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SEP 6 2016

Missouri Public Service Commission

Exhibit No.: Issue: The Empire District Electric Company –Merger Impact Witness: Peter Eichler Type of Exhibit: Direct Testimony Sponsoring Party: Liberty Utilities File No.: EM-2016-0213

Before the Public Service Commission of the State of Missouri

Direct Testimony

of

Peter Eichler

Empire/ Liberty Exhibit No. 319 Date 8-30-16 Reporter 4F File No. Em-2016-0213

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I. INTRODUCTION AND QUALIFICATIONS

2 Q. Please state your name and business address.

- A. My name is Peter Eichler. My business address is 354 Davis Road, Oakville, Ontario
 Canada L6J 2X1.
- 5 Q. By whom are you employed and in what capacity?

I am employed by Liberty Utilities (Canada) Corp. ("Liberty Utilities Canada"), which is .6 A. 7 the parent company for Liberty Utilities Co. ("Liberty Utilities"), a Delaware corporation. 8 Liberty Utilities is a holding company that owns corporations which own and operate 9 regulated gas, water, sewer and electric utilities in eleven states—Arizona, Arkansas, 10 California, Iowa, Illinois, Missouri, Georgia, Massachusetts, Montana, New Hampshire 11 and Texas. I am employed as Vice President of Strategic Planning. Liberty Utilities is the 12 parent of Liberty Utilities (Central) Co. ("LU Central"), the organization formed to 13 complete the acquisition of the shares of The Empire District Electric Company 14 ("Empire"). LU Central will be a holding company and it is expected that all of the shares 15 of the Liberty Utilities subsidiaries which own and operate regulated utility operations in 16 the central and mid-western United States will ultimately be transferred to LU Central. 17 Any required regulatory approval of such transfers will be sought at a later date and will 18 be the subject of a separate docket.

19 Q. Please describe your duties and responsibilities as Vice President of Strategic

20 Planning.

A. My responsibilities include oversight for Regulatory Strategy, Customer Experience
 Strategy, and Operations Strategy. As part of my role, I regularly evaluate the regulatory
 environments within which Liberty Utilities' businesses operate and provide advice to
 Liberty Utilities' management teams about investment decisions.

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Q. Have you held other positions with Liberty Utilities?

2 Α. Yes. I was previously Manager of Financial Planning & Analysis. In that role I was in 3 charge of financial planning, including ensuring overall accountability for rate cases. I was 4 also responsible for analyzing regulatory related accounting and finance issues and 5 responding to related discovery issues. I have also held the positions of Director of 6 Regulatory Strategy, in which my responsibilities included crafting strategies to enhance 7 relationships with state regulatory agencies and developing mechanisms by which 8 customers and utility owners alike can benefit. I have also been involved in the 9 management of certain unregulated affiliates of Liberty Utilities focused on providing hot 10 water heater rentals, rooftop solar leases, and compressed natural gas initiatives.

11 Please describe your professional and educational background. Q.

12 Before joining Liberty Utilities, I spent four years at regulated electric utilities in Ontario, A. 13 Canada, working in the areas of Corporate Finance, Ratemaking and Regulatory Affairs.

14 I am a designated accountant, having received the Certified Management Accountant 15 (CMA) designation in Canada, which is now referred to as a Chartered Professional 16 Accountant ("CPA, CMA"). That designation is similar to a Certified Public Accountant 17 designation in the United States. In addition, I have completed a Masters of Business 18 Administration degree from the University of Windsor in Ontario, Canada, and I have a 19 Bachelor of Commerce degree with a specialization in Finance from Ryerson University 20

in Toronto, Canada.

21 Do you have any specialized training related to utility ratemaking? Q.

22 In addition to my work experience, I completed NARUC's Utility School in November, A. 23 2009.

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or other state public utility regulatory commissions?

Have you testified before the Missouri Public Service Commission ("Commission")

- 3 A. Yes, I provided testimony on behalf of Liberty Utilities subsidiaries in Commission Case
 4 No. GM-2012-0037. I have also testified previously before many other commissions.
 5 Please see Schedule PE-1 for a complete list of prior testimony.
- 6

Q.

What is the purpose of your testimony?

- A. The purpose of my testimony is to discuss four matters associated with the proposed
 acquisition by LU Central of all of The Empire District Electric Company's ("Empire")
 capital stock. I will describe the principal legal entities involved directly in the transaction,
 financing for the transaction, the financial strength of Liberty Utilities post-closing and the
 implications of the transaction as they may bear on affiliate transactions and corporate cost
 allocations. I will also explain how these matters inform the Commission's consideration
 of the question of whether the proposed transaction is detrimental to the public interest.
- 14 Q. Are you sponsoring any Schedules?
- A. Yes. I am sponsoring Schedule PE-1, Schedule PE-2 which shows some of the savings in
 regulated administration costs of the combined entities, and Schedule PE-3 which contains
 a balance sheet and income statement for the 12 months ending December 31, 2014 for
 Algonquin Power & Utilities Corp. ("Algonquin") and for the nine months ending
 September 30, 2015, of Empire and LU Central and the merged entity.
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II. THE TRANSACTION

Q. Please summarize the proposed transaction that will culminate in the acquisition by
LU Central of the stock of Empire.

