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Exhibit No. 23

MAWC – Exhibit 23 Robert V. Mustich Direct Testimony File No. WR-2022-0303

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Witness:	Robert V. Mustich
Exhibit Type:	Direct
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Case No.:	WR-2022-0303
	SR-2022-0304
Date:	July 1, 2022

MISSOURI PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

CASE NO. WR-2022-0303 CASE NO. SR-2022-0304

DIRECT TESTIMONY

OF

ROBERT V. MUSTICH

ON BEHALF OF

MISSOURI-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY

AFFIDAVIT

I, Robert V. Mustich, under penalty of perjury, and pursuant to Section 509.030, RSMo, state that I am a Managing Director for Willis Towers Watson, that the accompanying testimony has been prepared by me or under my direction and supervision; that if inquiries were made as to the facts in said testimony, I would respond as therein set forth; and that the aforesaid testimony is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Robert V. Mustich

June 27, 2022 Dated

1	DIRECT TESTIMONY
2	ROBERT V. MUSTICH MISSOURI AMERICAN WATER COMPANY
3	CASE NO.: WR-2022-0303 CASE NO.: SR-2022-0304
4	
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1		DIRECT TESTIMONY
2		ROBERT V. MUSTICH
3		
4		I. INTRODUCTION
5	Q1.	Please provide your name, position and business address.
6	A1.	My name is Robert V. Mustich. I am Managing Director and the U.S. East Region Line
7		of Business Leader, Rewards for Willis Towers Watson. Willis Towers Watson is a
8		leading global professional services company which has 45,000 associates throughout the
9		world, and offers solutions in the areas of corporate risk and broking; human capital and
10		benefits; health care exchange solutions; and investment, risk, and reinsurance. My
11 12		business address is 800 North Glebe Road, Arlington, VA 22203.
12		
13	Q2.	Please state your educational and professional background and experience.
14	A2.	I graduated from American University with a BS/BA in Human Resources Management.
16		I have over 30 years of industry and compensation consulting services experience, have
17		been with Willis Towers Watson for over 25 years, and have assisted management and
18		Boards of Directors at numerous companies in designing and assessing total
19		compensation programs. Since joining the firm in 1997, I have consulted with numerous
20		utilities and currently serve as U.S. East Region Line of Business Leader, Rewards in
21		addition to being a senior member of our utilities industry practice. I have conducted
22		competitive assessments of total compensation for numerous public utilities throughout
23		
24		the U.S. Prior to joining Willis Towers Watson, I was a senior compensation consultant
25		for PricewaterhouseCoopers (formally Coopers and Lybrand, LLP) performing similar
26		compensation consulting services for clients. Prior to that, I held corporate senior staff
27		compensation and benefits positions.
28		

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1 Q3. Have Willis Towers Watson and you performed similar analyses in the past? 2 A3. Yes. Willis Towers Watson and I have conducted similar competitive compensation 3 studies for Missouri American Water Company and other utility clients. 4 **Q4**. Please explain Willis Towers Watson's experience in providing compensation and 5 benefits consulting services to organizations like Missouri American Water 6 7 Company ("Missouri American Water"). 8 Willis Towers Watson has extensive experience serving clients in the utility industry, A4. 9 having served over 100 utilities in the U.S. within the last year. Because we invest so 10 heavily in our utility industry capabilities, we have rich competitive industry 11 compensation and benefits information that enables us to benchmark Missouri American 12 Water against similar companies in the U.S. Given Willis Towers Watson's breadth and 13 depth of resources, we are frequently engaged by companies to evaluate the 14 15 competitiveness of their compensation philosophy, compensation and benefit levels, 16 performance compensation design and pay structures, and to provide other consulting 17 services. 18 **II. DEFINITIONS** 19 Q5. Can you please identify some of the key definitions that you will need to reference as 20 21 part of your testimony? 22 A5. Yes. 23 Q6. More specifically, please define Target Total Cash Compensation. 24 A6. Target Total Cash Compensation represents the sum of base salary plus target annual 25 performance compensation. 26 27 **Q7**. Please define Target Total Direct Compensation. 28

- 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28
- A7. Target Total Direct Compensation represents the sum of base salary, plus target annual performance compensation, plus long-term performance compensation.

III. PURPOSE OF TESTIMONY

Q8. What is the purpose of your Direct Testimony?

- A8. The purpose of my Direct Testimony is to demonstrate that the target total direct compensation provided to Missouri American Water performance compensation eligible employees, when viewed against the markets for talent for employees in similar positions, is below the competitive range of the market based on the company's stated compensation philosophy. Willis Towers Watson specifically focused on the following aspects of Missouri American Water's program:
 - Total compensation philosophy;
 - Competitive market positioning of target total direct compensation (base salary plus annual performance compensation plus long-term performance compensation)
 - Design of annual performance compensation program; and
 - Design of long-term performance compensation program.

