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No supplement to this tariff will be issued except for the purpose of canceling this tariff. Access Services Tariff
Section 2
8th Revised Sheet 58
Replacing 7th Revised Sheet 58

ACCESS SERVICES

2. GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

Attenuation Distortion

Denotes the difference in loss at specified frequencies relative to the loss at 1004 Hz, unless otherwise specified.

Average Account Life

Denotes the depreciation life prescribed by the Federal Communications Commission for each class of telephone plant.

Average Business Day

Denotes the measurement procedure, 8:00 a.m. to 11:00 p.m. Monday through Friday, excluding national holidays, for the determination of busy hour minutes of capacity.

Balance (100 Type) Test Line

Denotes an arrangement in an end office which provides for balance and noise testing.

Issued: March 21, 1994 Effective: April 30, 1994

Access Services Tariff
Section 2
7th Revised Sheet 58
Replacing 6th Revised Sheet 58

ACCESS SERVICES

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GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

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MISSOURI Public Service Commission

Attenuation Distortion

Denotes the difference in loss at specified frequencies relative to the loss at 1004 Hz, unless otherwise specified.

Average Account Life

Denotes the depreciation life prescribed by the Federal Communications Commission for each class of telephone plant.

Balance (100 Type) Test Line

Denotes an arrangement in an end office which provides for balance and noise testing.

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Issued: MAR 0 7 1994

Effective:

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Access Services Tariff Section 2 6th Revised Sheet 58 Replacing 5th Revised Sheet 58

ACCESS SERVICES

GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

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Alternate Billing Service

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Denotes a term for a service that provides the medical storage commission to bill calls to an account not necessarily associated with the originating line.

Annual Underutilization Liability

Denotes a per unit amount which may be billed annually if fewer services are in use utilizing specially constructed facilities at filed tariff rates than were originally specially constructed.

Answer/Disconnect Supervision

Denotes the transmission of the switch trunk equipment supervisory signal (off-hook or on-hook) to the customer's point of termination as an indication that the called party has answered or disconnected. CANCELLED

Area of Service (AOS)

Denotes the geographical area from which an 800 subscriber camppequivilg94 Public Service Commission calls dialed to the subscriber's 800 number.

Assumed Average Access Minutes

MISSOURI Denotes the usage that will be billed each month to IC's for FGA, FGB, BSA-A or BSA-B access arrangements served from Telephone Company serving end offices where actual recorded minutes of use are not available.

Attenuation Distortion

Denotes the difference in loss at specified frequencies relative to the loss at 1004 Hz, unless otherwise specified.

Average Account Life

Denotes the depreciation life prescribed by the Federal Communications Commission for each class of telephone plant.

Balance (100 Type) Test Line

Denotes an arrangement in an end office which provides for balance of 1823 and noise testing.

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Access Services Tariff Section 2 5th Revised Sheet 58 Replacing 4th Revised Sheet 58 RECEIVED

ACCESS SERVICES

GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

MAR 13 1993

2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

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Annual Underutilization Liability

Denotes a per unit amount which may be billed annually if fewer services are in use utilizing specially constructed facilities at filed tariff rates than were originally specially constructed.

Answer/Disconnect Supervision

Denotes the transmission of the switch trunk equipment supervisory signal (off-hook or on-hook) to the customer's point of termination as an indication that the called party has answered or disconnected.

(TA) Area of Service (AOS)

> Denotes the geographical area from which an 800 subscriber can receive calls dialed to the subscriber's 800 number.

Assumed Average Access Minutes

Denotes the usage that will be billed each month to IC's for FGA, FGB, BSA-A or BSA-B access arrangements served from Telephone Company serving end offices where actual recorded minutes of use are not available.

Attenuation Distortion

Denotes the difference in loss at specified frequencies relative to the loss at 1004 Hz, unless otherwise specified.

Average Account Life

Denotes the depreciation life prescribed by the Federal Communications CANCELED Commission for each class of telephone plant.

Balance (100 Type) Test Line

Denotes an arrangement in an end office which provides for balance R. Public Service Commission and noise testing. MISSOURI

Basic Service Element

Denotes an unbundled service option available only with Basic Serving Arrangements.

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Issued: MAR 2 2 1993

Effective: MAY - 1 1993

M. NEWS STEEL By A. D. ROBERTSON, Assistant Vice President-External Affairs Southwestern Bell Telephone Company St. Louis, Missouri

Access Services Tariff Section 2 4th Revised Sheet 58 Replacing 3rd Revision 58

ACCESS SERVICES

GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

MAR 29 1993

2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

MISSOURI **Public Service Commission**

Annual Underutilization Liability

Denotes a per unit amount which may be billed annually if fewer services are in use utilizing specially constructed facilities at filed tariff rates than were originally specially constructed.

Answer/Disconnect Supervision

Denotes the transmission of the switch trunk equipment supervisory signal (off-hook or on-hook) to the customer's point of termination as an indication that the called party has answered or disconnected.

Assumed Average Access Minutes

Denotes the usage that will be billed each month to IC's for FGA, FGB, (TA) BSA-A or BSA-B access arrangements served from Telephone Company serving end offices where actual recorded minutes of use are not available.

Attenuation Distortion

Denotes the difference in loss at specified frequencies relative to the loss at 1004 Hz, unless otherwise specified. CANCELLED

Average Account Life

Denotes the depreciation life prescribed by the Federal Communication 1893 to Commission for each class of telephone plant.

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Balance (100 Type) Test Line

Denotes an arrangement in an end office which provides for balance and noise testing.

(AT) Basic Service Element

Denotes an unbundled service option available only with Basic Serving Arrangements.

Basic Serving Arrangement

Denotes a category of Switched Access Service differentiated by technical characteristics, e.g., line vs. trunk side connection at the Telephone Company entry switch. Company entry switch.

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Issued: MAR 2 6 1993

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Access Services Tariff Section 2 3rd Revised Sheet 58 Replacing 2nd Revised Sheet 58

ACCESS SERVICES

2. GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

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2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

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Annual Underutilization Liability

MISSOURI

while Service Commission Denotes a per unit amount which may be billed annually if fewer services are in use utilizing specially constructed facilities at filed tariff rates than were originally specially constructed.

Answer/Disconnect Supervision

Denotes the transmission of the switch trunk equipment supervisory signal (off-hook or on-hook) to the customer's point of termination as an indication that the called party has answered or disconnected.

Assumed Average Access Minutes

Denotes the usage that will be billed each month to IC's for Feature Group A or B access arrangements served from Telephone Company serving end offices where actual recorded minutes of use are not available.

Attenuation Distortion

Denotes the difference in loss at specified frequencies relative to the loss at 1004 Hz, unless otherwise specified.

Average Account Life

Denotes the depreciation life prescribed by the Federal Communications Commission for each class of telephone plant.

Balance (100 Type) Test Line

Denotes an arrangement in an end office which provides for R.S. and noise testing **Public Service Commission** and noise testing. MISSOURI

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Billing Account Number (BAN)

A code that identifies the customer's billing account to which Access Services are billed.

Bit

Denotes the smallest unit of information in the binary system of notation.

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Issued: AUG 0 9 1991

Effective: SEP 3 0 1991

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Access Services Tariff Section 2 2nd Revised Sheet 58 Replacing 1st Revised Sheet 58

ACCESS SERVICES

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GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

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2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

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Answer/Disconnect Supervision

MISSOURI Public Service Commission

Denotes the transmission of the switch trunk equipment supervisory signal (off-hook or on-hook) to the customer's point of termination as an indication that the called party has answered or disconnected.

Assumed Average Access Minutes

Denotes the usage that will be billed each month to IC's for Feature Group A or B access arrangements served from Telephone Company serving end offices where actual recorded minutes of use are not available.

Attenuation Distortion

Denotes the difference in loss at specified frequencies relative to the loss at 1004 Hz, unless otherwise specified.

Average Account Life

Denotes the depreciation life prescribed by the Federal Communications Commission for each class of telephone plant.

Balance (100 Type) Test Line

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Denotes an arrangement in an end office which provides for balance SEP 3 0 1991 BY 34 R.S. 58 and noise testing.

Bit

Public Service Commission MISSOURI

Denotes the smallest unit of information in the binary system of notation.

Building

The term "same building" is to be interpreted to mean a structure under one roof or two or more structures on one premises which are connected by an enclosed or covered passageway. In no case can conduit be considered as an enclosed passageway nor buildings connected by a covered public mall be the "same building."

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JAN 20 1988 Issued:

Effective: FEB 19 19 Public Service Commission

Access Services Tariff Section 2 1st Revised Sheet 58 Replacing Original Sheet 58

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ACCESS SERVICES

GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

Assumed Average Access Minutes

Public Service Commission Denotes the usage that will be billed each month to IG-s-for-Feature Group A or B access arrangements served from Telephone Company serving end offices where actual recorded minutes of use are not available.

Attenuation Distortion

Denotes the difference in loss at specified frequencies relative to the loss at 1004 Hz, unless otherwise specified.

(RT) (AT) Average Account Life

> Denotes the depreciation life prescribed by the Missouri Public Service Commission and/or the Federal Communications Commission for each class of telephone plant. CANCELLED

Balance (100 Type) Test Line

Denotes an arrangement in an end office which provides for bala and noise testing. Public Service Commission

Bit

Denotes the smallest unit of information in the binary system of notation.

Building

The term "same building" is to be interpreted to mean a structure under one roof or two or more structures on one premises which are connected by an enclosed or covered passageway. In no case can conduit be considered as an enclosed passageway nor buildings con nected by a covered public mall be the "same building."

Issued: JUN 27 1986

Effective:

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Access Services Tariff Section 2 Original Sheet \$82

ACCESS SERVICES

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GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

Assumed Average Access Minutes

Denotes the usage that will be billed each month to IC's for Feature Group A or B access arrangements served from Telephone Company serving end offices where actual recorded minutes of use are not available.

Attenuation Distortion

Denotes the difference in loss at specified frequencies relative to the loss at 1004 Hz, unless otherwise specified.

Average Business Day (ABD)

Denotes 8:00 a.m. to 11:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding national holidays.

Balance (100 Type) Test Line

Denotes an arrangement in an end office which provides for balance and noise testing.

Bit

Denotes the smallest unit of information in the binary system of notation.

Building

The term "same building" is to be interpreted to mean a structure under one roof or two or more structures on one premises which are connected by an enclosed or covered passageway. In no case can conduit be considered as an enclosed passageway nor buildings connected by a covered public mall be the same building."

Busy Hour Minutes of Capacity (BHMC)

Denotes the average of the highest 86 ime consistent hour of usage during the highest 20 consecutive business day period during a calendar year.

Call

JAN - 1 1984 Denotes an IC or End User attempt for which the complete address code (e.g., 0-, 911, or 10 digits) is provided to the serving dial tone 3 -

DEC 29 1983 Issued:

JAN 0 1 1984 Effective:

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No supplement to this tariff will be issued except for the purpose of canceling this tariff. Access Services Tariff
Section 2
4th Revised Sheet 58.01
Replacing 3rd Revised Sheet 58.01

ACCESS SERVICES

2. GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

(MT) Basic Service Element

(MT) Denotes an unbundled service option available only with Basic Serving Arrangements.

Basic Serving Arrangement

Denotes a category of Switched Access Service differentiated by technical characteristics, e.g., line vs. trunk side connection at the Telephone Company entry switch.

(AT) Billed Number Screening (BNS)

Denotes a process which utilizes a data base to determine specific characteristics and/or customer preferences on a billed line number. Examples would include, whether or not the line is a public telephone and whether the billed customer associated with the line will accept a collect call.

Billing Account Number (BAN)

A code that identifies the customer's billing account to which Access Services are billed.

(AT) Billing Clearing House

Denotes a billing and collection service bureau for customers which become members and wish to arrange for the billing and collection of services provided to end users.

Bit

Denotes the smallest unit of information in the binary system of notation.

Building

The term "same building" is to be interpreted to mean a structure under one roof or two or more structures on one premises which are connected by an enclosed or covered passageway. In no case can conduit be considered as an enclosed passageway nor buildings connected by a covered public mall be the "same building."

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Issued: August 18, 1993 Effective: September 30, 1993

Access Services Tariff Section 2 3rd Revised Sheet 58.01 Replacing 2nd Revised Sheet 58.01

ACCESS SERVICES

GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

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2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

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Basic Serving Arrangement

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Denotes a category of Switched Access Service differentiated by technical characteristics, e.g., line vs. trunk side connection at the Telephone Company entry switch.

Billing Account Number (BAN)

A code that identifies the customer's billing account to which Access Services are billed.

Bit

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Denotes the smallest unit of information in the binary system CANCELED

Building

The term "same building" is to be interpreted to mean a starture commenced under one roof or two or more structures on one premises public connected by an enclosed or covered passageway. In no case can record the proceed by the considered as an enclosed passageway nor building. nected by a covered public mall be the "same building."

Business Day

Denotes the times of day that a company is open for business. Generally, in the business community, these are 8:00 or 9:00 a.m. to 5:00 or 6:00 p.m., respectively, with an hour for lunch, Monday through Friday, resulting in a standard forty (40) hour work week. However, Business Day hours for the Telephone Company may vary based on company policy, union contract and location. To determine such hours the Telephone Company should be contacted.

Busy Hour Minutes of Capacity (BHMC)

Denotes the customer specified maximum amount of Switched Access Service and/or Directory Assistance Service access minutes the customer expects to be handled in an end office switch during any hour in an 8:00 a.m. to 11:00 p.m. period for the Feature Group, Basic Serving Arrangement or Directory Assistance Service ordered. This customer furnished BHMC quantity is the input data the Telephone Company uses to determine the number of transmission paths for the Feature Group, Basic Serving Arrangement or Directory Assistance Service ordered.

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Issued: MAR 2 2 1993

Effective: MAY - 1 1993

Access Services Tariff Section 2 2nd Revised Sheet 58.01 Replacing 1st Repised 61.01

ACCESS SERVICES

GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

MAR 29 1993

2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

MISSOURI **Public Service Commission**

Billing Account Number (BAN)

A code that identifies the customer's billing account to which Access Services are billed.

Bit

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Denotes the smallest unit of information in the binary system of MAY 1 1993 # BY 3rd R.S. #5801

Building

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The term "same building" is to be interpreted to mean a structure ISSOURI under one roof or two or more structures on one premises which are connected by an enclosed or covered passageway. In no case can conduit be considered as an enclosed passageway nor buildings connected by a covered public mall be the "same building."

Business Day

Denotes the times of day that a company is open for business. Generally, in the business community, these are 8:00 or 9:00 a.m. to 5:00 or 6:00 p.m., respectively, with an hour for lunch, Monday through Friday, resulting in a standard forty (40) hour work week. However, Business Day hours for the Telephone Company may vary based on company policy, union contract and location. To determine such hours the Telephone Company should be contacted.

Busy Hour Minutes of Capacity (BHMC)

Denotes the customer specified maximum amount of Switched Access Service and/or Directory Assistance Service access minutes the customer expects to be handled in an end office switch during any hour in an 8:00 a.m. to 11:00 p.m. period for the Feature Group, Basic Serving Arrangement or Directory Assistance Service ordered. This customer furnished BHMC quantity is the input data the Telephone Company uses to determine the number of transmission paths for the Feature Group, Basic Serving Arrangement or Directory Assistance Service ordered.

Call

Denotes an IC or End User attempt for which a complete destination code or a Carrier Access Code (e.g., 950-XXXX, 10XXX#, 0-, 00-) is provided in the originating direction or a complete destination code is provided in the terminating direction.

Issued:

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By A. D. ROBERTSON, Assistant Vice President-External Affairs
Southwestern Bell Telephone CompanyUBLIC SERVICE COMM. St. Louis, Missouri

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Access Services Tariff Section 2 1st Revised Sheet 58.01 Replacing Original Sheet 58.01

ACCESS SERVICES

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GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

AUG 9 1991

2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

MISSOURI **Public Service Commission**

(TM) Building

(TM)

The term "same building" is to be interpreted to mean a structure under one roof or two or more structures on one premises which are connected by an enclosed or covered passageway. In no case can conduit be considered as an enclosed passageway nor buildings connected by a covered public mall be the "same building."

Business Day

Denotes the times of day that a company is open for business. Generally, in the business community, these are 8:00 or 9:00 a.m. to 5:00 or 6:00 p.m., respectively, with an hour for lunch, Monday through Friday, resulting in a standard forty (40) hour work week. However, Business Day hours for the Telephone Company may vary based on company policy, union contract and location. To determine such hours the Telephone Company should be contacted.

Busy Hour Minutes of Capacity (BHMC)

Denotes the customer specified maximum amount of Switched Access Service and/or Directory Assistance Service access minutes the customer expects to be handled in an end office switch during any hour in an 8:00 a.m. to 11:00 p.m. period for the Feature Group and/or Directory Assistance Service ordered. This customer furnished BHMC quantity is the input data the Telephone Company uses to determine the number of transmission paths for the Feature Group and/or Directory Assistance Service ordered.

Call

Denotes an IC or End User attempt for which the complete address code (e.g., 0-, 911 or 10 digits) is provided to the serving dial tone office.

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Issued: AUG 0 9 1991

Effective: **SEP 0 0 1991** SEP 3 0 1991

Access Services Tariff Section 2 Original Sheet 58.01

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ACCESS SERVICES

- GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)
- 2.6 Definitions-(Continued)
- (TA) Business Day

Denotes the times of day that a company is open for business Service Commission in the business community, these are 8:00 or 9:00 a.m. to 5:00 or 6:00 p.m., respectively, with an hour for lunch, Monday through Friday, resulting in a standard forty (40) hour work week. However, Business Day hours for the Telephone Company may vary based on company policy, union contract and location. To determine such hours the Telephone Company should be contacted.

- Busy Hour Minutes of Capacity (BHMC) (MT)
- (CT) Denotes the customer specified maximum amount of Switched Access Service and/or Directory Assistance Service access minutes the customer expects to be handled in an end office switch during any hour in an 8:00 a.m. to 11:00 p.m. period for the Feature Group and/or Directory Assistance Service ordered. This customer furnished BHMC quantity is the input data the Telephone Company uses to determine the number of transmission paths for the Feature Group and/or Directory Assistance Service ordered.
- (TM) Call

Denotes an IC or End User attempt for which the complete address code (e.g., 0-, 911 or 10 digits) is provided to the serving dial tone office.

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JUN 27 1986 Issued:

Effective:

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Section 2
2nd Revised Sheet 58.02
Replacing 1st Revised Sheet 58.02

ACCESS SERVICES

2. GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

Business Day

Denotes the times of day that a company is open for business. Generally, in the business community, these are 8:00 or 9:00 a.m. to 5:00 or 6:00 p.m., respectively, with an hour for lunch, Monday through Friday, resulting in a standard forty (40) hour work week. However, Business Day hours for the Telephone Company may vary based on company policy, union contract and location. To determine such hours the Telephone Company should be contacted.

Busy Hour Minutes of Capacity (BHMC)

Denotes the customer specified maximum amount of Switched Access Service and/or Directory Assistance Service access minutes the customer expects—to be handled in an end office switch during any hour in an 8:00 a.m. to 11:00 p.m. period for the Feature Group, Basic Serving Arrangement or Directory Assistance Service ordered. This customer furnished BHMC quantity is the input data the Telephone Company uses to determine the number of transmission paths for the Feature Group, Basic Serving Arrangement or Directory Assistance Service ordered.

<u>Call</u>

Denotes an IC or End User attempt for which a complete destination code or a Carrier Access Code (e.g., 950-XXXX, 101XXXX#, 0-, 00-) is provided in the originating direction or a complete destination code is provided in the terminating direction.

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Access Services Tariff
Section 2
1st Revised Sheet 58.02
Replacing Original Sheet 58.02

ACCESS SERVICES

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GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

AUG 18 1993

2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

MISSOURI Public Service Commission

Business Day

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(MT)

Denotes the times of day that a company is open for business. Generally, in the business community, these are 8:00 or 9:00 a.m. to 5:00 or 6:00 p.m., respectively, with an hour for lunch, Monday through Friday, resulting in a standard forty (40) hour work week. However, Business Day hours for the Telephone Company may vary based on company policy, union contract and location. To determine such hours the Telephone Company should be contacted.

Busy Hour Minutes of Capacity (BHMC)

Denotes the customer specified maximum amount of Switched Access Service and/or Directory Assistance Service access minutes the customer expects to be handled in an end office switch during any hour in an 8:00 a.m. to 11:00 p.m. period for the Feature Group, Basic Serving Arrangement or Directory Assistance Service ordered. This customer furnished BHMC quantity is the input data the Telephone Company uses to determine the number of transmission paths for the Feature Group, Basic Serving Arrangement or Directory Assistance Service ordered.

Call

Denotes an IC or End User attempt for which a complete destination code or a Carrier Access Code (e.g., 950-XXXX, 10XXX#, 0-, 00-) is provided in the originating direction or a complete destination code is provided in the terminating direction.

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MISSOURI Public Service Committee

Issued:

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No supplement to this tariff will be issued except for the purpose of canceling this tariff. Access Services Tariff
Section 2
Original Sheet 58.02

ACCESS SERVICES

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GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

MAR 13 1993

2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

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Call

(MT) Denotes an IC or End User attempt for which a complete destination code or a Carrier Access Code (e.g., 950-XXXX, 10XXX#, 0-, 00-) is provided in the originating direction or a complete destination code is provided in the terminating direction.

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No supplement to this tariff will be issued except for the purpose of canceling this tariff. Access Services Tariff
Section 2

4TH Revised Sheet 59
Replacing 3RD Revised Sheet 59

ACCESS SERVICES

2. GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

Carrier Identification Code (CIC)

Denotes a numeric code that is assigned by Bellcore to long distance carriers for the provisioning of Feature Group B and/or D trunk side Access Service. The numeric code uniquely identifies the carrier.

Carrier or Common Carrier

Denotes any individual, partnership, associations, joint-stock company, trust or corporation engaged for hire in intrastate, interstate or foreign communication by wire or radio.

Carrier Identification Code Parameter (CIP)

Denotes the transmission of the Carrier Identification Code (CIC) to the customer within the Initial

Address Message (IAM) of an originating FGD or BSA-D call.

CCS

Denotes a hundred call seconds, which is a standard unit of traffic load that is equal to 100 seconds of usage or capacity of a group of servers (e.g., trunks).

Central Office

Denotes a local Telephone Company switching system where Telephone Exchange Service customer station loops are terminated for purposes of interconnection to each other and to trunks.

Central Office Prefix

Denotes the first three digits (NXX) of the seven-digit telephone number assigned to an End User's Telephone Exchange Service when dialed on a local basis.

Centralized Automatic Reporting on Trunks (CAROT) Testing

Denotes a type of testing which includes the capacity for measuring operational and transmission parameters.

Issued: **JULY 27, 1999** Effective: **AUGUST 26, 1999**

Access Services Tariff Section 2 3rd Revised Sheet 59 Replacing 2nd Revised Sheet 59

ACCESS SERVICES

2. GENERAL REGULATIONS - (Continued)

AUG 15 1995

2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

Carrier Identification Code (CIC)

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(CT)

Denotes a numeric code that is assigned by Bellcore to long distance carriers for the provisioning of Feature Group B and/or D trunk side Access Service. The numeric code uniquely identifies the carrier.

Carrier or Common Carrier

Denotes any individual, partnership, associations, joint-stock company, trust or corporation engaged for hire in intrastate, interstate or foreign communication by wire or radio.

CCS

Denotes a hundred call seconds, which is a standard unit of traffic load that is equal to 100 seconds of usage or capacity of a group of servers (e.g., trunks).