1	A.	LU Central witness David Pasieka will address in more detail the features of, and rationale
2		for, the acquisition of Empire. Generally, however, LU Central which is a Delaware
3		Corporation and a subsidiary of Liberty Utilities proposes to acquire all of Empire's capital
4		stock in an all-cash transaction through a merger of a wholly owned subsidiary, Liberty
5		Utilities Sub Corp. ("LSC") and Empire. After the completion of the merger, LSC will
6		cease to exist and LU Central will be the immediate parent of Empire. Empire's
7		shareholders will receive \$34 per common share. Additionally, Empire will maintain \$900
8		million dollars of debt currently on its balance sheet for a total purchase price of \$2.4 billion
9		dollars. At the close of the transaction, Empire will become a wholly-owned subsidiary of
10		LU Central.
11	Q.	Will Empire's stock continue to be traded on the New York Stock Exchange?
12	A.	No. Following closing of the transaction, Empire will cease to be a publicly traded
13		corporation under the new corporate structure. All of its shares of common equity will be
14		held by LU Central.
15	Q.	What will become of the regulated and other operations of Empire?
16	A.	Following the completion of the acquisition of the shares of Empire, all of Empire's assets
17		utilized for the provision of electric, water and natural gas utility operations, as well as its
18		fiber optic line of business will continue to be owned by Empire and these services will
19		continue to be provided by Empire and its existing subsidiary companies, The Empire
20		District Gas Company ("EDG") and Empire District Industries ("EDI").
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III. FINANCIAL CONDITION OF LIBERTY AFTER CLOSING

2	Q.	What impact do you anticipate the transaction to have on Liberty Utilities?
3	A.	The transaction is expected to significantly strengthen Liberty Utilities' financial profile
4		by creating a consolidated entity with combined utility rate base of approximately \$2.9
5		billion serving nearly 800,000 gas, electric and water customers. Nearly 100% of Liberty
6		Utilities income will be earned from regulated utility operations. All of these factors are
7		expected to contribute to continued strength in Liberty Utilities' investment grade credit
8		rating, financial profile, and overall business operating environment.
9	Q.	How does Liberty Utilities' investment grade credit rating relate to Empire?
10	A.	Under our operating model, all debt for regulated utilities is raised at the Liberty Utilities
11		level. This debt is then mirrored to the individual regulated utility for which it is required.
12		While Empire will maintain the debt currently on its books, future financing is expected to
13		occur at the Liberty Utilities level and will be mirrored to Empire. For this reason, strength
14		in Liberty Utilities credit rating will provide prudent access to capital.
15	Q.	What impact will the transaction have on the credit rating of Liberty Utilities?
16	A.	The financing plan for the acquisition of the shares of Empire is designed to maintain a
17		strong investment grade rating. Based on discussions with Standard & Poor's undertaken
18		prior to announcement of the Empire transaction, we do not anticipate any changes to
19		Liberty Utilities' current BBB credit rating and believe that the Empire acquisition will be
20		supportive of maintaining the rating.
21		IV. TRANSACTION RELATED FINANCING
22	Q.	What is the overall value of the transaction to Liberty Utilities?
23	A.	\$2.4 billion in US dollars.

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- Q. From where will the cash consideration to Empire's shareholders come?

A. The total cash consideration required to purchase the shares of Empire from its
shareholders is approximately \$1.6 billion. Such amount shall be funded by a combination
of equity sourced by Liberty Utilities' ultimate parent, Algonquin, and debt sourced by
Liberty Utilities and contributed to LU Central to complete the acquisition of the Empire
shares.

7 Q.

How does Liberty Utilities source equity financing?

A. Liberty Utilities is the subsidiary of Algonquin, which is a publicly traded company on the
Toronto Stock Exchange. Algonquin enjoys robust access to the capital markets and
regularly raises equity that it in turn invests in its subsidiaries. Algonquin intends to raise
the equity necessary to complete the transaction.

12 Q. How does Liberty Utilities source debt financing?

A. Under our operating model, all debt for regulated utilities is raised at the Liberty Utilities
level. Specific amounts of this debt is then mirrored to the individual regulated utility for
which it is required. There is no cross collateralization, cross default or debt guarantees
between the individual regulated utilities. While Empire will maintain the debt which is
currently on its books, future financing is expected to occur at the Liberty Utilities level
and then only that portion required by Empire will be mirrored to Empire. For this reason,
the strength in Liberty Utilities credit rating will provide prudent access to capital.

- 20 Q. What are anticipated to be the features of permanent financing associated with the21 transaction?
- A. Permanent financing in the approximate amount of \$2.4 billion for the acquisition of
 Empire is expected to be comprised of \$0.9 billion in debt currently on the books of Empire

1		and approximately \$1.5 billion in debt obtained by Liberty Utilities and equity obtained by
2		Algonquin and subsequently invested in Liberty Utilities. Contemporaneously with the
3		announcement of the Empire transaction, Algonquin completed a \$ 0.8 billion equity
4		issuance in the form of mandatorily convertible debentures. The timing of additional debt
5		and equity financing activities by Algonquin and Liberty Utilities will be influenced by the
6		regulatory approvals process and is subject to prevailing market conditions.
7	Q.	You mentioned the Mandatorily Convertible Debenture issuance has already been
8		completed. Please elaborate.
9	A.	On March 2, 2016, an offering by Algonquin of mandatorily convertible debentures was
10		successfully completed. Demand in the capital markets for the securities comprising the
11		offering was robust signaling a high level of enthusiasm for the Empire transaction.
12	Q.	Will LU Central have on-going access to sufficient reasonably priced capital to be
13		contributed to its operating subsidiaries?
14	A.	Yes. Liberty Utilities and LU Central plan to use a reasonable and prudent investment
15		grade capital structure comprised, initially of 55% equity and 45% debt. LU Central will
16		be provided with appropriate amounts of debt and equity from Liberty Utilities to maintain
17		such a capital structure. As discussed above Algonquin and Liberty Utilities both enjoy
18		ready access to the public capital markets and have been able to source any required
19		funding on reasonable terms. LU Central will, in turn, use the capital provided by Liberty
20		Utilities to contribute the necessary capital to its utility subsidiaries including Empire.
21	Q.	How does the proposed debt to equity ratio compare to Empire's current ratio?
22	A.	LU Central's debt to equity ratio contains slightly more equity than Empire's debt to equity

