier 1 – None	
Tier 2 – None	
Benchmark	
Diagnostic	

55.3 Measurement (New Measure)	
Percent xDSL-capable loop orders requiring the removal of load coils and or repeaters.	
Definition:	
The percentage of all xDSL-capable loops, greater than 12,000 feet (based on designed loop makeup information), ordered that require the removal of load coils or repeaters to provision xDSL services.	
Exclusions:	
Loops under 12,000 feet	
Business Rules:	
The percentage of all orders for xDSL-capable loops where the removal of load coils or repeaters has been requested by the CLEC.	
Levels of Disaggregation:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Loops between 12,000 feet and 17,500 feet • Loops over 17,500 feet 	
Calculation	Report Structure
$\frac{[\sum(\text{number of xDSL-capable loops requesting the removal of load coils or repeaters})]}{(\text{Total number of orders for xDSL-capable loops UNEs completed})}$	Reported for CLEC, SWBT DSL Affiliate, and all CLECs.
Measurement Type:	
Tier 1 – None	
Tier 2 – None	
Benchmark:	
Diagnostic only.	

56. Measurement	
Percent (UNEs) Installations Completed Within The Customer Requested Due Date	
Definition	
Measure of circuits completed within the customer requested due date when that date is greater than or equal to the standard offered interval as defined in the CLEC manual or if expedited (accepted or not accepted), the date agreed to by SWBT.	
Exclusions:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Specials and Interconnection Trunks. • Excludes UNE Combos captured in the POTS or Specials measurements. • Exclude orders that are not N, T, or C. • Excludes customer caused misses. • Excludes Weekends and Holidays • Excludes circuits captured in PM 56.1 (LNP With Loop) 	
Business Rules:	
The Application Date is the day that the customer initiated the service request. The Completion Date is the day that SWBT personnel complete the service order activity by circuit. For orders requiring negotiated due dates, the negotiated due date will be considered the customer requested due date. This measure includes expedites agreed to by SWBT. This measure is reported at a circuit level.	
Levels of Disaggregation:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • UNEs contained in the UNE price schedule, and/or agreed to by parties. • DSL loops with line Sharing • DSL loops with no line sharing • Broadband service product (Note: Additional disaggregations may be required as necessary in the future. 	
Calculation:	Report Structure:
Count of circuits installed within the customer requested due date ÷ total circuits) * 100	Reported for CLEC, all CLECs, and SWBT for parity measures affiliate as appropriate.
Measurement Type:	
Tier 1 – None	
Tier 2 – None	

Benchmark

95% within the customer requested due date. The following standard offered intervals apply:

- 2 Wire Analog and Digital and INP (1-10) – 3 Days
- 2 Wire Analog and Digital and INP (11-20) – 7 Days *
- 2 Wire Analog and Digital and INP (20+) – 10 Days
- BRI Loops (1-10) – 4 Days
- BRI Loops (11-20) – 10 Days
- BRI Loops (20+) – Negotiate
- DS1 loop(includes PRI) (1-10) – 3 Days
- DS1 loop(includes PRI) (11-20) – 7 Days
- DS1 loop(includes PRI) (20+) – 10 Days
- Switch Ports – Analog Port – 2 Days
- Switch Ports – BRI Port (1-50) – 3 Days
- Switch Ports – BRI Port (50+) – 5 Days
- Switch Ports – PRI Port (1-20) – 5 Days
- Switch Ports – PRI Port (20+) – 10 Days
- DS1 Trunk Port (1 to 10) – 3 Days
- DS1 Trunk Port (11 to 20) – 5 Days
- DS1 Trunk Port (20+) – ICB
- Dedicated Transport (DS0, DS1, and DS3) (1 to 10) – 3 Days
- Dedicated Transport (DS0, DS1, and DS3) (11 to 20) – 5 Days
- Dedicated Transport (DS0, DS1, and DS3) (20+) and all other types – ICB
- DSL with no Line Sharing – Non Conditioned – 5 Days
- DSL with no Line Sharing – Conditioned – 10 Days

Parity with ASI

- DSL with Line Sharing

90% within the customer requested due date. The following standard offered intervals apply:

- INP (1-10 Numbers) – 3 days
- INP (11-20 Numbers) – 7 days
- INP (> 20 Numbers) – 10 days

56.1 Measurement	
Percent Installations Completed within the Customer Requested Due Date for LNP With Loop	
Definition	
Percent installations completed within the customer requested due date when that date is greater than or equal to the standard offered interval as defined in the CLEC manual or if expedited (accepted or not accepted), the date agreed to by SWBT	
Exclusions	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Specials and Interconnection Trunks. • Excludes UNE Combinations captured in the POTS or Specials measurements. • Exclude orders that are not N, T, or C. • Excludes customer caused misses. • NPAC caused delays unless caused by SWBT. 	
Business Rules	
See Measurement No. 55.2	
Levels of Disaggregation	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Aggregate <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Loop with LNP (1-10) ➤ Loop with LNP (11-20) ➤ Loop with LNP (>20) • CHC – Diagnostic <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Loop with LNP (1-10) ➤ Loop with LNP (11-20) ➤ Loop with LNP (>20) • FDT – Diagnostic <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Loop with LNP (1-10) ➤ Loop with LNP (11-20) ➤ Loop with LNP (>20) 	
Calculation	Report Structure
Count of N, T, C orders installed within customer requested due date ÷ total N, T, C orders excluding those requested earlier than the standard offered interval) * 100	Reported for CLEC and all CLECs.
Measurement Type	
Tier 1 – High Tier 2 – High	
Benchmark	
95% within the customer requested due date for aggregate only. CHC and FDT are provided on a diagnostic basis and are not subject to damages or assessments.	

PM 57 HAS BEEN MOVED TO PM 1.1

58. Measurement	
Percent SWBT Caused Missed Due Dates	
Definition	
Percentage of UNEs (8.0dB loops are measured at an order level) where installations are not completed by the negotiated due date.	
Exclusions	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Specials and Interconnection Trunks. • Excludes UNE Combos captured in the POTS or Specials measurements. • Exclude orders that are not N, T, or C. • Excludes customer caused misses. 	
Business Rules	
<p>The Due Date starts the clock. The Completion Date is the day that SWBT personnel complete the service order activity, which stops the clock. If the completion date is after the Due Date, the order is flagged as a miss. This measurement is reported at a circuit level for all UNEs with the exception of 8.0dB loops, which are reported at an order level to facilitate comparison with POTS retail. This measure includes in both the numerator and the denominator the number of orders cancelled after a SWBT-caused missed due date.</p>	
Levels of Disaggregation	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • UNEs contained in the UNE price schedule, and/or agreed to by parties including INP only. • DSL loops with line sharing • DSL loops with no line sharing • Broadband service product (Note: Additional disaggregations may be required as necessary in the future. 	
Calculation	Report Structure
Count of UNEs (8.0 dB loops are measured at an order level) with missed due dates excluding customer caused misses ÷ total number of UNEs (total orders for 8.0dB loops) *100	Reported by CLEC and all CLECs, SWBT or affiliates.
Measurement Type	
<p>Tier 1 – High</p> <p>Tier 2 – High</p>	

Benchmark	
Parity:	Retail Comparison
1. 8.0 dB Loop with Test Access and 8.0 dB Loop without Test Access (FW)	POTS (Res./Bus FW)
1a. 8.0 dB Loop with Test Access and 8.0 dB Loop without Test Access (NFW)	POTS (Res./Bus NFW)
8.0 dB Loop without Test Access (NFW)	POTS (Res./Bus NFW)
2. 5.0 dB Loop with Test Access and 5.0 dB Loop without Test Access	Parity with SWBT VGPL
3. BRI Loop with Test Access	ISDN/BRI
4. ISDN BRI Port	ISDN/BRI
5. DS1 Loop with Test Access	DS1
6. DS1 Dedicated Transport	DS1
7. Subtending Channel (23B)	DDS
8. Subtending Channel (1D)	DDS
9. Analog Trunk Port	VGPL
10. Subtending Digital Direct Combination Trunks	VGPL
11. DS3 Dedicated Transport	DS3
12. Dark Fiber	DS3
13. DSL Loops – Line Sharing	Parity with ASI – Benchmark:
14. DSL Loops – Non-Line Sharing	5%, (No critical z-value applies)

59. Measurement	
Percent Installation Reports (Trouble Reports) Within 30 Days (I-30) of Installation	
Definition	
Percentage of UNEs that receive a customer trouble report within 30 calendar days of service order completion.	
Exclusions	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Specials and Interconnection Trunks. • • Excludes UNE Combos captured in the POTS or Specials measurements. • Excludes trouble report received on the due date before service order completion. • Excludes trouble tickets that are coded to Customer Premise Equipment, Interexchange Carrier/Competitive Access Provider, and Informational • Excludes loops without test access - BRI • Excludes orders that are not N, T, or C. • Excludes DSL loops > 12Kf with load coils, repeaters, and/or excessive bridged tap for which the CLEC has not authorized conditioning unless coded to the Central Office. • Excludes PTRs as defined in PM 115 • Excludes trouble reports caused by lack of digital test capabilities on 2-wire BRI and IDSL capable loops where acceptance testing is available and not selected by the CLEC. 	
Business Rules	
<p>A trouble report is counted if it is received within 30 calendar days of a service order completion. UNEs are selected based on a specific service code off of the circuit ID. This measurement is reported at a circuit level. The denominator for this measure is the total count of circuits posted within the reporting month. (However, the denominator will at a minimum equal the numerator). The numerator is the number of trouble reports received within 30 calendar days of service order completion that were closed during the reporting month.</p>	
Levels of Disaggregation	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • UNEs contained in the UNE price schedule, and/or agreed to by parties. • DSL loops with line Sharing • DSL loops with no line sharing • Broadband service product (Note: Additional disaggregations may be required as necessary in the future. 	
Calculation	Report Structure
(Count of UNEs that receive a customer trouble report within 30 calendar days of service order completion ÷ total UNEs) * 100	Reported for CLEC, all CLECs, SWBT or its affiliates.

