#### STATE OF MISSOURI

#### BEFORE THE

#### MISSOURI PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

IN THE MATTER OF KANSAS CITY	)	
POWER & LIGHT COMPANY'S	)	
REQUEST FOR AUTHORITY TO	)	CASE NO. ER-2012-0174
IMPLEMENT A GENERAL RATE	)	
INCREASE FOR ELECTRIC SERVICE	)	

SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY

OF

DWIGHT D. ETHERIDGE

ON BEHALF OF THE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

**OCTOBER 8, 2012** 



ASSOCIATES, INC. 10480 Little Patuxent Parkway Suite 300 Columbia, Maryland 21044

# STATE OF MISSOURI

# BEFORE THE

# MISSOURI PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

IN THE MATTER OF KANSAS CITY	)	
POWER & LIGHT COMPANY'S	)	
REQUEST FOR AUTHORITY TO	)	CASE NO. ER-2012-0174
IMPLEMENT A GENERAL RATE	)	
INCREASE FOR ELECTRIC SERVICE	)	

# SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY

OF

# DWIGHT D. ETHERIDGE

1		INTRODUCTION AND SUMMARY
2	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME, OCCUPATION, AND BUSINESS ADDRESS.
3	A.	My name is Dwight D. Etheridge. I am a Principal and Vice President with Exeter
4		Associates, Inc. ("Exeter"), an economics consulting firm specializing in the economics
5		of regulated industry. My business address is 10480 Little Patuxent Parkway, Suite 300,
6		Columbia, Maryland 21044.
7	Q.	HAVE YOU PREVIOUSLY SUBMITTED TESTIMONY IN THIS
8		PROCEEDING?
9	A.	Yes. On August 2, 2012, I submitted Direct Testimony on behalf of the U.S. Department
10		of Energy ("DOE"), which is a major customer of Kansas City Power & Light Company
11		("KCP&L" or the "Company").
12		

1	Q.	WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY IN THIS
2		PROCEEDING?
3	A.	The purpose of my surrebuttal testimony is to respond to the rebuttal testimony of Kansas
4		City Power and Light Company ("KCP&L" or the "Company") witnesses Wm. Edward
5		Blunk and Tim M. Rush regarding KCP&L's proposed treatment of off-system sales
6		("OSS") margins and interim energy charge ("IEC"), and request for an Accounting
7		Authority Order ("AAO") related to the 2011 Missouri River flood (the "Flood"). I will
8		also touch upon concerns expressed in rebuttal testimony by other witnesses regarding
9		those subjects, including: Staff witnesses Cary G. Featherstone, Lena M. Mantle, and
10		Mark L. Oligschlager, and Office of Public Counsel ("OPC") witness Ted Robertson.
11		Finally, I refer back to proposals made by the Midwest Industrial Energy Consumers
12		("MIEC") and the Midwest Energy Consumers Group ("MECG") in the direct testimony
13		of Greg R. Meyer and Nicholas L. Phillips.
14	Q.	ARE YOU CHANGING YOUR RECOMMENDATIONS BASED UPON
15		OTHER PARTIES' REBUTTAL TESTIMONIES?
16	A.	I am not. I continue to recommend that the Commission maintain the status quo with
17		respect to OSS margins, and that the Company's proposal to be compensated for lost
18		OSS margins during the Flood should be denied.
19		In response to the Staff's rebuttal testimony—if the off-system sales tracker is to
20		be eliminated, a reasonable level of OSS margins must be included as an offset to
21		KCP&L's revenue requirement, and that level should represent the 50 <sup>th</sup> percentile of the
22		Company's forward-looking probabilistic analysis, or some other justifiable normalized
23		level.
24		
25		