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1		Utilities' commitment to the Empire transaction and its intention to readily provide
2		capitalization to the utility in the form of equity. Liberty Utilities and Empire are not
3		seeking any approval of this higher level of equity for ratemaking purposes and intend to
4		propose an appropriate capital structure for approval in the context of future rate cases. As
5		such, the additional equity investment should be seen only for what it is; a demonstration
6		of enthusiasm and commitment, and not a request for any increase to rates.
7	Q.	Is the Company expecting the Commission to approve the capital structures of LU
8		Central or Empire as part of this docket?
9	A.	No. As discussed above, LU Central expects that the appropriate capital structure along
10		with associated components like return on equity and return on debt will be determined in
11		a post-acquisition rate case.
12	Q.	Does the purchase price to be paid for Empire represent a premium over the market
13		price for shares of common stock?
14	A.	Yes. The price of \$34 per common share represents a 21% premium to the closing price
15		on February 8, 2016.
16	Q.	Does LU Central intend to seek recovery in rates of any or all of the premium paid
17		over market to acquire the common shares of Empire?
18	A.	No. Neither LU Central nor Empire will in any future rate proceedings seek to recover any
19		of the premium over the net book value of the assets associated with LU Central's
20		acquisition of Empire's common shares. This topic is further discussed in the testimony
21		of LU Central witness Christopher Krygier.
22	Q.	How will LU Central account for the premium?

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A. At the time of closing, the acquisition premium will be accounted for as goodwill in the
 accounting records of LU Central.

Q. Will LU Central's commitment not to seek recovery in rates of the premium paid in
the acquisition of Empire shares impair LU Central's ability to fund its subsidiary
Missouri utility operations or degrade its financial condition of going forward?

- 6 Absolutely not. Liberty Utilities has a history of successfully acquiring utilities and, in A. 7 each case, has ensured that such utilities were provided with on-going access to attractively 8 priced capital following acquisition. It would be antithetical to Liberty Utilities' operating 9 philosophy to prevent its utilities from accessing the necessary capital and other resources 10 required to prudently operate the utilities it owns. Further, Liberty Utilities' long history 11 of successful acquisitions, the robust capital market demand for the recent equity issuance 12 by Algonquin related to the Empire transaction and continued investment grade credit 13 ratings gives confidence that it will be "business as usual" for all Liberty Utilities' 14 subsidiary operations, including those in Missouri, both before and after the acquisition of 15 Empire.
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V. CORPORATE COST ALLOCATIONS AND AFFILIATE TRANSACTIONS

17 Q. Please discuss generally the process Liberty Utilities uses to allocate costs.

A. Liberty Utilities and its subsidiaries operate under a shared services model pursuant to
 which certain services are provided to the operating businesses from affiliates and charged
 to these utilities based on either a direct charge or defined cost allocation methodology
 (which methodology is structured pursuant to guidelines set by the National Association of
 Regulated Utility Commissioners). The majority of operating costs incurred by Liberty
 Utilities' regulated utilities are direct charges since such costs can be directly attributed to

1 a particular business. In the case of labor costs, time sheets are maintained by all employees 2 and the costs for each employee are charged to the business to which such employee is 3 providing services. By utilizing direct charges whenever feasible, the shared services 4 model has a significant level of transparency and simplicity that enables regulators to 5 readily determine the costs attributable to parent level or affiliate services and whether those costs are appropriate. Costs that cannot be specifically attributed to a particular utility 6 7 business are allocated across all businesses in proportions determined by a defined cost 8 allocation methodology (again, based on guidelines set by the National Association of 9 Regulated Utility Commissioners).

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Q. Can you provide a high level overview of what costs will be allocated?

11 A. Yes. The cost allocations can be categorized into three distinct areas:

Corporate Costs – These costs relate to the strategic management, capital markets
 costs, financial control costs, and head office administrative (rent, general office
 costs, etc.) which benefit all of Algonquin's subsidiaries including Liberty Utilities
 business. These costs are allocated based on a formulaic methodology that
 considers Net Plant, Number of Employees, Revenue and other factors depending
 on the type of cost.

Business Services Costs – These costs relate to the overall administration of the
 business including regulated utilities owned by Liberty Utilities and are charged to
 the various Liberty Utilities subsidiaries using (a) direct charges or (b) allocated
 charges using a formulaic model. Business Services Costs include labor for
 services such as accounting, administration, corporate finance, human resources,
 information technology, rates and regulatory affairs, environment health, safety,

and security, customer service, procurement, risk management, legal and utility
 planning. The allocation methodology is similar to Corporate Costs, a driver based
 methodology that focuses on factors such as employees, square footage, capital
 expenditures and revenue among others.

5 Labor Charges: Liberty Utilities Service Corp. is the legal employer of all U.S. ٠ 6 based utility employees. The costs of these employees are charged to each of the 7 operating utilities based on time sheets. As an example, Mr. Krygier charges the 8 vast majority of his time to Missouri, Iowa or Illinois utilities and there are only 9 charges made to other utilities based on his time sheets entries reflecting support 10 for a specific project. Costs other than labor based time sheet costs are allocated to 11 the various Liberty Utilities subsidiary business based on a formulaic allocation 12 methodology similar to that used for allocating Corporate Costs and Business 13 Services Costs.

14 Q. Will the Empire acquisition result in any redundant labor or duplication of efforts?

15 No. As discussed in the testimony of David Pasieka, we are currently beginning the Α. 16 transition planning process; however, one primary goal and objective is to ensure that there 17 is no duplication of functions across Algonquin, Liberty Utilities, LU Central or each of 18 the individual regulated utilities including Empire. Under the Liberty Utilities model, 19 Empire will be charged for its fair share of the costs incurred by Algonquin, Liberty 20 Utilities and LU Central. The structure of where services are performed (Algonquin, 21 Liberty Utilities or regional entities such as LU Central) is still being determined but there 22 will be no duplication of efforts.

- 1 Q. Overall, do you anticipate that the combination of Corporate Costs, Business
- Services Costs and Labor Costs attributed to Empire following the transaction will
 be less than the costs currently incurred by Empire today?