IV. OVERVIEW OF TOTAL COMPENSATION PHILOSOPHY

Q9. Does Missouri American Water have a defined compensation philosophy?

A9. Yes, American Water Works Company, Inc. ("American Water") has a defined compensation philosophy which is applicable to Missouri American Water.

Q10. How would you define the parent company's compensation philosophy?

A10. American Water's compensation philosophy is to generally pay salaries that are

competitive with those of comparable organizations for jobs of similar responsibility. To

carry out this philosophy, American Water's objective is to target total direct compensation (base, annual performance compensation, and long-term performance compensation) at the median (50th percentile) of the market with greater earning opportunity for exceptional performance for fully qualified individuals.

Q11. How does this compensation philosophy compare with other utilities?

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7 A11. Willis Towers Watson examined the proxy statements for two peer groups: (1) Large 8 Utility Peer Group, 15 publicly-traded utilities comparable in size to American Water 9 (revenues range from ¹/₂ to 3 times American Water's 2021 revenues of \$3.9 billion), as 10 disclosed in the Company's March 31, 2022 proxy statement, and (2) Small Utility Peer 11 Group, 10 publicly-traded utilities comparable in size to Missouri American Water 12 (revenues range from \$42-\$791M, compared to Missouri American Water's 2021 13 revenue of \$349M). Based on our review, American Water's compensation philosophy is 14 15 well-aligned with utility peers, as a majority of the companies target the market median 16 (50th percentile) for some or all pay elements. Our consulting experience also suggests 17 that American Water's median (50th percentile) pay philosophy is comparable to typical 18 market practice found in general industry. 19

V. SUMMARY OF WILLIS TOWERS WATSON'S TOTAL COMPENSATION STUDY

Q12. Did you conduct a compensation study of Missouri American Water's market based total compensation program?

A12. Yes, and a copy of the Study is included as <u>Schedule RVM-1 - Confidential</u> to my testimony.

Q13. Please describe how the study was conducted.

1	A13.	Willis Towers Watson utilized three data sources to assess Missouri American Water's
2		compensation program: As we did in assessing American Water's total compensation
3		philosophy, we assessed the design of its annual performance and long-term
4		performance compensation programs using proxy disclosures of groups of public utilities
5		referred to as the (1) Large Utility Peer Group and (2) Small Utility Peer Group, and (3)
6 7		competitive market positioning of Missouri American Water's target total direct
8		compensation levels was compared to Willis Towers Watson published compensation
9		surveys.
10		
11	Q14.	How did you define "competitive" for the purposes of your compensation study?
12	A14.	Willis Towers Watson and typical market practice define an element of total
13		compensation as being competitive if it falls in a range that extends between 10% below
14		to 10% above the market median level of total compensation.
15	Q15.	Please describe how you assessed the competitiveness of Missouri American Water's
16	_	
17		target total direct compensation levels.
18	A15.	Willis Towers Watson assessed the competitiveness of target total direct compensation
19		provided by Missouri American Water to its annual performance eligible population
20		based on a selection of Missouri American Water jobs ("benchmark jobs"). Benchmark
21		jobs are those positions that are common across comparable organizations and for which
22		compensation data are available from published surveys.
23		
24		To conduct this analysis, we reviewed compensation data provided to us by Missouri
25		American Water and examined Willis Towers Watson's compensation surveys in our
26		Compensation Databank (CDB). These surveys are comprised of compensation data from
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over 1,000 U.S. based companies, and Willis Towers Watson has been conducting these surveys for over 30 years.

Missouri American Water's current compensation levels were compared to the market
50th percentile (market median) for two different market perspectives to determine the
competitiveness of pay and to validate the alignment with American Water's current
compensation philosophy (targeting compensation at the 50th percentile of market).
Willis Towers Watson's assessment of benchmark jobs represents approximately 67% of
the population of Missouri American Water employees as of December 31, 2021.
Specific details regarding our study, which includes a detailed description of the study
methodology, are included in Schedule RVM-1 - Confidential.

Q16. How did you derive 50th percentile (median) market values?

A16. To derive 50th percentile (median) market values, Willis Towers Watson weighted energy services and general industry survey data 60% and 40% respectively to place a greater weight on the energy services market data since this includes regulated entities most similar to Missouri American Water for positions that are not industry specific.
Given that these positions can be recruited or lost to companies in any industry, the use of general industry survey data ensures that non-industry specific positions are being compensated competitively. Industry specific positions were compared only to energy services industry data.