1	<u>O</u>	FF-SYSTEM SALES MARGINS DURING THE 2011 MISSOURI RIVER FLOOD
2	Q.	WHAT WAS YOUR RECOMMENDATION REGARDING THE COMPANY'S
3		PROPOSAL TO BE COMPENSATED FOR LOST OFF-SYSTEM SALES
4		MARGINS DURING THE 2011 MISSOURI RIVER FLOOD?
5	A.	I recommended that the Commission deny that proposal.
6	Q.	DID THE COMPANY TAKE ISSUE WITH THAT RECOMMENDATION?
7	A.	Yes. In addressing my recommendation Company witness Blunk again restates the
8		Company's long-standing position that it is unhappy with the status quo regarding OSS
9		margins. <sup>1</sup>
10	Q.	WHAT IS THE STATUS QUO REGARDING OFF-SYSTEM SALES
11		MARGINS?
12	A.	OSS margins are used as an offset to the Company's fuel and purchased power costs to
13		lower the Company's revenue requirement in general rate cases. The Commission has
14		approved using the 40 <sup>th</sup> percentile of the Company's probabilistic analysis to establish the
15		level of OSS margins used to calculate the revenue requirement. <sup>2</sup> Since the Regulatory
16		Plan was first implemented, realized OSS margins above the Commission-approved level
17		are refunded to customers using an OSS margin tracker, with any OSS shortfalls borne by
18		the Company. <sup>3</sup>
19	Q.	DOES MR. BLUNK'S REBUTTAL TESTIMONY PROVIDE ANY
20		PERSUASIVE REASONS TO CHANGE THE COMMISSION'S CONSISTENT
21		TREATMENT OF OFF-SYSTEM SALES MARGINS?
22	A.	No. A Regulatory Plan was agreed to and implemented by the Commission over four
23		consecutive rate cases. While KCP&L may not be happy with status quo regarding OSS

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Rebuttal Testimony of Wm. Edward Blunk, pp. 6-8.
<sup>2</sup> Case No. ER-2010-0355, *Report and Order*, April 22, 2011, p. 136.
<sup>3</sup> Case No. ER-2006-0314, *Order Regarding Motions for Rehearing*, January 18, 2007, pp. 2-3.

1		margins, it nonetheless represents the balance that has been struck between customers
2		and shareholders as determined by the Commission with respect to this issue and all other
3		aspects of the Regulatory Plan, both good and bad from either's perspective, e.g., excess
4		generating capacity in rate base. In my opinion, the balance of risk had been struck and
5		holding the Company responsible for OSS margin shortfalls is reasonable.
6	Q.	ARE ANY PARTIES JOINING WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY IN
7		OPPOSITION TO THE COMPANY'S PROPOSAL TO RECOVER LOST OFF-
8		SYSTEM SALES MARGINS DURING THE FLOOD?
9	A.	Yes. MIEC-MECG witness Meyer, <sup>4</sup> Staff witness Oligschlaeger, <sup>5</sup> and OPC witness
10		Robertson <sup>6</sup> also recommend that the Company's proposal be rejected.
11		
12		INTERIM ENERGY CHARGE
13	Q.	DID YOU PREVIOUSLY TAKE A POSITION ON KCP&L'S PROPOSED
14		INTERIM ENERGY CHARGE?
15	A.	I did not. However, I did recommend that the issue of OSS margins be addressed
16		separate and independent of KCP&L's IEC proposal.
17	Q.	WHY DID YOU MAKE THAT RECOMMENDATION?
18	A.	OSS margins are an issue that is so directly tied to past decisions regarding the
19		Regulatory Plan, and questions of what truly is equitable given the current state of affairs,
20		that any changes to the status quo regarding OSS margins should reflect a stand-alone
21		decision. Further, OSS margins are by no means an interim issue. Achieving the
22		maximum level of OSS margins for the benefit of customers should be a long-term
23		Commission priority because it is the quid pro quo for bearing the costs of Iatan 2.

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Direct Testimony of Greg R. Meyer, p. 3.
 <sup>5</sup> Rebuttal Testimony of Mark L. Oligschlaeger, pp. 3-4.
 <sup>6</sup> Rebuttal Testimony of Ted Robertson, p. 13.