4 A. Yes.

- 5 Q. Please explain.
- A. There are several reasons why the costs borne by Empire will be lower under the Liberty
 7 Utilities allocation methodology. The reasons include:
- 8 1) As discussed previously, one of the prevailing strategic rationales for the
 9 transaction is gaining efficacy of scale. In LU Central, there will be approximately
 10 120,000 more customers than Empire serves today, allowing for the distribution of
 11 costs over a larger number of customers.
- 12 2) Certain costs will be saved by the business combination, such as the costs Empire
 13 currently incurs to remain a public reporting issuer. We anticipate there are
 14 approximately \$2.3 million in costs saved by not requiring Empire to comply with
 15 all the requirements of being a public reporting issuer.
- 3) While there will be no involuntary job losses within the Empire group, it is
 anticipated that, through natural attrition, an additional \$2.2 million in labor savings
 will emerge. This is supported by Empire's 2-6% rate of annual attrition through
 employee turnover and retirements.
- When reflected in the Liberty Utilities allocation model, these savings are expected to
 reduce the total costs borne by Empire's ratepayers.
- 22 Q. How much is the savings expected to be?

1	A.	Administration costs to serve Empire customers are estimated to be reduced by \$704,000,
2		a decrease of 1.4%. Of this decrease, approximately \$556,000 is attributable to Missouri
3		electric customers and \$55,000 for Missouri gas customers. Please see Schedule PE-2.
4		The reduced levels of allocations will be reflected in future rate cases.
5	Q.	Has the cost allocation methodology utilized by Liberty Utilities been previously
6		filed with the Commission?
7	A.	Yes. Liberty Energy (Midstates Natural Gas) Corp. filed the CAM in Case
8		No. GM-2012-0037 and in Docket No. GR-2014-0152. Thereafter, a complete copy of the
9		CAM has been filed annually in March in accordance with the Stipulation and Agreement
10		filed in Case No. GM-2012-0037.
11	Q.	Will a revised CAM be filed with the Commission to reflect the Empire transaction?
12	A.	Yes, the Company will provide the revised CAM within six months of closing the Empire
13		transaction.
14	Q.	What will be done by Empire and LU Central with regard to the Commission's
15		supervision of affiliate transactions?
16	A.	The utility business operated by Empire will continue to be under the direct regulation of
17		the Commission. LU Central will commit to comply with the Commission's Affiliated
18		Transaction, Marketing Affiliate Transaction and HVAC Services Affiliate Transactions
19		rules, 4 CSR 240-40.015 – 40.017 and 4 CSR 240-20.015 - 20.017, by keeping such records
20		and making such reports as are required by those rules. Moreover, LU Central shall make
21		records of its affiliated entities available to the Commission's staff and the Office of the
22		Public Counsel as required by those rules.

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1	Q.	What steps will be taken to insulate Empire from the financial risks associated with
2		Liberty Utilities and the businesses of its other subsidiaries.
3	A.	The businesses undertaken by Liberty Utilities are 'ring-fenced' separately and each
4		operating entity is solely and only responsible for that portion of Liberty Utilities debt
5		specifically related to such business. As a result, there is no cross subsidization, cross
6		collateralization between any business, regulated or unregulated.
7		VI. PUBLIC INTEREST CONSIDERATIONS
8	Q.	Do you believe that the proposed transaction will be detrimental to those
9		customers receiving regulated utility services from Empire or its subsidiaries?
10	A.	No. To the contrary, I believe the transaction will be beneficial to Empire's
11		customers. From a purely financial perspective, Empire will become a part of a larger and
12		more diversified utility business group. Empire will have the support of a larger balance
13		sheet to meet the capital demands of its customers and it will benefit from the
14		diversification of risk resulting from the geographic breadth of its North American
15		operations. LU Central witnesses David Pasieka and Christopher Krygier will address
16		other features and consequences of the proposed transaction that will demonstrate that it is
17		not detrimental to the public interest.
18	Q.	Does this conclude your direct testimony?

19 A. Yes.

Docket Type	Description	Year	Jurisdiction	Subject Matter Supported	Docket Number
1 Rate Case	In the matter of Rio Rico Utilities Inc. request for increase in rates	2009	Arizona Corporation Commission	Corporate allocations, accounting and tax matters, organizational structure, compliance	WS-20676A-09
2 Rate Case	In the Matter of Bella Vista Company, Northern Sunrise, and Southern Sunrise Company Joint Application for Rate Increase	2009	Arizona Corporation Commission	Corporate allocations, accounting and tax matters, organizational structure, compliance	W-02465A-09
3 Rate Case	In the matter of Tall Timbers Utilities inc. Application for Rate Increase	2010	Texas Commission on Environmental Quality	Rate Increase, Revenue Requirement, Revenue Allocation, Cost Allocations, Capital Expenditures, etc.	20694
4 Eminent Domain	In the matter of the City of Tyler v Tall Timbers Utilities	2010	Special Judicial Subcommittee of the Texas Commission on	Utility valuation, operations	N/A
5 Acquisition	Joint Petition of Liberty Utilities and National Grid to acquire Granite State Electric Co. and EnergyNorth Natural Gas Inc.	2011	New Hampshire Public Utilities Commission	Corporate philosophy, financing, rates and raternaking, corporate allocations	DG 11-040
5 Acquisition	Request to acquire Atmos Energy's Illinois assets	2011	Illinois Corporation Commission	Corporate philosophy, financing, rates and ratemaking, corporate allocations	IL 11-0559
7 Acquisition	Request to acquire Atmos Energy's lowa assets	2011	Iowa Utilities Board	Corporate philosophy, financing, rates and ratemaking, corporate allocations	SPU-2011-0008
8 Acquisition	Request to acquire Atmos Energy's Missouri assets	2011	Missouri Public Service Commission	Corporate philosophy, financing, rates and ratemaking, corporate allocations	GM-2012-0037
Ə Rate Case	In the matter of California Pacific Electric Company request for Rate Increase	2012	California Public Utilities Commission	Corporate allocations, accounting and tax matters, organizational structure, compliance	A-12-02-014
) Financing	Request to enter in to an intercompany loan arrangement	2012	Illinois Corporation Commission	Approval of financing, merger of entities	IL 12-0326
L Rate Case	In the matter of Granite State Electric request for Rate Increase	2013	New Hampshire Public Utilities Commission	Corporate allocations, accounting and tax matters, organizational structure, compliance	DE 13-063
2 Acquisition	Request to acquire United Water Arkansas	2013	Arkansas Public Service Commission	Corporate philosophy, financing, rates and ratemaking, corporate allocations	12-061-U
3 Acquisition	Request to acquire Atmos Energy's Georgia assets	2013	Georgia Public Service Commission	Corporate philosophy, financing, rates and ratemaking, corporate allocations	DN 36278
Acquisition	Request to acquire New England Gas Co.	2013	Massechusetts Department of Public Utilities	Corporate philosophy, financing, rates and ratemaking, corporate allocations, tax matters	DPU 13-009