- Q17. Please describe how you determined the competitiveness of Missouri American Water's target total direct compensation?
 - A17. Two different market perspectives were examined to validate the competitiveness of Missouri American Water's target total direct compensation.

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A national market perspective was examined which consisted of the entire population of survey participants in Willis Towers Watson's Energy Services and General Industry databases. This perspective represents a U.S. national compensation perspective and is aligned with American Water's compensation philosophy.

A Midwest regional perspective including Arkansas, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Missouri, Nebraska, Ohio, Oklahoma, Tennessee, Wisconsin, and West Virginia labor markets was examined for non-executive positions, which consisted of the same entire survey participant population from Willis Towers Watson's Energy Services Industry and General Industry databases but was customized to identify a Midwestspecific geographic dataset. This dataset identified employees that work in the thirteen states listed above for companies headquartered anywhere in the United States.

Q18. What were the target total compensation study results from the national perspective?

A18. Using a weighted average of all positions reviewed, Missouri American Water's target total direct compensation, as reported in Exhibit 1 (below), is below the range of competitive market median by being 11% below the market median. Again, Willis Towers Watson and typical market practice considers market competitiveness to be a result that falls within plus or minus 10% of median range.

Exhibit 1			
Summary of Missouri American Water's			
Target Total Direct Compensation vs. Market Median			
(National Market Perspective)			
	Target Total Cash	Target Total Direct	
Base Pay	Compensation	Compensation	
-12%	-11%	-11%	

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perspective? Missouri American Water's target total direct compensation is within the market median A19. range, as reported in Exhibit 2, because it falls 6% (represents a weighted average of all positions reviewed) below the market median. Exhibit 2 Summary of Missouri American Water's **Target Total Direct Compensation vs. Market Median** (Midwest Regional Market Perspective) **Target Total Cash Target Total Direct** Compensation Compensation **Base Pay** -7% -6% -6 What would be the impact on the competitiveness of Missouri American Water's **O20**. target total direct compensation if annual and long-term performance compensation were not part of its total compensation program? If we compare Missouri American Water's total compensation program excluding A20. performance compensation (that is, base salary alone) to market pay levels that include performance compensation, as reported in Exhibits 3 and 4, Missouri American Water's target total direct compensation would not be competitive because it would fall 17% below median from a national perspective and 12% below median from a Midwest Regional perspective.

What were the target total compensation study results from the Midwest Regional

	Exhibit 3		
Summary of Missouri American Water's MOAW Base Salary Only vs. Market Median			
(National Market Perspective)			
Base Pay	Target Total Cash	Target Total Direct	

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		Compensation	Compensation
	-12%	-17%	-17%
		Exhibit 4	
		mmary of Missouri American <i>AW Base Salary</i> Only vs. Mark	
		Midwest Regional Market Pers Target Total Cash	pective) Target Total Direct
	Base Pay	Compensation	Compensation
	-7%	-12%	-12%
Q21.	In your opinion and	based on the results of the stud	ly, are Missouri American Wat
	employees overcom	pensated?	
A21. No. Missouri American Water employees are compensated generally below or at t			sated generally below or at the lo
	end of the range of n	narket median for each element o	of compensation.
	VI SUMMADV	OF WILLIS TOWERS WATS	ON'S DEDEODMANCE
	<u>COM</u>	PENSATION PROGRAM AS	<u>SESSMEN I</u>
Q22.	Did you conduct an	assessment of the performance	compensation element of
	American Water's t	otal compensation program?	
A22.	I assessed the annual	and long-term performance com	pensation components of Americ
	Water's total compen	sation program.	
	-		
Q23.		se of your assessment?	
A23.	This assessment was	completed to compare the design	n of the performance compensation
	component of Americ	can Water's total compensation p	program (that is applicable to
	Missouri American W	Vater) and its various elements to	market practice.
Q24.	What were the finding	ngs of the assessment?	
	Overall our review it	ndicates that the performance co	mpensation element of American
A24.	Overall, our review h		

Water's total compensation programs is comparable to and competitive with designs of utility peers, based on a review of the Large Utility Peer Group and the Small Utility Peer Group referenced earlier. Like American Water, every company in the Large Utility Peer Group and all but one in the Small Utility Peer Group has performance compensation programs which are used to help attract, motivate and retain critically skilled employees needed to successfully run the business. Companies design their performance compensation programs to align with their business strategies and circumstances, so there tends to be a range of practices regarding how the programs are designed. The performance compensation components of American Water's total compensation program complement each other by assessing performance holistically using a balanced scorecard approach, incorporating stock performance, financial, customer, safety, environmental, and inclusion and diversity metrics. American Water's program requires the achievement of 90% of target EPS to ensure the financial viability of the cash based annual performance plan before any annual performance compensation payment can be made to any participant. Performance compensation program "circuit breakers" such as American Water's 90% of target EPS are not a performance goal intended to reward financial success but rather a mechanism to ensure the company has the financial resources to fund the program. American Water's funding "circuit breaker" has not been triggered in over 10 years and does not incent performance like the threshold EPS target in the program that is set above the financial viability "circuit breaker" and is designed to recognize successful financial performance. American Water's program designs are consistent with market practices for utilities. Specific details regarding our assessment are included in Schedule RVM-1 - Confidential.

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VII. OVERALL FINDINGS REGARDING MISSOURI AMERICAN WATER'S MARKET BASED TOTAL COMPENSATION PROGRAMS

Q25. What are the overall conclusions of your analysis?

A25. Missouri American Water's market based total compensation program is intended to pay employees at or near the median market rate for each particular job or salary band. Our analysis indicates that Missouri American Water's total direct compensation programs are comparable to and competitive with market practices of other similarly-sized utilities and of industry generally. My experience working with both utilities and general industry companies and the results of the study included as <u>Schedule RVM-1 - Confidential</u> indicate that Missouri American Water's market-based total compensation program is reasonable and that the target total direct compensation provided to Missouri American Water's employees is already at the low end of the median competitive range of the market, and therefore, is also reasonable.

Q26. What other conclusion can you draw from your assessment?

A26. Missouri American Water provides a total direct compensation opportunity delivered through market-based programs that are intended to compete in the market for talent. Missouri American Water attempts to achieve this goal by delivering total compensation through balanced base salary and annual and long-term performance compensation programs which align employees, customers, and investors interests. If the Company were to eliminate all or part of its annual and/or long-term performance compensation, it would likely be forced to increase fixed pay (i.e., base salary) to above market competitive levels of base salary in order to attract and retain talent. It is difficult to imagine how this would benefit the Company's customers or investors. The Company's compensation plans are important management tools to reinforce performance expectations, which is why they are so universally present in both the utility and general business sectors nationally. Denying Missouri American Water a portion of its market based total employee compensation costs based on how they are delivered would undermine the Company's ability to recover costs that are already at the low end of the competitive market. Companies design their performance compensation programs to align with their business strategies and circumstances. Water and wastewater operations are capital intensive. The availability of sources of capital at reasonable costs depends on the utility's financial performance, including credit and bond ratings. So, it is important for Missouri American Water's employees to focus utility employees on the financial health of the organization. A financially healthy utility benefits customers because it enables the utility to meet its service obligations at reasonable financing costs.

Q27. Are there other ways that Missouri American Water's market based total compensation programs benefits customers?

A27. Yes. Customers receive a benefit when a utility retains a talented workforce, because a stable workforce avoids the costs of hiring and training new employees. Because Missouri American Water's performance pay program makes Missouri American Water's employees' total compensation reasonable, the Company's performance pay helps ensure a stable workforce. Missouri American Water's LTPP program is particularly intended to reduce attrition at the higher ranks of the organization. Senior management turnover and the loss of expertise can degrade the continuity of strategy and execution, which is why these types of compensation programs are well accepted in the industry. Importantly, the LTPP achieves its goals of reducing leadership attrition at a lower cost to customers than simply increasing leadership's base pay, because

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performance pay under the LTPP is stock-based. Employees must remain with the organization to realize the full vesting of their awards over a three-year period.

Q28. While you have explained that a company's customers benefit from the company deploying performance based employee compensation as part of its total compensation program using a balanced scorecard of stock performance, financial, customer, safety, environmental, and inclusion and diversity metrics, is there any evidence that investors and shareholders have this same view since you state earlier in your testimony that customers and shareholders benefit from this holistic performance perspective?

A28. Yes, the business roundtable and major institutional investors, which previously were 12 mainly focused on financial performance and return to shareholders, have evolved their 13 thinking from shareholder primacy to corporate purpose to benefit all stakeholders -14 15 customer, employees, suppliers, communities and shareholders. They recognize a 16 balanced approach is mutually beneficial and that performance pay programs reinforce 17 employee actions and reward behaviors that align with this purpose and create sustainable 18 positive performance. This expectation has caused companies to reassess their 19 performance pay programs to ensure that in addition to financial and shareholder metrics 20 they consider and appropriately weight Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG") 21 22 metrics that are in alignment with their corporate purpose. American Water's 23 compensation programs are aligned with this viewpoint and expectation.

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Q29. Does this conclude your Direct Testimony?

A29. Yes.