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2		Exhibit No.:	•
3		Issues:	Solar rebates
4		Witness:	Brenda Wilbers
5		Sponsoring Party:	
6			Economic Development -
7			Division of Energy
8		Type of Exhibit:	Surrebuttal Testimony
9		Case No.:	ET-2014-0071
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12	SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY		
13		05	
14		OF	
15	-	RENDA WILBERS	
16		RENDA WILDERS	
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31	BEFORE THE	PUBLIC SERVICE C	OMMISSION
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36		Y POWER & LIGHT	
37	TO SUSPEN	ND SOLAR REBATE	TARIFFS
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BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

In the Matter of Kansas City Power and Light Company's Application for Authorization to Suspend Payment of Certain Solar Rebates) Case No. ET-2014-0071)		
AFFIDAVIT	OF BRENDA WILBERS		
STATE OF MISSOURI)			
CITY OF JEFFERSON) ss			
Brenda Wilbers, of lawful age, being first d	luly sworn, deposes and states:		
. My name is Brenda Wilbers. I am employed by the Missouri Department of Economic Development			
Division of Energy as Program Director.			
2. Attached hereto and made a part hereof for	all purposes is my Surrebuttal Testimony on behalf of the		
DED Division of Energy.			
I hereby swear and affirm that my answers contained in the attached testimony to the questions therei			
propounded are true and correct to the best	Brenda Wilbers		
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 30 Notary Public My commission expires: KAY A. JOHANNI Notary Public - Note STATE OF MISS Cole County My Commission Expires: Commission # 115	ary Seal OUR!		

- 1 Q. Please state your name and business address.
- 2 A. My name is Brenda Wilbers. My business address is 1101 Riverside Drive,
- 3 Jefferson City, MO 65101.

- 5 Q. By whom are you employed and in what capacity?
- 6 A. I am Program Director with the Missouri Division of Energy. Effective August 28,
- 7 2013 the Division of Energy was transferred from the Department of Natural
- 8 Resources to the Department of Economic Development by Governor Nixon's
- 9 Executive Order 13-03 issued on February 4, 2013.

10

- 11 Q. Please describe your education and experience.
- 12 A. I have 22 years of experience in energy and environmental policy with the
- Department of Natural Resources (DNR) and DNR Director's Office and I am
- currently responsible for two program areas in the Division of Energy: energy
- policy and energy efficiency programs. I have degrees in Business Administration
- 16 from Lincoln University and a Master of Public Administration from the University
- 17 of Missouri-Columbia.

18

- 19 Q. What is the purpose of your testimony?
- A. To respond to rebuttal testimony of several parties, primarily Mr. Blake and Dr.
- 21 Hausman.

22

- 23 Q. Mr. Blake and Dr. Hausman both expressed concerns with including the
- 24 costs of the renewable resource addition in KCP&L's integrated resource
- plan in 2019 in the calculation of retail rate impact (RRI). What is your
- 26 response?

¹

¹ Rebuttal testimony, Mr. Blake, pg. 8-9; Rebuttal testimony, Dr. Hausman, pg.9-11

- A. Literal interpretation and application of the PSC's Renewable Energy Standard
- 2 (RES) rule regarding calculation of the rate impact of compliance may not
- adequately consider the market realities or implications of the RRI calculation,
- 4 especially in light of the link to integrated resource planning (IRP). The
- 5 changeability and uncertainty of preferred resource plans is built into the
- 6 Commission's IRP rule where "if the utility determines that the preferred resource
- 7 plan or acquisition strategy is no longer appropriate," the plan can be changed with
- a 60-day filing.² A utility's preferred resource plan may include the acquisition of
- 9 renewable energy in future years, but the utility's actual decisions may result in a
- change in the preferred plan due to any number of factors, including planned and
- unplanned-for contingencies and management decisions.

13

- Q. Do you agree with the concerns that Mr. Blake stated regarding the solar
- industry in Missouri and the significant ramifications of a Commission
- 15 decision in this case?
- 16 A. Generally, the motivation for a renewable energy standard is to encourage the
- increased use of renewable energy resources to generate power above and
- beyond the status quo. The solar rebate provisions of Missouri's RES are resulting
- in actual solar installations in the state, with associated energy savings,
- 20 environmental benefits, jobs and economic activity. The negotiated terms of HB
- 21 142 acknowledge and confirm that the solar installation boom days are a short-
- term proposition. However, the fact that KCP&L filed to terminate rebates so soon
- 23 after HB 142's terms were negotiated with the solar industry would negate the
- orderly phase-out that was intended.

25

² 4 CSR 240-22.080(12)

- According to the Missouri Partnership, a nonprofit economic development
- 2 organization, Missouri solar installations have increased from 101 kilowatts in
- 2009 to over 7.8 megawatts (MW) in 2011, more than a 7,000% increase in three
- 4 years³. Mr. Blake's testimony states that Missouri has installed over 25 MW of
- 5 distributed solar generation since Missouri voters approved the RES in November
- 6 2008⁴; presumably this statistic also includes 2012 and 2013 information
- 7 contributing to the larger number than is cited by the Missouri Partnership. The
- 8 Missouri Solar Energy Industry Association (MOSEIA) reports at least 30 solar
- 9 installation businesses and a Missouri ranking of 6th in the country for solar jobs
- with over 1,200 Missourians working in the solar industry. This economic growth is
- undoubtedly largely attributable to Missouri's RES solar rebate requirement. Many
- Missourians have embraced the solar option and committed themselves
- financially. Therefore, it is important that a determination by the Commission on
- whether the 1% RRI has been reached is based on accurate and reliable
- information and applied in a manner that is consistent with the policy behind the
- RES. It is appropriate to take into consideration the additional factors brought forth
- in evidence in this case. Several witnesses, including Staff, MOSEIA and
- Brightergy have brought into question whether the calculations are valid.

20

Q. What are these concerns and what are the implications?

- 21 A. The Missouri Division of Energy is concerned that the Commission is being
- 22 asked to make a determination to discontinue all solar rebates in the KCP&L
- 23 service territory with potentially adverse impacts on Missouri's solar energy
- industry and consumers who have invested in solar energy installations in
- 25 anticipation of a solar rebate. Such determination will rely on an untested model

³ http://www.missouripartnership.com/Industries/Energy-Solutions/CategoryID/13

⁴ Rebuttal testimony, Mr. Blake, pg. 2

- being used for the first time with this round of RES compliance filings. There are
- 2 several questions with the model used to calculate the RRI, different
- interpretations of the process and data inputs used for the calculation, and
- 4 questions raised as to the proper categorization and accounting for solar rebate
- 5 costs. The Commission staff itself once stated that it "considers the level of detail
- 6 required for the rate impact calculation to be subjective" in dismissing the need for
- 7 KCP&L to perform the calculation in the previous RES compliance plan filing, and
- with the assurance that the Company would closely watch the level of rebates, the
- 9 Staff recommended that a waiver should be granted even though not requested.
- The Commission has at least the flexibility exercised and recommended by the
- 11 Staff in 2012.

13

Q. What is your recommendation in this regard?

- 14 A. The Missouri Division of Energy recommends consideration of a short-term
- approach that allows a reasonable ramp-down of solar rebates to occur, as
- contemplated by HB 142. This is appropriate due to the current circumstances
- including an unexpected announcement that the 1% RRI threshold had been
- reached and the use of a new model for the first-time calculation with data inputs
- that are disputed. This first application of the RRI calculation demonstrates the
- 20 need for consideration of a more transparent process for such calculations. The
- 21 Commission has an opportunity to temper the adverse implications for the
- 22 Missouri customers who have embraced renewable energy installations in
- 23 Missouri and the solar industry that would result from terminating solar rebates
- 24 precipitously.

25

26

Does this conclude your testimony?

27 A. Yes.