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Empire Net Savings				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2017	 2018	 2019
Current EDE Allocations	USD	······································	1	\$	52,105,155	\$ 53,668,310	\$ 55,278,359
Less: Inter-Mid States Allocations post acquisition	USD		2	\$	40,667,940	\$ 41,887,978	\$ 43,144,618
Net: Business Services/Corporate Costs/Labor	CAD	······	3	\$	15,026,357	\$ 15,762,728	\$ 16,716,864
Conversion Rate			4		1.4	1.4	1.4
Allocs in USD	USD	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	3/4=5	\$	10,733,112	\$ 11,259,091	\$ 11,940,617
Net Benefit/(Detriment)	USD		1-2-5=6	\$	704,103	\$ 521,240	\$ 193,124
EDE 4 Factor:							 ·
Electric		91%		\$	640,781	\$ 474,364	\$ 175,756
Water		1%		\$	7,551	\$ 5,590	\$ 2,071
Gas		8%		\$	55,770	\$ 41,286	\$ 15,297
EDE 4 Factor Subtotal:		100%		\$	704,103	\$ 521,240	\$ 193,124
Check				\$	_	\$ -	\$ -
EDE Electric Jurisdictional:							
Missouri		86.90%		\$	556,839	\$ 412,222	\$ 152,732
Kansas		5.53%		\$	35,435	\$ 26,232	\$ 9,719
FERC	n Alamana an an an a' saga ng 1 An an an Ang	2.70%		\$	17,301	\$ 12,808	\$ 4,745
Arkansas	·····	2.58%		\$	16,532	\$ 12,239	\$ 4,535
Oklahoma		2.29%		\$	14,674	\$ 10,863	\$ 4,025
EDE Electric Jurisdictional Subtotal:		100.00%		\$	640,781	\$ 474,364	\$ 175,756

File No. EM-2016-0213

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Schedule PE-2

Algonquin Power & Utilities Corp Unaudited Pro Firms Consolidated Balance Sheet September 30, 2015 (in millions of Canadian dollars)