1	Q.	DID THE COMPANY TAKE ISSUE WITH THAT RECOMMENDATION?
2	A.	Yes. Company witness Blunk again restates the Company's long-standing position that it
3		is unhappy with the status quo regarding OSS margins. <sup>7</sup>
4	Q.	ARE ANY PARTIES OPPOSING THE COMPANY'S INTERIM ENERGY
5		CHARGE PROPOSAL?
6	A.	Yes. OPC and MECG moved to strike the Company's IEC proposal,8 and they were
7		joined by Staff. <sup>9</sup> In addition, MIEC-MECG witness Meyer <sup>10</sup> and Staff witness Mantle <sup>11</sup>
8		recommend that the Company's proposed IEC be rejected.
9		
10		OFF-SYSTEM SALES MARGINS
11	Q.	WHAT IS THE COMPANY'S PROPOSAL REGARDING OFF-SYSTEM
12		SALES MARGINS?
13	A.	KCP&L is proposing to set OSS margins at the 40 <sup>th</sup> percentile of its probabilistic analysis
14		and institute a sharing mechanism regarding realized OSS margins above and below that
15		level. Customers would be responsible for one-quarter of any OSS margin shortfalls
16		below the 40 <sup>th</sup> percentile. OSS margins above that level would first be used to offset
17		increases in fuel and purchased power costs with any remaining amount refunded to
18		customers provided, however, that the Company be allowed to retain one-quarter of the
19		OSS margins above the 60 <sup>th</sup> percentile. <sup>12</sup>
20	Q.	WHAT IS MIEC-MECG'S PROPOSAL REGARDING OFF-SYSTEM SALES
21		MARGINS?
	<sup>8</sup> Office and R <sup>9</sup> Staff Tariff <sup>10</sup> Mey <sup>11</sup> Reb	k, op. cit., pp. 2-3. ce of the Public Counsel and the Midwest Energy Consumers' Group, <i>Motion to Strike Pre-filed Testimony eject Tariffs and Motion for Expedited Treatment</i> , May 25, 2012. To of the Missouri Public Service Commission, <i>Response to Motion to Strike Pre-filed Testimony and Reject</i> st, June 19, 2012. Eyer, op. cit., pp. 31-32. Super op. cit., pp. 31-32.

A.	MEIC-MECG witness Phillips recommended that OSS margins be set at a normalized
	level. 13 MIEC-MECG witness Meyer went on to recommend elimination of the OSS
	margin tracker, which would allow the Company to retain OSS margins above the
	normalized level while actual OSS margin shortfalls below the normalized level would be
	borne by the Company. <sup>14</sup>

Q. WHAT IS STAFF'S PROPOSAL REGARDING OFF-SYSTEM SALES MARGINS?

Like DOE, Staff originally proposed that the status quo be maintained.<sup>15</sup> However, in rebuttal, Staff witness Featherstone argues for a return to "traditional ratemaking" where a "proper" level of OSS margins is included as an offset to fuel and purchased power costs in base rates, and the OSS margin tracker is eliminated.<sup>16</sup> Staff's original position was that OSS margins be set at the 40<sup>th</sup> percentile of the Company's probabilistic analysis, but with its new proposal Staff has not indicated what it feels would be a proper level of OSS margins to be used as an offset to the Company's revenue requirement.

Q. WHAT IS YOUR OPINION OF THE STAFF'S PROPOSAL ON REBUTTAL?

As I previously testified, I am opposed to the Company's proposal to change the status quo in favor of shareholders by allowing the Company to retain a percentage of OSS margins if they exceed expectations and to shift to customers a percentage of the risk if OSS margins fall short of expectations.<sup>17</sup> Now is not the time for such a change. Unlike the Company's proposal, MIEC-MECG's and Staff's proposals could represent balanced movement away from the status quo provided elimination of the OSS margin tracker is coupled with the inclusion of a reasonable level of OSS margins as an offset to KCP&L's

A.