Central Office

Denotes a local Telephone Company switching system where Telephone Exchange Service customer station loops are terminated for purposes of interconnection to each other and to trunks.

Central Office Prefix

Denotes the first three digits (NXX) of the seven-digit telephone number assigned to an End User's Telephone Exchange Service when dialed on a local basis.

Centralized Automatic Reporting on Trunks (CAROT) Testing

Denotes a type of testing which includes the capacity for measuring operational and transmission parameters.

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Access Services Tariff Section 2 2nd Revised Sheet 59 Replacing 1st Revised Sheet 59

ACCESS SERVICES

GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

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Carrier Identification Code (CIC)

MISSOURI Public Service Commission

The three-digit number that uniquely identifies a carrier. The Carrier Identification Code is indicated by XXX in the Carrier Access Code. The same code applies to an individual carrier throughout the area served by the North American Numbering Plan.

Carrier or Common Carrier

Denotes any individual, partnership, associations, joint-stock company, trust or corporation engaged for hire in intrastate, interstate or foreign communication by wire or radio.

CCS

(TA)

(AT)

Denotes a hundred call seconds, which is a standard unit of traffic load that is equal to 100 seconds of usage or capacity of a group of servers (e.g., trunks).

Central Office

Denotes a local Telephone Company switching system where Telephone Exchange Service customer station loops are terminated for purposes of interconnection to each other and to trunks.

Central Office Prefix

Denotes the first three digits (NXX) of the seven-digit telephone number assigned to an End User's Telephone Exchange Service when dialed on a local basis.

Centralized Automatic Reporting on Trunks (CAROT) Testing

Denotes a type of testing which includes the capacity for measuring opera-CANCELLED tional and transmission parameters.

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Effective: SEP 0 9 1981 FILED

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ACCESS SERVICES

GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

Carrier or Common Carrier

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Denotes any individual, partnership, associations, joint-stock company, trust or corporation engaged for hire in intrastate, interstate or foreign communication by wire or radio.

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CCS

Denotes a hundred call seconds, which is a standard unit Public Service Commission that is equal to 100 seconds of usage or capacity of a group of MASCOURI (e.g., trunks).

Central Office

Denotes a local Telephone Company switching system where Telephone Exchange Service customer station loops are terminated for purposes of interconnection to each other and to trunks.

Central Office Prefix

Denotes the first three digits (NXX) of the seven-digit telephone number assigned to an End User's Telephone Exchange Service when dialed on a local basis.

Centralized Automatic Reporting on Trunks (CAROT) Testing

Denotes a type of testing which includes the capacity for measuring operational and transmission parameters.

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GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

Carrier or Common Carrier

Denotes any individual, partnership, associations, joint-stock company, trust or corporation engaged for hire in intrastate, interstate or foreign communication by wire or radio.

Category I

Denotes the Special Access Services that are equivalent to the services that are defined in the FCC's Rules and Regulations.

Category II

Denotes Special Access Services not covered by the FCC's Rules and Regulations. These services include those access services where protection is incidentally supplied in the normal provision of the service.

Category III

Denotes the Special Access Services that are equivalent to the services that are defined in the FCC's Rules and Regulations.

CCS

CARBELLED Denotes a hundred call seconds, which is a standard unit of traffic load that is equal to 100 seconds of usage or leadacity of a group of servers (e.g., trunks).

Central Office

Denotes a local Telephone Company switching system where Telephone Exchange Service customer station loops are terminated for purposes of interconnection to each other and to trunks.

Central Office Prefix

Denotes the first three digits (NXX) of the seven-digit telephone number assigned to an End User's Telephone Exchange Service when dialed on applocal

Centralized Automatic Reporting on Trunks (CAROT) Testing 83-253

Denotes a type of testing which includes the capacity for measuring operational and transmission parameters.

DEC 2 9 1983 Issued:

Effective: JAN 0 1 1984

Access Services Tariff
Section 2
3rd Revised Sheet 60
Replacing 2nd Revised Sheet 60

ACCESS SERVICES

2. GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

Channel(s)

Denotes an electrical or photonic, in the case of fiber optic based transmission systems, communications path between two or more points of termination or, for DNAL BSAs, between a point of termination and a Telephone Company switch.

Channelize

Denotes the process of multiplexing-demultiplexing wider bandwidth or higher speed channels into narrower bandwidth or lower speed channels.

Channel Service Unit

Denotes equipment which performs one or more of the following functions: termination of a digital facility, regeneration of digital signals, detection and/or correction of signal format errors, and remote loop back.

(AT) <u>Clear Channel Capability</u>

(AT) Denotes the utilization of increased usable bandwidth per facility.

C-Message Noise

Denotes the frequency weighted average noise within an idle voice channel. The frequency weighting, called C-message, is used to simulate the frequency characteristic of the 500-type telephone set and the hearing of the average subscriber.

C-Notched Noise

Denotes the C-message frequency weighted noise on a voice channel with a holding tone, which is removed at the measuring end through a notch (very narrow band) filter.

Issued: October 17, 1994 Effective: November 24, 1994

Access Services Tariff
Section 2
2nd Revised Sheet 60
Replacing 1st Revised Sheet 60

ACCESS SERVICES

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2. GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

MAR 29 1993

2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

MISSOURI Public Service Commission

Channel(s)

Denotes an electrical or photonic, in the case of fiber optic based transmission systems, communications path between two or more points

(AT) of termination or, for DNAL BSAs, between a point of termination and a

(AT) Telephone Company switch.

Channelize

Denotes the process of multiplexing-demultiplexing wider bandwidth or higher speed channels into narrower bandwidth or lower speed channels.

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C-Notched Noise

Denotes the C-message frequency weighted noise on a voice channel with a holding tone, which is removed at the measuring end through a notch (very narrow band) filter.

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Effective:

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Access Services Tariff
Section 2
1st Revised Sheet 60
Replacing Original Sheet 60

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ACCESS SERVICES

- GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)
- 2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

Channel(s)

Denotes an electrical or photonic, in the case of fiber optical minission transmission systems, communications path between two or more points of termination.

Channelize

- (CT) Denotes the process of multiplexing-demultiplexing wider bandwidth or higher speed channels into narrower bandwidth or lower speed channels.
- (AT) Channel Service Unit

Denotes equipment which performs one or more of the following functions: termination of a digital facility, regeneration of digital signals, detection and/or correction of signal format errors, and remote loop back.

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C-Message Noise

Denotes the frequency weighted average noise within an idle voice of R.S. to channel. The frequency weighting, called C-message, is used by simulate the frequency characteristic of the 500-type to the service Commission and the hearing of the average subscriber.

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C-Notched Noise

Denotes the C-message frequency weighted noise on a voice channel with a holding tone, which is removed at the measuring end through a notch (very narrow band) filter.

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Issued:

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Effective:

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Original Sheet 60

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Access Services Tariff

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MISSOURI Public Service Commission

ACCESS SERVICES

- GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)
 - 2.6 Definitions~(Continued)

Channel(s)

Denotes an electrical or photonic, in the case of fiber optic based transmission systems, communications path between two or more points of termination.

Channelize

Denotes the process of multiplexing-demultiplexing voice channels using analog or digital techniques.

C-Message Noise

Denotes the frequency weighted average noise within an idle voice channel. The frequency weighting, called C-message, is used to simulate the frequency characteristic of the 500-type telephone set and the hearing of the average subscriber.

C-Notched Noise

Denotes the C-message frequency weighted noise on a voice channel with a holding tone, which is removed at the measuring end through a notch (very narrow band) filter.

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Issued: DEC 2 9 1983 Effective:

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Access Services Tariff
Section 2
5th Revised Sheet 61
Replacing 4th Revised Sheet 61

ACCESS SERVICES

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GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

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2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

MISSOURI
Public Service Commission

Coin Station

Denotes a location where Telephone Company equipment is provided in a public or semi-public place where Telephone Company customers can originate telephonic communications and pay the applicable charges by inserting coins into the equipment.

Common Channel Signaling (CCS)

Denotes a high speed packet switched communications network which is separate (out of band) from the public packet switched and message networks. Its purpose is to carry addressed signaling messages for individual trunk circuits and/or data base related services between Signaling Points in the CCS network.

Common Line

Denotes a line, trunk, pay telephone line or other facility provided under the General and/or Local Exchange Service Tariffs of the Telephone Company, terminated on a central office switch and which may be used to make and receive exchange service calls, intrastate message service calls or interstate message service calls no matter if the customer causes the line, trunk or facility to be arranged to prohibit any type of calls to be made or received. A common line-residence is a line or trunk provided under the residence regulations of the General and/or Local Exchange Service Tariffs. A common line business is a line provided under the business regulations of the General and/or Local Exchange Service Tariffs.

Communications System

Denotes channels and other facilities which are capable, when not connected to the Telecommunications Network, of two-way communications between customer-provided terminal equipment.

Connecting Facility Assignment (CFA)

A code that identifies the Exchange Company carrier system and channel to be used from a Wide Band Analog or a High Capacity Facility.

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Issued: FEB 1 8 1994

Effective:

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By M. H. SCHULTEIS, Division Manager-Regulatory & Industry Reservice Commission Southwestern Bell Telephone Company
St. Louis, Missouri

Access Services Tariff Section 2 4th Revised Sheet 61 Replacing 3rd Revised Sheet 61

ACCESS SERVICES

GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

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2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

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Coin Station

Denotes a location where Telephone Company equipment is provided in a public or semi-public place where Telephone Company customers can originate telephonic communications and pay the applicable charges by inserting coins into the equipment.

Common Channel Signaling (CCS) (AT)

> Denotes a high speed packet switched communications network which is separate (out of band) from the public packet switched and message networks. Its purpose is to carry addressed signaling messagesANGELLED individual trunk circuits and/or data base related services between Signaling Points in the CCS network. MAR 201994

Common Line

Denotes a line, trunk, pay telephone line or other facility Dropides Commission under the General and/or Local Exchange Service Tariffs of under PETESSOURI phone Company, terminated on a central office switch and which may be used to make and receive exchange service calls, intrastate message service calls or interstate message service calls no matter if the customer causes the line, trunk or facility to be arranged to prohibit any type of calls to be made or received. A common line-residence is a line or trunk provided under the residence regulations of the General and/or Local Exchange Service Tariffs. A common line business is a line provided under the business regulations of the General and/or Local Exchange Service Tariffs.

Communications System

Denotes channels and other facilities which are capable, when not connected to the Telecommunications Network, of two-way communications between customer-provided terminal equipment.

Customer

Denotes any Interexchange Carrier, Local Exchange Carrier, or Enhanced Service Provider which subscribes to the services offered under this Tariff to provide intrastate telecommunication services or telecommunication related services for hire.

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Issued: MAY 1 3 1992 Effective

Access Services Tariff
Section 2
3rd Revised Sheet 61
Replacing 2nd Revised Sheet 61

ACCESS SERVICES

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2. GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

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2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

Coin Station

MO. PUBLIC SERVICE COMM.

Denotes a location where Telephone Company equipment is provided in a public or semi-public place where Telephone Company customers can originate telephonic communications and pay the applicable charges by inserting coins into the equipment.

Common Line

Denotes a line, trunk, pay telephone line or other facility provided under the General and/or Local Exchange Service Tariffs of the Telephone Company, terminated on a central office switch and which may be used to make and receive exchange service calls, intrastate message service calls or interstate message service calls no matter if the customer causes the line, trunk or facility to be arranged to prohibit any type of calls to be made or received. A common line-residence is a line or trunk provided under the residence regulations of the General and/or Local Exchange Service Tariffs. A common line business is a line provided under the business regulations of the General and/or Local Exchange Service Tariffs.

Communications System

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Denotes channels and other facilities which are capable, when no Vode 1992 nected to the Telecommunications Network, of two-way communications of tw

Customer

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MISSOURI

Denotes any Interexchange Carrier, Local Exchange Carrier, or Enhanced Service Provider which subscribes to the services offered under this Tariff to provide intrastate telecommunication services or telecommunication related services for hire.

Customer Circuit Reference (CKR)

A circuit number or range of circuit numbers assigned, administered and utilized by the customer as a cross-reference to the Telephone Company's circuit numbers.

Data Transmission (107-Type) Test Line

Denotes an arrangement which provides for a connection to a signal source which provides test signals for one-way testing of data and voice transmission parameters.

Issued: NOV 2 1 1991

FEB 1 2 1992

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By R. D. BARRON, President-Missouri Division Southwestern Bell Telephone Company St. Louis, Missouri

Access Services Tariff Section 2 2nd Revised Sheet 61 Replacing 1st Revised Sheet 61

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GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

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2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

Coin Station

MISSOURI Public Service Commission

Denotes a location where Telephone Company equipment is provided in a public or semi-public place where Telephone Company customers can originate telephonic communications and pay the applicable charges by inserting coins into the equipment.

Common Line

Denotes a line, trunk, pay telephone line or other facility provided under the General and/or Local Exchange Service Tariffs of the Telephone Company, terminated on a central office switch and which may be used to make and receive exchange service calls, intrastate message service calls or interstate message service calls no matter if the customer causes the line, trunk or facility to be arranged to prohibit any type of calls to be made or received. A common line-residence is a line or trunk provided under the residence regulations of the General and/or Local Exchange Service Tariffs. A common line business is a line provided under the business regulations of the General and/or Local Exchange Service Tariffs.

Communications System

Denotes channels and other facilities which are capable, when not connected to the Telecommunications Network, of two-way communications between customer-provided terminal equipment.

Customer

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Customer Circuit Reference (CKR)

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A circuit number or range of circuit numbers assigned, adminitional administration and administration and administration and administration administration and administration administration and administration and administration and administration and administration administration administration administration administration administration administration and administration admi utilized by the customer as a cross-reference to the Telephone Company's circuit numbers.

Data Transmission (107-Type) Test Line

Denotes an arrangement which provides for a connection to a signal source which provides test signals for one-way testing of data and voice transmission parameters.

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Effective:

Access Services Tariff Section 2 1st Revised Sheet 61 Replacing Original Sheet 61

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ACCESS SERVICES

GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

Coin Station

Denotes a location where Telephone Company equipment is up to vide Commission in a public or semipublic place where Telephone Company customers can originate telephonic communications and pay the applicable charges by inserting coins into the equipment.

Common Line

Denotes a line, trunk, pay telephone line or other facility provided under the General and/or Local Exchange Service Tariffs of the Telephone Company, terminated on a central office switch and which may be used to make and receive exchange service calls, intrastate message service calls or interstate message service calls no matter if the customer causes the line, trunk or facility to be arranged to prohibit any type of calls to be made or received. A common line-residence is a line or trunk provided under the residence regulations of the General and/or Local Exchange Service Tariffs. A common line business is a line provided under the business regulations of the General and/or Local Exchange Service Tariffs.

Communications System

Denotes channels and other facilities which are capable, when not con 1991 nected to the Telecommunications Network, of two-way communications 2 R.S. 6/ between customer-provided terminal equipment. Public Service Commission

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Data Transmission (107-Type) Test Line

Denotes an arrangement which provides for a connection to a signal source which provides test signals for one-way testing of data and voice transmission parameters.

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ACCESS SERVICES

- 2. GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)
 - 2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

Coin Station

Denotes a location where Telephone Company equipment is provided in a public or semipublic place where Telephone Company customers can originate telephonic communications and pay the applicable charges by inserting coins into the equipment.

Common Line

Denotes a line, trunk, pay telephone line or other facility provided under the General and/or Local Exchange Service Tariffs of the Telephone Company, terminated on a central office switch and which may be used to make and receive exchange service calls, intrastate message service calls or interstate message service calls no matter if the customer causes the line, trunk or facility to be arranged to prohibit any type of calls to be made or received. A common line-residence is a line or trunk provided under the residence regulations of the General and/or Local Exchange Service Tariffs. A common line business is a line provided under the business regulations of the General and/or Local Exchange Service Tariffs.

Communications System

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Data Transmission (107-Type) Test Line

Denotes an arrangement which provides for a connection to a signal source which provides test signals for one-way testing of data and voice transmission parameters.

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BY JOLK S # 161
PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
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Issued: DEC 29 1983

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No supplement to this tariff will be issued except for the purpose of canceling this tariff. Access Services Tariff
Section 2
1st Revised Sheet 61.01
Replacing Original Sheet 61.01

ACCESS SERVICES

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GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

MAR 77 1994

2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

MISSOURI Public Service Commission

Customer

Denotes any Interexchange Carrier, Local Exchange Carrier, or Enhanced Service Provider which subscribes to the services offered under this Tariff to provide intrastate telecommunication services or telecommunication related services for hire.

Customer Carrier Name Abbreviation (CCNA)

Denotes a three alpha character code that identifies the Access customer submitting the Access Order and receiving confirmation of the Order.

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Issued: MAR 2 1 1994

Effective:

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Access Services Tariff Section 2 Original Sheet 61.01

ACCESS SERVICES

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GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

FFB 17 1994

2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

MISSOURI Public Service Commission

Customer

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Denotes any Interexchange Carrier, Local Exchange Carrier, or Enhanced Service Provider which subscribes to the services offered under this Tariff to provide intrastate telecommunication services or telecommunication related services for hire.

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Public Service Commission

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Issued: FEB 1 8 1994

Effective: MAR 2 0 1994

Access Services Tariff
Section 2
3rd Revised Sheet 62
Replacing 2nd Revised Sheet 62

ACCESS SERVICES

2. GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

2.6 Definitions-(Continued)



Customer Circuit Reference (CKR)

A circuit number or range of circuit numbers assigned, administered and utilized by the customer as a cross-reference to the Telephone Company's circuit numbers.



Customer Signaling Point Code (CSPC)

Denotes a code that identifies the customer's signaling point in the CCS network.



Data Transmission (107-Type) Test Line

Denotes an arrangement which provides for a connection to a signal source which provides test signals for one-way testing of data and voice transmission parameters.

Decibel (dB)

Denotes a unit used to express relative difference in power, usually between acoustic or electric signals, equal to ten (10) times the common logarithm of the ratio of two signal powers.

Decibel Reference Noise C-Message Weighting

Denotes noise power measurements with C-Message weighting in decibels relative to a reference 1000 Hz tone of 90 dB below 1 milliwatt.

Decibel Reference Noise C-Message Referenced to 0

Denotes noise power in "Decibel Reference Noise C-Message Weighting" referred to or measured at a zero transmission level point.

Demarcation Point

Denotes the point (referred to as a Demarc Point or Network Interface) of interconnection between the Telephone Company's facilities and the wiring at the subscriber's premises. The Demarc Point shall consist of wire or a jack conforming to Subpart F of Part 68 of the Federal Communications Commission's Rules and Regulations. The Demarc Point will generally be within twelve inches of the protector or, absent a protector within twelve inches of the entry point to the customer's premises. If conforming to the

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Issued: May 13, 1992 Effective: November 16, 1992

Access Services Tariff
Section 2
2nd Revised Sheet 62
Replacing 1st Revised Sheet 62

ACCESS SERVICES

GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

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2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

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Decibel (dB)

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Public Service Commission Denotes a unit used to express relative difference in power, usually between acoustic or electric signals, equal to ten (10) times the common logarithm of the ratio of two signal powers.

Decibel Reference Noise C-Message Weighting

Denotes noise power measurements with C-Message weighting in decibels relative to a reference 1000 Hz tone of 90 dB below 1 milliwa CANCELLED

Decibel Reference Noise C-Message Referenced to 0

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Denotes noise power in "Decibel Reference Noise C-Message Weighting" R.S. #62 referred to or measured at a zero transmission level pointubile Service Commission

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(AT) <u>Demarcation Point</u>

Denotes the point (referred to as a Demarc Point or Network Interface) of interconnection between the Telephone Company's facilities and the wiring at the subscriber's premises. The Demarc Point shall consist of wire or a jack conforming to Subpart F of Part 68 of the Federal Communications Commission's Rules and Regulations. The Demarc Point will generally be within twelve inches of the protector or, absent a protector within twelve inches of the entry point to the customer's premises. If conforming to the twelve inches is unrealistic or technically impossible, the Demarc Point will be the most practical minimum point of entry to the customer's premises.

The network interface may be located at a point other than the normal demarcation point where the network interface is already established by the presence of network equipment with the effective date of this tariff. For multiunit structures (e.g., apartments, college campuses, shopping centers) the structure owner shall make the final decision on whether the structure shall be treated as a multipremise structure with one demarcation point per premise or, as a single premise with one demarcation point for the entire structure. The structure owner shall have the option of having the demarcation point placed at a location other than that determined by the Telephone Company provided the structure owner pays any additional construction costs and such location is consistent with the minimum point of entry standard.

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Access Services Tariff Section 2 1st Revised Sheet 62 Replacing Original Sheet 62

ACCESS SERVICES

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GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

Decibel (dB)

Denotes a unit used to express relative difference in power, usually between acoustic or electric signals, equal to ten (10) times the relative Commission common logarithm of the ratio of two signal powers.

Decibel Reference Noise C-Message Weighting

Denotes noise power measurements with C-Message weighting in decibels relative to a reference 1000 Hz tone of 90 dB below 1 milliwatt.

Decibel Reference Noise C-Message Referenced to O

Denotes noise power in "Decibel Reference Noise C-Message Weighting referred to or measured at a zero transmission level point. CANCELLED

Detail Billing

MAY 9 - 1992 Denotes the listing of each message and/or rate element for which shargesrto an IC or End User are due on a bill prepared by the Telephone Company.

Directory Assistance

Denotes the provision of access to a Directory Assistance location and a Telephone Company Directory Assistance operator.

(AT) Directory Assistance Location

The term Directory Assistance Location denotes a Telephone Company office where Telephone Company equipment first receives the Directory Assistance call from a customer's end user and selects the first operator position to respond to the Directory Assistance call.

Dual Tone Multifrequency Address Signaling

Denotes a type of signaling that is an optional feature of Switched Access Feature Group A. It may be utilized when Feature Group A is (CT) being used in the terminating direction (from the point of termination with the IC to the local exchange end office). An office arranged for Dual Tone Multifrequency Signaling would expect to receive address

Echo Control

Denotes the control of reflected signals in a telephone transmission path.

Echo Path Loss (EPL)

Denotes the measure of reflected signal at a 4-wire point of interface without regard to the send and receive Transmission Level Point (TLP).

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Issued:

Effective:

1 1986 JUN 27 1986
By R. D. BARRON, President-Missouri Division Southwestern Bell Telephone Company St. Louis, Missouri

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Section 2
1st Revised Sheet 62.01
Replacing Original Sheet 62.01

ACCESS SERVICES

2. GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

(MT) <u>Demarcation Point</u>-(Continued)

twelve inches is unrealistic or technically impossible, the Demarc Point will be the most practical minimum point of entry to the customer's premises.

The network interface may be located at a point other than the normal demarcation point where the network interface is already established by the presence of network equipment with the effective date of this tariff. For multiunit structures (e.g., apartments, college campuses, shopping centers) the structure owner shall make the final decision on whether the structure shall be treated as a multipremise structure with one demarcation point per premise or, as a single premise with one demarcation point for the entire structure. The structure owner shall have the option of having the demarcation point placed at a location other than that determined by the Telephone Company provided the structure owner pays any additional construction costs and such location is consistent with the minimum point of entry standard.

With regard to premises for any structure that is built to be mobile (e.g., mobile homes, recreational vehicles), the Telephone Company may place the Demarc Point on a post or pole at or near the pad where such structure is intended to rest. Boat docks and similar premises may be treated by the Telephone Company as single unit premises, with the Demarc Point being placed on the shore.

Detail Billing

Denotes the listing of each message and/or rate element for which charges to an IC or End User are due on a bill prepared by the Telephone Company.