	APUC	Empire	Pro Forma Adjustments	Pro form Consolidate
Assets				
Currents assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$52	\$2	\$(1941) 3(b)	SE
	•••	•••	1000 3(c)	
			(40) 3(c)	
			(50) 3(c)	
			1078 3(d)	
			(13) 3(0)	
			(34) 3(e)	
Accounts receivable, net	146	124		27
Natural gas in storage	28	43		7
Supples and consumables inventory	15	37		5
Reguator, assets	27	10		3
Prepald expenses	15	42		5
Long-termin/estments	35			3
Deferred income taxes	23		11 3(c)	4
			13 3(c)	
Income taxes receivable	1			
Derivative instruments	12	3		1
Other current assets	16	6		2
Total current assets	369	268	24	00
	0.00	2.24	67	00
Property pipel and equipment ant	3740	14 E F		257
Property, plant and equipment, net	3718	2656		637
htangible assets, net	80			8
Goodwil	107	53	(53) 3(b)	102
			923 3(b)	
Regulatory assets	208	270		47.
Derivative instruments	76			7
Long-term investments	145			14
Deferred income taxes	38			3
Other assets	18	4		2
Total assets	4769	3251	894	8903
Current la bilities: A coounts payable	19	58		77
Accued liabilities	139	61		200
Dividends pajable	37			37
Regulatory liabilities	35	8		4
Long-termifabilities	22	22		4
Pension and other post-employment benefits				
Other long-term tabilities	43	20		63
Derivative instruments	7	6		12
Preferred shares, Series C	1			4
Income taxes Fability	5			5
Deferred income taxes				
Total current labilities	308	175		483
Long-term liabilities	1592	1140	1078 3(d)	3809
	116	182	2220 284)	293
	130	104		230
Regulatory tablides Deferred income taxes	204	E 1 6		7.43
Deferred income taxes	201	546		
Deferred income taxes Defivative instruments	90	4		<u>9</u> .
Deferred income taxes Derivative instruments Pension and other post-employment benefits	90 154	4 100		9. 25-
Deferred income takes Defuzitive instruments Pension and other post-employment berefils Other long-termilabilities	90 164 185	4		9. 25- 218
Deferred income taxes Derivative instruments Pension and other post-employment benefits Other long fermitabilities Preferred shares, Series C	90 154 185 18	4 100		94 254 218 18
Deferred income taxes Derivative instruments Pension and other post-employment benefits Other long fermitabilities Preferred shares, Series C	90 164 185	4 100		9- 25- 218 18
Deferred income taxes Derivative instruments Pension and other post-employment benefits Other long-fermiliabilities Preferred shares, Series C Redeemable non-controlling interest	90 154 185 18	4 100		9- 25- 218 18
Deferred income taxes Derivative instruments Pension and other post-employment benefits Other long-fermiliabilities Preferred shares, Series C Redeemable non-controlling interest	90 154 185 18 11 214	4 100 33		9. 25- 218 18 11
Deferred income taxes Defivitive instruments Pension and other post-employment benefits Other long-fermiliabilities Preferred shares, Series C Redeemable non-controlling interest Shareholders' equit):	90 154 185 18 11	4 100	(68) 3(9)	94 254 218 18 11
Deferred income taxes Defuzitive instruments Pension and other post-employment benefits Other long termilabilities Preferred shares, Series C Redeemable non-controlling interest Shareholders' equity: Preferred shares	90 154 185 18 11 214	4 100 33		9. 25- 218 18 11 214
Deferred income taxes Defuzitive instruments Pension and other post-employment benefits Other long termilabilities Preferred shares, Series C Redeemable non-controlling interest Shareholders' equity: Preferred shares	90 154 185 18 11 214	4 100 33	1000 3(c)	9. 25- 218 18 11 214
Deferred income taxes Derivative instruments Pension and other post-employment benefits Other long-fermitabilities Preferred shares. Series C Redeemable non-controlling interest Shareholders' equity: Preferred shares Conterion shares	90 164 185 18 11 214 1654	4 100 33		9. 25- 218 19 11 214 2625
Deferred income taxes Derivative instruments Pension and other post-employment benefits Other long termilabilities Preferred shares. Series C Redeemable non-controlling interest Shareholders' equity: Preferred shares Common shares Subscription receipts	90 154 185 18 11 214 1654	4 100 33 58	1000 3(c) (29) 3(c)	9. 25: 216 11 214 2625 111
Deferred income taxes Derivative instruments Pension and other post-employment benefits Other long fermilabilities Preferred shares. Series C Redeemable ron-controlling interest Shareholders' equity: Preferred shares Common shares Subscription receipts Additional palid in capital	90 154 185 18 11 214 1654 111 37	4 100 33 58 875	1000 3(c) (29) 3(c) (875) 3(g)	9. 25- 216 11 214 2825 111 37
Deferred income taxes Derivative instruments Pension and other post-employment benefits Other long termilabilities Preferred shares. Series C Redeemable non-controlling interest Shareholders' equity: Preferred shares Common shares Subscription receipts	90 154 185 18 11 214 1654	4 100 33 58	1000 3(c) (29) 3(c) (875) 3(g) (137) 3(g)	94 254 216 11 214 2625 111 37
Deferred income taxes Derivative instruments Pension and other post-employment benefits Other long fermilabilities Preferred shares. Series C Redeemable ron-controlling interest Shareholders' equity: Preferred shares Common shares Subscription receipts Additional palid in capital	90 154 185 18 11 214 1654 111 37	4 100 33 58 875	1000 3(c) (29) 3(c) (875) 3(g) (137) 3(g) (34) 3(e)	9. 25- 216 11 214 2825 111 37
Deferred income taxes Derivative instruments Pension and other post-employment benefits Other long fermilabilities Preferred shares. Series C Redeemable ron-controlling interest Shareholders' equity: Preferred shares Common shares Subscription receipts Additional palid in capital	90 154 185 18 11 214 1654 111 37	4 100 33 58 875	1000 3(c) (29) 3(c) (875) 3(g) (137) 3(g) (34) 3(e) (37) 3(c)	9. 25- 216 11 214 2825 111 37
Deferred income taxes Derivative instruments Pension and other post-employment benefits Other long-fermilisbilities Preferred shares. Series C Redeemable non-controlling interest Shareholders' equity: Preferred shares Common shares Subscription receipts A ditional palid-in capital Deficit	90 154 185 18 11 214 1654 111 37 (524)	4 100 33 58 875	1000 3(c) (29) 3(c) (875) 3(g) (137) 3(g) (34) 3(e)	9. 25: 11 11 214 2625 111 37 (608)
Deferred income taxes Derivative instruments Pension and other post-employment benefits Other long fermilabilities Preferred shares. Series C Redeemable ron-controlling interest Shareholders' equity: Preferred shares Common shares Subscription receipts Additional palid in capital	90 154 165 18 11 214 1654 111 37 (524) 238	4 100 33 58 875 137	1000 3(c) (29) 3(c) (137) 3(g) (34) 3(e) (37) 3(c) (13) 3(d)	94 25- 216 11 214 2625 1111 37 (608)
Deferred income taxes Derivative instruments Pension and other post-employment benefits Other long-fermilisbilities Preferred shares. Series C Redeemable non-controlling interest Shareholders' equity: Preferred shares Common shares Subscription receipts A ditional palid-in capital Deficit	90 154 185 18 11 214 1654 111 37 (524)	4 100 33 58 875	1000 3(c) (29) 3(c) (875) 3(g) (137) 3(g) (34) 3(e) (37) 3(c)	94 25- 216 11 214 2625 1111 37 (608)
Deferred income taxes Derivative instruments Pension and other post-employment benefits Other lang-fermiliabilities Preferred shares. Series C Redeemable non-controlling interest Shareholders' equily: Preferred shares Common shares Subscription receipts A dotional pald-in capital Deficit	90 154 165 18 11 214 1654 111 37 (524) 238	4 100 33 58 875 137	1000 3(c) (29) 3(c) (137) 3(g) (34) 3(e) (37) 3(c) (13) 3(d)	94 25- 216 11 214 2625 1111 37 (608)
Deferred income taxes Derivative instruments Pension and other post-employment benefits Other lang-fermiliabilities Preferred shares. Series C Redeemable non-controlling interest Shareholders' equily: Preferred shares Common shares Subscription receipts A dotional pald-in capital Deficit	90 154 165 18 11 214 1654 111 37 (524) 238	4 100 33 58 875 137	1000 3(c) (29) 3(c) (137) 3(g) (34) 3(e) (37) 3(c) (13) 3(d)	94 254 216 18 11 214 282 3 1111 37 (608) 283 2615
Deferred income taxes Defuzitive instruments Pension and other post-employment benefits Other long-fermiliabilities Preferred shares. Series C Redeemable non-controlling interest Shareholders' equity: Preferred shares Common shares Subscription receipts Additional palid in capital Deficit <u>Accumutated other comprehensive intome</u>	90 154 185 18 11 214 1654 111 37 (524) 238 1729	4 100 33 58 875 137	1000 3(c) (29) 3(c) (137) 3(g) (34) 3(e) (37) 3(c) (13) 3(d)	747) 94, 254 18 11 214 2625 2645 1111 37 (608) 238 2615 356 2971
Deferred income taxes Defuzitive instruments Pension and other post-employment benefits Other long-fermilisbilities Preferred shares. Series C Redeemable non-controlling interest Shareholders' equity: Preferred shares Common shares Subscription receipts A dotional paid-in capital Deficit <u>Accuniticated other comprehensive intome</u> <u>Hon-controlling interest</u>	90 154 165 18 11 214 1654 111 37 (524) 228 1729 356	4 100 33 58 675 137 1071	1000 3(c) (29) 3(c) (875) 3(g) (137) 3(g) (34) 3(e) (37) 3(c) (13) 3(d) (184)	94 254 216 18 11 214 2625 1111 37 (608) 233 2815 356

See accompanying notes to unaudited pro-forma consolidated financial statements

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Algonquin Power & Utilities Corp Unaudited Pro Forma Consolidated Statement of Operations For the year ended December 31, 2014 (in millions of Canadian dollars)

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Revenue S207 \$652 Regulated gas distribution 446 57 Regulated water reclamation and distribution 66 2 Non-regulated energy sales 202 Other revenue 22 9 Style="text-align: cell;">Style="text-align: cell;">Style="text-	7 7 7	\$859 503 69 202 31 1664 383 358 291 39 106
Regulated gas distribution44657Regulated water reclamation and distribution662Non-regulated energy sales202Cther revenue229944720ExpensesOperating236147Regulated fuel & electricity purchased121238Regulated fuel & electricity purchased26130Non-regulated energy purchased394dministrative expensesAdministrative expenses3571Depreciation of property, plant and equipment10980Amortization of intangible assets50Cher amortization16ain on foreign exchange1Gain on foreign exchange(1)154Interest expense6241203Interest, dividend income and other income(8)(5)20Loss (gain) on sale of assets333	, , , ,	503 69 202 31 1664 383 358 291 39 106
Regulated water reclamation and distribution662Non-regulated energy sales202Other revenue229944720Expenses236147Regulated fuel & electricity purchased121238Regulated fuel & electricity purchasedRegulated gas purchased26130Non-regulated energy purchased3939Administrative expenses3571Depreciation of property, plant and equipment10980Amortization of intangible assets5Other amortization1Gain on foreign exchange(1)1667Operating income from continuing operations139154154Interest expense624120203Acquisition-related costs3	r 7 7	69 202 31 1664 383 358 291 39 106
Non-regulated energy sales202Other revenue229944720Expenses944Operating236Regulated fuel & electricity purchased121238Regulated gas purchasedNon-regulated energy purchased39Administrative expenses3571Depreciation of property, plant and equipment10980Amortization of intangible assets5Other amortization1Gain on foreign exchange(1)1804567567Operating Income from continuing operations139154154Interest expense624120203Interest, dividend income and other income(8)(5)-Acquisition-related costs3	, , 	202 31 1664 383 358 291 39 106
Other revenue229944720ExpensesOperating236147Regulated fuel & electricity purchased121238Regulated gas purchased26130Non-regulated energy purchased39Administrative expenses3571Depreciation of property, plant and equipment10980Armonization of intangible assets50Other amortization16ain on foreign exchange116ain on foreign exchange(1)804567Operating income from continuing operations139154Interest, dividend income and other income(8)(5)203Loss (gain) on sale of assetsAcquisition-related costs3	<i>Y</i>	31 1664 383 358 291 39 106
ExpensesOperating236147Regulated fuel & electricity purchased121238Regulated gas purchased26130Non-regulated energy purchased39Administrative expenses3571Depreciation of property, plant and equipment10980Armortization of intangible assets50Other amortization110804Gain on foreign exchange(1)11Boot 4 567Operating income from continuing operations139154Interest expense6241203Interest, dividend income and other income(8)(5)5Loss (gain) on sale of assetsAcquisition-related costs3		1664 383 358 291 39 106
ExpensesOperating236147Regulated fuel & electricity purchased121238Regulated gas purchased26130Non-regulated energy purchased39Administrative expenses3571Depreciation of property, plant and equipment10980Armortization of intangible assets50Other amortization110Gain on foreign exchange(1)Operating income from continuing operations139154Interest expense624120Interest, dividend income and other income(8)(5)Loss (gain) on sale of assetsAcquisition-related costs3-		383 358 291 39 106
Operating236147Regulated fuel & electricity purchased121238Regulated gas purchased26130Non-regulated energy purchased39Administrative expenses3571Depreciation of property, plant and equipment10980Amortization of intangible assets50Other amortization16Gain on foreign exchange(1)10Operating income from continuing operations139154Interest expense624120Interest, dividend income and other income(8)(5)Loss (gain) on sale of assetsAcquisition-related costs3-		358 291 39 106
Regulated fuel & electricity purchased121238Regulated gas purchased26130Non-regulated energy purchased39Administrative expenses3571Depreciation of property, plant and equipment10980Amortization of intangible assets50Other amortization16Gain on foreign exchange(1)Coperating income from continuing operations139154Interest expense6241203Interest, dividend income and other income(8)(5)4Loss (gain) on sale of assets4Acquisition-related costs33-		358 291 39 106
Regulated gas purchased26130Non-regulated energy purchased39Administrative expenses3571Depreciation of property, plant and equipment10980Amortization of intangible assets50Other amortization11Gain on foreign exchange(1)Operating income from continuing operations139154Interest expense624120Interest, dividend income and other income(8)(5)Loss (gain) on sale of assetsAcquisition-related costs33		291 39 106
Regulated gas purchased26130Non-regulated energy purchased39Administrative expenses3571Depreciation of property, plant and equipment10980Amortization of intangible assets50Other amortization11Gain on foreign exchange(1)1Operating income from continuing operations139154Interest expense624120Interest, dividend income and other income(8)(5)Loss (gain) on sale of assetsAcquisition-related costs33		39 106
Administrative expenses 35 71 Depreciation of property, plant and equipment 109 80 Amortization of intangible assets 5 0 Other amortization 1 1 Gain on foreign exchange (1) 1 Operating income from continuing operations 139 154 Interest expense 62 41 20 3 Interest, dividend income and other income (8) (5) 5 Loss (gain) on sale of assets - - - Acquisition-related costs 3 - -		106
Administrative expenses 35 71 Depreciation of property, plant and equipment 109 80 Amortization of intangible assets 5 0 Other amortization 1 1 Gain on foreign exchange (1) 1 Operating income from continuing operations 139 154 Interest expense 62 41 20 3 Interest, dividend income and other income (8) (5) 5 Loss (gain) on sale of assets - - - Acquisition-related costs 3 - -		
Amortization of intangible assets 5 Other amortization 1 Gain on foreign exchange (1) 804 567 Operating income from continuing operations 139 154 Interest expense 62 41 20 3 Interest, dividend income and other income (8) (5) 4 Loss (gain) on sale of assets - - - Acquisition-related costs 3 - -		
Amortization of intangible assets 5 Other amortization 1 Gain on foreign exchange (1) 804 567 Operating income from continuing operations 139 154 Interest expense 62 41 20 3 Interest, dividend income and other income (8) (5) 4 Loss (gain) on sale of assets - - - Acquisition-related costs 3 - -		189
Other amortization 1 Gain on foreign exchange (1) 804 567 Operating income from continuing operations 139 Interest expense 62 41 20 Interest, dividend income and other income (8) (5) Loss (gain) on sale of assets - Acquisition-related costs 3		5
804 567 Operating income from continuing operations 139 154 Interest expense 62 41 20 3 Interest, dividend income and other income (8) (5) 5 Loss (gain) on sale of assets - - Acquisition-related costs 3		1
804 567 Operating income from continuing operations 139 154 Interest expense 62 41 20 3 Interest, dividend income and other income (8) (5) 5 Loss (gain) on sale of assets - - Acquisition-related costs 3		(1)
Interest expense 62 41 20 3 Interest, dividend income and other income (8) (5) Loss (gain) on sale of assets - Acquisition-related costs 3		1371
Interest, dividend income and other income (8) (5) Loss (gain) on sale of assets		293
Interest, dividend income and other income (8) (5) Loss (gain) on sale of assets	(d)	124
Loss (gain) on sale of assets	()	(12)
Acquisition-related costs 3		(12)
		3
		8
67 37 20		123
Earnings (loss) from operations before income taxes 72 117 (20) Income tax expense (recovery)		170
Current 4 (3)		1
Deferred13 46 (8) 3	(d)	52
17 43 (8)	<u></u>	52
Eamings from continuing operations 56 74 (13)		117
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax (2)		(2)
Net earnings (loss) 54 74 (13)		115
Net earnings attributable to the non controlling interest (22)		(22)
Net earnings (loss) attributable to Algonquin Power & Utilities Corp \$76 \$74 \$(13)		\$137
Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding (in millions)		
Basic 214 94 34	61	308
Diluted 216 94 3(•	308
Basic net earnings per share from continuing operations \$ 0.32	\$	0.42
Basic net earnings per share to in commonly operations 5 0.32	s	0.42
Diluted net earnings per share from continuing operations \$ 0.31	s S	0.41
Diluted net earnings per share from continuing operations 5 0.32 Diluted net earnings per share 5 0.31	s S	0.42

See accompanying notes to unaudited pro forma consolidated financial statements

Algonquin Power & Utilities Corp Unaudited Pro Forma Consolidated Statement of Operations Nine month period ended September 30, 2015 (in millions of Canadian dollars)

		APUC	Empire	Pro Forma Adjustments	Pro F Consoli	orma dated
Revenue						
Regulated electricity distribution		\$170	\$542		•	\$711
Regulated gas distribution		350	39		r	389
Regulated water reclamation and distribution		58	2		٢	60
Non-regulated energy sales		160			*	160
Other revenue		31	8			39
		768	591	· · · ·		1358
Expenses						
Operating		211	136			347
		101	169			
Regulated electricity purchased		168				269
Regulated gas purchased			19			187
Non-regulated energy purchased		23				23
Administrative expenses		27	59			87
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment		100	76			176
Amortization of intangible assets		4				4
Other amortization		4				4
Gain on foreign exchange		(3)				(3)
		635	458			1093
Operating income from continuing operations		132	133			265
Interest expense		49	39	15 3(d)		103
Interest, dividend income and other income		(6)				(7)
Loss (gain) on sale of assets		(3)				(3)
Acquisition-related costs		1				1
Write-down of long-lived assets		2				2
Loss (gain) on derivative financial instruments		(2)				(2)
E035 (gain) on certraine analitantistications		40	39	15		94
Earnings (loss) from operations before income taxes		92	94	(15)		171
		92	94	(15)		111
Income tax expense (recovery) Current		7				6
		•	-	(0) 6(.)		-
Deferred		<u>25</u> 32	<u>36</u> 35	(6) 3(d)		<u>-55</u> 62
		32	30	(6)		02
Eamings from continuing operations		60	59	(9)		110
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax		(1)				(1)
Net earnings (loss)		59	59	(9)		109
Net earnings attributable to the non controlling interest		(20)				(20)
Net earnings (loss) attributable to Algonquin Power & Utilities Corp.		S79	S59	S(9)		\$129
Waladated avarage shares of sommer start extension (in milling)						
Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding (in millions)		050		AL 443		0.40
Basic		252		94 3(h)		346
Diluted		255		94 3(h)		349
Basic net earnings per share from continuing operations	s	0.29			\$	0.35
Basic net earnings per share	S	0.29				0.35
Diluted net earnings per share from continuing operations	Ś	0.28				0.35
Diluted net earnings per share	S	0.28				0.35
Durden ver egnings bei sugle	3	0.20			\$	9.33

See accompanying notes to unaudited pro forma consolidated financial statements

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VERIFICATION

) ss:

PROVINCE ONTRAIO

I, Peter Eichler, being first duly sworn on oath, depose and state that I am the witness identified in the foregoing Direct Testimony of Peter Eichler; that I have read the testimony and am familiar with its contents; and that the facts set forth therein are true and correct.

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this 16 day of March, 2016.

Notary Public

ommission/Appointment Expires: Des Not expire