A.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> Direct Testimony of Nicholas L. Phillips, pp. 18-19.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Meyer, op. cit., p. 3.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> Staff Report Revenue Requirement Cost of Service, p. 89.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> Rebuttal Testimony of Cary G. Featherstone, pp. 44-45.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> Direct Testimony of Dwight D. Etheridge, p. 4.

revenue requirement. For the level of OSS margins to be reasonable, it would have to represent the median value (the 50<sup>th</sup> percentile) of a forward-looking probabilistic analysis, or some other justifiable normalized level. Customers would realize lower rates in this case by moving the OSS margin offset to the Company's revenue requirement from the 40<sup>th</sup> to the 50<sup>th</sup> percentile, and, in exchange, would be giving the Company the right to retain realized OSS margins above that level, with the responsibility to absorb shortfalls below that level. It would not be reasonable to use the 40<sup>th</sup> percentile from a probabilistic analysis as Staff originally proposed because that would provide the Company with a greater than 50-50 chance of retaining OSS margins in excess of the level used to offset the revenue requirement. That would not represent a balanced move away from the status quo.

#### **CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS**

- 14 Q. PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR RECOMMENDATIONS?
- 15 A. I recommend that the Commission:
  - Reject the Company's proposal to be compensated for lost OSS margins during the Flood.
  - Maintain the status quo with regard to OSS margins.
  - Include a reasonable level of OSS margins (e.g., the 50<sup>th</sup> percentile of the
    Company's forward-looking probabilistic analysis) as an offset to KCP&L's
    revenue requirement in this case if the OSS margin tracker is to be eliminated
    prospectively.
- Q. DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY?
- 24 A. Yes.

# STATE OF MISSOURI

# BEFORE THE

# MISSOURI PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

IN THE MATTER OF KANSAS CITY	)	
POWER & LIGHT COMPANY'S	)	
REQUEST FOR AUTHORITY TO	)	CASE NO. ER-2012-0174
IMPLEMENT A GENERAL RATE	)	
INCREASE FOR ELECTRIC SERVICE	)	

# SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY

OF

# DWIGHT D. ETHERIDGE

1		INTRODUCTION AND SUMMARY
2	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME, OCCUPATION, AND BUSINESS ADDRESS.
3	A.	My name is Dwight D. Etheridge. I am a Principal and Vice President with Exeter
4		Associates, Inc. ("Exeter"), an economics consulting firm specializing in the economics
5		of regulated industry. My business address is 10480 Little Patuxent Parkway, Suite 300,
6		Columbia, Maryland 21044.
7	Q.	HAVE YOU PREVIOUSLY SUBMITTED TESTIMONY IN THIS
8		PROCEEDING?
9	A.	Yes. On August 2, 2012, I submitted Direct Testimony on behalf of the U.S. Department
10		of Energy ("DOE"), which is a major customer of Kansas City Power & Light Company
11		("KCP&L" or the "Company").
12		

1	Q.	WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY IN THIS
2		PROCEEDING?
3	A.	The purpose of my surrebuttal testimony is to respond to the rebuttal testimony of Kansas
4		City Power and Light Company ("KCP&L" or the "Company") witnesses Wm. Edward
5		Blunk and Tim M. Rush regarding KCP&L's proposed treatment of off-system sales
6		("OSS") margins and interim energy charge ("IEC"), and request for an Accounting
7		Authority Order ("AAO") related to the 2011 Missouri River flood (the "Flood"). I will
8		also touch upon concerns expressed in rebuttal testimony by other witnesses regarding
9		those subjects, including: Staff witnesses Cary G. Featherstone, Lena M. Mantle, and
10		Mark L. Oligschlager, and Office of Public Counsel ("OPC") witness Ted Robertson.
11		Finally, I refer back to proposals made by the Midwest Industrial Energy Consumers
12		("MIEC") and the Midwest Energy Consumers Group ("MECG") in the direct testimony
13		of Greg R. Meyer and Nicholas L. Phillips.
14	Q.	ARE YOU CHANGING YOUR RECOMMENDATIONS BASED UPON
15		OTHER PARTIES' REBUTTAL TESTIMONIES?
16	A.	I am not. I continue to recommend that the Commission maintain the status quo with
17		respect to OSS margins, and that the Company's proposal to be compensated for lost
18		OSS margins during the Flood should be denied.
19		In response to the Staff's rebuttal testimony—if the off-system sales tracker is to
20		be eliminated, a reasonable level of OSS margins must be included as an offset to
21		KCP&L's revenue requirement, and that level should represent the 50 <sup>th</sup> percentile of the
22		Company's forward-looking probabilistic analysis, or some other justifiable normalized
23		level.
24		
25		