Measurement Type	
Tier 1 – High	
Tier 2 – High	
Benchmark	
See following:	
Parity:	Retail Comparison
1. 8.0 dB Loop with Test Access and 8.0 dB Loop without Test Access (FW/NFW)	POTS (Bus FW/NFW)
2. 5.0 dB Loop with Test Access and 5.0 dB Loop without Test Access	Parity with SWBT VGPL
3. BRI Loop with Test Access	ISDN
4. ISDN BRI Port	ISDN
5. DS1 Loop with Test Access	DS1
6. DS1 Dedicated Transport	DS1
7. Subtending Channel (23B)	DDS
8. Subtending Channel (1D)	DDS
9. Analog Trunk Port	VGPL
10. Subtending Digital Direct Combination Trunks	VGPL
11. DS3 Dedicated Transport	DS3
12. Dark Fiber	DS3
13. DSL Loops – Line Sharing	DSL Loops with line sharing
DSL Loops – No Line Sharing	6.0% (No Critical z-value applies)

60: Measurement	
Percent Missed Due Dates Due To Lack Of Facilities	
Definition	
Percentage of UNEs (8db loops are measured at an order level) with missed committed due dates due to lack of facilities.	
Exclusions	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Specials and Interconnection Trunks. • Excludes UNE Combinations captured in the POTS or Specials measurements. • Excludes orders that are not N, T, or C. 	
Business Rules	
Any completion date that is greater than the due date with a SWBT lack of facilities missed reason code. This measurement is reported at a circuit level for all UNEs with the exception of 8db loops, which are reported at an order level to facilitate comparison with POTS retail.	
Levels of Disaggregation	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • UNEs contained in the UNE price schedule, and/or agreed to by parties. • DSL loops with line Sharing • DSL loops with no line sharing • Broadband service product (Note: Additional disaggregations may be required as necessary in the future. 	
Calculation	Report Structure
Count of UNEs (8db loops are measured at an order level) with missed committed due dates due to lack of facilities ÷ total UNEs (total orders for 8db loops) * 100	Reported by CLEC, all CLECs and SWB affiliate Reported for > 30 calendar days & > 90 calendar days.
Measurement Type	
Tier 1 – None Tier 2 – None	
Benchmark	
Diagnostic	

61. Measurement	
Average Delay Days for Missed Due Dates Due To Lack Of Facilities	
Definition:	
Average calendar days from due date to completion date on company missed UNEs (8db loops are measured at an order level) orders due to lack of facilities.	
Exclusions:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Specials and Interconnection Trunks. • Excludes UNE Combinations captured in the POTS or Specials measurements. • Excludes orders that are not N, T, or C. 	
Business Rules:	
<p>The calculation is the difference in calendar days between the completion date and the due date. The source is WFA (Work Force Administration) and is at an item or circuit level. UNEs are selected based on a specific service code off of the circuit ID. The lack of facilities is selected based on the missed reason code. This measurement is reported at a circuit level for all UNEs with the exception of 8db loops, which are reported at an order level to facilitate comparison with POTS retail.</p>	
Levels of Disaggregation:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • UNEs contained in the UNE price schedule, and/or agreed to by parties. • DSL loops with line Sharing • DSL loops with no line sharing • Broadband service product (Note : Additional disaggregations may be required as necessary in the future 	
Calculation:	Report Structure:
$\Sigma(\text{Completion date} - \text{committed UNE (8.db loops are measured at the order level) due date}) \div (\# \text{ of completed UNEs (total completed orders for 8db loops) with SWBT caused missed due dates due to lack of facilities})$	<p>Reported for CLEC and all CLECs and SWB affiliate for UNEs contained in the UNE price schedule.</p>
Measurement Type:	
<p>Tier 1 – None Tier 2 – None</p>	
Benchmark:	
Diagnostic	

62. Measurement	
Average Delay Days For SWBT Caused Missed Due Dates	
Definition	
Average calendar days from the customer requested due date when that date is greater than or equal to the offered interval, or if expedited (accepted or not accepted), the date agreed to by SWBT which is the due date reflected on the FOC, to completion date on company missed UNEs (8.0 dB loops are measured at an order level).	
Exclusions	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Specials and Interconnection Trunks. • Excludes UNE Combos captured in the POTS or Specials measurements. • Excludes orders that are not N, T, or C. 	
Business Rules	
The calculation is the difference in calendar days between the completion date and the FOC due date. The Due Date is the customer requested due date when that date is greater than or equal to the offered interval. If expedited (accepted or not accepted), the Due Date is the date agreed to by SWBT, which is the due date reflected on the FOC. The data is reported at a circuit level. UNEs are selected based on a specific service code off of the circuit ID. This measurement is reported at a circuit level for all UNEs with the exception of 8.0 dB loops, which are reported at an order level to facilitate comparison with POTS retail.	
Levels of Disaggregation	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • UNEs contained in the UNE price schedule, and/or agreed to by parties. • DSL loops with line Sharing • DSL loops with no line sharing • Broadband service product (Note : Additional disaggregations may be required as necessary in the future) 	
Calculation	Report Structure
$\Sigma(\text{Completion date} - \text{committed UNE (8.0 dB loops are measured at the order level) due date as described in the business rules above}) \div (\# \text{ of posted UNEs (total completed orders for 8.0 dB loops) with SWBT caused missed due dates})$	Reported for CLEC, all CLECs, SWBT or affiliates.
Measurement Type	
Tier 1 – Medium Tier 2 – None	

Benchmark	Retail Comparison
Parity:	
1. 8.0 dB Loop with Test Access and 8.0 dB Loop without Test Access (FW)	POTS (Res./Bus FW)
1a. 8.0 dB Loop with Test Access and 8.0 dB Loop without Test Access (NFW) 8.0 dB Loop without Test Access (NFW)	POTS (Res./Bus NFW) – POTS (Res./Bus NFW)
2. 5.0 dB Loop with Test Access and 5.0 dB Loop without Test Access	Parity with SWBT VGPL
3. BRI Loop with Test Access	ISDN/BRI
4. ISDN BRI Port	ISDN/BRI
5. DS1 Loop with Test Access	DS1
6. DS1 Dedicated Transport	DS1
7. Subtending Channel (23B)	DDS
8. Subtending Channel (1D)	DDS
9. Analog Trunk Port	VGPL
10. Subtending Digital Direct Combination Trunks	VGPL
11. DS3 Dedicated Transport	DS3
12. Dark Fiber	DS3
13. DSL Loops – Line Sharing DSL Loops – No Line Sharing applies)	DSL Loops with line sharing 6.5 Days (No Critical z value

63. Measurement	
Percent SWBT Caused Missed Due Dates > 30 days	
Definition	
Percentage of UNEs (8.0 dB loops are measured at an order level) where installation was completed greater than 30 days following the due date, excluding customer caused misses.	
Exclusions	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Specials and Interconnection Trunks • Excludes UNE Combinations captured in the POTS or Specials measurements. • Excludes orders that are not N, T, or C. • Excludes customer caused misses. 	
Business Rules	
The Due Date starts the clock. The Completion Date is the day that SWBT personnel complete the service order activity, which stops the clock. If the completion date is after the Due Date, the order is flagged as a miss. This measurement is reported at a circuit level for all UNEs with the exception of 8.0dB loops, which are reported at an order level to facilitate comparison with POTS retail.	
Levels of Disaggregation	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • UNEs contained in the UNE price schedule, and/or agreed to by parties. • DSL loops with line sharing • DSL loops with no line sharing • Broadband service product (Note : Additional disaggregations may be required as necessary in the future) 	
Calculation	Report Structure
(Count of UNEs (8.0 dB loops are measured at an order level) completed greater than 30 days following the due date, excluding customer caused misses ÷ total number of total UNEs (total orders for 8.0 dB loops)) * 100	Reported for CLEC, all CLECs, SWBT or affiliates.
Measurement Type	
Tier 1 – None Tier 2 – None	
Benchmark	
Diagnostic	

PM 64 WAS ELIMINATED WITH THE 6 MONTH REVIEW - EFFECTIVE 7/12/00

65. Measurement	
Trouble Report Rate	
Definition:	
The number of customer trouble reports within a calendar month per 100 UNEs.	
Exclusions:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Specials and Interconnection Trunks. • Excludes UNE Combos captured in the POTS or Specials measurements. • Excludes trouble tickets that are coded to Customer Premise Equipment, Interexchange Carrier/Competitive Access Provider, and Informational • Excludes loops without test access - BRI • Excludes DSL loops > 12Kf with load coils, repeaters, and/or excessive bridged tap for which the CLEC has not authorized conditioning unless coded to the Central Office. • Excludes PTRs as defined in PM 115 • Excludes trouble reports caused by lack of digital test capabilities on 2-wire and IDSL capable loops where acceptance testing is available and not selected by the CLEC. 	
Business Rules:	
Repair reports are entered into and tracked via WFA by trouble ticket type. Reports are counted in the month they post.	
Levels of Disaggregation:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • See PM 59 • DSL loops with line sharing • DSL loops with no line sharing • Broadband service product (Note : Additional disaggregations may be required as necessary in the future) 	
Calculation	Report Structure
[Count of trouble reports ÷ (Total UNEs ÷ 100)]	Reported for CLEC, all CLECs and SWBT and SWB affiliates.
Measurement Type:	
Tier 1 – None Tier 2 – None	
Benchmark:	
See Measurement No. 59 except for 8db loops – Parity with SWBT POTS Business DSL Loops with Line Sharing – Parity DSL Loops with no Line Sharing – 3% (No Critical z applies.) Broadband service product (Note : Additional disaggregations may be required as necessary in the future)	

65.1 Measurement (New Measure)	
Trouble Report Rate net of installation and repeat reports	
Definition:	
The number of customer trouble reports within a calendar month per 100 UNEs.	
Exclusions:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Specials and Interconnection Trunks. • Excludes UNE Combos captured in the POTS or Specials measurements. • Excludes Customer Premise Equipment, Interexchange Carrier/Competitive Access Provider, and Informational • Excludes loops without test access - BRI • Excludes DSL loops > 12Kf with load coils, repeaters, and/or excessive bridged tap for which the CLEC has not authorized conditioning unless coded to the Central Office. • Excludes PTRs as defined in PM 115 • Excludes trouble reports caused by lack of digital test capabilities on 2-wire and IDSL capable loops where acceptance testing is available and not selected by the CLEC. • Excludes any trouble reports counted in PM 59 or PM 69. 	
Business Rules:	
Repair reports are tracked by trouble ticket type. Reports are counted in the month they post.	
Levels of Disaggregation:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • See PM 59 • DSL loops with line sharing • DSL loops with no line sharing • Broadband service product (Note : Additional disaggregations may be required as necessary in the future) 	
Calculation	Report Structure
$[\text{Count of trouble reports} \div (\text{Total UNEs} \div 100)]$	Reported for CLEC, all CLECs and SWBT and SWB affiliates.
Measurement Type:	
Tier 1 – High	
Tier 2 – High	
Benchmark:	
See Measurement No. 59 except for	
8db loops – Parity with SWBT POTS Business	
DSL Loops with Line Sharing – Parity	
DSL Loops with no Line Sharing – 3.0% (critical z-value does not apply)	
Broadband service product (Note : Additional disaggregations may be required as necessary in the future)	

Maintenance

66. Measurement	
Percent Missed Repair Commitments	
Definition:	
Percentage of trouble reports not cleared by the commitment time for SWBT reasons.	
Exclusions:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Specials and Interconnection Trunks. • Excludes all UNE Combinations • Excludes trouble tickets that are coded to Customer Premise Equipment, Interexchange Carrier/Competitive Access Provider, and Informational 	
Business Rules:	
The commitment time is currently defined as 24 hours for both 8.0dB loops and DSL line sharing. If the cleared date and time minus the receive date and time > 24 hours, it counts as a trouble report that missed the repair commitment. UNEs are selected based on a specific service code off of the circuit ID. (If at such time, the contractual commitment for DSL line sharing changes, this measurement will be changed to reflect the appropriate interval.)	
Levels of Disaggregation:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • "POTS type" loops (2-Wire Analog 8.0 dB Loop) with test access. • DSL line sharing 	
Calculation:	Report Structure:
(Count of trouble reports not cleared by the commitment time for company reasons ÷ total trouble reports) * 100	Reported by CLEC, all CLECs. SWBT and SWB affiliate.
Measurement Type:	
Tier 1 – High Tier 2 – High	
Benchmark:	
Parity with SWBT POTS Business Parity with ASI for DSL line sharing	

67. Measurement	
Mean Time To Restore	
Definition	
Average duration of network customer trouble reports from the receipt of the customer trouble report to the time the trouble report is cleared excluding no access and delayed maintenance.	
Exclusions	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Specials and Interconnection Trunks. • Excludes UNE Combos captured in the POTS or Specials measurements. • Excludes Customer Premise Equipment, Interexchange Carrier/Competitive Access Provider, and Informational • Excludes loops without test access – BRI • Excludes DSL loops > 12Kf with load coils, repeaters, and/or excessive bridged tap for which the CLEC has not authorized conditioning unless coded to the Central Office. • Excludes PTRs as defined in PM 115.1 • Excludes trouble reports caused by lack of digital test capabilities on 2-wire and IDSL capable loops where acceptance testing is available and not selected by the CLEC. 	
Business Rules	
The start time is when the report is received. The stop time is when the report is cleared in the appropriate system (WFA for all UNEs except DSL line sharing which is captured in LMOS).	
Levels of Disaggregation	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • See Measurement No. 59 • DSL loops with line sharing • DSL loops with no line sharing • Broadband service product (Note: Additional disaggregations may be required as necessary in the future?) • UNEs contained in the UNE price schedule, and/or agreed to by parties. • Also disaggregated by Dispatch/No Dispatch 	
Calculation	Report Structure
$\frac{\sum[(\text{Date and time trouble report is cleared with the customer}) - (\text{date and time trouble report is received})] \div \text{total network customer trouble reports}}{\text{total network customer trouble reports}}$	Reported by CLEC, all CLECs and SWBT and SWB affiliate.
Measurement Type	
Tier 1 – High Tier 2 – High	

Benchmark

See Measurement No. 59

DSL Loops with Line Sharing – Parity

DSL Loops with no Line Sharing –9.0 hours (critical z-value does not apply)

Broadband service product (Note : Additional disaggregations may be required as necessary in the future)

PM 68 WAS ELIMINATED WITH THE 6 MONTH REVIEW - EFFECTIVE 7/12/00

69 Measurement	
Percent Repeat Reports	
Definition	
Percentage of customer trouble reports received within 30 calendar days of a previous customer report.	
Exclusions	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Specials and Interconnection Trunks. • Excludes UNE Combos captured in the POTS or Specials measurements. • Excludes trouble tickets that are coded to Customer Premise Equipment, Interexchange Carrier/Competitive Access Provider, and Informational • Excludes loops without test access – BRI • Excludes DSL loops > 12Kf with load coils, repeaters, and/or excessive bridged tap for which the CLEC has not authorized conditioning unless coded to the Central Office. • Excludes trouble reports caused by lack of digital test capabilities on 2-wire and IDSL capable loops where acceptance testing is available and not selected by the CLEC. 	
Business Rules	
Includes customer trouble reports received within 30 calendar days of an original customer report. When the second report is received in 30 days, the original report is marked as an Original of a Repeat, and the second report is marked as a Repeat. If a third report is received within 30 days, the second report is marked as an Original of a Repeat as well as being a Repeat, and the third report is marked as a Repeat. In this case there would be two repeat reports. If either the original or the second report within 30 days is a measured report, then the second report counts as a Repeat report.	
Levels of Disaggregation	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • UNEs contained in the UNE price schedule, and/or agreed to by parties. • DSL loops with line sharing • DSL loops with no line sharing • Broadband service product (Note : Additional disaggregations may be required as necessary in the future) 	
Calculation	Report Structure
Count of customer trouble reports received within 30 calendar days of a previous customer report ÷ total customer trouble reports) * 100	Reported by CLEC, all CLECs, SWBT and affiliates where appropriate.
Measurement Type	
Tier 1 – High Tier 2 – High	

Benchmark

See Measurement No. 59

8db loops – Parity with SWBT POTS Business

DSL Loops with Line Sharing – Parity

DSL Loops with no Line Sharing – 12.0% (Critical z-value does not apply)

Broadband service product (Note : Additional disaggregations may be required as necessary in the future)

INTERCONNECTION TRUNKS

70. Measurement
Percentage of Trunk Blockage
Definition
Percentage of calls blocked on outgoing traffic for alternate final (AF) and direct final (DF) trunk groups from SWBT end office to CLEC end office and from SWBT tandem to CLEC end office.
Exclusions
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Excludes Weekends and Holidays • CLECs have trunks busied-out for maintenance at their end, or have other network problems that are under their control. • SWBT is ready for turn-up on Due Date and CLEC is not ready or not available for turn-up of trunks, e.g. not ready to accept traffic from SWBT on the due date or CLEC has no facilities or equipment at CLEC end. • CLEC does not take action upon receipt of Trunk Group Service Request (TGSR) or ASR within 3 business days (day 0 is the business day the TGSR is emailed/faxed to the CLEC) when a Call Blocking situation is identified by SWBT or in the timeframe specified in the InterConnection Agreement (ICA). • If CLEC does not take action upon receipt of TGSR within 10 business days (day 0 as described above) when a pre-service of 75% or greater occupancy situation is identified by SWBT for a time frame specified in the ICA. • If CLEC fails to provide a forecast within the last six months unless a different timeframe is specified in an interconnection agreement. • For trunks extending from the SWBT tandem to the CLEC end office designated as direct end office trunks, if CLEC's actual trunk usage for a market region, as shown by SWBT from traffic usage studies, is more than 25% above CLEC's most recent forecast for the market region, which must have been provided within the last six-months unless a different timeframe is specified in an interconnection agreement. • For trunks extending from the SWBT end office to the CLEC end office, if CLEC's actual trunk usage for a wirecenter or end office, as shown by SWBT from traffic usage studies, is more than 25% above CLEC's most recent forecast for the wirecenter or end office, which must have been provided within the last six-months unless a different timeframe is specified in an interconnection agreement. <p>The exclusions do not apply if SWBT fails to timely provide CLEC with traffic utilization data reasonably required for CLEC to develop its forecast or if SWBT refuses to accept CLEC trunk orders (ASRs or TGSRs) that are within the CLEC's reasonable forecast regardless of what the current usage data is.</p>

Business Rules	
Twenty days of data consisting of blocked calls and total calls are collected and aggregated each month.	
Levels of Disaggregation	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The SWBT end office to CLEC end office and SWBT tandem to end office trunk blockage will be reported separately. By Market Region. 	
Calculation	Report Structure
$\left(\frac{\text{Count of blocked calls} - \text{excluded blocked calls}}{\text{total calls offered} - \text{excluded blocked calls}} \right) * 100$	Reported for CLEC and all CLECs .
Measurement Type	
Tier-1 High	
Tier-2 High	
Benchmark	
Blocked Calls on Dedicated Trunk Groups not to exceed blocking standard of B.01. [B.01 standard is 1%]	

70.1 Measurement	
Trunk Blockage Exclusions	
Definition	
Number of calls blocked on outgoing traffic from SWBT end office to CLEC end office and from SWBT tandem to CLEC end office that are excluded from the trunk blockage data reported under PM 70.	
Exclusions	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • None 	
Business Rules	
Number of blocked calls and total calls excluded from the monthly blockage data reported under Performance Measurement 70. No penalties or liquidated damages apply. See PM 70 for list of the exclusions.	
Levels of Disaggregation	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Market Region 	
Calculation	Report Structure
Count of Excluded blocked calls	Reported for CLEC and all CLECs .
Measurement Type	
None	
Benchmark	
Diagnostic	

71. Measurement	
Common Transport Trunk Blockage	
Definition:	
Percentage of local common transport trunk groups exceeding 2%, 1% blockage.	
Exclusions:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No data is collected on weekends or holidays 	
Business Rules	
Common transport trunk groups that reflect blocking in excess of 2% and 1% (if a separate common transport trunk group is established to carry CLEC traffic only) using a time consistent busy hour from the four most recent weeks of data.	
Levels of Disaggregation:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Common trunk groups where CLECs share ILEC trunks, and Common trunk groups for CLECs not shared by ILEC. By Market Region. 	
Calculation:	Report Structure:
(Number of common transport trunk groups exceeding 2%, 1% blocking ÷ total common transport trunk groups) * 100.	Reported on local common transport trunk groups.
Measurement Type:	
Tier-1	None
Tier-2	High
Benchmark:	
PUC Subst. R. 23.61(e)(5)(A) or parity, whichever allows less blocking in a given month. SWBT shall compare common trunk groups exceeding 1% blockage, reported for switch based CLECs, be compared to SWBT's dedicated trunk groups designed for B.01 standard for parity compliance.	

72. Measurement	
Distribution Of Common Transport Trunk Groups > 2%/1%.	
Definition:	
A distribution of trunk groups exceeding 2% reflecting the various levels of blocking.	
Exclusions:	
None	
Business Rules:	
See Measurement No. 71	
Levels of Disaggregation:	
By Market Region.	
Calculation:	Report Structure:
The number of trunk groups exceeding 2%/1% will be shown in histogram form based on the levels of blocking	Reported on local common transport trunk groups.
Measurement Type:	
Tier 1 – None Tier 2 – None	
Benchmark:	
Aggregate measurement. No benchmark required.	

73. Measurement	
Percentage of Installations Completed Within the Customer Requested Due Date	
Definition	
Percentage of interconnection trunks completed within the customer requested due date, where the requested customer requested due date is greater than or equal to 20 days or if expedited (accepted or not accepted) the date agreed to by SWBT.	
Exclusions	
CLEC Caused Misses	
Business Rules	
SWBT will compare the completion date to the customer desired due date, where the requested customer requested due date is greater than or equal to 20 days or if expedited (accepted or not accepted) the date agreed to by SWBT to determine the count of missed installations. The completion date is the date the work is completed and accepted by the CLEC. The measurement is taken for all circuits that complete in the reporting period. Interconnection trunks are selected based on a specific service code off of the circuit ID. Unsolicited FOCs will not be acknowledged in calculating due dates. (i.e., if an unsolicited FOC is received by CLEC, the due date on the first FOC will still be used as the due date. Orders that are completed more than 30 days after the customer requested due date and reported as held orders under PM 73.1 also are included in reporting this measure.	
Levels of Disaggregation	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Market Region. • 911 • OS/DA • SS7 • Interconnection trunks 	
Calculation	Report Structure
(Count trunk circuits completed within the customer requested due date, where the requested customer requested due date is greater than or equal to 20 days or if expedited (accepted or not accepted) the date agreed to by SWBT ÷ total trunk circuits completed) * 100	Reported for CLEC, all CLECs and SWBT.
Measurement Type	
Tier 1 – High Tier 2 – High	
Benchmark	
95% within the customer requested due date or agreed to expedited interval. Critical z-value applies.	

73.1 Measurement	
Percentage Held Interconnection Trunks	
Definition	
Percentage of interconnection trunk orders held greater than 30, 60 or 90 calendar days.	
Exclusions	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Customer Caused Misses 	
Business Rules	
<p>The Customer Desired Due Date or the 21st business day after the interconnection trunk order is received by SWBT, whichever is greater, starts the clock. The Completion Date is the day that SWBT personnel complete the service order activity and it is accepted by the CLEC, which stops the clock. The data is collected at a circuit level. Interconnection trunks are selected based on a specific service code off of the circuit ID.</p>	
Levels of Disaggregation	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Market Region; 30, 60 and 90 days • Interconnection • 911 • OS/DA • SS7 	
Calculation	Report Structure
(Count of trunk circuits held for greater than 30, 60 or 90 calendar days ÷ total trunk circuits) * 100	Reported by CLEC, all CLECs and SWBT.
Measurement Type	
<p>Tier 1 – Medium</p> <p>Tier 2 – Low</p>	
Benchmark	
Parity with SWBT interconnection trunks. For purposes of damages, only applicable to trunk orders held greater than 30 days.	

74. Measurement	
Average Delay Days For Missed Due Dates – Interconnection Trunks	
Definition	
Average calendar days from customer requested due date where the date is greater than or equal to 20 days or if expedited (accepted or not) the date agreed to by SWBT to completion date on company missed interconnection trunk orders.	
Exclusions	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Customer Caused Misses 	
Business Rules	
The calculation is the difference in calendar days between the completion date (the date the CLEC accepts the circuit) and the customer requested due date where the date is greater than or equal to 20 days or if expedited (accepted or not) the date agreed to by SWBT. The data is reported at a circuit level. Interconnection Trunks are selected based on a specific service code off of the circuit ID.	
Levels of Disaggregation	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • By Market Region • Interconnection • 911 • OS/DA • SS7. 	
Calculation	Report Structure
Σ (Completion date – customer requested due date where the date is greater than or equal to 20 days or if expedited (accepted or not) the date agreed to by SWBT) ÷ (# of completed trunk circuits with missed Due Dates)	Reported by CLEC, all CLECs and SWBT.
Measurement Type	
Tier 1 – Low Tier 2 – None	
Benchmark	
Parity	

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76 Measurement	
Average Trunk Restoration Interval – Interconnection Trunks	
Definition	
Average time to repair interconnection trunks. This measure is based on calendar days.	
Exclusions	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Excludes non-measured tickets (CPE, Interexchange, or Information). No access delayed maintenance. 	
Business Rules	
The data is reported at a circuit level. Interconnection Trunks are selected based on the circuit being identified as a message type circuit. Start time is when the CLEC reports trouble and stop time is when SWBT notifies the CLEC of service restoral.	
Levels of Disaggregation	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> By Market Region. 911 OS/DA SS7 Interconnection Trunks 	
Calculation	Report Structure
Total trunk outage duration ÷ total trunk trouble reports	Reported by CLEC, all CLECs and SWBT.
Measurement Type	
Tier 1 – Low Tier 2 – None	
Benchmark	
Parity	

Measurement	
Average Trunk Restoration Interval for Service Affecting Trunk Groups	
Definition:	
The average time to restore service affecting trunk groups (measured tickets only).	
Exclusions:	
Customer Caused Outages	
Business Rules:	
Service affecting is defined as 20% of a trunk group out-of-service that causes trunk group blockage. The clock starts on receipt of a trouble ticket from the CLEC that identifies a service affecting condition. The clock stops after completion of work by SWBT.	
Levels of Disaggregation:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Tandem trunk groups • Non-Tandem trunk groups • By Market Region • 911 • OS/DA • SS7 • Interconnection Trunks 	
Calculation	Report Structure
Total trunk group outage time / total trunk group trouble reports	Reported by CLEC, all CLECs .
Measurement Type:	
Tier 1 – High Tier 2 – High	
Benchmark:	
Tandem trunk groups – 1 hour / Non-Tandem – 2 hours.	

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DIRECTORY ASSISTANCE (DA) AND OPERATOR SERVICES (OS)

PM 79 WAS ELIMINATED WITH THE 6 MONTH REVIEW - EFFECTIVE 7/12/00

80. Measurement	
Directory Assistance Average Speed Of Answer	
Definition:	
The average time a customer is in queue.	
Exclusions:	
None	
Business Rules:	
The clock starts when the customer enters the queue and the clock stops when a SWBT representative answers the call or the customer abandons the call. The length of each call is determined by measuring and accumulating the elapsed time from the entry of a CLEC customer call into the SWBT call management system queue until the CLEC customer call is transferred to SWBT personnel assigned to handling CLEC calls for assistance during hours of operation.	
Levels of Disaggregation:	
None	
Calculation	Report Structure
Total queue time ÷ total calls answered	Reported for the aggregate of SWBT and CLECs.
Measurement Type:	
Tier 1 – None Tier 2 – Low	
Benchmarks:	
PUC SUBST. Rule 23.61.e (3)(A)(iii) (5.9 second average) Critical z-value does not apply.	

PM 81 WAS ELIMINATED WITH THE 6 MONTH REVIEW - EFFECTIVE 7/12/00

82. Measurement	
Operator Services Speed Of Answer	
Definition	
The average time a customer is in queue	
Exclusions	
None	
Business Rules	
The clock starts when the customer enters the queue and the clock stops when a SWBT representative answers the call or the customer abandons the call. The length of each call is determined by measuring and accumulating the elapsed time from the entry of a CLEC customer call into the SWBT call management system queue until the CLEC customer call is transferred to SWBT personnel assigned to handling CLEC calls for assistance during hours of operation.	
Levels of Disaggregation	
None	
Calculation	Report Structure
Total queue time ÷ total calls answered.	Reported for the aggregate of SWBT and CLECs.
Measurement Type	
Tier 1 – None Tier 2 – Low	
Benchmark	
PUC SUBST. Rule 23.61.e (3)(A)(1) (3.3 second average) Critical z-value does not apply.	

PM 83 WAS ELIMINATED WITH 6 MONTH REVIEW - EFFECTIVE 7/12/00

PM 84 WAS ELIMINATED WITH THE 6 MONTH REVIEW - EFFECTIVE 7/12/00

PM 85 WAS ELIMINATED WITH THE 6 MONTH REVIEW - EFFECTIVE 7/12/00

PM 86 WAS ELIMINATED WITH THE 6 MONTH REVIEW - EFFECTIVE 7/12/00

INTERIM NUMBER PORTABILITY (INP)

PM 87 WAS ELIMINATED WITH THE 6 MONTH REVIEW - EFFECTIVE 7/12/00

PM 88 WAS ELIMINATED WITH THE 6 MONTH REVIEW - EFFECTIVE 7/12/00

PM 89 WAS ELIMINATED WITH THE 6 MONTH REVIEW - EFFECTIVE 7/12/00

PM 90 WAS ELIMINATED WITH THE 6 MONTH REVIEW - EFFECTIVE 7/12/00

LOCAL NUMBER PORTABILITY (LNP)

91. Measurement	
Percentage of LNP Only Due Dates within Industry Guidelines	
Definition	
Percentage of LNP Due Date interval that meets the industry standard established by the North American Numbering Council (NANC).	
Exclusions	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CLEC or Customer caused or requested delays. • NPAC caused delays unless caused by SWBT. 	
Business Rules	
<p>Industry guidelines for due dates for LNP are as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • For Offices in which NXXs are previously opened – 3 Business Days. • New NXX – 5 Business days on LNP capable NXX. <p>The above-noted due dates are from the date of the FOC receipt.</p> <p>For partial LNP conversions that require restructuring of customer account:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1-30 TNs: Add one additional day to the FOC interval. The LNP due date intervals will continue to be three business days and five business days from the receipt of the FOC depending on whether the NXX has been previously opened or is new. • >30 TNs, including entire NXX: The due dates are negotiated. 	
Levels of Disaggregation	
NXXs previously opened and NXX new (1-30 TNs and greater than 30 TNs)	
Calculation	Report Structure
(Count of LNP TNs implemented within Industry guidelines ÷ total number of LNP TNs) *100	Reported by CLEC and all CLECs.
Measurement Type	
<p>Tier 1 – None</p> <p>Tier 2 – None</p>	
Benchmark	
96.5%. The benchmark will be revised either up or down if industry guidelines are established that are different than the objective stated here. Critical z-value does not apply.	

92. Measurement	
Percentage of Time the Old Service Provider Releases the Subscription Prior to the Expiration of the Second 9 Hour (T2) Timer	
Definition	
Percentage of time the old service provider releases subscription(s) to NPAC within the first (T1) or the second (T2) 9-hour timers.	
Exclusions	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Customer caused or requested delays. • NPAC caused delays unless caused by SWBT. • Cases where SWBT did the release but the New Service Provider did not respond prior to the expiration of the T2 timer. This sequence of events causes the NPAC to send a cancel of SWBT's release request. In these cases, SWBT may have to re-work to release the TN so it can be ported to meet the due date. 	
Business Rules	
Number of LNP TNs for which subscription to NPAC was released prior to the expiration of the second 9-hour (T2) timer.	
Levels of Disaggregation	
None	
Calculation	Report Structure
(Number of LNP TNs for which subscription to NPAC was released prior to the expiration of the second 9-hour (T2) timer ÷ total number of LNP TNs for which the subscription was released) *100	Reported by CLEC and all CLECs.
Measurement Type	
Tier 1 – None Tier 2 – None	
Benchmark	
96.5%. The benchmark will be revised either up or down if industry guidelines are established that are different than the objective stated here. Critical z-value does not apply.	

93. Measurement	
Percentage of Customer Account Restructured Prior to LNP Due Date	
Definition:	
Percentage of accounts restructured within the LNP order due date established in Measurement No. 91, and/or negotiated due date for orders that contain more than 30 TNs.	
Exclusions:	
None	
Business Rules:	
See Measurement No. 91	
Levels of Disaggregation:	
None	
Calculation	Report Structure
(Number of LNP orders for which customer accounts were restructured prior to LNP due date) ÷ (total number of LNP orders that require customer accounts to be restructured) *100	Reported by CLEC and all CLECs.
Measurement Type	
Tier 1 – Low Tier 2 – None	
Benchmark	
96.5% Critical z-value applies.	

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PM 95 WAS ELIMINATED WITH THE 6 MONTH REVIEW - EFFECTIVE 7/12/00

96. Measurement	
Percentage Pre-mature Disconnects for Stand alone LNP Orders	
Definition:	
Percentage of Stand Alone LNP telephone numbers where SWBT disconnects the customer (e.g. switch translations are removed) prior to the scheduled start time.	
Exclusions:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Stand alone LNP telephone numbers where the CLEC requests that the cut-over begin prior to the scheduled time. Change of the Due Date by the CLEC less than four business hours prior to the scheduled Date/Time Stand alone LNP telephone numbers where SWBT disconnects ≤ 10 minutes of the scheduled start time 	
Business Rules:	
A premature disconnect occurs any time SWBT begins the cut-over more that 10 minutes prior to the scheduled start time.	
Levels of Disaggregation:	
None.	
Calculation:	Report Structure:
Count of prematurely disconnected Stand Alone LNP telephone numbers \div total Stand Alone LNP telephone numbers * 100	Reported by CLEC and all CLECs
Measurement Type:	
Tier 1 – High Tier 2 – High	
Benchmark:	
$\leq 2\%$ premature disconnects. Critical z-value applies.	

97. Measurement	
Percentage of Time SWBT Applies the 10-digit Trigger Prior to the LNP Order Due Date	
Definition:	
Percentage of time SWBT applies 10-digit trigger, where technically feasible, for LNP or LNP with loop TNs prior to the due date.	
Exclusions:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Excludes Remote Call Forwarding in DMS 100s, DID in all offices and ISDN Data TNs." Excludes CLEC or Customer caused misses or delays 	
Data Rules:	
Obtain number of LNP or LNP with loop TNs where the 10-digit trigger was applied on the day prior to due date, and the total number of LNP or LNP with Loop TNs where the 10-digit trigger was applied, where technically feasible.	
Level of Disaggregation:	
LNP only, and LNP with Loop.	
Calculation:	Report Structure
(Count of LNP TNs for which 10-digit trigger was applied prior to due date ÷ total LNP TNs for which 10-digit triggers were applied) * 100.	Reported by CLEC and all CLECs.
Performance Objectives:	
Tier 1 – High Tier 2 – High	
Benchmark:	
96.5% Critical z-value applies.	

- 7.3.1 Whenever SWBT Tier 1 payments to an individual CLEC in a given month exceed \$1,000,000, or the Tier 1 payments to all CLECs in a given month exceed the monthly cap, then SWBT may commence a show cause proceeding as provided for below. Upon timely commencement of the show cause proceeding, SWBT must pay the balance of damages owed in excess of the threshold amount into escrow, to be held by a third party pending the outcome of the show cause proceeding. To invoke these escrow provisions, SWBT must file with the Commission, not later than the due date of the affected damages payments, an application to show cause why it should not be required to pay any amount in excess of the procedural threshold. SWBT's application will be processed in an expedited manner under the General Terms and Conditions of this Agreement. SWBT will have the burden of proof to demonstrate why, under the circumstances, it would be unjust to require it to pay liquidated damages in excess of the applicable threshold amount. If SWBT reports non-compliant performance to a CLEC for three consecutive months on 20% or more of the measures reported to the CLEC, but SWBT has incurred no more than \$340,000 in liquidated damages obligations to the CLEC for that period under the enforcement terms set out here, then the CLEC may commence an expedited dispute resolution under this paragraph pursuant to the General Terms and Conditions of the M2A. In any such proceeding the CLEC will have the burden of proof to demonstrate why, under the circumstances, justice requires SWBT to pay damages in excess of the amount calculated under these enforcement terms.
- 7.3.2 SWBT will post on its Internet website the aggregate payments of any liquidated damages or assessments.
- 7.4 With respect to any interconnection agreement, SWBT and any CLEC may request two expedited dispute resolution proceedings pursuant to the two preceding paragraphs before the Commission or, if the parties agree, through commercial arbitration with the AAA; during the term of the contract without having to pay attorneys fees to the winning company. For the third proceeding and thereafter, the requesting party must pay attorneys fees, as determined by the Commission or AAA, if that party loses.
- 7.5 In the event the aggregate total of Tier 1 damages and Tier 2 assessments under all SWBT Missouri interconnection agreements reaches the annual cap within a given year and SWBT continues to deliver noncompliant performance during the same year to any CLEC or all CLECs, the Commission may recommend to the FCC that SWBT should cease offering in-region interLATA services to new customers.
- 8.0 Tier 1 Damages**
- Tier 1 liquidated damages apply to measures designated in Appendix 1 as High, Medium, or Low when SWBT delivers "noncompliant" performance as defined above.
- 8.1 Under the damages for Tier 1 measures, the number of measures that may be classified as "noncompliant" before a liquidated damage is applicable is limited to the K values shown below. The applicable K value is determined based upon the total number of measures with a sample size of 10 or greater that are required to

be reported to a CLEC where a sufficient number of observations exist in the month to permit parity conclusions regarding a compliant or noncompliant condition. For any performance measurement, each disaggregated category for which there are a minimum of 10 data points constitutes one "measure" for purposes of calculating K value. The designated K value and the critical Z-value seek to balance random variation, Type 1 and Type 2 errors. Type 1 error is the mistake of charging an ILEC with a violation when it may not be acting in a discriminatory manner (that is, providing noncompliant performance). Type 2 error is the mistake of not identifying a violation when the ILEC is providing discriminatory or noncompliant performance.

Liquidated damages in the amount specified in the table below apply to all "noncompliant" measures in excess of the applicable "K" number of exempt measures. Liquidated damages apply on a per occurrence basis, using the amount per occurrence taken from the table below, based on the designation of the measure as High, Medium, or Low in Appendix 1 and the number of consecutive months for which SWBT has reported noncompliance for the measure. For those measures listed on Appendix 2 as "Measurements Subject to Per Occurrence Damages or Assessments With a Cap," the amount of liquidated damages in a single month shall not exceed the amount listed in the table below for the "Per Measurement" category. For those measures listed in Appendix 2 as "Measurements Subject to Per Measure Damages or Assessment," liquidated damages will apply on a per measure basis, at the amounts set forth in the table below. The methodology for determining the order of exclusion, and the number of occurrences is addressed below in section 11.0, "Methods of Calculating the Liquidated Damages and Assessment Amounts."

- 8.3 The "K" exemption will not apply if SWBT has been non-compliant in the previous two consecutive months for the following performance measurements: PMs 1.1, 5, 13, 35, 55.1, 58, 59, 59.1, 65.1, 67, 69, 70, 73, 107 and 114. The "K" exemption will again apply when two consecutive months of compliant performance has been demonstrated.

LIQUIDATED DAMAGES TABLE FOR TIER 1 MEASURES

Per occurrence						
Measurement Group	Month 1	Month 2	Month 3	Month 4	Month 5	Month 6 and each following month
High	\$150	\$250	\$500	\$600	\$700	\$800
Medium	\$75	\$150	\$300	\$400	\$500	\$600
Low	\$25	\$50	\$100	\$200	\$300	\$400

Per Measure / Cap*

Measurement Group	Month 1	Month 2	Month 3	Month 4	Month 5	Month 6 and each following month
High	\$25,000	\$50,000	\$75,000	\$100,000	\$125,000	\$150,000
Medium	\$10,000	\$20,000	\$30,000	\$40,000	\$50,000	\$60,000
Low	\$5,000	\$10,000	\$15,000	\$20,000	\$25,000	\$30,000

ASSESSMENT TABLE FOR TIER 2 MEASURES

Per occurrence

Measurement Group	
High	\$500
Medium	\$300
Low	\$200

Per Measure/Cap*

Measurement Group	
High	\$75,000
Medium	\$30,000
Low	\$20,000

- * For per occurrence with cap measures, the occurrence value is taken from the per occurrence table, subject to the per measure with cap amount.

8.4 For measures reported on an aggregate Company-wide basis, any Tier I penalty will be assessed by reference to the relative weight of the individual CLEC activity in Missouri in proportion to such activity within SWBT's service area as a whole, subject to the associated cap. The following process will calculate this payment:

1. Determine the individual CLEC market (C^M) in the SWBT states. This is equal to the sum of the resold (R^M) and UNE access lines (U^M) in the five-state region.¹
2. The maximum assessment is then calculated for the given performance measure on the individual CLEC Market (P^M).
3. Determine the individual CLEC market in the each state (C^s).² The sum of each state's individual CLEC market will equal total individual CLEC market in the SWBT states. In other words, $C^{s1} + C^{s2} + C^{s3} + C^{s4} + C^{s5} = C^M$.

¹ The number of resale and UNE access lines (both UNE-loop and UNE-platform) are used to determine the CLEC Market share to be used for the calculation of state specific payments.

² This data will be equal to the number of loops or UNE equivalents from Performance Measures #37, 54, & 65.

4. Determine the state specific proportion of the C^M .
5. Payments are then calculated for the given performance measure on each state's individual CLEC market (P^S).

The Tier I payment to be assessed in Missouri will be the lesser of the calculated state payment (P^S) or the measurement cap

- 8.5 Tier 1 Liquidated Damages for PM 107 - "Percentage Missed Collocation Due Dates" are based on the number of days missed and are as follows:

Missed by 1-10 Days	\$150 per day
Missed by 11-20 Days	\$300 per day
Missed by 21-30 Days	\$450 per day
Missed by 31-40 Days	\$500 per day
Missed by greater than 40 days	\$1000 per day

9 Tier 2 Assessments to the State

- 9.1 Assessments payable to the Missouri State Treasury apply to the Tier 2 measures designated on Appendix 1 as High, Medium, or Low when SWBT performance is out of parity or does not meet the benchmarks for the aggregate of all CLEC data. Specifically, if the Z-test value is greater than the critical Z-value, the performance for the reporting category is out of parity or below standard.

Tier 2 measurements must have at least 10 observations per month to determine compliance.

- 9.2 For those measurements where a per occurrence assessment applies, an assessment as specified in the Assessment Table in section 8.2 for each occurrence is payable to the Missouri State Treasury for each measure that exceeds the critical Z-value, shown in the table in section 9.3 below, for three consecutive months. For those measurements listed in Appendix 2 as measurements subject to per occurrence with a cap, an assessment as shown in the Assessment Table in section 8.2 above for each occurrence with the applicable cap is payable to the Missouri State Treasury for each measure that exceeds the critical Z-value, shown in the table below, for three consecutive months. For those Tier 2 measurements listed in Appendix 2 as subject to a per measurement assessment an assessment amount as shown in the Assessment Table in section 8.2 above is payable to

the Missouri State Treasury for each measure that exceeds the critical Z-value, shown in the table below, for three consecutive months.

- 9.3 The following table will be used for determining the Critical Z-value for each measure, as well as the K values referred to below based on the total number of measures that are applicable to a CLEC in a particular month. The table can be extended to include CLECs with fewer performance measures. The Critical Z-value for Tier 2 will be calculated in the same manner as for Tier 1.³

³ This sentence is added to clarify the manner in which critical-Z value is calculated.

Critical Z-Statistic Table

Number of Performance Measures	K Values	Critical Z - Value
1	0	1.65
2	0	1.96
3	0	2.12
4	0	2.23
5	0	2.32
6	0	2.39
7	0	2.44
8	1	1.69
9	1	1.74
10-19	1	1.79
20-29	2	1.73
30-39	3	1.68
40-49	3	1.81
50-59	4	1.75
60-69	5	1.7
70-79	6	1.68
80-89	6	1.74
90-99	7	1.71
100-109	8	1.68
110-119	9	1.7
120-139	10	1.72
140-159	12	1.68
160-179	13	1.69
180-199	14	1.7
200-249	17	1.7
250-299	20	1.7
300-399	26	1.7
400-499	32	1.7
500-599	38	1.72
600-699	44	1.72
700-799	49	1.73
800-899	55	1.75
900-999	60	1.77
1000 and above	Calculated for Type I Error Probability of 5%	Calculated for Type I Error Probability of 5%

- 9.4 For measures reported on an aggregate Company-wide basis, any Tier 2 assessment will be calculated by reference to the relative weight of CLEC activity in Missouri in proportion to such activity within SWBT's service area as a whole, subject to the associated cap. The following process will be used to calculate this payment:
- 1) Determine the total CLEC market (C^M) in the SWBT states. This is equal to the sum of the resold (R^M) and UNE access lines (U^M) in the five-state region.⁴
 - 2) The maximum assessment is then calculated for the given performance measure on the total CLEC Market (P^M).
 - 3) Determine the CLEC market in the each state (C^s).⁵ The sum of each state's CLEC market will equal total CLEC market in the SWBT states. In other words,

$$C^{s1} + C^{s2} + C^{s3} + C^{s4} + C^{s5} = C^M$$
 - 4) Determine the state specific proportion of the C^M .
 - 5) Payments are then calculated for the given performance measure on each state's CLEC market (P^s).
 - 6) The Tier 2 payment to be assessed in Missouri will be the lesser of the calculated state payment (P^s) or the measurement cap.

10.0 General Assessments

- 10.1 If SWBT fails to submit performance reports by the 20th day of the month, the following assessments apply unless excused for good cause by the Commission:
- If no reports are filed, \$5,000 per day past due;

If incomplete reports are filed, \$1,000 per day for each missing performance result.

- 10.2 If SWBT alters previously reported data to a CLEC, and after discussions with SWBT the CLEC disputes such alterations, then the CLEC may ask the Commission to review the submissions and the Commission may take appropriate action. This does not apply to the limitation stated under section 7.0 titled "Exclusions Limited."
- 10.3 When SWBT performance creates an obligation to pay liquidated damages to a CLEC or an assessment to the State of Missouri under the terms set forth herein, SWBT shall make payment in the required amount on or before the 30th day following the due date of the performance measurement report for the month in which the obligation arose (e.g., if SWBT performance through March is such that SWBT owes liquidated damages to CLECs for March performance, or assessments to the State of Missouri for January -

⁴ The number of resale and UNE access lines (both UNE-loop and UNE-platform) are used to determine the CLEC Market share to be used for the calculation of state specific payments.

⁵ The CLEC market in each state will be represented by (i.e., equal to) the number of loops or UNE equivalents from Performance Measures #37, 54, & 65.

March performance, then those payments will be due May 20, 30 days after the April 20 due date for reporting March data). For each day after the due date that SWBT fails to pay the required amount, SWBT will pay interest to the CLEC at the maximum rate permitted by law for a past due liquidated damages obligation and will pay an additional \$500 per day to the Missouri State Treasury for a past due assessment.

- 10.4 SWBT may not withhold payment of liquidated damages to a CLEC, for any amount up to \$1,000,000 a month, unless SWBT had commenced an expedited dispute resolution proceeding on or before the payment due date, asserting one of the three permitted grounds for excusing a damages payment below the procedural threshold (Force Majeure, CLEC fault, and non-SWBT problems associated with third-party systems or equipment). In order to invoke the procedural threshold provisions allowing for escrow of damages obligations in excess of \$1,000,000 to a single CLEC (or \$8.17 million to all CLECs), SWBT must pay the threshold amount to the CLEC(s), pay the balance into escrow, and commence the show cause proceeding on or before the payment due date.
- 10.5 CLEC will have access to monthly reports on performance measures and business rules through an Internet website that includes individual CLEC data, aggregate CLEC data, and SWBT's data.
- 10.6 The cap provided in Section 7.3 does not apply to assessments under Section 10 of this Attachment.
- 10.7 SWBT agrees to provide the following whenever it reports two consecutive parity or benchmark violations on any Performance Measurement identified below, and for each succeeding consecutive violation of that Measurement.
- 10.8 In the event SWBT misses any Tier-2 measurement for two consecutive months, and for each succeeding violation of that measurement, SWBT shall conduct an investigation to identify the problem and take corrective action. In addition, SWBT shall post such findings and a description of corrective action on its web site.
- 10.9 In the event SWBT misses any Tier-1 measurement for two consecutive months, for each succeeding violation of that measurement, upon request from a CLEC, SWBT shall conduct a joint investigation with the requesting CLEC to identify and resolve the problem in a cooperative manner. Such corrective action may include additional training, allocation of additional resources, or modification of SWBT processes, to the extent appropriate.

11.0 Methods of Calculating the Liquidated Damages and Assessment Amounts

The following methods apply in calculating per occurrence liquidated damages and assessments:

11.1 Tier 1 Liquidated Damages

11.1.1 Application of K Value Exclusions

Determine the number and type of measures with a sample size greater than 10 that are "noncompliant" for the individual CLEC for the month, applying the parity test and bench mark provisions provided for above. Sort all measures having non-compliant classification with a sample size greater than 10 in ascending order based on the number of data points or transactions used to develop the performance measurement result (e.g., service orders, collocation requests, installations, trouble reports). Exclude the first "K" measures designated Low on Appendix 1, starting with the measurement results having the fewest number of underlying data points greater than 10. If all Low measurement results with a non-compliant designation are excluded before "K" is exceeded, then the exclusion process proceeds with the Medium measurement results and thereafter the High measurement results. If all Low, Medium, and High measurements are excluded, then those measurements with sample sizes less than 10 may be excluded until "K" measures are reached. In each category measurement results with non-compliant designation having the fewest underlying data point are then excluded until either all noncompliant measurement results are excluded or "K" measures are excluded, whichever occurs first. For the remaining non-compliant measures that are above the K number of measures, the liquidated damages per occurrence are calculated as described further below. (Application of the K value may be illustrated by an example, if the K value is 6, and there are 7 Low measures and 1 Medium and 1 High which exceed the critical Z-value, the 6 Low measures with the lowest number of service orders used to develop the performance measure are not used to calculate the liquidated damages, while the remaining 1 Low measure, 1 Medium measure, and 1 High measure which exceed the critical Z-value are used.) In applying the K value, the following qualifications apply to the general rule for excluding measures by progression from measures with lower transaction volumes to higher. A measure for which liquidated damages are calculated on a per measure basis will not be excluded in applying the K value unless the amount of liquidated damages payable for that measure is less than the amount of liquidated damages payable for each remaining measure. A measure for which liquidated damages are calculated on a per occurrence basis subject to a cap will be excluded in applying the K value whenever the cap is reached and the liquidated damages payable for the remaining noncompliant measures are greater than the amount of the cap.

11.1.2 Calculating Tier 1 Liquidated Damages

11.1.2.1 Measures for Which the Reporting Dimensions are Averages or Means

Step 1: Calculate the average or the mean for the measure for the CLEC that would yield the critical Z-value. Use the same denominator as the one used in calculating the Z-statistic for the measure. (For benchmark measures, calculate the value that would yield the critical Z-value by

adding or subtracting the critical Z-value to the benchmark as appropriate, subject to section 4.0 and the Business Rules.).

Step 2: Calculate the percentage difference the between the actual average and the calculated average.

$\%diff = (Clec-result - Calculated_Value) / Calculated_Value$. Assuming high values indicate poor performance. The percent difference will be capped at a maximum of 100%.

Step 3: Multiply the total number of data points by the percentage calculated in the previous step and the per occurrence dollar amount taken from the Liquidated Damages Table to determine the applicable liquidated damages for the given month for that measure.

11.1.2.2 Measures for Which the Reporting Dimensions are Percentages, Ratios or Proportions.

- Step 1: Calculate the percentage for the measure for the CLEC that would yield the critical Z-value. Use the same denominator as the one used in calculating the Z-statistic for the measure. (For benchmark measures, calculate the value that would yield the critical Z-value by adding or subtracting the critical Z-value to the benchmark as appropriate, subject to section 4.0 and the Business Rules.).
- Step 2: Calculate the difference between the actual percentage for the CLEC and the calculated percentage.
- Step 3: Multiply the total number of data points by the difference in percentage calculated in the previous step and the per occurrence dollar amount taken from the Liquidated Damages Table in section 8.2 to determine the applicable liquidated damages for the given month for that measure.

12.1 Tier Two Liquidated Assessments

- 12.1.1 Determine the Tier 2 measurement results, such as High, Medium, or Low that are noncompliant for three consecutive months for all CLECs, or individual CLEC if the measure is not reported for all CLECs and which has at least 10 data points each month..

If the noncompliant classification continues for three consecutive months, an additional assessment will apply in the third month and in each succeeding month as calculated below, until SWBT reports performance that meets the applicable criterion. That is, Tier 2 assessments will apply on a "rolling three month" basis, one assessment for the average number of occurrences for months 1-3, one assessment for the average number of occurrences for months 2-4, one assessment for the average number of occurrences for months 3-5, and so forth, until satisfactory performance is established.

12.1.2 Measures for Which the Reporting Dimensions are Averages or Means

- Step 1: Calculate the average or the mean for the measure for the CLEC that would yield the critical Z-value for the third consecutive month. Use the same denominator as the one used in calculating the Z-statistic for the measure. (For benchmark measures, calculate the value that would yield the Critical Z-value by adding or subtracting the critical Z-value to the benchmark as appropriate, subject to section 4.0 and the Business Rules.).
- Step 2: Calculate the percentage difference between the actual average and the calculated average for each month. The calculation is as follows:

Parity Measurements:

$\%diff = (\text{actual average} - \text{calculated average}) / \text{calculated average}$. (high average indicates poor performance.). The percent difference will be capped at a maximum of 100%.

Benchmark measures:

$\%diff = (\text{actual average} - \text{benchmark} - \text{critical Z}) / \text{actual average}$.

Step 3: Multiply the total number of data points each month by the percentage calculated in the previous step. Calculate the average for three months rounding to the next integer and multiply the result by \$500, \$300, and \$200 for Measures that are designated as High, Medium, and Low respectively; to determine the applicable assessment payable to the Missouri State Treasury for that measure.

12.1.3 Measures for Which the Reporting Dimensions are Percentages, Ratios or Proportions

Step 1: Calculate the monthly percentage for the measure for the aggregate CLEC that would yield the critical Z-value for each month. Use the same denominator as the one used in calculating the Z-statistic for the measure. (For benchmark measures, calculate the value that would yield the critical Z-value by adding or subtracting the critical Z-value to the benchmark as appropriate, subject to section 4.0 and the Business Rules.).

Step 2: Calculate the difference between the actual percentage for the aggregate CLEC and the calculated percentage for each of the three non-compliant months. The calculation is as follows:

Parity Measurements:

$Diff = \text{CLEC result} - \text{calculated percentage}$. (This formula is applicable where a high value is indicative of poor performance. The formula is reversed where high performance is indicative of good performance.)

Benchmark Measurements:

$Diff = \text{CLEC result} - \text{benchmark} - \text{critical z value (if applicable)}$

Step 3: Multiply the total number of data points for each month by the difference in percentage calculated in the previous step. Calculate the average for three months rounding to the next integer and multiply the result by \$500, \$300, and \$200 for measures that are designated as High, Medium, and Low respectively; to determine the applicable assessment for that measure.13.0 Advanced and Nascent Services

13.1 In order to ensure parity and benchmark performance where CLECs order low volumes of advanced and nascent services, SWBT will make additional voluntary payments to the Missouri State Treasury on those measurements listed in section 14.2 below ("Qualifying Measurements"). Such additional voluntary payments will only apply when there are more than 10 and less than 100 observations for a Qualifying Measurement on average statewide for a three month period with respect to the following order categories:

- UNE loop and port combinations,
- resold ISDN,
- ISDN UNE loop and port combinations,
- BRI loop with test access, and
- DSL loops.

13.2 The Qualifying Measurements are as follows:

Provisioning Measurements

- PMs 29, 45, 58 - Percent SWBT Caused Missed Due Dates
- PMs 35, 46, 59 - Installation Trouble Reports Within "X" Days
- PMs 27, 43, 56 - Mean Installation Interval
- PMs 32, 49, 62 - Average Delay Days for SWBT Caused Missed Due Dates
- PM 55.1 - Average Installation Interval - DSL
- PM 57 - Average Response Time for Loop Qualification Information

Maintenance Measurements

- PMs 38, 66 - % Missed Repair Commitments
- PMs 41, 53, 69 - % Repeat Reports
- PMs 39, 52, 67 - Mean Time to Restore
- PMs 37, 54, 65 - Trouble Report Rate

13.3 The additional voluntary payments referenced in section 14.1 will be made if SWBT fails to provide parity or benchmark service for the above measurements as determined by the use of the modified Z-test and a critical Z-value for either:

- 3 consecutive months; or
- 6 months or more in a calendar year.

13.4 The additional voluntary payments will be calculated on the rolling average of occurrences or measurements, as appropriate, where SWBT has failed to provide parity or benchmark performance for 3 consecutive months. If SWBT fails to provide parity or benchmark performance in Missouri for 6 or more months in a calendar year, the voluntary payments will be calculated as if all such months were missed consecutively.

- 13.5 If, for the three months that are utilized to calculate the rolling average, there were 100 observations or more on average for the qualifying measurement or sub-measurement, then no additional voluntary payments will be made to the Missouri State treasury. However, if during this same time frame there is an average of more than 10 but less than 100 observations for a qualifying measurement on a statewide basis, then SWBT shall calculate the additional payments to the Missouri State treasury by first applying the normal Tier 2 assessment calculation methodology to that qualifying measurement, and then trebling that amount.
- 13.6 Any payments made hereunder shall be subject to the annual cap set forth in section 7.3.
- 14.0 Attached hereto, and incorporated herein by reference, are the following Appendices:
- Appendix 1: Performance Measures Subject to Tier 1 and Tier 2 Damages Identified as High, Medium, and Low
- Appendix 2: Measurements Subject to Per Occurrence Damages or Assessment With a Cap and Measurements Subject to Per Measure Damages or Assessment
- Appendix 3: Performance Measurement Business Rules (Version 1.7)

APPENDIX

PERFORMANCE MEASURES SUBJECT TO TIER-1 AND TIER-2 DAMAGES

Performance Measures	Measurement Groups Subject to Tier-1 Damages			Measurement Groups Subject to Tier-2 Assessments		
	Low	Med	High	Low	Med	High

I. RESALE POTS, RESALE SPECIALS AND UNES

A. Pre-Ordering/Ordering

1. Average Response Time For OSS Pre-Order Interfaces.	-	-	-	-	-	-
1.1 Average Response Time for Manual Loop Make-up Information (Formerly PM 57)	✓	-	-	-	X	-
1.2 Accuracy of Actual Loop Make-up Information Provide for DSL Orders	✓	-	-	-	X	-
2. Percent Response received within "X" Seconds	✓	-	-	-	X	-
3. EASE Average Response Time - Eliminated 7/12/00						
4. OSS Interface Availability	-	-	-	-	-	X
4.1 Pre-Order Backend System Database Query Availability	-	-	-	-	-	-
5. % Firm Order Confirmations (FOCs) Received Within "X" Hours	✓	-	-	-	X	-
5.1 % Firm Order Confirmations (FOCs) for XDSL-capable loops & Line Sharing Returned Within "x" Hours	✓	-	-	-	X	-
5.2 Percent Firm Order Confirmations (FOCs) Returned within "x" days on ASR requests	-	-	-	-	-	-
6. Average Time To Return FOC	-	-	-	-	-	-
6.1 Average Time to Return DSL FOC's	-	-	-	-	-	-
7. Percent Mechanized Completions Returned Within 1 Hour - Eliminated 7/12/00						
7.1 Percent Mechanized Completions Notifications Available Within one Day of Work Completion	✓	-	-	-	-	-
8. Average Time to Return Mechanized Completions - Eliminated 7/12/00						
9. Percent Rejects	-	-	-	-	-	-
10. Percent Mechanized Rejects Returned Within 1 Hour of EDI/LASR	✓	-	-	-	-	-
10.1 Percent Manual Rejects Returned Within X Hours	✓	-	-	-	-	-
10.2 Percentage of Orders that receive SWB-caused Jeopardy Notifications	-	-	-	-	-	-
11. Mean Time to Return Mechanized Rejects	-	-	-	-	-	-
11.1 Mean Time to Return Rejects that are Received Electronically via LEX or EDI	-	-	-	-	-	-
11.2 Average SWB Caused Jeopardy Notification Interval	-	-	-	-	-	-
12. Mechanized Provisioning Accuracy	✓	-	-	X	-	-
12.1 Percent Provisioning Accuracy for non-flow through orders	-	-	✓	-	-	-
13. Order Process Percent Flow Through	✓	-	-	-	-	X

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APPENDIX

PERFORMANCE MEASURES SUBJECT TO TIER-1 AND TIER-2 DAMAGES

Performance Measures	Measurement Groups Subject to Tier-1 Damages			Measurement Groups Subject to Tier-2 Assessments		
	Low	Med	High	Low	Med	High
13.1 Overall Percent LSR Process Flow Through	-	-	-	-	-	-
B. Billing						
14. Billing Accuracy	-	-	-	-	-	-
15. Percent of Accurate And Complete Formatted Mechanized Bills	✓	-	-	-	-	X
16. Percent Of Billing Records Transmitted Correctly	✓	-	-	-	-	-
17. Billing Completeness	✓	-	-	-	X	-
17.1 Service Order Posting	-	-	-	-	-	-
18. Billing Timeliness (Wholesale Bill)	✓	-	-	-	-	X
19. Daily Usage Feed Timeliness	-	-	-	-	-	-
20. Unbillable Usage Eliminated 7/12/00						
C. Miscellaneous Administrative						
21. LSC Average Speed Of Answer - Eliminated 7/12/00						
22. LSC Grade Of Service (GOS)	-	-	-	-	-	X
23. Percent Busy In the Local Service Center	-	-	-	X	-	-
24. LOC Average Speed Of Answer - Eliminated 7/12/00						
25. LOC Grade Of Service (GOS)	-	-	-	-	-	X
26. Percent Busy In the LOC	-	-	-	X	-	-

II. RESALE POTS AND UNE LOOP AND PORT COMBINATIONS COMBINED BY SWBT

A. Provisioning

27. Mean Installation Interval	-	-	✓	-	-	X
28. Percent Installations Completed Within "X" Business Days (POTS)	-	-	-	-	-	-
29. Percent SWBT Caused Missed Due Dates	-	-	✓	-	-	X
30. Percent Company Missed Due Dates Due To Lack Of Facilities	-	-	-	-	-	-
31. Average Delay Days For Missed Due Dates Due To Lack Of Facilities	-	-	-	-	-	-
32. Average Delay Days For SWBT Missed Due Dates	-	✓	-	-	-	-
33. Percent SWBT Caused Missed Due Dates greater than 30 days - Eliminated 7/12/00						
34. Count of orders canceled after the due date which were caused by SWBT - Eliminated 7/12/00						
35. Percent Trouble Reports Within 10 Days (I-10) Of Installation	-	-	✓	-	-	X

APPENDIX

PERFORMANCE MEASURES SUBJECT TO TIER-1 AND TIER-2 DAMAGES

Performance Measures	Measurement Groups Subject to Tier-1 Damages			Measurement Groups Subject to Tier-2 Assessments		
	Low	Med	High	Low	Med	High
35.1 Percent UNE-P Trouble Reports On The Completion Date	-	-	-	-	-	-
36. Percent No Access (Trouble Reports With no Access)	-	-	-	-	-	-
B. Maintenance						
37. Trouble Report Rate	-	-	-	-	-	-
37.1 Trouble Report Rate net of Installation and repeat reports	-	-	✓	-	-	X
38. Percent Missed Repair Commitments	-	-	✓	-	-	X
39. Receipt To Clear Duration	-	-	✓	-	-	X
40. Percent Out Of Service (OOS) < 24 Hours	-	✓	-	-	-	-
41. Percent Repeat Reports	-	-	✓	-	-	X
42. Percent No Access (% of Trouble reports with No Access) - Eliminated 7/12/00						

III. RESALE SPECIALS AND UNE LOOP AND PORT COMBINATIONS COMBINED BY SWBT

A. Provisioning

43. Average Installation Interval	-	-	✓	-	-	X
44. Percent Installations Completed Within "X" Business Days	-	-	-	-	-	-
45. Percent SWBT Caused Missed Due Dates	-	-	✓	-	-	X
46. Percent Installation Reports (Trouble Reports) Within 30 Days (I-30) Of Installation	-	-	✓	-	-	X
47. Percent Missed Due Dates Due To Lack Of Facilities	-	-	-	-	-	-
48. Delay Days For Missed Due Dates Due To Lack Of Facilities	-	-	-	-	-	-
49. Delay Days For SWBT Missed Due Dates	-	✓	-	-	-	-
50. Percent SWBT Caused Missed Due Dates greater than 30 days - Eliminated 7/12/00						
51. Count of orders canceled after the due date which were caused by SWBT - Eliminated 7/12/00						

B. Maintenance

52. Mean Time To Restore	-	-	✓	-	-	X
53. Percent Repeat Reports	-	-	✓	-	-	X
54. Failure Frequency	✓	-	-	-	-	-

IV. UNBUNDLED NETWORK ELEMENTS (UNES)

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APPENDIX

PERFORMANCE MEASURES SUBJECT TO TIER-1 AND TIER-2 DAMAGES

Performance Measures	Measurement Groups Subject to Tier-1 Damages			Measurement Groups Subject to Tier-2 Assessments		
	Low	Med	High	Low	Med	High

A. Provisioning

55. Average Installation Interval	-	-	-	-	-	-
55.1 Average Installation Interval - DSL	-	-	✓	-	-	X
55.2 Average Installation Interval for Loop With LNP	-	-	-	-	-	-
55.3 Percent xDSL-capable loop orders requiring the removal of load coils and or repeaters	-	-	-	-	-	-
56. Percent Installations Completed Within "X" Business Days	-	-	-	-	-	-
56.1 Percent installations completed within the customer requested due date for LNP with loop	-	-	✓	-	-	X
57. Moved to PM 1.1						
58. Percent SWBT Caused Missed Due Dates	-	-	✓	-	-	X
59. Percent Installation Reports (Trouble Reports) Within 30 Days (I-30) Of Installation	-	-	✓	-	-	X
60. Percent Missed Due Dates Due To Lack Of Facilities	-	-	-	-	-	-
61. Average Delay Days For Missed Due Dates Due To Lack Of Facilities	-	-	-	-	-	-
62. Average Delay Days For SWBT Missed Due Dates	-	✓	-	-	-	-
63. Percent SWBT Caused Missed Due Dates greater than 30 days	-	-	-	-	-	-
64. Count of orders canceled after the due date which were caused by SWBT - Eliminated 7/12/00						

B. Maintenance

65. Trouble Report Rate	-	-	-	-	-	-
65.1 Trouble Report Rate net of installation and repeat reports	-	-	✓	-	-	X

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APPENDIX

PERFORMANCE MEASURES SUBJECT TO TIER-1 AND TIER-2 DAMAGES

Performance Measures	Measurement Groups Subject to Tier-1 Damages			Measurement Groups Subject to Tier-2 Assessments		
	Low	Med	High	Low	Med	High
66. Percent Missed Repair Commitments	-	-	✓	-	-	X
67. Mean Time To Restore	-	-	✓	-	-	X
68. Percent Out Of Service (OOS) < "X" Hours - Eliminated 7/12/00						
69. Percent Repeat Reports	-	-	✓	-	-	X

V. INTERCONNECTION TRUNKS

70. Percent Trunk Blockage	-	-	✓	-	-	X
70.1 Trunk Blockage Exclusions	-	-	-	-	-	-
71. Common Transport Trunk Blockage	-	-	-	-	-	X
72. Distribution Of Common Transport Trunk Groups Exceeding 2%	-	-	-	-	-	-
73. Percentage of Installations completed within the customer desired due date	-	-	✓	-	-	X
73.1 Percentage Held Interconnection Trunks	-	✓	-	X	-	-
74. Average Delay Days For Missed Due Dates - Interconnection Trunks	✓	-	-	-	-	-
75. Percent SWBT Caused Missed Due Dates greater than 30 days - Eliminated 7/12/00						
76. Average Trunk Restoration Interval	✓	-	-	-	-	-
77. Average Trunk Restoration Interval for Service Affecting Trunk Groups	-	-	✓	-	-	X
78. Average Interconnection Trunk Installation Interval - Eliminated 7/12/00						

VI. DIRECTORY ASSISTANCE (DA) AND OPERATOR SERVICES (OS)

79. Directory Assistance Grade Of Service - Eliminated 7/12/00						
80. Directory Assistance Average Speed Of Answer	-	-	-	X	-	-
81. Operator Services Grade Of Service - Eliminated 7/12/00						
82. Operator Services Average Speed Of Answer	-	-	-	X	-	-
83. Percent Calls Abandoned - Eliminated 7/12/00						
84. Percent Calls Deflected - Eliminated 7/12/00						
85. Average Work Time - Eliminated 7/12/00						
86. Non-Call Busy Work Volumes - Eliminated 7/12/00						

VII. INTERIM NUMBER PORTABILITY (INP)

APPENDIX

PERFORMANCE MEASURES SUBJECT TO TIER-1 AND TIER-2 DAMAGES

Performance Measures	Measurement Groups Subject to Tier-1 Damages			Measurement Groups Subject to Tier-2 Assessments		
	Low	Med	High	Low	Med	High
87. % Installation Completed Within "x" (3, 7, 10) Business Days - Eliminated 7/12/00						
88. Average INP Installation Interval - Eliminated 7/12/00						
89. Percent INP I-Reports Within 30 Days - Eliminated 7/12/00						
90. Percent Missed Due Dates - Eliminated 7/12/00						

VIII LOCAL NUMBER PORTABILITY (LNP)

91. Percent LNP Due Dates within Industry Guide Lines	-	-	-	-	-	-
92. Percent of time the old service Provider Releases Subscription prior to the expiration of the second 9 hour timer	-	-	-	-	-	-
93. Percent of customer account restructured prior to LNP Due Dates	✓	-	-	-	-	-
94. Percent FOCs received within "X": hours - Eliminated 7/12/00.						
95. Average Response time for Non-mechanized Rejects returned with complete and accurate codes - Eliminated 7/12/00						
96. Percent premature Disconnects for Stand Alone LNP Orders	-	-	✓	-	-	X
97. Percent of Time SWBT applies the 10-digit trigger prior to the LNP Order Due date.	-	-	✓	-	-	X

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APPENDIX

PERFORMANCE MEASURES SUBJECT TO TIER-1 AND TIER-2 DAMAGES

Performance Measures	Measurement Groups Subject to Tier-1 Damages			Measurement Groups Subject to Tier-2 Assessments		
	Low	Med	High	Low	Med	High
98. Percent LNP I-Reports in 10 days	-	-	✓	-	-	X
99. Average Delay Days for SWBT Missed Due Dates.	-	✓	-	-	X	-
100. Average Time of out of service for LNP conversions	-	-	-	-	-	-
101. Percent Out of Service < 60 Minutes	-	-	✓	-	-	X

VIII. 911

102. Average Time To Clear Errors	✓	-	-	-	-	-
103. % accuracy for 911 database updates	✓	-	-	-	-	-
104. Average Time Required to Update 911 Database (Facility Based Providers)	✓	-	-	-	-	-
104.1 The Average Time it takes to unlock the 911 record	-	-	-	-	-	-

IX. POLES, CONDUIT AND RIGHTS OF WAY

105. % of requests processed within 35 days	✓	-	-	-	-	-
106. Average Days Required to Process a Request	-	-	-	-	-	-

X. COLLOCATION

107. % Missed Collocation Due Dates	-	-	✓	-	-	X
108. Average Delay Days For SWBT Missed Due Dates	✓	-	-	-	-	-
109. % of requests processed within the tariffed timelines	✓	-	-	-	-	-

XI. DIRECTORY ASSISTANCE DATABASE

110. % of updates completed into the DA Database within 72 Hours for facility based CLECs	✓	-	-	-	-	-
111. Average Update Interval for DA database for facility based CLECs	✓	-	-	-	-	-
112. % DA Database Accuracy For Manual Updates	✓	-	-	-	-	-
113. % of electronic updates that flow through the DSR process without manual intervention	✓	-	-	-	-	-

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APPENDIX

PERFORMANCE MEASURES SUBJECT TO TIER-1 AND TIER-2 DAMAGES

Performance Measures	Measurement Groups Subject to Tier-1 Damages			Measurement Groups Subject to Tier-2 Assessments		
	Low	Med	High	Low	Med	High

XII. COORDINATED CONVERSIONS

114. % Pre-mature disconnects (Coordinated Cutovers)	-	-	✓	-	-	X
114.1 CHC/FDT LNP with Loop Provisioning Interval	-	-	-	-	-	-
115. % SWBT caused delayed Coordinated Cutovers	-	-	-	-	-	-
115.1 Mean Time To Restore - Provisioning Trouble Report (PTR)	-	-	-	-	-	-
116. % Missed mechanized INP conversions - Eliminated 7/12/00						

XIII. NXX

117. % NXXs loaded and tested prior to the LERG effective date	-	-	✓	-	-	X
118. Average Delay Days for NXX loading and testing	✓	-	-	-	-	-
119. Mean Time to Repair - Eliminated 7/12/00						

XIV. BONA FIDE REQUEST PROCESS (BFRs)

120. % of requests processed within 45 business days	-	-	-	-	-	-
121. % Quotes Provided for Authorized BFRs within 30 business days	-	-	✓	-	-	X
122. Eliminated 7/12/00						
123. Percent of timely and compliant change management notices	-	-	-	-	-	-
124. Timely resolution of significant software failures related with releases	-	-	✓	-	-	X
Total	29	6	33	6	7	39

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APPENDIX 2

**MEASUREMENTS SUBJECT TO PER OCCURRENCE DAMAGES
OR ASSESSMENT WITH A CAP**

**Measurements That Are Subject To Per Occurrence
Damages Or Assessment With A Cap**

- 1 Average Responses time for OSS Preorder Interfaces (1) (Tier-1 – None, Tier-2 –None)
- 2 Percent Response received within "X" Seconds (2) (Tier-1 - Low, Tier-2 - Med.)
- 3 % Firm Order Confirmations (FOCs) Received Within "X" Hours (5)
(Tier-1 - Low, Tier-2 – Med.)
- 4 Order Process Percent Flow Through (13) (Tier-1 - Low, Tier-2 - High)
- 5 Percent Mechanized Completions Returned Within 1 Hour (7)(Eliminated
7/12/00)
- 6 Mechanized Provisioning Accuracy (12) (Tier-1 - Low, Tier-2 - Low)
- 7 Percent of Accurate And Complete Formatted Mechanized Bills (15)
(Tier-1 - Low, Tier-2 – High)
- 8 Percent Of Billing Records Transmitted Correctly (16) (Tier-1 – Low,)
- 9 Billing Completeness (17) (Tier-1 – Low, Tier-2 - Med.)
- 10 Billing Timeliness (Wholesale Bill) (18) (Tier-1 - Low, Tier-2 – High)
- 11 Percent Trunk Blockage (70) (Tier-1 – High, Tier-2 - High)
- 12 Directory Assistance Average Speed Of Answer (80) (Tier-1 – None, Tier-2 – Low)
- 13 Operator Services Average Speed Of Answer (82) (Tier-1 – None, Tier-2 – Low)

**Measurements That Are Subject To Per Measure
Damages Or Assessment**

- 1 % NXXs loaded and tested prior to the LERG effective date (117) (Tier-1 - High, Tier-2
- High)
- 2 Average Delay Days for NXX Loading and Testing (118) (Tier 1 – High)
- 3 % Quotes Provided for Authorized BFRs within 30 business days (121) (Tier-1 - High,
Tier-2 - High)
- 4 LSC Grade Of Service (GOS) (22)) (Tier-2 – High)
- 5 Percent Busy in the Local Service Center (23) (Tier-2 - Low)
- 6 LOC Grade Of Service (GOS) (25) (Tier-2 – High)
- 7 Percent Busy in the LOC (26) (Assessment Only) (Tier-2 - Low)
- 8 Common Transport Trunk Blockage (71) (Tier-2 - High)
- 9 OSS Interface Availability (4) (Tier-2 – High)

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1.1	Average Response Time for Manual Loop Make-Up Information	
1.2	Accuracy of Actual Loop Makeup Information Provided for DSL Orders	
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4	OSS Interface Availability	
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5	Percent Firm Order Confirmations (FOCs) Returned on time for LSR requests	
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7	Eliminated with the 6 month review - effective 7/12/00	
7.1	Percent Mechanized Completions Notifications Available Within one Day of Work Completion	
8	Eliminated with the 6 month review - effective 7/12/00	
9	Percent Rejects	
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B. Billing

Performance Measurement Numbers:

- 14 Billing Accuracy
- 15 Percent of Accurate and Complete Formatted Mechanized
Electronic Bills via EDI or BDT
- 16 Percent of Accurate Usage Records transmitted (of those records that are
are subject to active CLEC review) via the "Extract Return File" process
- 17 Billing Completeness
- 17.1 Service Order Posting
- 18 Mechanized Electronic Billing Timeliness EDI and BDT
(Wholesale Bill)
- 19 Daily Usage Feed Timeliness
- 20 Eliminated with the 6 month review - effective 7/12/00

C. Miscellaneous Administrative

Performance Measurement Numbers:

- 21 Eliminated with the 6 month review - effective 7/12/00
- 22 Local Service Center (LSC) Grade of Service (GOS)
- 23 Percent Busy in the Local Service Center (LSC)
- 24 Eliminated with the 6 month review - effective 7/12/00
- 25 Local Operations Center (LOC) Grade of Service (GOS)
- 26 Percent Busy in the Local Operations Center (LOC)

**II. RESALE POTS AND UNE LOOP AND PORT COMBINATIONS
COMBINED BY SWBT**

A. Provisioning

Performance Measurement Numbers:

- 27 Mean Installation Interval
- 28 Percent POTS/UNE-P Installations Completed Within the customer
requested due date
- 29 Percent SWBT Caused Missed Due Dates
- 30 Percent Company Missed Due Dates Due To Lack Of Facilities
- 31 Average Delay Days For Missed Due Dates Due To Lack Of Facilities
- 32 Average Delay Days For SWBT Caused Missed Due Dates
- 33 Eliminated with the 6 month review - effective 7/12/00
- 34 Eliminated with the 6 month review - effective 7/12/00
- 35 Percent POTS/UNE-P Trouble Report Within 10 Days
(I-10) of Installation
- 35.1 Percent UNE-P Trouble Reports On the Completion Date
- 36 Percent No Access (Service Orders With No Access)

B. Maintenance

Performance Measurement Numbers:

- 37 Trouble Report Rate
- 37.1 Trouble Report Rate net of installation and repeat reports
- 38 Percent Missed Repair Commitments
- 39 Mean time to restore
- 40 Percent Out Of Service (OOS) <24 Hours

- 41 Percent Repeat Reports
- 42 Eliminated with the 6 month review - effective 7/12/00

III. RESALE SPECIALS AND UNE LOOP AND PORT COMBINATIONS COMBINED BY SWBT (EXCLUDES "ACCESS" ORDERS).....

- A. Provisioning.....
 - Performance Measurement Numbers:
 - 43 Average Installation Interval.....
 - 44 Percent (Specials) Installations Completed Within the Customer
Requested Due Date.....
 - 45 Percent SWBT Caused Missed Due Dates
 - 46 Percent Installation Reports (Trouble Reports) Within 30 Days (I-30)
of Installation
 - 47 Percent Missed Due Dates Due To Lack Of Facilities
 - 48 Delay Days for Missed Due Dates Due to Lack Of Facilities.....
 - 49 Delay Days For SWBT Caused Missed Due Dates
 - 50 Eliminated with the 6 month review - effective 7/12/00
 - 51 Eliminated with the 6 month review - effective 7/12/00
- B. Maintenance
- Performance Measurement Numbers:
- 52 Mean Time to Restore.....
- 53 Percent Repeat Reports
- 54 Trouble Report Rate.....

IV. UNBUNDLED NETWORK ELEMENTS (UNES)

- A. Provisioning.....
 - Performance Measurement Numbers:
 - 55 Average Installation Interval.....
 - 55.1 Average Installation Interval – DSL
 - 55.2 Average Installation Interval for Loop With LNP
 - 55.3 Percent xDSL-capable loop orders requiring the removal
of load coils and or repeaters
 - 56 Percent (UNEs) Installations Completed Within the Customers
Requested Due Date.....
 - 56.1 Percent Installations Completed within the Customer Requested
due Date for LNP with Loop.....
 - 57 Moved to PM 1.1
 - 58 Percent SWBT Caused Missed Due Dates
 - 59 Percent Installation Reports (Trouble Reports) Within 30 Days (I-30)
of Installation
 - 60 Percent Missed Due Dates Due To Lack Of Facilities
 - 61 Average Delay Days For Missed Due Dates Due to Lack Of Facilities
 - 62 Average Delay Days For SWBT Caused Missed Due Dates
 - 63 Percent SWBT Caused Missed Due Dates >30 Days
 - 64 Eliminated with the 6 month review - effective 7/12/00
- B. Maintenance