Joe Boland
State Environmental Improvement and
Energy Resources Authority
April 21, 2023



About the Authority

- The Authority was created by statute in 1972 as an independent, self-supporting, quasi-governmental agency, governed by a five member Board appointed by the Governor.
- Is a "body corporate and politic," that is authorized to finance, acquire, construct and equip projects for the purpose of reducing, preventing or controlling pollution and **to provide for the development of energy resources** of the State of Missouri.
- Is empowered to conduct environmental and energy research and development activities, develop alternative methods of financing environmental and energy projects, and assist Missouri communities, organizations and businesses in obtaining low-cost funds and other financial assistance for projects related to the Authority's purposes.
- To date has issued over \$6.0 Billion in bonds and loans.



INFLATION REDUCTION ACT OF 2022

SECTION 60103
GREEN HOUSE GAS REDUCTION FUND
\$27 BILLION





CONTEXT: STATUTORY PARAMETERS

	Funding stream #1	Funding streams #2 and #3
Funding	\$7 billion in competitive grants	\$11.97 billion and \$8 billion in competitive grants
Eligible Recipients	States, municipalities, Tribal governments, and 'eligible recipients' (see righthand column)	 Eligible recipients defined as: A nonprofit that provides capital, including by leveraging private capital Does not take deposits other than from repayments and other revenue from using these grant funds Is funded by public or charitable contributions Invests in or finances projects alone or with investors
Use of Funds	 Provide eligible applicants with funding that can be used as subgrants, loans, other forms of financial assistance, and technical assistance Distributed technologies on residential rooftops is specifically mentioned as an allowable use, in addition to zero-emission technologies 	 Funds for financial and technical assistance in projects that reduce or avoid GHG and other forms of air pollution. Eligible recipients shall make: Direct investments in qualified projects Indirect investment through funding and technical assistance to establish new or support existing public, quasi-public, and nonprofit entities that provide financial assistance to qualified projects at the state, local territorial, or Tribal level, as well as community lenders
Conditions and Carve- Outs	Funds must enable low-income and disadvantaged communities to deploy or benefit from zero-emission technologies and carry out GHG reduction activities	\$8 billion for qualified projects in low-income and disadvantaged communities

Key Statutory Deadlines:

- Begin making grants
 on a competitive basis
 within 180 days of
 enactment (February
 12, 2023)
- Award all funding by September 30, 2024

Missouri Energy Infrastructure Bank Green house gas reduction fund

February 14, 2023 Guidance

EPA Intends to split into 2 programs:

- \$7 Billion for Zero-Emissions Technology Competition
 - 60 applications accepted
 - States, Tribes, Municipalities, Eligible non-profits
 - Leverage with private capital
- \$20 Billion General and Low-Income Assistance Competition
 - 2-15 applications accepted
 - Eligible non-profit entities to collaborate with community financing institutions



Missouri Energy Infrastructure Bank Green house gas reduction fund

April 19, 2023 Guidance

EPA Intends to split into 3 grant competitions:

- \$7 Billion Solar for All competition
 - Up to 60 applications accepted, States, Tribes, Municipalities, Eligible non-profits
 - To expand the number of low income and disadvantaged communities access to low cost solar energy
- \$14 Billion National Clean Investment Fund competition
 - Will fund 2-3 national nonprofits that will partner with private capital providers to deliver financing at scale to businesses, communities, etc., to accelerate progress towards energy independence
- \$6 Billion National Clean Communities Investment Accelerator competition
 - Will fund 2-7 "hub" nonprofits with capability to rapidly build financing capacity of networks of public, quasi-public and nonprofit community lenders (CDFIs, Credit Unions, Green Banks)

Missouri Energy Infrastructure Bank GREEN HOUSE GAS REDUCTION FUND

April 19, 2023 Guidance

EPA GHGRF Objectives and Priorities

Reduce emissions of greenhouse gases and other air pollutants

Deliver benefits of greenhouse gas- and air pollution-reducing projects to American communities, particularly low-income and disadvantaged communities.

Mobilize financing and private capital to stimulate additional deployment of greenhouse gas- and air pollution-reducing projects.



Missouri Energy Infrastructure Bank Green house gas reduction fund

April 19, 2023 Guidance

Priority Project Categories for \$14B and \$6B categories:

Distributed Power Generation and Storage

Decarbonization Retrofits of Existing Buildings

Transportation Pollution Reduction

Priority Project Categories for \$7B category:

Residential Solar

Community Solar

Associated Storage

Enabling Upgrades



GREEN HOUSE GAS REDUCTION FUND

Back to GHGRF Basics

\$20B General Assistance and Low-Income and Disadvantage Communities category

Section 134(c)(3) defines qualified project as any project, activity, or technology that:

- "(A) reduces or avoids greenhouse gas emissions and other forms of air pollution in partnership with, and by leveraging investment from, the private sector; or
- (B) assists communities in the efforts of those communities to reduce or avoid greenhouse gas emissions and other forms of air pollution."

\$7B for rooftop solar

Section 134(c)(4) defines Zero-Emission Technology as any technology that produces zero emissions of: "(A) any air pollutant that is listed pursuant to section 108(a) (or any precursor to such an air pollutant); and (B) any greenhouse gas."



- Missouri Energy Infrastructure Bank
 - Hope to capitalize revolving loan fund with IRA funding
 - Cooperative effort between EIERA and MO Division of Energy
 - Intended to play a broad role in financing energy projects, including energy resource development, energy efficiency improvements, deployment of renewable energy sources, and improved resilience for critical infrastructure.



Questions?

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