1	<u>O</u>	FF-SYSTEM SALES MARGINS DURING THE 2011 MISSOURI RIVER FLOOD
2	Q.	WHAT WAS YOUR RECOMMENDATION REGARDING THE COMPANY'S
3		PROPOSAL TO BE COMPENSATED FOR LOST OFF-SYSTEM SALES
4		MARGINS DURING THE 2011 MISSOURI RIVER FLOOD?
5	A.	I recommended that the Commission deny that proposal.
6	Q.	DID THE COMPANY TAKE ISSUE WITH THAT RECOMMENDATION?
7	A.	Yes. In addressing my recommendation Company witness Blunk again restates the
8		Company's long-standing position that it is unhappy with the status quo regarding OSS
9		margins. <sup>1</sup>
10	Q.	WHAT IS THE STATUS QUO REGARDING OFF-SYSTEM SALES
11		MARGINS?
12	A.	OSS margins are used as an offset to the Company's fuel and purchased power costs to
13		lower the Company's revenue requirement in general rate cases. The Commission has
14		approved using the 40 <sup>th</sup> percentile of the Company's probabilistic analysis to establish the
15		level of OSS margins used to calculate the revenue requirement. <sup>2</sup> Since the Regulatory
16		Plan was first implemented, realized OSS margins above the Commission-approved level
17		are refunded to customers using an OSS margin tracker, with any OSS shortfalls borne by
18		the Company. <sup>3</sup>
19	Q.	DOES MR. BLUNK'S REBUTTAL TESTIMONY PROVIDE ANY
20		PERSUASIVE REASONS TO CHANGE THE COMMISSION'S CONSISTENT
21		TREATMENT OF OFF-SYSTEM SALES MARGINS?
22	A.	No. A Regulatory Plan was agreed to and implemented by the Commission over four
23		consecutive rate cases. While KCP&L may not be happy with status quo regarding OSS

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Rebuttal Testimony of Wm. Edward Blunk, pp. 6-8.
<sup>2</sup> Case No. ER-2010-0355, *Report and Order*, April 22, 2011, p. 136.
<sup>3</sup> Case No. ER-2006-0314, *Order Regarding Motions for Rehearing*, January 18, 2007, pp. 2-3.

1		margins, it nonetheless represents the balance that has been struck between customers
2		and shareholders as determined by the Commission with respect to this issue and all other
3		aspects of the Regulatory Plan, both good and bad from either's perspective, e.g., excess
4		generating capacity in rate base. In my opinion, the balance of risk had been struck and
5		holding the Company responsible for OSS margin shortfalls is reasonable.
6	Q.	ARE ANY PARTIES JOINING WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY IN
7		OPPOSITION TO THE COMPANY'S PROPOSAL TO RECOVER LOST OFF-
8		SYSTEM SALES MARGINS DURING THE FLOOD?
9	A.	Yes. MIEC-MECG witness Meyer, <sup>4</sup> Staff witness Oligschlaeger, <sup>5</sup> and OPC witness
10		Robertson <sup>6</sup> also recommend that the Company's proposal be rejected.
11		
12		INTERIM ENERGY CHARGE
13	Q.	DID YOU PREVIOUSLY TAKE A POSITION ON KCP&L'S PROPOSED
14		INTERIM ENERGY CHARGE?
15	A.	I did not. However, I did recommend that the issue of OSS margins be addressed
16		separate and independent of KCP&L's IEC proposal.
17	Q.	WHY DID YOU MAKE THAT RECOMMENDATION?
18	A.	OSS margins are an issue that is so directly tied to past decisions regarding the
19		Regulatory Plan, and questions of what truly is equitable given the current state of affairs,
20		that any changes to the status quo regarding OSS margins should reflect a stand-alone
21		decision. Further, OSS margins are by no means an interim issue. Achieving the
22		maximum level of OSS margins for the benefit of customers should be a long-term
23		Commission priority because it is the quid pro quo for bearing the costs of Iatan 2.