Directory Assistance

Denotes the provision of access to a Directory Assistance location and a Telephone Company Directory Assistance operator.

Directory Assistance Location

The term Directory Assistance Location denotes a Telephone Company office where Telephone Company equipment first receives the Directory Assistance call from a customer's end user and selects the first operator position to respond to the Directory Assistance call.

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Issued: May 13, 1992 Effective: November 16, 1992

Access Services Tariff Section 2 Original Sheet 62.01

ACCESS SERVICES

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GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

DEC 9 1991

2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

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Public Service Commission With regard to premises for any structure that is built to be mobile (e.g., mobile homes, recreational vehicles), the Telephone Company may place the Demarc Point on a post or pole at or near the pad where such structure is intended to rest. Boat docks and similar premises may be treated by the Telephone Company as single unit premises, with the Demarc Point being placed on the shore.

(MT) Detail Billing

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Denotes the listing of each message and/or rate element for which charges to an IC or End User are due on a bill prepared by the Telephone Company.

Directory Assistance

Denotes the provision of access to a Directory Assistance location and a Telephone Company Directory Assistance operator. NOV 16 1992

Directory Assistance Location

BY 101 R.5 \$62.01

The term Directory Assistance Location denotes a Telephone Company office where Telephone Company equipment first receives the Directory Assistance call from a customer's end user and selects the first operator position to respond to the Directory Assistance call.

Dual Tone Multifrequency Address Signaling

Denotes a type of signaling that is an optional feature of Switched Access Peature Group A. It may be utilized when Peature Group A being used in the terminating direction (from the point of termination with the IC to the local exchange end office). An office arranged for Dual Tone Multifrequency Signaling would expect to receive address signals from the IC in the form of Dual Tone Multifrequency signals.

Echo Control

Denotes the control of reflected signals in a telephone transmission path.

Echo Path Loss (EPL)

Denotes the measure of reflected signal at a 4-wire point of interface without regard to the send and receive Transmission Level Point

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Effective: MAY - 9 1992

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No supplement to this tariff will be issued except for the purpose of canceling this tariff. Access Services Tariff
Section 2
1st Revised Sheet 62.02
Replacing Original Sheet 62.02

ACCESS SERVICES

2. GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

Dual Tone Multifrequency Address Signaling

Denotes a type of signaling that is an optional feature of Switched Access FGA and BSA-A. It may be utilized when FGA or BSA-A is being used in the terminating direction (from the point of termination with the IC to the local exchange end office). An office arranged for Dual Tone Multifrequency Signaling would expect to receive address signals from the IC in the form of Dual Tone Multifrequency signals.

Echo Control

Denotes the control of reflected signals in a telephone transmission path.

Echo Path Loss (EPL)

Denotes the measure of reflected signal at a 4-wire point of interface without regard to the send and receive Transmission Level Point (TLP).

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Access Services Tariff Section 2 Original Sheet 62.02

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ACCESS SERVICES

GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

Dual Tone Multifrequency Address Signaling

Denotes a type of signaling that is an optional feature of Switched Access FGA. It may be utilized when FGA is being used in the terminating direction (from the point of termination with the IC to the local exchange end office). An office arranged for Dual Tone Multifrequency Signaling would expect to receive address signals from the IC in the form of Dual Tone Multifrequency signals.

Echo Control

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Denotes the control of reflected signals in a telephone transmission path.

Echo Path Loss (EPL)

Denotes the measure of reflected signal at a 4-wire point of interface without regard to the send and receive Transmission Level Point (TLP).

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Access Services Tariff Section 2 .. Original Sheet 62

ACCESS SERVICES

GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

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2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

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Decibel (dB)

Public Service Commission

Denotes a unit used to express relative difference in power, usually between acoustic or electric signals, equal to ten (10) times the common logarithm of the ratio of two signal powers.

Decibel Reference Noise C-Message Weighting

Denotes noise power measurements with C-Message weighting in decibels relative to a reference 1000 Hz tone of 90 dB below I milliwatt.

Decibel Reference Noise C-Message Referenced to O

Denotes noise power in "Decibel Reference Noise C-Message Weighting" referred to or measured at a zero transmission level point.

Detail Billing

Denotes the listing of each message and/or rate element for which charges to an IC or End User are due on a bill prepared by the Telephone Company.

Directory Assistance

Denotes the provision of access to a Directory Assistance location and a Telephone Company Directory Assistance operator.

Dual Tone Multifrequency Address Signaling

Denotes a type of signaling that is an optional feature of Switched Access Feature Group A. It may be utilized when Feature Group A is being used in the terminating direction (from the point of interface with the IC to the local exchange end office). An office arranged for Dual Tone Multifrequency signaling would expect to receive address signals from the IC with the form of Dual Tone Multifrequency signals.

Echo Control

Denotes the control of terred company in a telephone transmission path.

Echo Path Loss (FPI)

PUBLIC SERVICE
OF MISSOURI

Echo Path Loss (EPL)

JUL 1

יים Service Commissio Denotes the measure of reflected signal at a 4-wire point of interface without regard to the send and receive Transmission Level Point (TLP).

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(CT)

No supplement to this tariff will be issued except for the purpose of canceling this tariff. Access Services Tariff
Section 2
3rd Revised Sheet 63
Replacing 2nd Revised Sheet 63

ACCESS SERVICES

2. GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

Echo Return Loss (ERL)

Denotes a frequency weighted measure of return loss over the middle of the voiceband (approximately 500 to 2500 Hz), where talker echo is most annoying.

Effective 2-Wire

Denotes a condition which permits the simultaneous transmission in both directions over a channel, but it is not possible to insure independent information transmission in both directions. Effective 2-wire channels may be terminated with 2-wire or 4-wire interfaces.

Effective 4-Wire

Denotes a condition which permits the simultaneous independent transmission of information in both directions over a channel. The method of implementing effective 4-wire transmission is at the discretion of the Telephone Company (physical, time domain, frequency-domain separation or echo cancellation techniques). Effective 4-wire channels may be terminated with a 2-wire interface at the customer premises. However, when terminated on a 2-wire facility, simultaneous independent transmission cannot be supported because the two wire interface combines the transmission paths into a single path.

End Office Switch

Denotes a local Telephone Company switching system where Telephone Exchange Service customer station loops are terminated for purposes of interconnection to each other and to trunks. Included are Remote Switching Modules (RSM) and Remote Switching Systems (RSS) served by a host office in a different wire center.

End User

Denotes a user of the Telephone Company's local or general exchange services or, of a customer's services, unless it is explicitly set forth elsewhere in this Tariff that an end user may be considered an Access Service customer.

Issued: November 21, 1991 Effective: February 12, 1992

Access Services Tariff
Section 2
2nd Revised Sheet 63
Replacing 1st Revised Sheet 63

ACCESS SERVICES

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GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

SEP 18 1989

2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

MISSOURI

Echo Return Loss (ERL)

Public Service Commission

Denotes a frequency weighted measure of return loss over the middle of the voiceband (approximately 500 to 2500 Hz), where talker echo is most annoying.

Effective 2-Wire

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Effective 4-Wire

Denotes a condition which permits the simultaneous independent transmission of information in both directions over a channel. The method of implementing effective 4-wire transmission is at the discretion of the Telephone Company (physical, time domain, frequency-domain separation or echo cancellation techniques). Effective 4-wire channels may be terminated with a 2-wire interface at the customer premises. However, when terminated on a 2-wire facility, simultaneous independent transmission cannot be supported because the two wire interface combines the transmission into a single path.

End Office Switch

FEB 12 1992 BY 3 R.S. 63

Denotes a local Telephone Company switching system where Telephone ervice Commission. Exchange Service customer station loops are terminated for purposed ISSOURI of interconnection to each other and to trunks. Included are Remote Switching Modules (RSM) and Remote Switching Systems (RSS) served by a host office in a different wire center.

End User

Denotes any customer of an intrastate, interstate or foreign telecommunications service that is not a carrier, except that a carrier shall be deemed to be an "end user" to the extent that such carrier uses a telecommunications service for administrative purposes, without making such service available to others, directly or indirectly.

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By R. D. BARRON, President-Missouri Division Southwestern Bell Telephone Company St. Louis, Missouri

OCT 3 1 1989

(CT)

Access Services Tariff
Section 2
1st Revised Sheet 63
Replacing Original Sheet 63

ACCESS SERVICES

- GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)
- 2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

Echo Return Loss (ERL)

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Denotes a frequency weighted measure of return loss over the middlen mission of the voiceband (approximately 500 to 2500 Hz), where talker echo is most annoying.

Effective 2-Wire

Denotes a condition which permits the simultaneous transmission in both directions over a channel, but it is not possible to insure independent information transmission in both directions. Effective 2-wire channels may be terminated with 2-wire or 4-wire interfaces.

Effective 4-Wire

Denotes a condition which permits the simultaneous independent transmission of information in both directions over a channel. The method of implementing effective 4-wire transmission is at the discretion of the Telephone Company (physical, time domain, frequency-domain separation or echo cancellation techniques). Effective 4-wire channels may be terminated with a 2-wire interface at the customer premises. However, when terminated 2-wire, simultaneous independent transmission cannot be supported because the two wire interface combines the transmission paths into a single path CANCELLED

End Office Switch

OCT 31 1989

Denotes a local Telephone Company switching system where Telephone Znd R.S. *63
Exchange Service customer station loops are terminated for Tundiesservice Commission of interconnection to each other and to trunks. Included are Remote Commission Switching Modules (RSM) and Remote Switching Systems (RSS) served by SSOUR! a host office in a different wire center.

End User

(CT)

Denotes any customer of an intrastate, interstate or foreign telecommunications service that is not a carrier, except that a carrier shall be deemed to be an "end user" to the extent that such carrier uses a telecommunications service for administrative purposes, without making such service available to others, directly or indrectly.

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Public Service Commission

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JUL 1 1986

Access Services Tariff Section 2 Original Sheet 63

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LUSSOURI Public Service Commission

ACCESS SERVICES

GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

Echo Return Loss (ERL)

Denotes a frequency weighted measure of return loss over the middle of the voiceband (approximately 500 to 2500 Hz), where talker echo is most annoying.

Effective 2-Wire

Denotes a condition which permits the simultaneous transmission in both directions over a channel, but it is not possible to insure independent information transmission in both directions. Effective 2-wire channels may be terminated with 2-wire or 4-wire interfaces.

Effective 4-Wire

Denotes a condition which permits the simultaneous independent transmission of information in both directions over a channel. The method of implementing effective 4-wire transmission is at the discretion of the Telephone Company (physical, time domain, frequency-domain separation or echo cancellation techniques). Effective 4-wire channels may be terminated with a 2-wire interface at the End User's premises or central office, but not at the IC facility interface. However, when terminated 2-wire, simultaneous independent transmission cannot be supported.

End Office Switch

Denotes a local Telephone Company switching system where Telephone Exchange Service customer station loops are terminated for purposes of interconnection to each other and to trunks. Included are Remote Switching Modules (RSM) and Remote Switching Systems (RSS) served by a host office in a different wire cent PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

End User

Denotes any individual, partnership, association, corporation, govern-1 1984 mental agency or any other entity which (A) obtains a commoun line, 8:8es 253 a pay telephone or obtains intrastate service arrangements in the Copera Commission ting territory of the Telephone Company, or (B) subscribes to-intrastate service(s) provided by an IC or uses the services of the IC when IC provides intrastate service(s) for its own use.

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JAN 0 1 1984

Access Services Tariff
Section 2
1st Revised Sheet 63.01
Replacing Original Sheet 63.01

ACCESS SERVICES

2. GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

Enhanced Service Provider (ESP)

Denotes a provider of telecommunication related services to its patrons, offered over the Telephone Company transmission facilities, which employ computer processing applications that act on the format, content, code, protocol or similar aspects of the patron's transmitted information; provide the patron additional, different or restructured information; or involve patron interaction with stored information.

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(AT)

Entity

Denotes something that exists as a particular and discrete unit (e.g., corporations or subsidiary company).

Access Services Tariff
Section 2
Original Sheet 63.01

ACCESS SERVICES

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GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

NOV 19 1991

2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

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Enhanced Service Provider (ESP)

Denotes a provider of telecommunication related services to its patrons, offered over the Telephone Company transmission facilities, which employ computer processing applications that act on the format, content, code, protocol or similar aspects of the patron's transmitted information; provide the patron additional, different or restructured information; or involve patron interaction with stored information.

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Public Service Commission MISSOURI

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No supplement to this tariff will be issued except for the purpose of canceling this tariff. Access Services Tariff
Section 2
4th Revised Sheet 64
Replacing 3rd Revised Sheet 64

ACCESS SERVICES

2. GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

Entry Switch

See First Point of Switching

Envelope Delay Distortion (EDD)

Denotes a measure of the linearity of the phase versus frequency of a channel.

Equal Level Echo Path Loss (ELEPL)

Denotes the measure of Echo Path Loss (EPL) at a four-wire interface which is corrected by the difference between the send and receive Transmission Level Point (TLP).

Equalized

Denotes a procedure which provides for the component frequencies of the material transmitted having about the same relationship at the two ends of the channel.

Estimated Cost

Denotes all estimated costs that will be incurred in providing a specific case of special construction, including any appropriate taxes.

Exchange

Denotes a unit generally smaller than a Local Access and Transport Area, established by the Telephone Company for the administration of communications service in a specified area which usually embraces a city, town or village and its environs. It consists of one or more central offices together with the associated facilities used in furnishing communications service within that area. One or more designated exchanges comprises a given Local Access and Transport Area.

- (AT) <u>Exchange Company Signaling Point Code (ECSPC)</u>
- (AT) Denotes a code that identifies the Telephone Company's signaling point in the CCS network.

Access Services Tariff
Section 2
3rd Revised Sheet 64
Replacing 2nd Revised Sheet 64

ACCESS SERVICES

GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

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2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

SEP 1 8 1989

Entry Switch

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See First Point of Switching

Public Service Commission

Envelope Delay Distortion (EDD)

Denotes a measure of the linearity of the phase versus frequency of a channel.

Equal Level Echo Path Loss (ELEPL)

Denotes the measure of Echo Path Loss (EPL) at a four-wire interface which is corrected by the difference between the send and received Transmission Level Point (TLP).

[ELEPL = EPL - TLP (send) + TLP (receive)

NOV 16 1992

Equalized

(AT)

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Public Service Commission

Denotes a procedure which provides for the component frequencies of [] the material transmitted having about the same relationship at the two ends of the channel.

Estimated Cost

Denotes all estimated costs that will be incurred in providing a specific case of special construction, including any appropriate taxes.

Exchange

Denotes a unit generally smaller than a Local Access and Transport Area, established by the Telephone Company for the administration of communications service in a specified area which usually embraces a city, town or village and its environs. It consists of one or more central offices together with the associated facilities used in furnishing communications service within that area. One or more designated exchanges comprises a given Local Access and Transport Area.

Expected Measured Loss (EML)

Denotes a calculated loss which specifies the end-to-end 1004 Hz transducer loss on a terminated test connection between two readily accessible manual or remote test points. It is the sum of the inserted connection loss and test access loss including any test pads.

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OCT 3 1 1989

FILED

By R. D. BARRON, President-Missouri Division Southwestern Bell Telephone Company St. Louis, Missouri

OCT 3 1 1989

Access Services Tariff Section 2 2nd Revised Sheet 64 Replacing 1st Revised Sheet 64

ACCESS SERVICES

- GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)
- 2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

Entry Switch

See First Point of Switching

Envelope Delay Distortion (EDD)

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MISSUURI Public Service Commission

Denotes a measure of the linearity of the phase versus frequency of a channel.

Equal Level Echo Path Loss (ELEPL)

Denotes the measure of Echo Path Loss (EPL) at a four-wire interface which is corrected by the difference between the send and receive TLP.

(RT) [ELEPL = EPL - TLP (send) + TLP (receive)]

Equalized

Denotes a procedure which provides for the component frequencies of the material transmitted having about the component frequencies of the material transmitted having about the same relationship at the 1 1989 two ends of the channel. BY 311 R.S. \$64

(AT) Estimated Cost Public Service Commission

Denotes all estimated costs that will be incurred in providing a specific case of special construction, including any appropriate taxes.

(TA) Exchange

> Denotes a unit generally smaller than a Local Access and Transport Area, established by the Telephone Company for the administration of communications service in a specified area which usually embraces a city, town or village and its environs. It consists of one or more central offices together with the associated facilities used in furnishing communications service within that area. One or more designated exchanges comprises a given Local Access and Transport Area.

Expected Measured Loss (EML)

Denotes a calculated loss which specifies the end-to-end 1004 Hz ring End transducer loss on a terminated test connection between two readily. accessible manual or remote test points. It is the sum of the inserted connection loss and test access loss including any test pads.

> 86-84 Public Service Commission .

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By R. D. BARRON, President-Missouri Division Southwestern Bell Telephone Company

St. Louis, Missouri

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Access Services Tariff Section 2 Replacing Origi

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Public Service Commission

ACCESS SERVICES

- GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)
- 2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

Entry Switch

See First Point of Switching

Envelope Delay Distortion (EDD)

Denotes a measure of the linearity of the phase versus frequency of a channel.

Equal Level Echo Path Loss (ELEPL)

Denotes the measure of Echo Path Loss (EPL) at a four-wire interface which is corrected by the difference between the send and receive TLP.

[ELEPL = EPL - TLP (send) + TLP (receive) $x \frac{1}{2}$]

Equalized

(C)

Denotes a procedure which provides for the component frequencies of the material transmitted having about the same relationship at the two ends of the channel.

Expected Measured Loss (EML)

Denotes a calculated loss which specifies the end-to-end 1004 Hz transducer loss on a terminated test connection between two readily accessible manual or remote test points. It is the sum of the inserted connection loss and test access loss including any test pads.

Facilities

Denotes any cable, fiber optic, poles, conduit, microwave or carrier equipment, wire center distribution fillmes, central office switching equipment, computers (both hardware and software), business machines, etc., utilized to provide (1) the services offered under this Tariff or (2) the services provided by and to for its own use or for an IC End User's use.

Denotes a point of demarcat Pon, at the IC terminal location User's premises, at which the Telephone Company's the provision of access service ends.

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Effective:

MAR Public Service Commission

By R. D. BARRON, Vice President-Missouri Southwestern Bell Telephone Company St. Louis, Missouri

Access Services Tariff
Section 2
Original Sheet 64

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IMS30URI Public Service Commission

ACCESS SERVICES

- GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)
- 2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

Entry Switch

See First Point of Switching

Envelope Delay Distortion (EDD)

Denotes a measure of the linearity of the phase versus frequency of a channel.

Equal Level Echo Path Loss (ELEPL)

Denotes the measure of Echo Path Loss (EPL) at a 4-wire interface ANGELLED which is corrected by the difference between the send and receive ANGELLED TLP.

[ELEPL = EPL - TLP (send) + TLP (receive)].

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Equalized

Denotes a procedure which provides for the component frequencies of of MISSOURI the material transmitted having about the same relationship at the two ends of the channel.

Expected Measured Loss (EML)

Denotes a calculated loss which specifies the end-to-end 1004-Hz transducer loss on a terminated test connection between two readily accessible manual or remote test points. It is the sum of the inserted connection loss and test access loss including any test pads.

Facilities

Denotes any cable, fiber optic, poles, conduit, microwave or carrier equipment, wire center distribution frames, central office switching equipment, computers (both hardware and software), business machines, etc., utilized to provide (1) the services offered under this Tariff, or (2) the services provided by an IC for its own use or for an JICN - 1 1924. End User's use.

Facility Interface

Denotes a point of demarcation, at the IC terminal location or End User's premises, at which the Telephone Company's responsibility for the provision of access service ends.

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Effective: JAN 0 1 1984

Access Services Tariff
Section 2
2nd Revised Sheet 64.01
Replacing 1st Revised Sheet 64.01

ACCESS SERVICES

2. GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

(AT)

Exit Message

(AT)

Denotes an SS7 message sent to an end office by the Telephone Company tandem switch to mark the Carrier Connect Time when the Telephone Company's tandem switch sends an Initial Address Message to an Interexchange Customer.

Expected Measured Loss (EML)

Denotes a calculated loss which specifies the end-to-end 1004 Hz transducer loss on a terminated test connection between two readily accessible manual or remote test points. It is the sum of the inserted connection loss and test access loss including any test pads.

Facilities

Denotes any cable, fiber optic, poles, conduit, microwave or carrier equipment, wire center distribution frames, central office switching equipment, computers (both hardware and software), business machines, etc., utilized to provide (1) the services offered under this Tariff or (2) the services provided by an IC for its own use or for an IC End User's use.

Access Services Tariff
Section 2
1st Revised Sheet 64.01
Replacing Original Sheet 64.01

ACCESS SERVICES

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GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

MAY 11 1992

2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

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(MT) Expected Measured Loss (EML)

Denotes a calculated loss which specifies the end-to-end 1004 Hz transducer loss on a terminated test connection between two readily accessible manual or remote test points. It is the sum of the inserted connection loss and test access loss including any test pads.

Facilities

(MT)

Denotes any cable, fiber optic, poles, conduit, microwave or carrier equipment, wire center distribution frames, central office switching equipment, computers (both hardware and software), business machines, etc., utilized to provide (1) the services offered under this Tariff or (2) the services provided by an IC for its own use or for an IC End User's use.

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BY R.S. 6401

Public Service Commission

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Access Services Tariff
Section 2
Original Sheet 64.01

ACCESS SERVICES

- 2. GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)
 - 2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

(MT) Facilities

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JUN 27 1986

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Denotes any cable, fiber optics, poles, conduit, microwave or carrier equipment, wire center distribution frames, central office switching ommission equipment, computers (both hardware and software), business machines, etc., utilized to provide (1) the services offered under this Tariff or (2) the services provided by an IC for its own use or for an IC End User's use.

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JUL 1 1986

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Public Service Commission

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No supplement to this tariff will be issued except for the purpose of canceling this tariff. Access Services Tariff
Section 2
2nd Revised Sheet 65
Replacing 1st Revised Sheet 65

ACCESS SERVICES

2. GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

Feature Group

Denotes any of the various types of switched access arrangements that will be available to the IC's. The fundamental distinction between the types of access occurs in their access code dialing arrangements.

First Point of Switching

Denotes the first Telephone Company location at which switching occurs on the terminating path of a call proceeding from the IC terminal location to the terminating end office and, at the same time, the last Telephone Company location at which switching occurs on the originating path of a call proceeding from the originating end office to the IC terminal location.

Frequency Shift

Denotes the change in the frequency of a tone as it is transmitted over a channel.

Grandfathered

Denotes Terminal Equipment, Multiline Terminating Systems and Protective Circuitry directly connected to the facilities previously utilized to provide services under the provisions of this Tariff, and which are considered grandfathered under the FCC's Rules and Regulations.

Host Office

Denotes an electronic switching system which provides call processing capabilities for one or more Remote Switching Modules or Remote Switching Systems.

(AT) Hub

Denotes a Telephone Company designated serving wire center at which bridging, multiplexing or Network Reconfiguration Service functions are performed.

(MT)

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Access Services Tariff Section 2 1st Revised Sheet 65 Replacing Original Sheet 65

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JUN 27 1986

ACCESS SERVICES

- GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)
- 2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

Feature Group

Denotes any of the various types of switched access arrangements that will be available to the IC's. The fundamental distinction between the Sion of the switched access arrangements that will be available to the IC's. the types of access occurs in their access code dialing arrangements.

First Point of Switching

Denotes the first Telephone Company location at which switching occurs on the terminating path of a call proceeding from the IC terminal location to the terminating end office and, at the same time, the last Telephone Company location at which switching occurs on the originating path of a call proceeding from the originating end office to the CANCELLED IC terminal location.

Frequency Shift

Denotes the change in the frequency of a tone as it is transmitted $\frac{APR}{A} \stackrel{301994}{\sim}$ over a channel. Public Service Commission

Grandfathered

Denotes Terminal Equipment, Multiline Terminating Systems and Protective Circuitry directly connected to the facilities utilized to provide services under the provisions of this Tariff, and which are considered grandfathered under the FCC's Rules and Regulations.

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Denotes an electronic switching system which provides call processing capabilities for one or more Remote Switching Modules or Remote Switching Systems.

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Public Service Commission

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MISSOURI Public Service Commission

ACCESS SERVICES

GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

Feature Group

Denotes any of the various types of switched access arrangements that will be available to the IC's. The fundamental distinction between the types of access occurs in their access code dialing arrangements.

First Point of Switching

Denotes the first Telephone Company location at which switching occurs on the terminating path of a call proceeding from the IC terminal location to the terminating end office and, at the same time, the last Telephone Company location at which switching occurs on the originating path of a call proceeding from the originating end office to the IC terminal location.

Frequency Shift

Denotes the change in the frequency of a tone as it is transmitted over a channel.

Grandfathered

Denotes Terminal Equipment, Multiline Terminating Systems and Protective Circuitry directly connected to the facilities utilized to provide services under the provisions of this Tariff, and which are considered grandfathered under the FCC's Rules and Regulations.

Fost Office

Denotes an electronic switching system which provides call processing capabilities for one or more Remote Switching Modules or Remote Switching Systems. ing Systems.

IC Terminal Location

BY ICLR S#65
PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

Denotes the point at which Access Service connects to the IC's telecommunications service.

Impedance Balance

Denotes the method of expressing Fcho Return Loss and Singing Return Loss at a 4-wire interface whereby the gains and/or loss of the 4-wire portion of the transmission path, including the hybrid, are not included in the specification.

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JAN 0 1 1984 Effective:

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No supplement to this tariff will be issued except for the purpose of canceling this tariff. Access Services Tariff
Section 2
1st Revised Sheet 65.01
Replacing Original Sheet 65.01

ACCESS SERVICES

2. GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

IC Terminal Location

Denotes the point at which Access Service connects to the IC's telecommunications service.

Immediately Available Funds

Denotes a corporate or personal check drawn on a bank account and funds which are available for use by the receiving party on the same day on which they are received and include U.S. Federal Reserve Bank wire transfers, U.S. Federal Reserve notes (paper cash), U.S. coins, U.S. Postal Money Orders and New York Certificates of Deposit.

Impedance Balance

Denotes the method of expressing Echo Return Loss and Singing Return Loss at a 4-wire interface whereby the gains and/or loss of the 4-wire portion of the transmission path, including the hybrid, are not included in the specification.

Initial Liability Period

Denotes the initial planning period during which the customer expects to place specially constructed facilities in service.

Installed Cost

Denotes the total investment (estimated or actual) required by the Telephone Company to provide specially constructed facilities.

Impulse Noise

Denotes any momentary occurrence of the noise on a channel over a specified level threshold. It is evaluated by counting the number of occurrences which exceed the threshold.

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Access Services Tariff Section 2 Original Sheet 65.01

ACCESS SERVICES

- GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)
- 2.6 Definitions-(Continued)
- (HT) IC Terminal Location

Denotes the point at which Access Service connects to the IC's teleminission communications service.

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JUN 27 1986

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(TA) Immediately Available Funds

> Denotes a corporate or personal check drawn on a bank account and funds which are available for use by the receiving party on the same day on which they are received and include U.S. Federal Reserve Bank wire transfers, U.S. Federal Reserve notes (paper cash), U.S. coins, U.S. Postal Money Orders and New York Certificates of Deposit.

(TM) Impedance Balance

> Denotes the method of expressing Echo Return Loss and Singing Return Loss at a 4-wire interface whereby the gains and/or loss of the 4-wire portion of the transmission path, including the hybrid, are not included in the specification.

(TA) Initial Liability Period

> Denotes the initial planning period during which the customer expects to place specially constructed facilities in service.

(TA) Installed Cost

> Denotes the total investment (estimated or actual) required by the Telephone Company to provide specially constructed facilities.

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86-84 Public Service Commission:

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Effective:

JUL 1 1986

Access Services Tariff
Section 2
7th Revised Sheet 66
Replacing 6th Revised Sheet 66

ACCESS SERVICES

2. GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

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(AT)

Individual Case Basis (ICB)

Denotes a condition in which the regulations, if applicable, rates and charges for an offering under the provisions of this Tariff are developed based on the circumstances in each case.

(AT) <u>Initial Address Message (IAM)</u>

Denotes an SS7 message sent in the forward direction to initiate trunk set up with the busying of an outgoing trunk which carries the information about that trunk along with other information relating to the routing and handling of the call to the next switch.

<u>Inserted Connection Loss (ICL)</u>

Denotes the 1004 Hz power difference (in dBs) between the maximum power available at the originating end and the actual power reaching the terminating end through the inserted connection.

<u>Interconnecting Signaling Transfer Point (STP)</u>

Denotes a Signaling Transfer Point (STP) that routes messages between its own and other Common Channel Signaling networks.

Intermodulation Distortion

Denotes a measure of the nonlinearity of a channel. It is measured using four tones, and evaluating the ratios (in dBs) of the transmitted composite four-tone signal power to the second-order products of the tones (R2), and the third-order products of the tones (R3).

Interexchange Carrier (IXC)

Denotes any individual, partnership, association, joint stock company, trust, governmental entity or corporation or other entity that has obtained a Certificate of Public Convenience and Necessity or of Service Authority from the Missouri Public Service Commission to engage for hire in intrastate communication by wire or radio between two or more exchanges.

Interexchange Customer(s) (IC)

See Customer.

Access Services Tariff Section 2 6th Revised Sheet 66 Replacing 5th Revised Sheet 66

ACCESS SERVICES

GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

MAY 11 1992

2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

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Impulse Noise

Denotes any momentary occurrence of the noise on a channel over a specified level threshold. It is evaluated by counting the number of occurrences which exceed the threshold.

Individual Case Basis (ICB)

Denotes a condition in which the regulations, if applicable, rates and charges for an offering under the provisions of this Tariff are developed based on the circumstances in each case.

Inserted Connection Loss (ICL)

Denotes the 1004 Hz power difference (in dBs) between the maximum LEU power available at the originating end and the actual power reaching the terminating end through the inserted connection.

Interconnecting Signaling Transfer Point (STP)

Denotes a Signaling Transfer Point (STP) that routes message Public Servic own and other Common Channel Signaling networks.

Intermodulation Distortion

Denotes a measure of the nonlinearity of a channel. It is measured using four tones, and evaluating the ratios (in dBs) of the transmitted composite four-tone signal power to the second-order products of the tones (R2), and the third-order products of the tones (R3).

Interexchange Carrier (IXC)

Denotes any individual, partnership, association, joint stock company, trust, governmental entity or corporation or other entity that has obtained a Certificate of Public Convenience and Necessity or of Service Authority from the Missouri Public Service Commission to engage for hire in (AT) intrastate communication by wire or radio between two or more exchanges.

Interexchange Customer(s) (IC)

See Customer.

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Issued: MAY 1 3 1992 Effective: NOV 16 1932

Access Services Tariff
Section 2
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ACCESS SERVICES

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2. GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

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2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

Impulse Noise

MO. PUBLIC SERVICE COMM.

Denotes any momentary occurrence of the noise on a channel over a specified level threshold. It is evaluated by counting the number of occurrences which exceed the threshold.

Individual Case Basis (ICB)

Denotes a condition in which the regulations, if applicable, rates and charges for an offering under the provisions of this Tariff are developed based on the circumstances in each case.

Inserted Connection Loss (ICL)

NOV 16 1392

Denotes the 1004 Hz power difference (in dBs) between the maximize the R.S.#66

power available at the originating end and the actual power transfer the terminating end through the inserted connection.

Intermodulation Distortion

Denotes a measure of the nonlinearity of a channel. It is measured using four tones, and evaluating the ratios (in dBs) of the transmitted composite four-tone signal power to the second-order products of the tones (R2), and the third-order products of the tones (R3).

(AT) Interexchange Carrier (IXC)

Denotes any individual, partnership, association, joint stock company, trust, governmental entity or corporation or other entity that has obtained a Certificate of Public Convenience and Necessity or of Service Authority from the Missouri Public Service Commission to engage for hire in intrastate communication by wire or radio between two or more exchanges.

Interexchange Customer(s) (IC)

(CT) See Customer.

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Interstate and Foreign Communications

Denotes any communications subject to FCC oversight as provided under the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, and the FCC's Rules and Regulations.

Issued: **20V** 2 1 1991

Effective: 1000 1 25:

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FEB 12 1992
By R. D. BARRON, President-Missouri Division
Southwestern Bell Telephone Company
St. Louis, Missouri

Public Service Commission

Access Services Tariff Section 2 4th Revised Sheet 66 Replacing 3rd Revised Sheet 66

ACCESS SERVICES

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GENERAL REGULATIONS—(Continued)

OCT 1 3 1988

2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

MISSOURI Public Service Commission

Impulse Noise

Denotes any momentary occurrence of the noise on a channel over a specified level threshold. It is evaluated by counting the number of occurrences which exceed the threshold.

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Intermodulation Distortion

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Denotes a measure of the nonlinearity of a channel. It is measures OUR! using four tones, and evaluating the ratios (in dBs) of the transmitted composite four-tone signal power to the second-order products of the tones (R2), and the third-order products of the tones (R3).

Interexchange Customer(s) (IC)

(CT) Denotes any interexchange carrier (facility-based or reseller) or local exchange carrier engaged for hire, which subscribes to the services offered under this Tariff to provide intrastate telecommunications services for its own use or for the use of its End Users.

Interstate and Foreign Communications

Denotes any communications subject to FCC oversight as provided under the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, and the FCC's Rules and Regulations.

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Effective: NOV 18 1988

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Access Services Tariff Section 2 3rd Revised Sheet 66 Replacing 2nd Revised Sheet 66

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2. GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

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2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

MISSOURI
Public Service Commission

Impulse Noise

Denotes any momentary occurrence of the noise on a channel over a specified level threshold. It is evaluated by counting the number of occurrences which exceed the threshold.

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Interexchange Customer(s) (IC)

(AT) Denotes any facility-based carrier, local exchange carrier, or reseller engaged for hire, which subscribes to the services offered under this Tariff to provide intrastate telecommunications services for its own use or for the use of its End Users.

Interstate and Foreign Communications

Denotes any communications subject to FCC oversight as provided under the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, and the FCC's Rules and Regulations.

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By R. D. BARRON, President-Missouri Division JUL 1 1988
Southwestern Bell Telephone Company 84-222 st al.
St. Louis, Missouri Public Service Commission

Access Services Tariff Section 2 2nd Revised Sheet 66 Replacing 1st Revised Sheet 66

ACCESS SERVICES

GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

Impulse Noise

Denotes any momentary occurrence of the noise on a channel over an specified level threshold. It is evaluated by counting the number of occurrences which exceed the threshold.

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Public Service Commission

Individual Case Basis (ICB)

Denotes a condition in which the regulations, if applicable, rates and charges for an offering under the provisions of this Tariff are developed based on the circumstances in each case.

Denotes the 1004 Hz power difference (in dBs) between the GAXIMUM power available at the originating end and the common the terminating end and the common the terminating end and the common that the common the terminating end and the common that the common the terminating end and the common that the c power available at the originating end and the actual power reaching 1988 the terminating end through the inserted connection.

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(CT) Interexchange Customer(s) (IC)

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Interstate and Foreign Communications

Denotes any communications subject to FCC oversight as provided under the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, and the FCC's_Rules and Regulations.

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Effective:

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Access Services Tariff Section 2 1st Revised Sheet 66 Replacing Original Sheet 66

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ACCESS SERVICES

GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

Impulse Noise

Denotes any momentary occurrence of the noise on a channel over a specified laws the state of the noise on a channel over a specific fied level threshold. It is evaluated by counting the number by Commission rences which exceed the threshold.

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(CT) Interexchange Customer(s) (IC)

Denotes any facility-based carrier which subscribes to the services offered under this Tariff to provide intrastate telecommunications services for its own use or for the use of its End Users. A facilitybased carrier either owns its own transmission facilities or utilizes transmission facilities other than Foreign Exchange, MTS/WATS or Foreign Exchange-Type, MTS/WATS-Type services of another IC and utilizes access services in conjunction with these facilities. Therefore may supplement its transmission system by reselving the like wices (i.e., MTS/WATS and MTS/WATS-Type), but a the thier will not be considered "facility-based" if it relies solely on reselling Foreign Exchange, MTS/WATS or Foreign Exchange-Type, MTS/WATS-Type services of other IC's to provide service to its End Users.

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION Interstate and Foreign Communications &

OF MISSOURI Denotes any communications subject to FCC oversight as provided up the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, and the FCC's Rules abo Regulations.

Issued:

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Effective:

By R. D. BARRON, President-Missouri Division Southwestern Bell Telephone Company St. Louis, Missouri

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ACCESS SERVICES

- GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)
- 2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

Impulse Noise

Denotes any momentary occurrence of the noise on a channel over a specified level threshold. It is evaluated by counting the number of occurrences which exceed the threshold.

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Interexchange Customer(s) (IC)

Denotes any individual, partnership, association, corporation, or governmental agency or any other entity which subscribes to the services offered under this Tariff to provide intrastate telecommunications services for its own use or for the use of its customers (End Users).

Interstate and Foreign Communications

Denotes any communications subject to FCC oversight as provided under the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, and the FCC's Ryles and 1934 Regulations.

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ACCESS SERVICES

2. GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

Interstate and Foreign Communications

Denotes any communications subject to FCC oversight as provided under the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, and the FCC's Rules and Regulations.

Intrastate Communications

Denotes any communications within a state subject to oversight by a state regulatory commission as provided by the laws of the state involved.

Jointly Used Subscriber Plant

Denotes the local non-traffic sensitive Telephone Exchange Service facilities furnished in connection with Switched Exchange Access provided to an IC to complete an intrastate call via an IC's intercity network to or from Telephone Exchange Service locations.

(AT) <u>Line Information Data Base (LIDB)</u>

(AT) Denotes a data base containing billing validation data to support Alternate Billing Services.

Line Side Connection

Denotes a connection of a transmission path to the line side of a local exchange switching system.

Link Type (LT)

Denotes the functionality of the signaling link providing interconnection/signaling paths between nodes of the Common Channel Signaling (CCS) network.

Local Access and Transport Area (LATA)

Denotes a geographic area established by the Telephone Company for the provision and administration of communications service. It encompasses designated exchanges, which are grouped to serve common social, economic and other purposes.

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Replacing 3rd Revised Sheet 67

ACCESS SERVICES

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GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

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2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

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Interstate and Foreign Communications

Denotes any communications subject to FCC oversight as provided under the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, and the FCC's Rules and Regulations.

Intrastate Communications

Denotes any communications within a state subject to oversight by a state regulatory commission as provided by the laws of the state involved.

Jointly Used Subscriber Plant

Denotes the local non-traffic sensitive Telephone Exchange Service 1903 facilities furnished in connection with Switched Exchange Access 1 R.5+67 provided to an IC to complete an intrastate call via an ICEN interaction city network to or from Telephone Exchange Service loca Public Service Commission city network to or from Telephone Exchange Service loca Public Service Commission

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Access Services Tariff Section 2 3rd Revised Sheet 67 Replacing 2nd Revised Sheet 67

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GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

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2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

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Intrastate Communications

Public Service Commission

Denotes any communications within a state subject to oversight by a state regulatory commission as provided by the laws of the state involved.

Jointly Used Subscriber Plant

Denotes the local non-traffic sensitive Telephone Exchange Service facilities furnished in connection with Switched Exchange Access provided to an IC to complete an intrastate call via an IC's intercity network to or from Telephone Exchange Service locations.

Line Side Connection

Denotes a connection of a transmission path to the line side of a local exchange switching system NOV 16 1392 BY 4Th. S. #67

Local Access and Transport Area (LATA)

Denotes a geographic area established by the Telephone Company for the sign the provision and administration of communications service. With the compasses designated exchanges, which are grouped to serve common social, economic and other purposes.

Local Calling Area

(AT)

Denotes a geographical area, as defined in the Telephone Company's Local and/or General Exchange Service tariff, in which an end user (Telephone Exchange Service subscriber) may complete a call without incurring Message Telecommunications Service (MTS) charges.

Local Exchange Carrier (LEC)

The certificated provider of basic local exchange telephone service.

Local Tandem Switch

Denotes a local Telephone Company switching unit by which local or access telephonic communications are switched to and from an End Office Switch.

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Access Services Tariff
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GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

MAY 2 1988

2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

MISSOURI
Public Service Commission

Intrastate Communications

Denotes any communications within a state subject to oversight by a state regulatory commission as provided by the laws of the state involved.

Jointly Used Subscriber Plant

Denotes the local non-traffic sensitive Telephone Exchange Service facilities furnished in connection with Switched Exchange Access provided to an IC to complete an intrastate call via an IC's intercity network to or from Telephone Exchange Service locations.

Line Side Connection

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Local Access and Transport Area (LATA)

Public Service Commission

Denotes a geographic area established by the Telephone Companishable! the provision and administration of communications service. It encompasses designated exchanges, which are grouped to serve common social, economic and other purposes.

Local Calling Area

Denotes a geographical area, as defined in the Telephone Company's Local and/or General Exchange Service tariff, in which an end user (Telephone Exchange Service subscriber) may complete a call without incurring MTS charges.

(AT)

Local Exchange Carrier (LEC)

(AT)

The certificated provider of basic local exchange telephone service.

Local Tandem Switch

Denotes a local Telephone Company switching unit by which local or access telephonic communications are switched to and from an End Office Switch.

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Effective: JUL 1 1988

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By R. D. BARRON, President-Missouri Division Southwestern Bell Telephone Company St. Louis, Missouri

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Access Services Tariff Section 2 1st Revised Sheet 67 Replacing Original Sheet 67

ACCESS SERVICES

GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

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2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

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Intrastate Communications

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Jointly Used Subscriber Plant

Denotes the local non-traffic sensitive Telephone Exchange Service facilities furnished in connection with Switched Exchange Access provided to an IC to complete an intrastate call via an IC's intercity network to or from Telephone Exchange Service locations.

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CANCELLED JUL 1 1988 BY 201 RS. # 67 Denotes a connection of a transmission path to the line side of a local exchange switching system. Public Service Commission

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Denotes a geographic area established by the Telephone Company for the provision and administration of communications service. It encompasses designated exchanges, which are grouped to serve common social, economic and other purposes.

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Local Tandem Switch

Denotes a local Telephone Company switching unit by which local or access telephonic communications are switched to and from-an-End_Office_ Switch.

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ACCESS SERVICES

- GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)
 - 2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

Intrastate Communications

Denotes any communications within a state subject to oversight by a state regulatory commission as provided by the laws of the state involved.

Jointly Used Subscriber Plant

Denotes the local non-traffic sensitive Telephone Exchange Service facilities furnished in connection with Switched Exchange Access provided to an IC to complete an intrastate call via an IC's intercity network to or from Telephone Exchange Service locations.

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Denotes a connection of a transmission path to the line side of a local exchange switching system.

Local Access and Transport Area (LATA)

Denotes a geographic area established by the Telephone Company for the provision and administration of communications service. It encompasses designated exchanges, which are grouped to serve common social, economic and other purposes.

Local Tandem Switch

Denotes a local Telephone Company switching unit by which local or access telephonic communications are switched to and from an End Office Switch.

Loop Around Test And OELLED

Denotes an arrangement in an end office which provides a means for making two-way transmission lesses on a manual basis. This arrangement has two terminations, each reached by means of a separate sevendigit number.

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Issued: DEC 29 1983

Effective: JAN 0 1 1984

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No supplement to this tariff will be issued except for the purpose of canceling this tariff. Access Services Tariff
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ACCESS SERVICES

2. GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

(MT) <u>Local Calling Area</u>

Denotes a geographical area, as defined in the Telephone Company's Local and/or General Exchange Service tariff, in which an end user (Telephone Exchange Service subscriber) may complete a call without incurring MTS charges.

Local Exchange Carrier (LEC)

The certificated provider of basic local exchange telephone service.

Local Tandem Switch

Denotes a local Telephone Company switching unit by which local or access telephonic communications are switched to and from an End Office Switch.

Loop Around Test Line

Denotes an arrangement utilizing a Telephone Company central office to provide a means to make certain two-way transmission tests on a manual basis. This arrangement has two central office terminations, each reached by means of separate telephone equipment. Equipment subject to this test arrangement is at the discretion of the customer.

Loss Deviation

Denotes the variation of the actual loss from the designed value.

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Access Services Tariff
Section 2
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Replacing Original Sheet 67.01

ACCESS SERVICES

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GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

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2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

Loop Around Test Line

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Denotes an arrangement utilizing a Telephone Company central office to provide a means to make certain two-way transmission tests on a manual basis. This arrangement has two central office terminations, each reached by means of separate telephone equipment. Equipment subject to this test arrangement is at the descretion of the customer.

(MT) Loss Deviation

Denotes the variation of the actual loss from the designed value.

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Issued: DEC 2 9 1989

Effective: JAN 2 9 1990

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Access Services Tariff
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ACCESS SERVICES

2. GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

(MT) Loop Around Test Line

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Denotes an arrangement utilizing a Telephone Company central office issolution provide a means to make certain two-way transmission tests on a manual basis. This arrangement has two central office terminations,

each reached by means of separate telephone equipment. Equipment subject to this test arrangement is at the descretion of the customer.

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Public Service Commission

Issued: JUN 27 1986

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(AT) (MT) No supplement to this tariff will be issued except for the purpose of canceling this tariff. Access Services Tariff
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Replacing 2nd Revised Sheet 68

ACCESS SERVICES

2. GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

Maximum Termination Liability

Denotes the maximum amount which may be billed if all services using especially constructed facilities are terminated prior to the expiration of the Maximum Termination Liability Period.

Maximum Termination Liability Period

Denotes the length of time for which a termination charge may apply if all services using specially constructed facilities are terminated. The liability period is equal to the average account life of the specially constructed facilities. When construction involves multiple classes of plant with differing lives, the liability period is equal to the weighted average of the account lives involved in the special construction case, using nonrecoverable investment as the basis for weighting.

Media Stimulated Mass Calling Events

Denotes the use of Switched Access Service for calls placed to 800, 900, POTS, etc. telephone numbers in response to television and radio advertising for which a substantial call volume is anticipated during a short period of time. Media stimulated mass calling is highly peaked and often used in conjunction with call counting services for public opinion polls, marketing surveys, entertainment, etc.

Message

Denotes a "call" as defined preceding.

Milliwatt (102-Type) Test Line

Denotes an arrangement in an end office which provides a 1004 Hz tone at 0 dBm0 for one-way transmission measurements towards the IC terminal location from the Telephone Company end office.

National Security Emergency Preparedness (NSEP) Telecommunications Service

Those services used to maintain a state of readiness or to respond to and manage any event or crisis, i.e., local, national or international, which causes or could cause injury or harm to the population, damage to or loss of property, or degrades or threatens the National Security Emergency Preparedness posture of the United States.

Issued: July 3, 1991 Effective: August 2, 1991

By A. D. ROBERTSON, Assistant Vice President-External Affairs Southwestern Bell Telephone Company St. Louis, Missouri

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Access Services Tariff
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2. GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

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2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

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Maximum Termination Liability

Public Service Commission

Denotes the maximum amount which may be billed if all services using specially constructed facilities are terminated prior to the expiration of the Maximum Termination Liability Period.

Maximum Termination Liability Period

Denotes the length of time for which a termination charge may apply if all services using specially constructed facilities are terminated. The liability period is equal to the average account life of the specially constructed facilities. When construction involves multiple classes of plant with differing lives, the liability period is equal to the weighted average of the account lives involved in the special construction case, using nonrecoverable investment as the basis for weighting.

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Message

CANCELLED

Denotes a "call" as defined preceding.

Millivatt (102-Type) Test Line

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Denotes an arrangement in an end office which provides action measurements towards Micsouppinal location from the Telephone Company end office.

Net Salvage

Denotes the estimated scrap, sale, or trade-in value, less the estimated cost of removal. Cost of removal includes the costs of demolishing, tearing down, or otherwise disposing of the material and any other applicable costs. Since the cost of removal may exceed salvage value, net salvage may be negative.

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ACCESS SERVICES

- GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)
- 2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

Loss Deviation

Denotes the variation of the actual loss from the designed value: 113

Maximum Termination Liability Public Service Commission

Denotes the maximum amount which may be billed if all services using specially constructed facilities are terminated prior to the expiration of the Maximum Termination Liability Period.

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Denotes the length of time for which a termination charge may apply if all services using specially constructed facilities are terminated. The liability period is equal to the average account life of the specially constructed facilities. When construction involves multiple classes of plant with differing lives, the liability period is equal to the weighted average of the account lives involved in the special construction case, using nonrecoverable investment as the basis for weighting.

Message

Denotes a "call" as defined preceding.

Milliwatt (102-Type) Test Line

Public Service Commission

Denotes an arrangement in an end office which provides a 1004 Hz tone at 0 dBmO for one-way transmission measurements towards the IC terminal location from the Telephone Company end office.

Net Salvage

Denotes the estimated scrap, sale, or trade-in value, less the estimated cost of removal. Cost of removal includes the costs of demolishing, tearing down, or otherwise disposing of the material and any other applicable costs. Since the cost of removal may exceed salvage value, net salvage may be negative.

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Public Service Commission

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JUL 1 1986

ACCESS SERVICES

- GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)
- 2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

Loss Deviation

Denotes the variation of the actual loss from the designed value.

Message

Denotes a "call" as defined preceding.

Milliwatt (102-Type) Test Line

Denotes an arrangement in an end office which provides a 1004 Hz tone at 0 dBm0 for one-way transmission measurements towards the IC terminal location from the Telephone Company end office.

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Replacing 2nd Revised Sheet 69

ACCESS SERVICES

2. GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

Net Salvage

Denotes the estimated scrap, sale, or trade-in value, less the estimated cost of removal. Cost of removal includes the costs of demolishing, tearing down, or otherwise disposing of the material and any other applicable costs. Since the cost of removal may exceed salvage value, net salvage may be negative.

(AT) Network Interface

(AT) See Demarcation Point

Network Control Signaling

Denotes the transmission of signals used in the telecommunications system which perform functions such as supervision (control, status and charge signals), address signaling (e.g., dialing), calling and called number identifications, rate of flow, service selection error control and audible tone signals (call progress signals indicating reorder or busy conditions, alerting, coin denominations, coin collect and coin return tones) to control the operation of the telecommunications system.

Nonrecoverable Cost

Denotes the cost of specially constructed facilities for which the Telephone Company has no foreseeable use should the service be terminated.

Nonsynchronous Test Line

Denotes an arrangement in step-by-step end office which provide operational tests which are not as complete as those provided by the synchronous test lines, but can be made more rapidly.

Normal Construction

Denotes all facilities the Telephone Company would normally use to provide service in the absence of a request for special construction.

Normal Cost

Denotes the estimated cost to provide services using normal construction.

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GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

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2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

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(MT) Net Salvage

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Denotes the estimated scrap, sale, or trade-in value, less the estimated cost of removal. Cost of removal includes the costs of demolishing, tearing down, or otherwise disposing of the material and any other applicable costs. Since the cost of removal may exceed salvage value, net salvage may be negative.

Network Control Signaling

Denotes the transmission of signals used in the telecommunications system which perform functions such as supervision (control, status and charge signals), address signaling (e.g., dialing), calling and called number identifications, rate of flow, service selection error control and audible tone signals (call progress signals indicating reorder or busy conditions, alerting, coin denominations, coin collect and coin return tones) to control the operation of the telecommunications system.

Nonrecoverable Cost

Denotes the cost of specially constructed facilities for which MCELLED Telephone Company has no foreseeable use should the service be terminated.

Name to the cost of specially constructed facilities for which MCELLED MAY 9-1992

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Nonsynchronous Test Line

Public Service Commission

Denotes an arrangement in step-by-step end office which prov Messouri operational tests which are not as complete as those provided by the synchronous test lines, but can be made more rapidly.

Normal Construction

Denotes all facilities the Telephone Company would normally use to provide service in the absence of a request for special construction.

Normal Cost

(C) Denotes the estimated cost to provide services using normal construction.

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Issued: JUL - 1991

Effective: AUG - 2 1991

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Access Services Tariff
Section 2
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Replacing Original Sheet 69

ACCESS SERVICES

GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

Network Control Signaling

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Denotes the transmission of signals used in the telecommunications commission system which perform functions such as supervision (control, status and charge signals), address signaling (e.g., dialing), calling and called number identifications, rate of flow, service selection error control and audible tone signals (call progress signals indicating reorder or busy conditions, alerting, coin denominations, coin collect and coin return tones) to control the operation of the telecommunications system.

(AT) Nonrecoverable Cost

Denotes the cost of specially constructed facilities for which the Telephone Company has no foreseeable use should the service be terminated.

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Nonsynchronous Test Line

Denotes an arrangement in step-by-step end office which provide AUG 2 1991 operational tests which are not as complete as those provided BY 2 Commission MISSOURI

(AT) Normal Construction

Denotes all facilities the Telephone Company would normally use to provide service in the absence of a request for special construction.

(AT) Normal Cost

Denotes the estimated cost to provide services using normal construction.

North American Numbering Plan

Denotes a three-digit area or Numbering Plan Area (NPA) code and a seven-digit telephone number made up of a three-digit Central Office (CO) code plus a four-digit station number.

Off-hook

Denotes the active condition of Switched Access or a Telephone Exchange Service Line.

Public Service Commission

Issued: JUN 27 1986

Effective:

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ACCESS SERVICES

- CENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)
- 2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

Network Control Signaling

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Public Service Commission

Denotes the transmission of signals used in the telecommunications system which perform functions such as supervision (control, status and charge signals), address signaling (e.g., dialing), calling and called number identifications, rate of flow, service selection error control and audible tone signals (call progress signals indicating reorder or busy conditions, alerting, coin denominations, coin collect and coin return tones) to control the operation of the telecommunications system.

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Off-hook

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On-hook

Denotes the idle condition of Switched Access or a Telephone Exchange Service line.

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Issued: DEC 29 1983

Effective: JAN 0 1 1984

ACCESS SERVICES

GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

North American Numbering Plan

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Off-hook

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On-hook

Denotes the idle condition of Switched Access or a Telephone Exchange Service Line.

Open Circuit Test Line

Denotes an arrangement in an end office which provides an ac open circuit termination of a trunk or line by means of an inductor of several Henries.

Operating Company Number

(AT)

Denotes a four-character alphanumeric identifier used to determine the company of the NPA-NXX codeholders.

(AT) (AT)

Operator Service System

Denotes the group of interacting hardware (switching equipment, data links, and operator terminals) and software components for the provision of operator service functionality.

Originating Direction

Denotes the use of access service for the origination of calls from an End User to an IC terminal location.

Originating Point Code (OPC)

Denotes a code assigned to identify each Operator Service System (OSS) location.

Pay Telephone

Denotes Telephone Company-provided instruments and related facilities that are available to the general public for public convenience and necessity, including public and semipublic telephones and coinless telephones.

Issued: February 22, 2012 Effective: March 23, 2012

Access Services Tariff Section 2 5th Revised Sheet 70 Replacing 4th Revised Sheet 70

ACCESS SERVICES

2. GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

North American Numbering Plan

Denotes a three-digit area or Numbering Plan Area (NPA) code and a seven-digit telephone number made up of a three-digit Central Office (CO) code plus a four-digit station number.

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Issued: August 18, 1993 Effective: September 20, 1993

Access Services Tariff
Section 2
4th Revised Sheet 70
Replacing 3rd Revised Sheet 70

ACCESS SERVICES

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2. GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

JUN 28 1991

2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

MISSOURI
Public Service Commission

North American Numbering Plan

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Pay Telephone

Denotes Telephone Company-provided instruments and related facilities that are available to the general public for public convenience and necessity, including public and semipublic telephones and coinless telephones.

Recoverable Cost

Denotes the cost of the specially constructed facilities for which the Telephone Company has a foreseeable reuse, either in place or elsewhere, should the service be terminated.

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Access Services Tariff
Section 2
3rd Revised Sheet 70
Replacing 2nd Revised Sheet 70

ACCESS SERVICES

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GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

JUL 17 1990

2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

MISSOURI

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Public Service Commission

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Phase Jitter

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Denotes the unwanted phase variations of a signal.

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AUG 2 1991 BY 4th R.S. #10

Public Service Commission
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Issued:

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Effective:

AUG 1 7 1990

FILED

By R. D. BARRON, President-Missouri Division Southwestern Bell Telephone Company St. Louis, Missouri

AUG 17 1990

Access Services Tariff
Section 2
2nd Revised Sheet 70
Replacing 1st Revised Sheet 70

ACCESS SERVICES

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GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

SEP 12 1988

2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

0n-hook

MISSOURI Public Service Commission

Denotes the idle condition of Switched Access or a Telephone Exchange Service Line.

Open Circuit Test Line

Denotes an arrangement in an end office which provides an ac open circuit termination of a trunk or line by means of an inductor of several Henries.

Originating Direction

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Phase Jitter

Denotes the unwanted phase variations of a signal.

AUG 17 1990

Public Service Commission

Point of Termination

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Denotes the point of demarcation within an IC terminal location or End User's premises at which the Telephone Company's responsibility for the provision of Access Service ends. It is the point of interconnection between Telephone Company provided and owned facilities and terminal equipment communications systems at the customer's premises. The Point of Termination is also referred to as a Network Interface (NI) or a Demarcation Point.

Premises

(AT)

(AT)

- See definition of term "building."

- All portions of the same building occupied by the same customer provided that:

Issued: SEP 1 2 1988

Effective: OCT 1 2 1988

FILED

By R. D. BARRON, President-Missouri Division Southwestern Bell Telephone Company St. Louis, Missouri

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Access Services Tariff Section 2 1st Revised Sheet 70 Replacing Original Sheet 70

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ACCESS SERVICES

- GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)
- 2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

(MT) On-hook

> Denotes the idle condition of Switched Access or a Telephone Exchange , Public Service Commission. Service Line.

Open Circuit Test Line

Denotes an arrangement in an end office which provides an ac open circuit termination of a trunk or line by means of an inductor of several Henries.

Originating Direction

Denotes the use of access service for the origination of calls from an End User to an IC terminal location.

Pay Telephone

Denotes Telephone Company-provided instruments and related facilities that are available to the general public for public convenience and necessity, including public and semipublic telephones and coinless telephones.

(AT) Recoverable Cost

Denotes the cost of the specially constructed facilities for which the Telephone Company has a foreseeable reuse, either in place or elsewhere, should the service be terminated. CANCELLED

Phase Jitter

OCT 1 2 1988

BY LAND R.S. #70 Denotes the unwanted phase variations of a signal.

(AT) Point of Termination Public Service Commission MISSOURI

Denotes the point of demarcation within an IC terminal location or End User's premises at which the Telephone Company's responsibility for the provision of Access Service ends.

Premises

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- All portions of the same building occupied by the same customer, provided that: provided that:

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Issued: JUN 27 1986

Effective:

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- Access Services Tariff Section 2 Original Sheet 70
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- GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)
- 2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

Open Circuit Test Line

Denotes an arrangement in an end office which provides an ac open circuit termination of a trunk or line by means of an inductor of several Henries.

Originating Direction

Denotes the use of access service for the origination of calls from an End User to an IC terminal location.

Pay Telephone

Denotes Telephone Company-provided instruments and related facilities that are available to the general public for public convenience and necessity, including public and semipublic telephones and coinless telephones.

Phase Jitter

Denotes the unwanted phase variations of a signal.

Premises

- See definition of term "building."
- All portions of the same building occupied by the same customer, provided that:
 - The portions are not separated from each other by intervening offices, rooms or suites not occupied by the customer.
 - The portions on different floors are contiguous and that the portion on the upper floor is directly above the portion occupied on the lower floor.
- All of the buildings occupied by the same customer, provided that:
 - All of the buildings are located on the same plot of ground and

are not intersected by a public fighway.

NOTE: A public highway is considered to mean a vehicular thoroughfare which is governmentally owned.

> PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF MISSOURI

Publ 8 3, - 2,53

DEC 2 9 1983 Issued:

Effective: JAN 0 1 1984

Southwestern Bell Telephone Company d/b/a AT&T Missouri

Section 2 7th Revised Sheet 70.1 Replacing 6th Revised Sheet 70.1

ACCESS SERVICES

2. GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

2.6 Definitions-(continued)

Phase Jitter

Denotes the unwanted phase variations of a signal.

Personal Communications Service (PCS)

Denotes a set of capabilities that allows some combination of personal mobility, terminal mobility and service profile management.



Point of Termination

See Demarcation Point

<u>Premises</u>

- See definition of term "building."
- All portions of the same building occupied by the same customer provided that:
- The portions are not separated from each other by intervening offices, rooms or suites not occupied by the customer.
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- All of the buildings occupied by the same customer, provided that:
- All of the buildings are located on the same plot of ground and are not intersected by a public highway.

NOTE: A public highway is considered to mean a vehicular thoroughfare which is governmentally owned.

Prime Service Vendor

The service vendor from whom the customer, or their authorized agent, orders NSEP Telecommunications Service.

Primary Toll Carrier (PTC)

The following telephone companies are the Primary Toll Carriers, (all of which are Local Exchange Carriers) for intraLATA service under the Missouri Primary Carrier by Toll Center Plan filed with and as subsequently modified by the Commission: Fidelity, Contel, GTE North, Southwestern Bell and United Telephone.

Access Services Tariff
Section 2
6th Revised Sheet 70.01
Replacing 5th Revised Sheet 70.01

ACCESS SERVICES

2. GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

2.6 Definitions-(continued)

Phase Jitter

(AT)

Denotes the unwanted phase variations of a signal.

(AT) Personal Communications Service (PCS)

Denotes a set of capabilities that allows some combination of personal mobility, terminal mobility and service profile management.

Personal Identification Number (PIN)

Denotes a confidential four-digit code number provided to a calling card customer to prevent unauthorized use of their calling card number. The PIN is stored in the LIDB for those line numbers that have an associated calling card. The PIN is used to validate a calling card used to place a long distance call.

Point of Termination

See Demarcation Point

Premises

- See definition of term "building."
- All portions of the same building occupied by the same customer provided that:
- The portions are not separated from each other by intervening offices, rooms or suites not occupied by the customer.
- The portions on different floors are contiguous and that the portion on the upper floor is directly above the portion occupied on the lower floor.
- All of the buildings occupied by the same customer, provided that:
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Issued: March 20, 1995 Effective: April 20, 1995

Issued: March 20, 1995

By HOPACE WILKING IP President Missouri

P.S.C. Mo.-No. 36

No supplement to this tariff will be issued except for the purpose of canceling this tariff.

Access Services Tariff Section 2 5th Revised Sheet 70.01 Replacing 4th Revised Sheet 70.01

ACCESS SERVICES

GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

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2.6 Definitions-(continued)

AUG 18 1993

Phase Jitter

Denotes the unwanted phase variations of a signal.

MISSOURI Public Service Commission

(AT) Personal Identification Number (PIN)

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Point of Termination

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See Demarcation Point

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- See definition of term "building."

- All portions of the same building occupied by the Psame cupied Diplovided that: that:

- The portions are not separated from each other by intervening offices, rooms or suites not occupied by the customer.

- The portions on different floors are contiguous and that the portion on the upper floor is directly above the portion occupied on the lower floor.

- All of the buildings occupied by the same customer, provided that:

- All of the buildings are located on the same plot of ground and are not intersected by a public highway.

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Issued: AUG 1 8 1993 Effective: SEP 2 0 1993

Access Services Tariff Section 2 4th Revised Sheet 70.01 Replacing 3rd Revised Sheet 70.01

ACCESS SERVICES

GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

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2.6 Definitions-(continued)

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Phase Jitter

Denotes the unwanted phase variations of a signal.

MISSOURI Public Service Commission

Point of Termination

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See Demarcation Point

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Premises

Public Service Commission - See definition of term "building."

- See definition of term "building." public Service OURI
- All portions of the same building occupied by the same customer provided

 The portions are not separated from each other by intervening offices, rooms or suites not occupied by the customer.

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- All of the buildings are located on the same plot of ground and are not intersected by a public highway.

NOTE: A public highway is considered to mean a vehicular thoroughfare which is governmentally owned.

Prime Service Vendor

The service vendor from whom the customer, or their authorized agent, orders NSEP Telecommunications Service.

Primary Toll Carrier (PTC)

The following telephone companies are the Primary Toll Carriers, (all of which are Local Exchange Carriers) for intraLATA service under the Missouri Primary Carrier by Toll Center Plan filed with and as subsequently modified by the Commission: Fidelity, Contel, GTE North, Southwestern Bell and United Telephone. FILED

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Issued: **BEC 1** 0 1991

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Access Services Tariff
Section 2
3rd Revised Sheet 70.01
Replacing 2nd Revised Sheet 70.01

ACCESS SERVICES

2. GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

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2.6 Definitions-(continued)

JUN 28 1991

(MT) Phase Jitter

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Public Service Commission

Denotes the unwanted phase variations of a signal.

Point of Termination

Denotes the point of demarcation within an IC terminal location or End User's premises at which the Telephone Company's responsibility for the provision of Access Service ends. It is the point of interconnection between Telephone Company provided and owned facilities and terminal equipment communications systems at the customer's premises. The Point of Termination is also referred to as a Network Interface (NI) or a Demarcation Point.

Premises

- See definition of term "building."
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NOTE: A public highway is considered to mean a vehicular thoroughfare which is governmentally owned.

MAY 9 - 1992 + BY 4th R.S. 70.01

Prime Service Vendor

Public Service Commission

The service vendor from whom the customer, or their authorized SSOURI orders NSEP Telecommunications Service.

Primary Toll Carrier (PTC)

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Effective: AUG - 2 1991

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Access Services Tariff
Section 2
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Replacing 1st Sheet 70.01

ACCESS SERVICES

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GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

JUL 17 1990

2.6 Definitions-(continued)

MISSOURI
Public Service Commission

Point of Termination

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字 (MT) Denotes the point of demarcation within an IC terminal location or End User's premises at which the Telephone Company's responsibility for the provision of Access Service ends. It is the point of interconnection between Telephone Company provided and owned facilities and terminal equipment communications systems at the customer's premises. The Point of Termination is also referred to as a Network Interface (NI) or a Demarcation Point.

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Primary Toll Carrier (PTC)

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Public Service Commission MISSOURI

Issued: JUL 1 7 1990

Effective:

AUG 1 7 1990

FILED

By R. D. BARRON, President-Missouri Division Southwestern Bell Telephone Company St. Louis, Missouri

AUG 17 1990

Public Service Commission

Access Services Tariff
Section 2
1st Revised Sheet 70.01
Replacing Original Sheet 70.01

ACCESS SERVICES

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GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

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2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

MISSOURI
Public Service Commission

Premises-(Continued)

- The portions are not separated from each other by intervening offices, rooms or suites not occupied by the customer.
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Public Service Commission

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Issued: MAY 2 1988

Effective: JUL 1 1988

FILED

By R. D. BARRON, President-Missouri Division Southwestern Bell Telephone Company St. Louis, Missouri

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Access Services Tariff
Section 2
Original Sheet 70.01

ACCESS SERVICES

- GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)
 - 2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

Premises-(Continued)

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- The portions are not separated from each other by intervening offices, rooms or suites not occupied by the customer suite Commission.

 The portions on different floors are contiguous and that the
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NOTE: A public highway is considered to mean a vehicular thoroughfare which is governmentally owned.

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Public Service Commission

Issued: JUN 27 1986

Effective:

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No supplement to this tariff will be issued except for the purpose canceling this tariff.

Access Services Tariff Section 2 4th Revised Sheet 71 Replacing 3rd Revised Sheet 71

ACCESS SERVICES

2. GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

Query

Denotes a request for specific information generated by a computer processor and sent to an application, i.e., a data base, with a predefined set of possible responses.

Recoverable Cost

Denotes the cost of the specially constructed facilities for which the Telephone Company has a foreseeable reuse, either in place or elsewhere, should the service be terminated.

Registered Equipment

Denotes the IC's or the IC's Customer's Premises Equipment (CPE) which complies with and has been approved within the Registration Provisions of the FCC's Rules and Regulations.

(AT) <u>Release Message</u>

Denotes an SS7 message sent in either direction to indicate that a specific circuit is being released.

Remote Switching Modules (RSM) and/or Remote Switching Systems (RSS)

Denotes small, remotely controlled electronic end office switches which obtain their call processing capability from an electronic switching system-type Host Office. The RSM/RSS cannot accommodate direct trunks to an IC.

Reseller

Denotes any individual, partnership, association, joint-stock company, trust or corporation engaged for hire to provide intrastate, interstate and/or foreign communications by means of reselling services of other carriers.

Response

Denotes one Response from a set of predefined possible responses to a request for information contained in a query from a computer processor.

Return Loss

Denotes a measure of the similarity between the two impedances at the junction of two transmission paths. The higher the return loss, the higher the similarity.

Issued: March 7, 1994

P.S.C. Mo.-No. 36

No supplement to this tariff will be issued except for the purpose canceling this tariff. Access Services Tariff
Section 2
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Replacing 2nd Revised Sheet 71

ACCESS SERVICES

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GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

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MISSOURI Public Service Commission

Denotes a request for specific information generated by a computer processor and sent to an application, i.e., a data base, with a predefined set of possible responses.

(MT) Recoverable Cost

Query

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Remote Switching Modules (RSM) and/or Remote Switching Systems (RSS)

Denotes small, remotely controlled electronic end office switches which obtain their call processing capability from an electronic switching system-type Host Office. The RSM/RSS cannot accommodate direct trunks to an IC.

Reseller

Denotes any individual, partnership, association, joint-stock company, trust or corporation engaged for hire to provide intrastate, inter-state and/or foreign communications by means of reselling services of other carriers.

(AT) Response

Denotes one Response from a set of predefined possible responses to a request for information contained in a query from a computer processor.

Return Loss

Denotes a measure of the similarity between the two impedances at the junction of two transmission paths. The higher the return loss, the higher the similarity.

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Issued: AUG 1 8 1993

Effective: SEP 2 0 1993 to Service Commission

Access Services Tariff
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GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

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2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

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Return Loss

Denotes a measure of the similarity between the two impedances in the junction of two transmission paths. The higher the returnation, the higher the similarity.

Registered Equipment

Denotes the IC's or the IC's Customer's Premises Equipment (CPE) mornings of the IC's Rules and Regulations.

(AT) Service Control Point (SCP)

Denotes a transaction processor based system that provides a network interface to various data base services. For 800 Number Portability Access Service, the SCP contains routing instructions for 800 service records that were downloaded from the SMS/800.

Service Management System/800 (SMS/800)

Denotes the main operations support system of 800 Number Portability Access Service used to create and maintain subscriber 800 call processing records.

Service Switching Point (SSP)

Denotes the switches in the telephone network that distinguishes dialed 800 calls from ordinary telephone calls and then communicates with SCPs. The for information on how the 800 calls should be routed.

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Access Services Tariff Section 2 1st Revised Sheet 71 Replacing Original Sheet 71

ACCESS SERVICES

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GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

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Remote Switching Modules (RSM) and/or Remote Switching Systems (RSS)

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Return Loss

CANCELLED Denotes a measure of the similarity between the two impedances at the junction of two transmission paths. The higher the return loss, with 1 1993 + Public Service Commission higher the similarity.

Registered Equipment

Denotes the IC's or the IC's Customer's Premises Equipment (CPE) which complies with and has been approved within the Denotes the IC's Customer's Premises Equipment (CPE) which of the FCC's Rules and Regulations.

Service Termination

Denotes the connection of access service at an IC terminal location, End User's premises or a Centrex C.O.

(AT) Serving Wire Center

Denotes the end office from which the customer designated premises would normally obtain dial tone from the Telephone Company for Local Service purposes.

Seven-Digit Manual Test Line

Denotes an arrangement which allows the IC to select balance miland synchronous test lines by manually dialing a seven-digit numb the associated access connection.

Issued: JUN 27 1986

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ACCESS SERVICES

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- GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)
 - 2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

Remote Switching Modules (RSM) and/or Remote Switching Systems (RSS)

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Denotes the connection of access service at an IC terminal location, Fnd User's premises or a Centrex C.O.

Seven-Digit Manual Test Line

Denotes an arrangement which allows the IC to select balance, milliwatt and synchronous test lines by manually dialing a seven-digit number over the associated access connection.

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PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

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Issued: DEC 29 1983

Effective: JAN 0 1 1984

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No supplement to this tariff will be issued except for the purpose of canceling this tariff. Access Services Tariff
Section 2
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Replacing Original Sheet 71.01

ACCESS SERVICES

2. GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

(MT) <u>Service Control Point (SCP)</u>

Denotes a transaction processor based system that provides a network interface to various data base services. For 800 Number Portability Access Service, the SCP contains routing instructions for 800 service records that were downloaded from the SMS/800.

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2. GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

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2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

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ACCESS SERVICES

2. GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

Shortage of Facilities or Equipment

Denotes a condition which occurs when the Telephone Company does not have appropriate cable, switching capacity, bridging or multiplexing equipment, etc., necessary to provide the Access Service requested by the customer.

Short Circuit Test Line

Denotes an arrangement in an end office which provides for an ac short circuit termination of a trunk or line by means of a capacitor of at least four microfarads.

Signal-to-C-Notched Noise Ratio

Denotes the ratio in dB of a test signal to the corresponding C-Notched Noise.

(AT) <u>Signaling Link (SL)</u>

Denotes a specialized digital data link that provides interconnection/ signaling paths between the various signal and processing nodes of the Common Channel Signaling network. Signaling Links may be routed directly between signaling points or indirectly via a Signal Transfer Point (STP).

Signaling Link Code (SLC)

Denotes a code that identifies a signaling link within the Common Channel Signaling/Signaling System 7 (CS/SS7) link set.

Signaling Point (SP)

Denotes a node in the Common Channel Signaling network that originates and/or receives signaling messages.

Signaling System 7 (SS7)

Denotes the signaling protocol version 7 used in the Common Channel Signaling network based on the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) standards.

Signaling Transfer Point (STP)

Denotes a packet switch in the Common Channel Signaling network that is used to route signaling messages between signaling nodes. STPs also transfer signaling messages to other CCS networks.

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Issued: May 13, 1992 Effective: November 16, 1992

Access Services Tariff Section 2 2nd Revised Sheet 72 Replacing 1st Revised Sheet 72

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GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

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2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

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Denotes the ratio in dB of a test signal to the corresponding C-Notched Noise.

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Singing Return Loss (SRL)

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Denotes the frequency weighted measure of return loss at the edges of the voiceband (200 to 500 Hz and 2500 to 3200 Hz), where singing (instability) problems are most likely to occur.

Special Order

Denotes an order for a Billing and Collection Service or an order for a Directory Assistance Service.

Subcontracting Service Vendor

The service vendor who, under contract or Tariff concurrence, agrees to provide a portion of an NSEP Telecommunications Service.

Subtending End Office of an Access Tandem

Denotes an end office that has final trunk group routing through that tandem.

Synchronous Test Line

Denotes an arrangement in an end office which performs marginal operational test of supervisory and ring-tripping functions.

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By R. D. BARRON, President-Missouri Division Public Service Commission Southwestern Bell Telephone Company

Access Services Tariff
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ACCESS SERVICES

- GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)
- 2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

(AT) Shortage of Facilities or Equipment

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Public Service Commission

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Denotes an end office that has final trunk group routing through that tandem.

Synchronous Test Line

Denotes an arrangement in an end office which performs marginal operational test of supervisory and ring-tripping functions.

(AT) Termination Charge

Denotes the portion of the Maximum Termination Liability that is applied as a nonrecurring charge when all services are discontinued prior took the expiration of the specified liability period.

Terminating Direction

Denotes the use of access service for the completion of IC terminal location to an End User.

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ACCESS SERVICES

GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

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Synchronous Test Line

Denotes an arrangement in an end office which performs marginal operational test of supervisory and ring-tripping functions.

Terminating Direction

Denotes the use of access service for the completion of calls from an IC terminal location to an End User.

Transmission Measuring (105-Type) Test Line/Responder

Denotes an arrangement in an end office which provides far-end access
to a responder and permits two way loss and noise measurements to be made on trunks fidom ka wear end office. 1511111111

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No supplement to this tariff will be issued except for the purpose canceling this tariff. Access Services Tariff Section 2 Original Sheet 72.01

ACCESS SERVICES

2. GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

(MT) Singing Return Loss (SRL)

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Denotes an end office that has final trunk group routing through that tandem.

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2. GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

(AT) <u>Telecommunications Service Priority (TSP) Authorization Code</u>

A special 12-digit code assigned by the TSP Program Office, which authorizes priority provisioning and/or restroration designations for NSEP Telecommunications Services.

Telecommunications Service Priority (TSP) System.

The priority provisioning and restoration of services offered under this Tariff relative to the National Security Emergency Prepardness (NSEP) Telecommunications Service Priority (TSP) System shall be pursuant to the regulations and rates as delineated in Section 10, following.

Termination Charge

Denotes the portion of the Maximum Termination Liability that is applied as a nonrecurring charge when all services are discontinued prior to the expiration of the specified liability period.

Terminating Direction

Denotes the use of access service for the completion of calls from an IC terminal location to an End User.

Transmission Measuring (105-Type) Test Line/Responder

Denotes an arrangement in an end office which provides far-end access to a responder and permits two-way loss and noise measurements to be made on trunks from a near end office.

Transmission Path

Denotes an electrical path capable of transmitting signals within the range of the service offering. A voice grade transmission path is capable of transmitting voice frequencies within the approximate range of 300 to 3000 Hz. A transmission path is comprised of physical or derived channels consisting of any form or configuration of facilities typically used in the telecommunications industry.

Trunk

Denotes a communications path connecting two switching systems in a network, used in the establishment of an end-to-end connection.

Issued: July 3, 1991 Effective: August 2, 1991

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- GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)
- 2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

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Trunk

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Denotes a communications path connecting two switching systems CANCELLED network, used in the establishment of an end-to-end connection.

Trunk Group

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Denotes a set of trunks which are traffic engineered as a unit for the establishment of connections between switching systems of Service Commission all of the communications paths are interchangeable.

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Trunk Side Connection

Denotes the connection of a transmission path to the trunk side of a local exchange switching system.

Two-Wire to Four-Wire Conversion

Denotes an arrangement which converts a four-wire transmission path to a two-wire transmission path to allow a four-wire facility to terminate in a two-wire entity.

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- GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)
- 2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

Transmission Path

Denotes an electrical path capable of transmitting signals within the range of the service offering. A voice grade transmission path is capable of transmitting voice frequencies within the approximate range of 300 to 3000 Hz. A transmission path is comprised of physical or derived facilities consisting of any form or configuration of plant typically used in the telecommunications industry.

Transmission Performance

Denotes the immediate action limits beyond which the Telephone Company will accept an IC's trouble report and take corrective action.

Trunk

Denotes a communications path connecting two switching systems in a network, used in the establishment of an end-to-end connection.

Trunk Group

Denotes a set of trunks which are traffic engineered as a unit for the establishment of connections between switching systems in which all of the communications paths are interchangeable.

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No supplement to this tariff will be issued except for the purpose of canceling this tariff. Access Services Tariff
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GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

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2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

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Public Service Commission

(MT) Trunk Group

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Two-Wire to Four-Wire Conversion

Denotes an arrangement which converts a four-wire transmission path to a two-wire transmission path to allow a four-wire facility to terminate in a two-wire entity.

Uniform Service Order Code (USOC)

Denotes a three or five character alphabetic, numeric or an alphanumeric code that identifies a specific item of service or equipment. Uniform Service Order Codes are used in the Telephone Company billing system to generate recurring rates and nonrecurring charges.

V & H Coordinates Method

Denotes a method of computing air line miles between two points by utilizing an established formula which is based on the vertical (V) and horizontal (H) coordinates of the two points.

WATS Access Line (WAL)

Denotes a dedicated connection between a customer designated premises and the WATS serving office. The WAL was formerly referred to as a Special Access Line (SAL) and/or a Dedicated Access Line (DAL).

WATS Access Line Service

Denotes a line side connection that combines Switched Access Service with a dedicated Special Access connection between an end user premises and the WATS serving office.

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2nd Revised Sheet 74

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GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

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MISSOURI Public Service Commission

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WATS Access Line Service

Denotes a line side connection that combines Switched Access Service with a dedicated Special Access connection between an end user premises and the WATS serving office.

WATS Serving Office

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Denotes a Telephone Company designated end office where swiftchphig9screening and/or recording functions are performed in connection with the closedand of WATS Access Line Service.

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Wire Center

Denotes a building in which one or more central offices, used for the provision of Telephone Exchange Services, are located.

(AT) X.25 Protocol

Denotes the interface between user data terminal equipment and packet switching data circuit terminating equipment, as specified by the International Telephone and Telegraph Consultative Committee (CCITT) recommendation.

800 Access Service Screening Office

Denotes an end office or access tandem that performs the customer identification function required to provide 800 Access Service to all customers.

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GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

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2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

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Wire Center

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Effective: OCT 16 1987

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Issued: OCT 1 4 1987

By R. D. BARRON, President-Missouri Division Southwestern Bell Telephone Company St. Louis, Missouri

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- GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)
- 2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

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2. GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

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2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

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WATS Serving Office

Denotes a Telephone Company designated end office where switching, screening and/or recording functions are performed in connection with the closedend of WATS Access Line Service.

Wire Center

Denotes a building in which one or more central offices, used for the provision of Telephone Exchange Services, are located.

X.25 Protocol

Denotes the interface between user data terminal equipment and packet switching data circuit terminating equipment, as specified by the International Telephone and Telegraph Consultative Committee (CCITT) recommendation.

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800 Number Portability Access Service (NPAS)

Denotes the ability to determine interexchange carrier identification based on the subscriber's selection of the carrier using all ten digits of the dialed 800 number. Allows an 800 subscriber to change its interexchange carrier without changing its 800 number.

800 Service Provider

Denotes the entity that offers 800 access services to 800 subscribers.

800 Subscriber

Denotes a customer that has arranged with an 800 Service Provider for 800 service and has been assigned an 800 number.

900 Access Service Screening Office

An end office or access tandem that performs the customer identification function required to provide 900 Access Service to all customers.

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ssued: MAR 2 2 1993

Effective: MAY - 1 1993

By A. D. ROBERTSON, Assistant Vice President-External Affairs Southwestern Bell Telephone Company St. Louis, Missouri

(AT)

Access Services Tariff Section 2 3rd Revised Sheet 75 Replacing 2nd Revised Sheet 75

ACCESS SERVICES

GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

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2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

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WATS Serving Office (TM)

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Denotes a Telephone Company designated end office where switching, screening and/or recording functions are performed in connection with the closedend of WATS Access Line Service.

Wire Center

Denotes a building in which one or more central offices, used for the provision of Telephone Exchange Services, are located.

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900 Access Service Screening Office

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2. GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

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2.6 Definitions-(Continued)

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900 Access Service Screening Office

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An end office or access tandem that performs the customer identification function required to provide 900 Access Service to all customers.

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GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)

2.7 Mileage Measurement

The rate mileage for local, special and directory transport is the air line distance measured between two serving wire centers. The two serving wire centers may be:

- The IC serving wire center and the End User's serving wire center
- The IC serving wire center and a HUB serving wire center
- The IC serving wire center and a bridging serving wire center
- A HUB serving wire center and an End User's serving wire center
- A bridging serving wire center and an End User's serving wire center, or
- Two IC serving wire centers.

Each serving wire center has a unique set of vertical and horizontal (V & H) coordinates. These coordinates are used for calculating the air line distance between the two serving wire centers.

2.7.1 Mileage Calculation

Mileage is calculated as follows:

- A. Using the area code (NPA) and the first three digits of the local exchange telephone number (NXX) of each serving wire center, look up the V & H coordinates of the associated serving wire center.
- B. Obtain the difference between the V coordinates. Then obtain the difference between the H coordinates. (The difference is always obtained by subtracting the smaller from the larger).
- C. Square the differences.

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Access Services Tariff
Section 2
1st Revised Sheet 76
Replacing Original Sheet 76

ACCESS SERVICES

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MISSOURI Public Service Commission

ACCESS SERVICES

- 2. GENERAL REGULATIONS-(Continued)
 - 2.7 Mileage Measurement-(Continued)
 - 2.7.1 Mileage Calculation-(Continued)
 - D. Add the squares of the two differences.
 - E. Divide the sum of the squares by 10.
 - F. Take the square root of the result obtained in E. The resultant is the air line miles of the transport. (Fractional miles are rounded to the next higher whole number).
 - 2.7.2 Example

The V-H mileage distance between St. Louis, Missouri, and Joplin, Missouri:

	<u>v</u>	<u>H</u>
St. Louis	6807	3490
Joplin	7422	4018
Difference	615	528

Squared 378225 + 278784 = 657009

 $\sqrt{\frac{657009}{10}} = 256.32186 = 257 \text{ miles}$

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P.S.C. Mo. - No. 36 ACCESS SERVICES TARIFF

Southwestern Bell Telephone Company d/b/a AT&T Missouri Section 2 Appendix Original Sheet 1

VoIP - PSTN Rates

The following switched access rates are applicable to VoIP-PSTN traffic as delineated in Missouri Access Services Tariff P.S.C. Mo. No. 36, Section 2.3.16.B.The section and subsection numbers in this appendix are consistent with those same sections in the interstate tariff (SWBT FCC No. 73). The switched access rates in this appendix are the same as those rates found in No. 73. If any discrepancy arises in the rates between this appendix and No. 73, the rates in No. 73 shall be used.

- 5. Ordering for Access Service (Cont'd)5.3 Rate Regulations (Cont'd)5.3.2 Access Order Modification Charges (Cont'd)
 - (C) Expedite Charges (Cont'd)
 - (1) Analog (Metallic, Telegraph, Wideband Analog), DS0 (Wideband Data, Megalink Data (2.4, 4.8, 9.6, 19.2, 56, 64 Kbps), DovLink), Entrance Facilities (Voice Grade, DS1, DS3), High Capacity DS1 (Megalink Data (128, 256, 384, 512, 768 Kbps) Access Services, and MegaLink Custom Services (Cont'd)

	Analog/Voice Grade/DS0 Access Services	
USOC	Expedited Service Intervals	Expedited Order Charge
EODXN	· 9 days	\$375.00
EODXL	8 days	\$425.00
EODXJ	7 days	\$475.00
EODXG	6 days	\$525.00
EODXE	5 days	\$575.00
EODXC	4 days	\$625.00
EODXA	3 days	\$675.00
EODWR		\$1,500.00
EODWQ		\$2,000.00
EODWP	0 days	\$2,500.00
	DC4/Magalink Data (420, 250, 204, 542, 700)	Khna) Assass Comissas

	DS1/Megalink Data (128, 256,	384, 512, 768 Kbps) Access Services
USOC	Expedited Service Intervals	Expedited Order Charge
EODXR	· 4 days	\$625.00
EODXP	3 daýs	\$675.00
EODWO	2 davs	\$1,500.00
EODWN	1 daýs	\$2,000.00
EODWM	0 davs	\$2.500.00

MegaLink Custom Services

USOC	Expedited Service Intervals	Expedited Circuit Charge
EODWL	6 days	\$1,500.00
EODWK	5 days	\$2,000.00
EODWJ	4 days	\$2,500.00
EODWH	3 days	\$3,000.00
EODWG	2 days	\$3,500.00
EODWF EODWE	1 days 0 days	\$4,000.00 \$4,500.00
LODVIL	o uays	φ4,300.00

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Southwestern Bell Telephone Company d/b/a AT&T Missouri (RT)

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VoIP-PSTN Rates

5.4 Rates and Charges

The applicable FIDs or USOCs are included when appropriate.

- (A) Access Order Charges (NRB1X)
 - (1) The following access order charge applies to Switched Access Service (with the exception of the DNAL BSA), CCS/SS7 Interconnection Service, Designated Operator Services, DirectLine Custom Service, Directory Assistance Service, Operator Call Processing Service, Service Provider Number Portabilty and TRIS.

Charge per Access Order

Switched Access Order Charge\$17.00

(B) Access Order Modification Charges

Charge per order per occurrence

(1) Design Change Charge (H28)......\$32.96

Charge per order per occurrence per service date changed

(2) Service Date Change Charge (OMC).....\$26.50

Charge per order per occurrence

(3) Service Date Change Dispatch Charge

ge (VT6DN).....\$200.00

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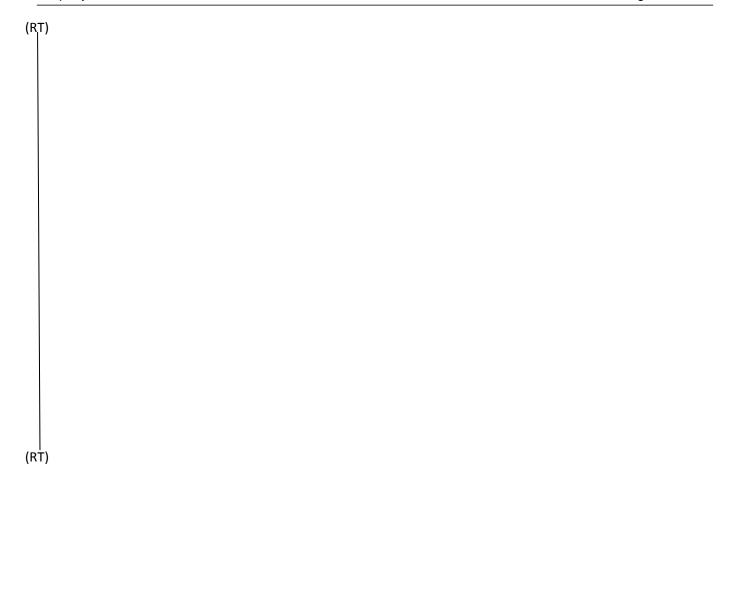
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Section 2 Appendix

Southwestern Bell Telephone Company d/b/a AT&T Missouri 1st Revised Sheet 3 Cancel Original Sheet 3



Section 2 Appendix Original Sheet 3

VoIP-PSTN Rates

6.9 Rates and Charges

Applicable FIDs and USOCs are included where appropriate.

6.9.2 Switched Transport (Cont'd)

(A) Entrance Facility (Cont'd)

(A) Entrance Facility (Cont'd)		
(1) Voice Grade		
(per channel)	USOC	Rate per Month
2-wire 4-wire	EF2A2 EF2A4	\$ 7.10 \$ 16.50
2-wire		Nonrecurring Charge
(per channel) First Channel Additional Channe 4-wire (per channel)	el, each	\$ 166.00 \$ 116.00
First Channel Additional Channe	el, each	\$ 201.00 \$ 149.00
(2) Wideband Analog (per Wideband Analo	og)	
Group	USOC EF2EX	Rate per Month \$ 275.40
Supergroup	EF2FX	\$1,377.00
(3) DS1 (per DS1)	USOC EF2BX	Rate per Month
Zone 1 - MO Zone 2 - MO Zone 3 - MO		\$ 93.28 \$ 98.64 \$ 105.18
Per DS1 First DS1		
Zone 1 - MO Zone 2 - MO Zone 3 - MO		\$ 600.00 \$ 600.00 \$ 600.00
Additional DS1, each	ı	
Zone 1 - MO Zone 2 - MO Zone 3 - MO		\$ 456.00 \$ 456.00 \$ 456.40

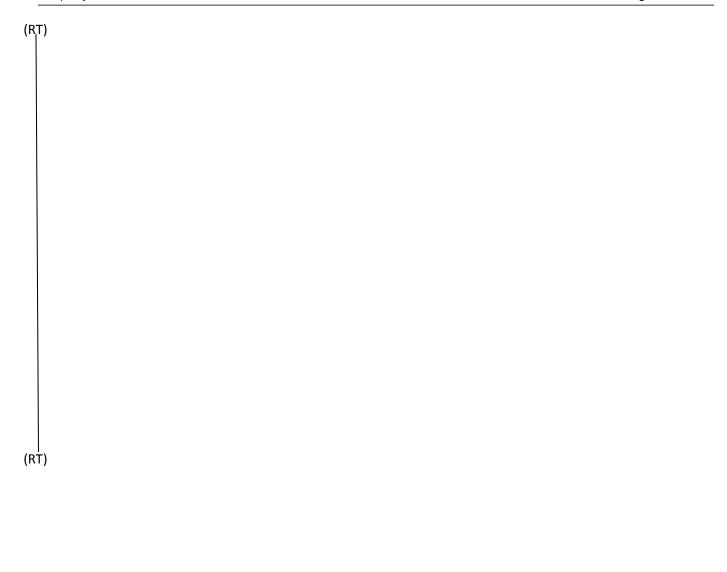
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Section 2 Appendix

Southwestern Bell Telephone Company d/b/a AT&T Missouri 1st Revised Sheet 4 Cancel Original Sheet 4



Issue Date: July 31, 2014 Effective Date: August 30, 2014

Section 2 Appendix Original Sheet 4

VoIP-PSTN Rates

6.9 Rates and Charges

Applicable FIDs and USOCs are included where appropriate.

6.9.2 Switched Transport (Cont'd)

(4) DS3 USOC Rate per Month (per DS3)

Nonrecurring Charge

Optical	EF2DX	
Zone 1 - MO Zone 2 - MO Zone 3 - MO		\$1,112.00 \$1,136.40 \$1,168.00
Electrical	EF2CX	
Zone 1 - MO Zone 2 - MO Zone 3 - MO		\$1,112.00 \$1,136.40 \$1,168.00
Per DS3 First DS3		
Zone 1 - MO Zone 2 - MO Zone 3 - MO		\$ 605.00 \$ 605.00 \$ 605.00
Additional DS3,	each	
Zone 1 - MO Zone 2 - MO Zone 3 - MO		\$ 496.00 \$ 496.00 \$ 496.00

(B) Direct-Trunked Transport

(1) Voice Grade (per channel)

	USOC	Rate per Month
Fixed	1YTEX	
0 miles		\$ 0.00
Over 0 miles		\$ 4.38
Per Mile		
0 miles		\$ 0.00
Over 0 miles		\$ 0.28
Nonrecurring Cha	ırge	
First Channel		\$181.00
Additional Channe	el, each	\$157.00

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Southwestern Bell Telephone Company d/b/a AT&T Missouri (RT)

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Issue Date: July 31, 2014 Effective Date: August 30, 2014

VoIP-PSTN Rates

6.9 Rates and Charges

Applicable FIDs and USOCs are included where appropriate.

6.9.2 Switched Transport (Cont'd)

(B) Direct-Trunked Transport

(2) Wideband Analog

(per Wideband Analog)

Group Fixed 0 miles Over 0 miles Per Mile 0 miles Over 0 miles	1YTGX	\$ 0.00 \$195.84 \$ 0.00 \$ 18.00
Supergroup Fixed 0 miles Over 0 miles Per Mile 0 miles Over 0 miles	1YTHX	\$ 0.00 \$979.20 \$ 0.00 \$ 90.00

USOC

(3) DS1

(per DS1)

E'	0000	rate per month
Fixed 0 miles	1YTCX	
Zone 1 - MO Zone 2 - MO Zone 3 - MO		\$ 4.80 \$ 4.80 \$ 4.80
Over 0 miles		
Zone 1 - MO Zone 2 - MO Zone 3 - MO		\$ 28.84 \$ 28.84 \$ 28.84
Per Mile 0 miles		
Zone 1 - MO Zone 2 - MO Zone 3 - MO		\$ 0.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 0.00
Over 0 miles		
Zone 1 - MO Zone 2 - MO Zone 3 - MO		\$ 5.79 \$ 5.79 \$ 5.79

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Rate per Month

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Southwestern Bell Telephone Company d/b/a AT&T Missouri

VoIP-PSTN Rates

6.9 Rates and Charges

Applicable FIDs and USOCs are included where appropriate.

6.9.2 Switched Transport (Cont'd)

(B) Direct-Trunked Transport

(3) DS1 (Cont'd) (per DS1)

First DS1		Nonrecurring Charge
Zone 1 - MO Zone 2 - MO Zone 3 - MO		\$408.00 \$408.00 \$408.00
Additional DS1,	each	
Zone 1 - MO Zone 2 - MO Zone 3 - MO		\$314.00 \$314.00 \$314.00
(4) DS3 (per DS3)	USOC	Rate per Month
Fixed	1YTDX	reace per Monar
Zone 1 - MO Zone 2 - MO Zone 3 - MO		\$556.00 \$490.12 \$550.00
Per Mile		
Zone 1 - MO Zone 2 - MO Zone 3 - MO		\$ 38.21 \$ 43.24 \$ 46.55
First DS3	1YTDX	Nonrecurring Charge
Zone 1 - MO Zone 2 - MO Zone 3 - MO		\$473.00 \$473.00 \$473.00
Additional DS3,	each	
Zone 1 - MO Zone 2 - MO Zone 3 - MO		\$341.00 \$341.00 \$341.00

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By JOHN SONDAG, President - Missouri St. Louis, Missouri

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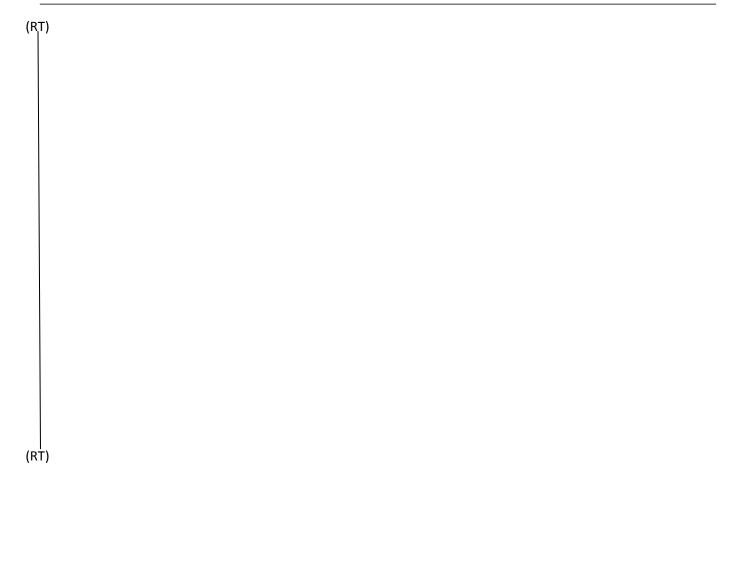
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Section 2 Appendix

Southwestern Bell Telephone Company d/b/a AT&T Missouri 1st Revised Sheet 7 Cancel Original Sheet 7



Issue Date: July 31, 2014 Effective Date: August 30, 2014

P.S.C. Mo. - No. 36 **ACCESS SERVICES TARIFF**

Southwestern Bell Telephone Company d/b/a AT&T Missouri Section 2 Appendix Original Sheet 7

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6.9	Rates	and	Charges
U.S	Naico	anu	CHAIUES

Applicable FIDs and USOCs are included where appropriate.

6.9.2 Switched Transport (Cont'd)

(1) Tandem-Switched	Transmission/Common	Transport
----	-------------------	---------------------	-----------

Rate per Access Minute \$0.000053 Rate per Access Minute per Mile \$0.000003

(2) Host/Remote Transmission

\$0.000173 Rate per Access Minute Rate per Access Minute per Mile \$0.000014

(3) Tandem Switching

Rate per Access Minute \$0.000288

(4) Tandem End Office Multiplexing

Rate per Access Minute \$0.000047

(5) Dedicated Tandem Trunk Port USOC

Rate per Month per Port PT8LX \$ 1.34

(6) Nonrecurring Charge

per Voice Grade **NRBLW**

First Voice Grade Channel \$181.00 Add'I Voice Grade Channel, each \$157.00

NRBLX per DS1

First DS1 \$408.00 \$314.00

Additional DS1, each

per DS3 **NRBLY**

First DS3 \$473.00 Additional DS3, each \$341.00

(D) Feature Group and BSA Installation (TPP++)

Nonrecurring Charge

FGA and BSA-A, first line

Zone 1 - MO \$ 33.25 Zone 2 - MO \$ 33.25 Zone 3 - MO \$ 33.25

FGA and BSA-A, add'l line

Zone 1 - MO \$ 28.50 Zone 2 - MO \$28.50 Zone 3 - MO \$28.50

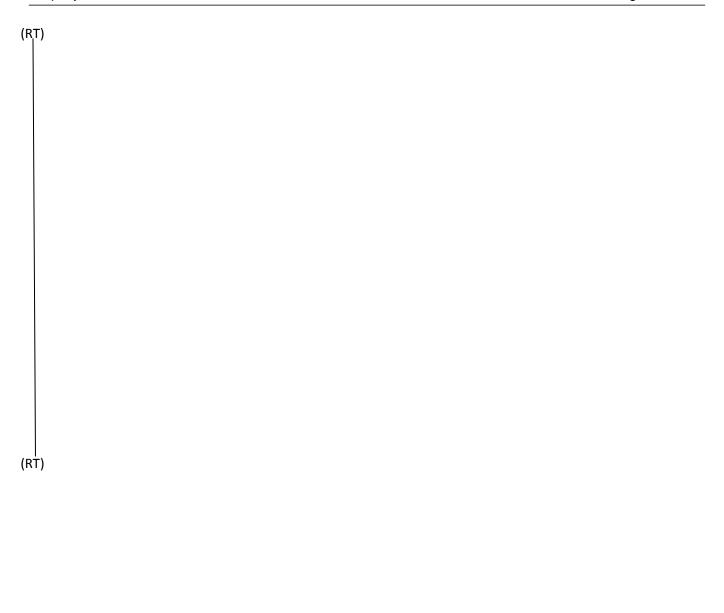
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Southwestern Bell Telephone Company d/b/a AT&T Missouri 1st Revised Sheet 8 Cancel Original Sheet 8



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VoIP-PSTN Ra	ates
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6.9	Rates	and	Charges
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6.9.2 Switched Transport (Cont'd)

(D) Feature Group and BSA Installation (TPP++) (Cont'd)

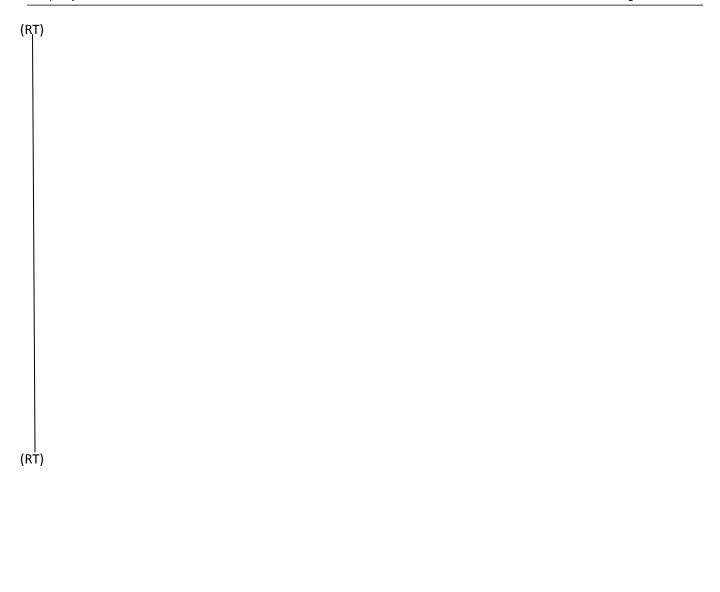
) Feature Group and BSA Installation (TPP++) (Cont'd)	Name a comica o Observa
FGB and BSA-B First Trunk	Nonrecurring Charge
Zone 1 - MO Zone 2 - MO Zone 3 - MO	\$ 33.25 \$ 33.25 \$ 33.25
FGB and BSA-B Additional Trunk, each	
Zone 1 - MO Zone 2 - MO Zone 3 - MO	\$ 28.50 \$ 28.50 \$ 28.50
FGC and BSA-C First Trunk	
Zone 1 - MO Zone 2 - MO Zone 3 - MO	\$ 33.25 \$ 33.25 \$ 33.25
FGC and BSA-C Additional Trunk, each	
Zone 1 - MO Zone 2 - MO Zone 3 - MO	\$ 28.50 \$ 28.50 \$ 28.50
FGD and BSA-D First Trunk	
Zone 1 - MO Zone 2 - MO Zone 3 - MO	\$ 33.25 \$ 33.25 \$ 33.25
FGD and BSA-D Additional Trunk, each	
Zone 1 - MO Zone 2 - MO Zone 3 - MO	\$ 28.50 \$ 28.50 \$ 28.50

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Section 2 Appendix

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VoIP-PSTN Rates

6.9 Rates and Charges6.9.2 Switched Transport (Cont'd)

(F) SFM

Nonrecurring Charge

(1) Entrance Facility SFM(a) Voice Frequency facilitymoved to DS1 facility (NRBRB)

First channel \$100.00 Additional channel, each \$55.00

(b) DS1 facility moved to a DS1 facility (NRBRC) First DS1

> Zone 1 - MO \$125.00 Zone 2 - MO \$125.00 Zone 3 - MO \$125.00

Additional DS1, each

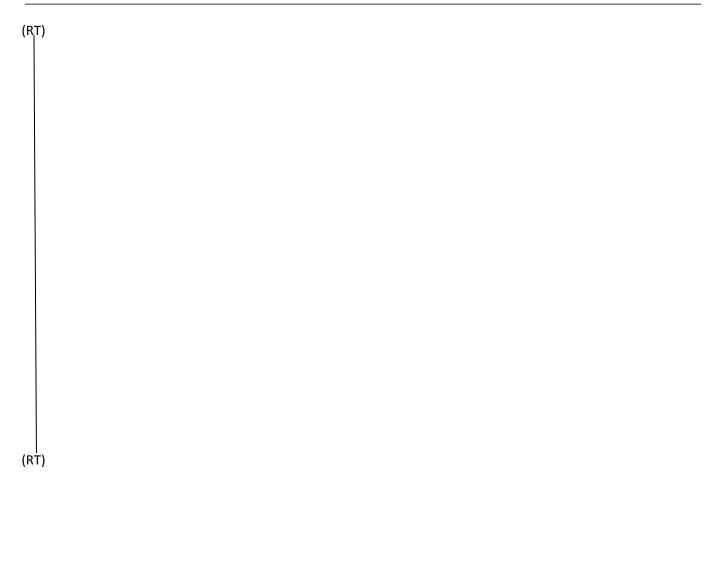
Zone 1 - MO \$ 90.00 Zone 2 - MO \$ 90.00 Zone 3 - MO \$ 90.00

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Section 2 Appendix

Southwestern Bell Telephone Company d/b/a AT&T Missouri 1st Revised Sheet 10 Cancel Original Sheet 10



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\/oIP-	PSTN Rates	
6.9 Rates and Charges 6.9.2 Switched Transport (Cont'd) (F) SFM (Cont'd)		
(1) Entrance Facility SFM (Cont'd) (c) DS1 facility moved to a DS3 facility (NRBRD) First DS1	Nonrecurring Charge	
Zone 1 - MO Zone 2 - MO Zone 3 - MO	\$150.00 \$150.00 \$150.00	
Additional DS1, each		
Zone 1 - MO Zone 2 - MO Zone 3 - MO	\$120.00 \$120.00 \$120.00	
	Nonrecurring Charge	
(d) DS3 facility moved to a DS3 facility (NRBRG) First DS3		
Zone 1 - MO Zone 2 - MO Zone 3 - MO	\$135.00 \$135.00 \$135.00	
Additional DS3, each		
Zone 1 - MO Zone 2 - MO Zone 3 - MO	\$104.00 \$104.00 \$104.00	
(2) Direct-Trunked Transport SFM (a) Voice Frequency facility moved to DS1 facility (NRBRQ)	Nonrecurring Charge	
First channel Additional channel, each	\$100.00 \$ 55.00	
(b) DS1 facility moved to a DS1 facility (NRBRR) First DS1		
Zone 1 - MO Zone 2 - MO Zone 3 - MO	\$125.00 \$125.00 \$125.00	
Additional DS1, each		
Zone 1 - MO Zone 2 - MO Zone 3 - MO	\$ 90.00 \$ 90.00 \$ 90.00	

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Section 2 Appendix

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Southwestern Bell Telephone Company d/b/a AT&T Missouri

	VoIP-PSTN Rates
6.9 Rates and Charges 6.9.2 Switched Transport (Cont'd) (F) SFM (Cont'd) (2) Direct-Trunked Transport SF (c) DS1 facility moved to a DS3 facility (NRBRS)	
First DS1	
Zone 1 - MO Zone 2 - MO Zone 3 - MO	\$150.00 \$150.00 \$150.00
Additional DS1, each	
Zone 1 - MO Zone 2 - MO Zone 3 - MO	\$120.00 \$120.00 \$120.00
(d) DS3 facility moved to a DS3 facility (NRBRY))
First DS3	
Zone 1 - MO Zone 2 - MO Zone 3 - MO	\$135.00 \$135.00 \$135.00
Additional DS3, each	
Zone 1 - MO Zone 2 - MO Zone 3 - MO	\$104.00 \$104.00 \$104.00
(3) Tandem-Switched Transport (a) Voice Frequency facility moved to DS1 facility (First channel Additional channel, each	(NRBRT) \$100.00
(b) DS1 facility moved to a DS1 facility (first DS1 additional DS1, each	(NRBRU) \$125.00 \$ 90.00
(c) DS1 facility moved to a DS3 facility (first DS1 additional DS1, each	(NRBRV) \$150.00 \$120.00
(d) DS3 facility moved to a DS3 facility (first DS3 additional DS3, each	(NRBRX) \$135.00 \$104.00

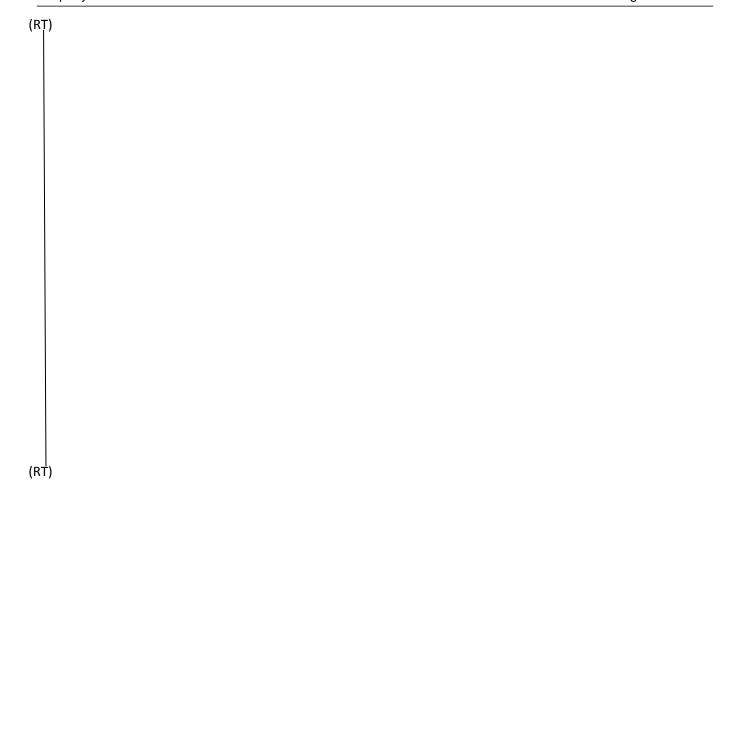
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VoIP-PSTN Rates

	VOIP-PSTN Rates
6.9 Rates and Charges	
6.9.2 Switched Transport (Cont'd)	
(G) Switched Transport Features	Nonrecurring Charge
(1) Supervisory Signaling	rtom couring charge
(1) Supervisory Signaling	
(a) DX Supervisory Signaling*	
(NCI ++DX+)	
FGR and BSA-B first t	runk \$101.52
	ional trunk\$ 37.06
FGC and BSA-C, first	trunk \$101.52
FGC and BSA-C, addi	tional trunk \$ 37.06
FGD and BSA-D, first	trunk \$101.52
	tional trunk \$ 37.06
1 OD and BON B, add	ιιοπαι τι απιλ φ ο 7.00
(1) 05 0	
(b) SF Supervisory Signaling**	
(NCI ++SF+)	
FGA and BSA-A, first I	ine\$ 27.14
	ional line\$ 11.27
FGB and BSA-B, first t	runk \$101.52
	ional trunk \$ 37.06
FGC and BSA-C, first	trunk \$101.52
	tional trunk \$ 37.06
	trunk \$101.52
FGD and BSA-D, addi	tional trunk\$ 37.06
(c) E&M Type I Supervisory S	ignaling*
(NCI ++EA+)	
	runk \$101.52
FCD and BCA D addit	ional trust
FGD and DSA-D, addit	ional trunk \$ 37.06
	trunk\$101.52
FGC and BSA-C, addi	tional trunk \$ 37.06
FGD and BSA-D, first	trunk \$101.52
	tional trunk\$ 37.06
TOD and Bort B, addi	ιιοπαι τιαπίςφ στ.ου
(I) FOM T II O : O	
(d) E&M Type II Supervisory S	ignaling"
(NCI ++EB+)	
FGB and BSA-B, first t	runk \$101.52
FGB and BSA-B, addit	ional trunk \$ 37.06
	trunk \$101.52
FCC and BCA C addi	tional trunk
	tional trunk \$ 37.06
	trunk \$101.52
FGD and BSA-D, addi	tional trunk \$ 37.06
•	
(e) E&M Type III Supervisory S	Signaling*
	ngnamg
(NCI ++EC+)	Manual
	trunk \$101.52
FGC and BSA-C, addi	tional trunk \$ 37.06
FGD and BSA-D, first	trunk \$101.52
	tional trunk\$ 37.06
1 05 414 507 5, 444	φοτισο
(2) Customer analitization of the	oneivo
(2) Customer specification of the r	eceive
transmission level *(TLV)	
FGA and BSA-A, first I	ine\$ 9.38
FGA and BSA-A, addit	ional line\$ 7.71
	runk\$83.76
	ional trunk \$ 33.51
	trunk \$ 83.76
	tional trunk \$ 33.51
FGD and BSA-D, first	trunk\$ 83.76
	tional trunk \$ 33.51
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Section 2 Appendix

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Southwestern Bell Telephone Company d/b/a AT&T Missouri

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	VoIP-PSTN Rates		
6.9 Rates and Charges6.9.2 Switched Transport (Cont'd)			
(G) Switched Transport Features (Cont	d)	Nonrecurring Charge	
(3) Customer specification of the Switched Transport Termina Four-wire termination in lieu two-wire termination**(NC S-	of	Nonrecuring Charge	
FGB and BSA-B, first tr		\$117.54	
FGB and BSA-B, addition	onal trunk	\$ 37.06	
(4) Multiplexing(a) DS1 to Voice Grade(per multiplexer)	USOC (MKW1X,M6W1X)	Rate per Month	
Zone 1 - MO		\$113.00	
Zone 2 - MO		\$113.00	
Zone 3 - MO		\$113.00	
		Nonrecurring Charge	
Zone 1 - MO		\$ 0.00	
Zone 2 - MO		\$ 0.00	
Zone 3 - MO		\$ 0.00	
(b) DS3 to DS1 USOC (per multiplexer)	(MKW3X,M6W3X)	Rate per Month	
Zone 1 - MO		\$556.00	
Zone 2 - MO		\$556.00	
Zone 3 - MO		\$556.00	
		Nonrecurring Charge	
Zone 1 - MO		\$202.00	
Zone 2 - MO		\$202.00	
Zone 3 - MO		\$202.00	
(c) Supergroup to Group	USOC	Rate per Month	
(per multiplexer)	M5S	\$180.00	
-			

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M5G

(d) Group to DS1

(per multiplexer)

\$180.00

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Vol	P-	PS	ΓNI	Rat	tes
v Oi	_		111	ı va	ເບວ

6.9 Rates and Charges (Cont'd)

6.9.3 Local Switching

Rate per Access

\$548.00

Minute

(A) Bundled Local Switching Usage

Premium

LS1 \$0.002563 LS2 \$0.002563 Non-premium \$0.001153

(B) Unbundled Local Switching Usage

Premium

LS1 \$0.002563 LS2 \$0.002563 Non-premium \$0.001153

(C) Dedicated End Office Port USOC

Rate per Month per Port PT8JX \$ 18.96

(D) Shared End Office Trunk Port

Rate per Access Minute \$0.000900

(F) 0+900 Access Service Installation

Charge Nonrecurring Charge

 Per end office that requires modification, within a LATA

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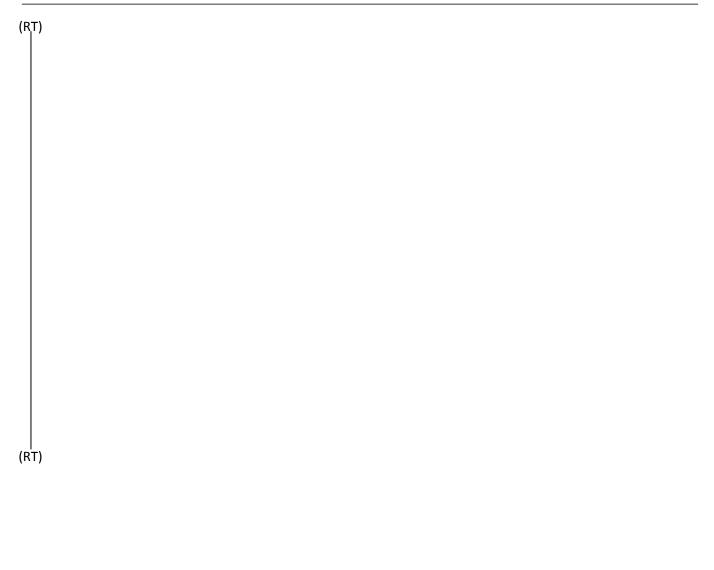
	VolP-	PSTN Rates	
6.9 Rates and Charge		1011111111100	
6.9.3 Local Switching	o (ooa)		
	ching Features (Cont'd)		
(-)	g	USOC	Nonrecurring Charge
(3) Band Advar	nce Arrangement	NR4BA	
	se with WATS Access	11111271	
	Service (BAAD)		
	and BSA-A, first WATS Access Line		
	nunt group		\$ 43 74
	and BSA-A, additional WATS Access		🗘 10.7 1
	ine hunt groups		\$ 43 74
FGB.	and BSA-B, first WATS Access Line		ψ 10.7 1
1 02	nunt group		\$ 43 74
FGB.	and BSA-B, additional WATS Access		🗘 10.7 1
	ine hunt groups		\$ 43 74
	and BSA-C, first WATS Access Line		🗘 10.7 1
. 33	nunt group		\$ 43.74
	and BSA-C, additional WATS Access		🗘 10.7 1
	ine hunt groups		\$ 43 74
FGD.	and BSA-D, first WATS Access Line		10.7 1
	nunt group		\$ 43 74
	and BSA-D, additional WATS Access		
105	ine hunt groups		\$ 43 74
•	ino nant groupo		
(4) Call Denial	on Line	NR4CD	
	nt Group (CAD)	MICIOD	
FGA	and BSA-A, first line		\$ 1 93
	and BSA-A, additional line		
1 0/1	and Box () i, additional line lining.		φ 1.00
			Nonrecurring
		USOC	Charge
(5) Carrier Iden	tification		S .
Code			
(a) Establish	n or Add	NR4AC	
()	FGB and BSA-B, first end office		\$ 1.93
	FGB and BSA-B, add'l end offices		
	FGB and BSA-B, per tandem		
	FGD and BSA-D, first end office		
	FGD and BSA-D, add'l end offices		
	FGD and BSA-D, per tandem		
	,,,		• -
(b) Change		NR4CC	
(1) 1 1 3	FGB and BSA-B, first end office		\$ 1.93
	FGB and BSA-B, add'l end offices		
	FGB and BSA-B, per tandem		
	FGD and BSA-D, first end office		
	FGD and BSA-D, add'l end offices		
	FGD and BSA-D, per tandem		
	TOD and Dork D, por tandom		
(c) Delete		NR4DC	
(6) 20.010	FGB and BSA-B, first end office	_	\$ 1 93
	FGB and BSA-B, add'l end offices		
	FGB and BSA-B, per tandem		
	FGD and BSA-D, first end office		
	FGD and BSA-D, add'l end offices		
	FGD and BSA-D, per tandem		
	. 35 and 50/ t 5, por tandom		ψ Ο 1τΟ

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	VolP-PS	TN Rates	
(6) Carrier Ident	ges (Cont'd) g itching Features (Cont'd)		\$0.000100
(7) Carrier Selec Parameter			
(8) Cut Through	(CTO) NR4CT FGD and BSA-D, first end office FGD and BSA-D, add'l end offices		
(9) Delay Dial S Pulsing Siç	tart- gnaling (DDSP) FGC and BSA-C, first trunk FGC and BSA-C, additional trunks		
	Screening for use TS Access Line	s Lines Line	\$ 1.93 \$ 1.93 \$ 1.93 \$ 1.93
(12) BSA-D with (FGD9)	FGD and BSA-D, first end office		
(13) Flexible Au Number	FGD and BSA-D, additional end office tomatic Identification (FANI) FGD, first end office	NR4FA	\$ 0.00
(14) Hunt Group (HML/HTG			

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0.0.0.4	(0 (1))	VoIP-PSTN Rates	
6.9 Rates and Charge			
6.9.3 Local Switching	ching Features (Cont'd)		Monrocurring
(G) Common Swit	ching realules (Cont d)	USOC	Nonrecurring Charge
		0300	Charge
(15) Hunt Grou	up Arrangement	NR4HG	
	vith WATS		
Access Li	ne Service (HML/HTG)		
	FGA and BSA-A, first WATS	Access Line	\$ 1.93
	FGA and BSA-A, add'l WATS	Access Lines	\$ 1.93
	FGB and BSA-B, first WATS		\$ 1.93
	FGB and BSA-B, add'l WATS		\$ 1.93
	FGC and BSA-C, first WATS		\$ 1.93
	FGC and BSA-C, add'l WATS		\$ 1.93
	FGD and BSA-D, first WATS		\$ 1.93
	FGD and BSA-D, add'l WATS	Access Lines	\$ 1.93
(17) Internationa	Carrier NP41C		
Feature (I			
i catule (i	FGD and BSA-D, first end off	ice	\$ 65 19
	FGD and BSA-D, add'l end of		
	FGD and BSA-D, per tandem		
	•		
(18) Nonhunting			
•	ent for use		
	Group Arrangement		
	n Call Distribution		
Arrangem	ent (NHN) FGA, first line		¢ 1 03
	FGA, additional lines		
	1 O/ t, additional info		ψ 1.00
(19) Nonhunting	Number Arrangement	NR4NH	
	th Hunt Group		
	ent or Uniform		
	bution Arrangement for		
	WATS Access Line		
Service (N		A 1 i	# 4.00
	FGA and BSA-A, first WATS		\$ 1.93
	FGA and BSA-A, add'l WATS FGB and BSA-B, first WATS		\$ 1.93 \$ 1.93
	FGB and BSA-B, add'I WATS		\$ 1.93
	FGC and BSA-C, first WATS		\$ 1.93
	FGC and BSA-C, add'l WATS		\$ 1.93
	FGD and BSA-D, first WATS		\$ 1.93
	FGD and BSA-D, add'I WATS		\$ 1.93
(20) Overlap Out	pulsing	NR4OV	
(OVL)	FGD and BSA-D, first end off	ice	¢ 51 Q1
	FGD and BSA-D, add'l end of		
	. 22 4.14 20.1 2, 444 1 014 01		ψ σσ.σσ

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6.9 Rates and Chare 6.9.3 Local Switchin	ges (Cont'd)	/oIP-PSTN Rates	
	itching Features (Cont'd)	USOC	Nonrecurring Charge
(21) Service Cla (SCRT)	ss Routing	NR4SC	
,	FGC and BSA-C, first end of FGC and BSA-C, add'l end of FGD and BSA-D, first end of FGD and BSA-D, add'l end of	offices ffice	\$ 45.71 \$ 62.47
(22) Service Co Line or F	de Denial on lunt Group (SCD) FGA and BSA-A, first line FGA and BSA-A, additional	NR4SD lines	\$ 1.93 \$ 1.93
(23) Trunk Acco (CHOK)	ess Limitation	USOC NR4CH	
(Onlon)	FGC and BSA-C, per trunk of FGD and BSA-D, per trunk of	groupgroup	\$ 62.47 \$ 62.47
(24) Uniform C Arranger	nent (HTY UD) FGA, first line	NR4UD	\$ 1.93
	nent for use with	NR4UD	1.93
	ccess Line Service (HTY UD FGA and BSA-A, first WATS FGA and BSA-A, add'I WAT FGB and BSA-B, first WATS FGB and BSA-B, add'I WAT FGC and BSA-C, first WATS FGC and BSA-C, add'I WAT FGD and BSA-D, first WATS FGD and BSA-D, add'I WAT	Access Line S Access Lines Access Line S Access Lines Access Line S Access Line S Access Line	\$ 1.93 \$ 1.93 \$ 1.93 \$ 1.93 \$ 1.93
(26) Up to 7 Di Outpuls	gits ing (USDO) FGB and BSA-B, per end ofl FGB and BSA-B, per tanden	NR4US fice n	\$ 87.36 \$ 87.36
(28) Alternate E	Billing Indicator (XXXX)		
	FGA and BSA-A, per line		Nonrecurring Charge\$ 96.00

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VoIP-PSTN Rates

6.9 Rates and Charges (Cont'd) 6.9.3 Local Switching

(H) Transport Termination Features

Nonrecurring **USOC** Charge (1) Line Side Terminations (a) Originating Operation NR8TT - Any change from Loop Start to **Ground Start or Ground Start** to Loop Start (NC ++++) FGA and BSA-A, first line\$ 9.89 FGA and BSA-A, additional lines\$ 6.80 (b) Terminating Operation NR8TT or Two-Way Operation - Any change from Loop Start to Ground Start or Ground Start to Loop Start (NC ++++) FGA and BSA-A, first line\$ 9.89 FGA and BSA-A, additional lines\$ 6.80 - Any change from Dial Pulse to Dual Tone Multifrequency or Dual Tone Multifrequency to Dial Pulse (NC ++++)
FGA and BSA-A, first line\$ 1.93

FGA and BSA-A, additional lines.....\$ 1.93

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		VoIP-PS	TN Rates	
6.9.3 Local Switching (Cont'd	1)			
(I) Line Termination Features				
			USOC	Nonrecurring Charge
(1) Originating Operatio	n or		NR8TT	
Two-Way Operation	on			
 Any change from 	n Loop Start to			
Ground Start or G	round Start			
to Loop Start (NC	++++)			
	first WATS Access	line		\$ 9.89
	additional WATS A	ccess lines		\$ 6.80
 Any change from 	n Dial Pulse to			
Dual Tone Multifre	equency or Dual			
Tone Multifrequer	ncy to Dial			
Pulse (NC ++++)	•			
,	first WATS Access	line		\$ 1.93
	additional WATS A	ccess lines		\$ 1.93
(2) Terminating Operati	on		NR8TT	
 Any change from 	n Loop Start to			
Ground Start or G	round Start			
to Loop Start (NC	++++)			
	first WATS Access	line		\$ 9.89
	additional WATS A	ccess lines		\$ 6.80

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VoIP-PSTN Rates

6.9.4Basic Service Elements

(B) Automatic Number Identification (ANI)/Charge Number Parameter

Rate Per Call \$ 0.000105

(C) Direct Inward Dialing (DID)

(1) DID Trunk Termination (XXXX)

Nonrecurring Charge

BSA-D, per trunk termination\$101.60

(2) First Block of 100 DID Numbers (XXXX)

Rate Per Month \$ 51.59

Nonrecurring Charge

\$164.20

(3) Additional Block of 100 DID Numbers (XXXX)

Rate Per Month

\$ 24.59

Nonrecurring Charge

\$164.20

(D) Flexible Automatic Number Identification (FANI)

Rate Per Call \$ 0.000

Nonrecurring Charge

BSA-D, first end office\$000.00 BSA-D, additional end office\$000.00

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Missouri Public
Service Commission
JI-2012-0396

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VoIP-PSTN Rates 6.9.4 Basic Service Elements (E) Multiline Hunt Group			
(1) Circular Hur			
,	Drawing norther	Rate Per Month	
	Premium, per line Non-premium, per	\$ 0.02 \$ 0.01	
	·	Nonrecurring Charge	
	BSA-A, first line	\$ 1.93	
	BSA-A, additional line Packet Switched MicroLink II, first line(1)	\$ 1.93 \$ 1.93	
	Packet Switched MicroLink II, add'l line(1)	\$ 1.93	
(2) Preferential	Hunting (NR4HG)		
()		Rate Per Month	
	Premium, per line Non-premium, per line		
	•	Nonrecurring Charge	
	BSA-A, first line	\$ 1.93	
	BSA-A, additional line Packet Switched MicroLink II, first line(1)	\$ 1.93 \$ 1.93	
	Packet Switched MicroLink II, add'l line(1)	\$ 1.93	
(3) Regular Line	e Hunting (NR4HG)		
(b) Nogulai Ein	,	Rate Per Month	
	Premium, per line	\$ 0.02	
	Non-premium, per line	Nonrecurring Charge	
	BSA-A, first line	\$ 1.93	
	BSA-A, additional line	\$ 1.93	
	Packet Switched MicroLink II, first line(1) Packet Switched MicroLink II, add'l line(1)		
(E) Nonhunting Num	nber Arrangement (NR4NH)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
(F) Nonnunting Nun	iber Arrangement (INC4NII)	Rate Per Month	
	Premium, per line	\$ 0.00	
	Non-premium, per line		
	BSA-A, first line	Nonrecurring Charge	
	BSA-A, additional line	\$ 1.93	
(G) Queing (NR4QA)			
	Danis and a second second	Rate Per Month	
	Premium, per arrangement Non-premium, per arrangement		
	, , , , ,	Nonrecurring Charge	
	BSA-A, initial arrangement	\$58.61	
	BSA-A, subsequent arrangement	\$ 2.53	
(H) Recorded Annou	uncements (NR4QB)	Rate Per Month	
	Non-premium, per announcement	\$18.56	
	DCA A initial announcement	Nonrecurring Charge	
	BSA-A, initial announcement	\$22.85	
	BSA-B, initial announcement	\$56.34	
	BSA-B, subsequent announcement	\$22.85	
	BSA-D, initial announcement	\$22.85	
	, 1		

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-	VoIP-PSTN Rates	
6.9.4 Basic Service		
(I) Remote Make B	Susy (MKK)	
		Rate Per Month
	Premium, per arrangement	\$ 5.65
	Non-premium, per arrangement	\$ 2.54
	Nonrecurring Charge	
	BSA-A, initial arrangement	\$ 6.41
	BSA-A, subsequent arrangement	\$ 6.41
(J) Remote Make B	usy - Trunk Side (MKK)	Data Davida atl
		Rate Per Month
	Premium, per arrangement	
	Non-premium, per arrangement	
		Nonrecurring Charge
	BSA-B, initial arrangement	\$ 6.92
	BSA-B, subsequent arrangement	\$ 6.92
	BSA-D, initial arrangement	\$ 6.92
	BSA-D, subsequent arrangement	
(K) Simplified Mess	age Desk Interface (SMDI) (XXXX)	
		Rate Per Call
	BSA-A, per SMDI arrangement	\$ 0.0058
		Rate Per Month
	BSA-A, per SMDI arrangement	\$ 435.26
	BSA-A, per SMDI arrangement	Nonrecurring Charge
(L) Simplified Mess (SOEPG) (C)	age Desk Interface - Expanded (SMDI-E)	
		Rate Per Month
	BSA-A, per SMDI-E arrangement	\$2,325.00
		Nonrecurring Charge
	BSA-A, per SMDI-E arrangement	
(M) Uniform Call Di	stribution Arrangement (NR4UD)	5 . 5
		Rate Per Month
	Premium, per line	\$ 0.0013
	Non-premium, per line	\$ 0.0006
		Nonrecurring Charge
	BSA-A, first line	\$ 1.93
	BSA-A, additional line	\$ 1.93
6.9.5 Administrative	e Changes	
(A) Access Carrier I	Name Abbreviation	Nonrecurring Charge
(ACNA)	ECA and BSA A first line	\$ 0.00
	FGA and BSA-A, first line	
	FGA and BSA-A, additional line	
	DNAL, first channel	\$ 9.00
	DNAL, additional channel	\$ 5.00

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VoIP-PSTN Rates	
6.9.5 Administrative Changes (Cont'd)	Nonrecurring Charge
(B) Billing Account Number (BAN) FGA and BSA-A, first line FGA and BSA-A, additional line FGB and BSA-B, per trunk group FGC and BSA-C, per trunk group FGD and BSA-D, per trunk group DNAL, first channel DNAL, additional channel	Nonrecurring Charge\$ 9.00\$ 5.00\$ 0.00\$ 0.00\$ 9.00\$ 5.00
(C) Customer Circuit Identification	Nonrecurring Charge
(CKR) FGA and BSA-A, first line FGA and BSA-A, additional line DNAL, first channel DNAL, additional channel	\$ 9.00 \$ 5.00 \$ 9.00 \$ 5.00
6.9.6 Information Surcharge	D-4
Premium Non-premium	Rate per Access Minute\$ 0.000000\$ 0.000000
6.9.7 Dedicated Network Access Link (DNAL)	Rate per Month
(B) DNAL Mileage Fixed (1T5WX) 0 miles Per Mile (1T5WX) 0 miles Over 0 miles	\$ 0.00 \$ 0.00
6.9.9 Advanced Carrier Identification Service (ACIS)	Data Day Call
Carrier Identification Feature (CIF)	Rate Per Call \$.007386
6.9.10 Message Unit Credit	
FGA and BSA-A, per originating access minute	Factor (.002123)*

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^{*()} equals a negative amount.

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VolP-PSTN Rates

39. Metropolitan Statistical Area Access Services

39.1 General Description

(A) This section of the tariff provides the regulations, rates and, terms and conditions that apply to telecommunications services provided by the Telephone Company in the Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSAs) in which the Telephone Company has received Phase II pricing flexibility pursuant to Subpart H of Part 69 of the Commission's Rules. MSAs are divided into the categories below:

(1) Full Service MSAs

Full Service Relief MSAs are those MSAs which qualified for Phase II pricing flexibility for all elements of service, i.e., local channels (channel terminations) between LEC end offices and customer (end user) premises; entrance facilities; dedicated interoffice facilities; local channels (channel terminations) between an interexchange carrier's point of presence and a serving wire center. The Full Service Relief MSAs are set forth in Section 39.2(A), following.

(2) Limited Service MSAs

Limited Service Relief MSAs are those MSAs that qualified for Phase II pricing flexibility for all elements of service except local channels (channel terminations) between a LEC end office and a customer (end user) premise. The Limited Service Relief MSAs are set forth in Section 39.2(B), following.

- (B) The services provided in MSAs pursuant to this section of the tariff are set forth in Section 39.3 following. These services are comparable to the SWA Dedicated Transport Services in Sections 6.9.2(A)(1), 6.9.2(A)(3), 6.9.2(B)(1), 6.9.2(B)(3), 6.9.2(B)(4), 6.9.2(F), and 6.9.2(G). The general regulations, service descriptions and rate regulations for the SWA Dedicated Transport Services in Section 6
- (C) Unless otherwise provided for in this section, regulations set forth in Sections 1,2,5, and 13 are also applicable.

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VoIP-PSTN Rates

39. Metropolitan Statistical Area Access Services (Cont'd)

39.2 Metropolitan Statistical Areas

(A) Full Service Relief MSAs are listed below:

MSA State Missouri St. Joseph Missouri Springfield

(B) Limited Service Relief MSAs are listed below:

MSA State Missouri Joplin Missouri Kansas City Missouri St. Louis

39.5.1 Switched Access/Dedicated Transport Service Applicable FIDs and USOCs are included where appropriate.

(A) Entrance Facility

(1) Voice Grade (per channel)

2-wire (per channel)

	 ,	USOC	Rate per Month
2-wire		EF2A2	\$ 25.41
4-wire		EF2A4	\$ 48.40

Nonrecurring Charge

First Channel	\$ 93.38
Additional Channel, each	\$ 65.25
4-wire (per channel)	
First Channel	\$113.06
Additional Channel, each	\$ 83.81

(2) DS1 (per DS1) USOC Rate per Month

Zone 1 - MO	\$ 235.95
Zone 2 - MO	\$ 242.00
Zone 3 - MO	\$ 248.05

Nonrecurring Charge

Per DS1 First DS1

Zone 1 - MO	\$ 337.50
Zone 2 – MO	\$ 337.50
Zone 3 - MO	\$ 337.50

Additional DS1, each

Zone 1 - MO	\$ 256.50
Zone 2 – MO	\$ 256.50
Zone 3 - MO	\$ 256.50

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VoIP-PSTN Rates

39.5.1 Switched Access/Dedicated Transport Service
Applicable FIDs and USOCs are included where appropriate.

(A) Entrance Facility

(3) [DS3	USOC	Rate per Month
	(per DS3) Optical	EF2DX	
	Zone 1 - MO Zone 2 - MO Zone 3 - MO		\$2,359.50 \$2,420.00 \$2,480.50
	Electrical	EF2CX	
	Zone 1 - MO Zone 2 - MO Zone 3 - MO		\$2,299.00 \$2,359.50 \$2,420.00
	Per DS3 First DS3		Nonrecurring Charge
	Zone 1 – MO Zone 2 – MO Zone 3 - MO		\$ 340.31 \$ 340.31 \$ 340.31
	Additional DS3, each		
	Zone 1 - MO Zone 2 - MO Zone 3 – MO		\$ 279.00 \$ 279.00 \$ 279.00

(B) Direct-Trunked Transport (Cont'd)

(1) Voice Grade

USOC	Rate per Month
1YTEX	
	\$ 0.00
	\$ 21.78
	\$ 0.00
	\$ 1.21
	Nonrecurring Charge
	\$101.81
	\$ 88.31

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VoIP-PSTN Rates

39.5.1 Switched Access/Dedicated Transport Service
Applicable FIDs and USOCs are included where appropriate.

(B) Direct-Trunked Transport (Cont'd)

(2)	DS'

	USOC	Rate per Month
Fixed (per DS1) 0 miles	1YTCX	rate per month
Zone 1 - MO		\$ 0.00
Zone 2 - MO		\$ 0.00
Zone 3 - MO		\$ 0.00
Over 0 miles		
Zone 1 - MO		\$ 75.02
Zone 2 - MO		\$ 78.65
Zone 3 - MO		\$ 82.28
Per Mile		
0 miles		
Zone 1 - MO		\$ 0.00
Zone 2 - MO		\$ 0.00
Zone 3 - MO		\$ 0.00
Over 0 miles		
Zone 1 - MO		\$ 19.00
Zone 2 - MO		\$ 19.00
Zone 3 - MO		\$ 19.00
E: + B04		Nonrecurring Charge
First DS1		
Zone 1 - MO		\$229.50
Zone 2 - MO		229.50
Zone 3 - MO		229.50
Additional DS1, each		
Zone 1 - MO		\$176.63
Zone 2 - MO		176.63
Zone 3 - MO		176.63

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Sou Comp (RT)

P.S.C. Mo. - No. 36 ACCESS SERVICES TARIFF

Section 2 Appendix

1st Revised Sheet 29 Cancel Original Sheet 29

Southwestern Bell Telephone Company d/b/a AT&T Missouri

(RT)

CANCELLED - Missouri Public Service Commission - 05/01/2024 - TN-2024-0278 - JI-2024-0140

Southwestern Bell Telephone Company d/b/a AT&T Missouri Section 2 Appendix Original Sheet 29

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(B) Direct-Trunked Transport (Cont'd)

(3) DS3(1)

(per DS3)

Fixed	USOC 1YTDX	Rate per Month
Zone 1 - MO Zone 2 - MO Zone 3 - MO		\$877.25 \$907.50 \$937.75
Per Mile		
Zone 1 - MO Zone 2 - MO Zone 3 - MO		\$121.00 \$127.05 \$133.10
First DS3		
Zone 1 - MO Zone 2 - MO Zone 3 - MO		\$266.06 \$266.06 \$266.06
Additional DS3, each		
Zone 1 - MO Zone 2 - MO Zone 3 - MO		\$191.81 \$191.81 \$191.81

(C) SFM

(1) Entrance Facility SFM

Nonrecurring Charge

(a) Voice Frequency facility		Noniecuming Charge
moved to DS1 facility First channel Additional channel, each	(NRBRB)	\$100.00 \$ 55.00
(b) DS1 facility moved to a DS1 facility First DS1	(NRBRC)	
Zone 1 - MO Zone 2 - MO Zone 3 - MO		\$ 70.31 \$ 70.31 \$ 70.31
Additional DS1, each		
Zone 1 - MO Zone 2 - MO Zone 3 - MO		\$ 50.63 \$ 50.63 \$ 50.63

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