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Direct Testimony of Greg R. Meyer, p. 3.
 <sup>5</sup> Rebuttal Testimony of Mark L. Oligschlaeger, pp. 3-4.
 <sup>6</sup> Rebuttal Testimony of Ted Robertson, p. 13.

1	Q.	DID THE COMPANY TAKE ISSUE WITH THAT RECOMMENDATION?
2	A.	Yes. Company witness Blunk again restates the Company's long-standing position that it
3		is unhappy with the status quo regarding OSS margins. <sup>7</sup>
4	Q.	ARE ANY PARTIES OPPOSING THE COMPANY'S INTERIM ENERGY
5		CHARGE PROPOSAL?
6	A.	Yes. OPC and MECG moved to strike the Company's IEC proposal,8 and they were
7		joined by Staff. <sup>9</sup> In addition, MIEC-MECG witness Meyer <sup>10</sup> and Staff witness Mantle <sup>11</sup>
8		recommend that the Company's proposed IEC be rejected.
9		
10		OFF-SYSTEM SALES MARGINS
11	Q.	WHAT IS THE COMPANY'S PROPOSAL REGARDING OFF-SYSTEM
12		SALES MARGINS?
13	A.	KCP&L is proposing to set OSS margins at the 40 <sup>th</sup> percentile of its probabilistic analysis
14		and institute a sharing mechanism regarding realized OSS margins above and below that
15		level. Customers would be responsible for one-quarter of any OSS margin shortfalls
16		below the 40 <sup>th</sup> percentile. OSS margins above that level would first be used to offset
17		increases in fuel and purchased power costs with any remaining amount refunded to
18		customers provided, however, that the Company be allowed to retain one-quarter of the
19		OSS margins above the 60 <sup>th</sup> percentile. <sup>12</sup>
20	Q.	WHAT IS MIEC-MECG'S PROPOSAL REGARDING OFF-SYSTEM SALES
21		MARGINS?
	<sup>8</sup> Office and R <sup>9</sup> Staff Tariff <sup>10</sup> Mey <sup>11</sup> Reb	ak, op. cit., pp. 2-3. ce of the Public Counsel and the Midwest Energy Consumers' Group, <i>Motion to Strike Pre-filed Testimony eject Tariffs and Motion for Expedited Treatment</i> , May 25, 2012. To of the Missouri Public Service Commission, <i>Response to Motion to Strike Pre-filed Testimony and Reject</i> 5s, June 19, 2012. Syer, op. cit., pp. 31-32. Souttal Testimony of Lena M. Mantle, p. 2. Souttal Testimony of Tim M. Rush, pp. 26-27.

A.	MEIC-MECG witness Phillips recommended that OSS margins be set at a normalized
	level. 13 MIEC-MECG witness Meyer went on to recommend elimination of the OSS
	margin tracker, which would allow the Company to retain OSS margins above the
	normalized level while actual OSS margin shortfalls below the normalized level would be
	borne by the Company. <sup>14</sup>

Q. WHAT IS STAFF'S PROPOSAL REGARDING OFF-SYSTEM SALES MARGINS?

Like DOE, Staff originally proposed that the status quo be maintained.<sup>15</sup> However, in rebuttal, Staff witness Featherstone argues for a return to "traditional ratemaking" where a "proper" level of OSS margins is included as an offset to fuel and purchased power costs in base rates, and the OSS margin tracker is eliminated.<sup>16</sup> Staff's original position was that OSS margins be set at the 40<sup>th</sup> percentile of the Company's probabilistic analysis, but with its new proposal Staff has not indicated what it feels would be a proper level of OSS margins to be used as an offset to the Company's revenue requirement.

Q. WHAT IS YOUR OPINION OF THE STAFF'S PROPOSAL ON REBUTTAL?

As I previously testified, I am opposed to the Company's proposal to change the status quo in favor of shareholders by allowing the Company to retain a percentage of OSS margins if they exceed expectations and to shift to customers a percentage of the risk if OSS margins fall short of expectations.<sup>17</sup> Now is not the time for such a change. Unlike the Company's proposal, MIEC-MECG's and Staff's proposals could represent balanced movement away from the status quo provided elimination of the OSS margin tracker is coupled with the inclusion of a reasonable level of OSS margins as an offset to KCP&L's

A.

A.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> Direct Testimony of Nicholas L. Phillips, pp. 18-19.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Meyer, op. cit., p. 3.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> Staff Report Revenue Requirement Cost of Service, p. 89.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> Rebuttal Testimony of Cary G. Featherstone, pp. 44-45.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> Direct Testimony of Dwight D. Etheridge, p. 4.

revenue requirement. For the level of OSS margins to be reasonable, it would have to represent the median value (the 50<sup>th</sup> percentile) of a forward-looking probabilistic analysis, or some other justifiable normalized level. Customers would realize lower rates in this case by moving the OSS margin offset to the Company's revenue requirement from the 40<sup>th</sup> to the 50<sup>th</sup> percentile, and, in exchange, would be giving the Company the right to retain realized OSS margins above that level, with the responsibility to absorb shortfalls below that level. It would not be reasonable to use the 40<sup>th</sup> percentile from a probabilistic analysis as Staff originally proposed because that would provide the Company with a greater than 50-50 chance of retaining OSS margins in excess of the level used to offset the revenue requirement. That would not represent a balanced move away from the status quo.

#### **CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS**

- 14 Q. PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR RECOMMENDATIONS?
- 15 A. I recommend that the Commission:
  - Reject the Company's proposal to be compensated for lost OSS margins during the Flood.
  - Maintain the status quo with regard to OSS margins.
  - Include a reasonable level of OSS margins (e.g., the 50<sup>th</sup> percentile of the
    Company's forward-looking probabilistic analysis) as an offset to KCP&L's
    revenue requirement in this case if the OSS margin tracker is to be eliminated
    prospectively.
- Q. DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY?
- 24 A. Yes.

# BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

IN THE MATTER OF KANSAS CITY POWER & LIGHT COMPANY'S REQUEST FOR AUTHORITY TO IMPLEMENT A GENERAL RATE INCREASE FOR ELECTRIC SERVICE )
AFFIDAVIT OF DWIGHT D. ETHERIDGE
STATE OF MARYLAND )  OUNTY OF HOWARD )
Dwight D. Etheridge, being first duly sworn, on his oath states:
1. My name is Dwight D. Etheridge. I am a consultant with Exeter Associates, Inc.
having its principal place of business at 10480 Little Patuxent Parkway, Suite 300, Columbia,
Maryland 21044.
2. Attached hereto and made a part hereof for all purposes is my Surrebuttal
Testimony on behalf of the United States Department of Energy which was prepared in written
form for introduction into evidence in the above-captioned docket.
3. I hereby swear and affirm that my answers contained in the attached testimony to
the questions therein propounded, including any attachments thereto, are true and accurate to the
best of my knowledge, information and belief.
Durght D. Etheridge  Dwight D. Etheridge
Subscribed and sworn before me this3 day of October, 2012.
DEBORAH M ADAMS Notary Public-Maryland Prince George's County My Commission Expires Notary Public  Notary Public
My commission expires: