

FORMAL COMPLAINT FORM

Attach extra pages as necessary.

**BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI**

Merlon Jones Ragland

(Your name here)

Complainant,

v.

SPIRE MISSOURI d/b/a SPIRE

Steve Lindsey, CEO Steven P. Rasche CFO

(Party name here)

Respondent,

File No.

(PSC file this in)

FORMAL COMPLAINT

1. Complainant resides at:

[Redacted]
(Address of complainant)

[Redacted] (City) [Redacted] (State) [Redacted] (Zip Code)

2. The utility service complained of was received at:

a. Complainant's address listed in paragraph 1.

b. A different address:

3217 E. 60th Street

(Address where service is provided, if different from Complainant's address)

Kansas City **Missouri** **64130**
(City) (State) (Zip Code)

3. Respondent's address is:

700 MARKET STREET

(Address of complainant)

ST. Louis

Missouri

63101

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

4. Respondent is a public utility under the jurisdiction of the Missouri Public Service Commission.

5. The amount at issue is: \$ [REDACTED]

(If your complaint is about money, state how much is in dispute here.)

6. Complainant now requests the following relief:

(Explain what you want the Commission to do: the specific results you are seeking in this complaint.)

I want the Public Service Comission and Judge Kaorlin S. Walker to enforce the Default Judgement that was filed on May 29, 2024 and given SPIRE.

7. The relief requested is appropriate because Respondent has violated a statute, tariff, or Commission regulation or order, as follows:

(Explain why the Commission should grant the relief you seek: the facts that constitute a violation of a statute, tariff, or Commission regulation or order.)

SPIRE has violated the Federal and Missouri Constitution, Missouri Statues/Codes, Uniform Commercial Codes,US Securities and Exchange Commission.
The relief that I'm seeking is legal/law for a person of my status to utilize bill of exchange for tender of payment.

Cont'd Formal Complaint Form

Violation of Laws Listed:

United States of America Constitution

Missouri Constitution

Pointing out Article 1 Section 2, 3 and 4

Missouri Statutes/Laws

400.3-301. Person entitled to enforce instrument.

400.3-302. Holder, in due course.

400.3-306. Claims to an instrument

400.1-308. Performance or acceptance under reservation of rights.

400.3-308. Proof of signature and status as holder in due course.

400.3-419. Instrument signed for accommodation.

(EXTREMELY IMPORTANT) 400.3-420. CONVERSION OF INSTRUMENT.

400.4-211. When Bank gives value for purposes of holder in due course.

400.3-501 Presentment.

400.3-401. Signature.

400.3-402. Signature by representative.

400.4-201. Status of collecting bank as agent and provisional status of credits • applicability of article • item endorsed • pay any bank •

400.4-204. Methods of sending and presenting • sending directly to pay or bank.

400.4-203. Effect of Instn. 1C1ion1.

400.3-602. Payment.

400.3-603. Tender of payment.

400.3-605. Discharge of endorsers and accommodation parties.

400.4-105. Bank. Depository Bank, payor Bank - intermediary Bank, collecting bank, presenting bank.

400.4-106. Payable through or payable at bank • collecting bank.

400.3-601. Discharge and effect of discharge.

400.3-604 Discharge by cancellation or renunciation. Also, additional options when or if necessary

400.4-110 Electronic presentment

400.2a-501 Default-procedure

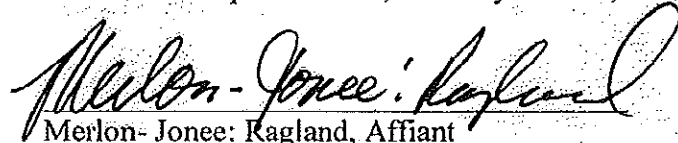
400.3-307 Notice of breach of fiduciary duty.

31 USC 3123 Payment of Obligations and interest on the public debt

18 USC 8 Obligation or other security of the United States

1. "I declare, certify, verify, or state under pain penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct." Executed 13TH, day of June 2024.

Without Prejudice
Authorized Representative, Attorney-in-Fact,



Merlon-Jonee Ragland, Affiant
Secured Creditor, Private Banker,
Authorized Representative

**AFFIDAVIT OF TRUTH
BILL OF EQUITY, EXCLUSIVE EQUITY, &
EQUITY IN LAW
SPIRE HAS BEEN PAID**

Merlon- Jonee: Ragland, TTE, Investor, Private
Banker
Plaintiff

GC- 2024-03 14
(Case I.D. Number)

-vs-

SPIRE MISSOURI D/B/A SPIRE

Steve Lindsey, CEO

Steven P. Rasche, CFO

Defendant

AFFIDAVIT

I, Merlon- Jonee: Ragland, of [REDACTED], in [REDACTED], [REDACTED] MAKE OATH AND SAY THAT:

1. AFFIDAVIT OF TRUTH

**BILL OF EQUITY, EXCLUSIVE EQUITY, &
EQUITY IN LAW
RESPONSE TO REPORT OF STAFF**

I, Merlon- Jonee of the House of Ragland, the undersigned affiant, a living woman upon the land of Missouri, and not a corporation or legal fiction, etc., born upon the land in the republic of Missouri on the 11th day of December 1965, declare that I am of majority and competent to state the matters set forth herein with first-hand knowledge of the facts and that they are true, correct, not misleading, and certain, admissible as evidence.

I am an Indigenous American, Chahta Washitaw Moor That I, Merlon Jonee Ragland, Am a Noble of the Al Moroccan Empire (North America) In Propria Persona (my own proper self); being Moorish American - a Descendant of the Ancient Moabites /Moors,

by Birthright, Freehold, Primogeniture and Inheritance; being Aboriginal and Indigenous to the Land /s (Amexem / Americas) Territorium of my Ancient Moabite /Moorish Fore-Mothers and Fore-Fathers - to wit: The Al Moroccan (American)

Continents - are the Land of the Moors; being North America, South America; Central America; including the adjoining Islands (Americana / Ameru / Al Moroc). I have, acknowledge, claim and possess, by said Inheritance and Primogeniture, the Freehold Status thereto; all Unalienable and Substantive Rights, to Be, to Enjoy, and to Act, distinct in my Aboriginal Customs and Culture; and determining my own political, social, and economic status of the State. Turning my heart and mind back to my Ancient Mothers and Fathers - Moors / Muurs, by Divine and Natural Right. Being Moorish American, we have and possess the internationally recognized Rights to determine our own 'Status of the State' absent of threat, coercion, or acquiescence to a Color-of-Law, a Color-of-Office, nor to be subjected to an imposed Color-of-Authority.

2. 1. On April 19, 2024, Merlon Jonee Ragland, complainant, agent, Investor, Trustee, Authorized Representative filed with the Missouri Public service Commission ('Commission") a formal complaint against SPIRE MISSOURI d/b/a SPIRE Merlon- Jonee: Ragland is the Private Banker, TTE, POA, and Authorized Representative of MERLON JONEE RAGLAND TRUST,(Common Law, and Irrevocable) The Trust is not setup as a corporation, Limited Liability Company. It is a PRIVATE TRUST.

3. 2. Merlon Jonee Ragland, complainant, agent, Investor, Trustee, Authorized Representative am foreign to the US Corporation and have the right to utilize the Bill of Exchange Act in tendering the SPIRE bill (short for Bill of Exchange) because it becomes a cash instrument, which is legal tender. and Payment has been sent and is PAID according to legislation of law. 400.3-603 Tender of Payment,400.3-301 Person entitled to enforce instrument, 400.3.302 Holder in due course, and 400.3-501 Presentment. All forms of payments are promissory notes. Tendering payment with federal reserve notes, checks, money orders, debit/credit. Checks and Money Orders are most times hand- written and are promissory notes. The way the instrument was endorsed it became a security or the 1099-A is a legal tax form that should be turned into the IRS. Does the United States use the bill of exchange Act? Yes, the United States uses bills of exchange act, which are negotiable instruments that are often used in international trade as an alternative to sight drafts. A bill of exchange is similar to an invoice that requires the buyer to pay a specific amount to the seller, either immediately or at a future date. The seller presents the bill to the buyer, who must sign it

for it to be valid.

The Federal Reserve Act, also known as Act Dec. 23, 1913, ch. 6, 38 Stat. 251, allows Federal Reserve banks to buy and sell bills of exchange, both domestic and foreign. The Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System can also impose regulations on these activities.

The United States Code also includes 12 U.S. Code § 373, which covers the acceptance of bills of exchange drawn by foreign banks or US dependencies for dollar exchange. This section states that member banks can accept bills of exchange drawn on them, as long as they meet certain conditions.

It has nothing to do with their acceptance because this is the LAW!!! Spire did not return the securities, therefore the bill is PAID!!!!

SPIRE is governed by the Securities Exchange Commission, Securities Exchange Act 1934, The Electronic Trade Documents Act 2023 (ETDA), Uniform Commercial Codes, Missouri Statues that surrounds Tender of Payment, Bill of Exchange Act of 1934, because SPIRE is a transferring paying agent. Corporation and a Publicly traded Corporation that has to follow all the laws, acts, bills, and statutes of operating in Commerce. The bill is PAID!!!! according to the congressional laws that govern them as a Corporation. When the bill was sent I created it into a security and sent to SPIRE, which made them the holder in due course and they should send to the Indentured Trustee for payment/credit. and send my portion to my bank /TDA Account (Monthly Dividend). SPIRE is a transferring agent for these security payment (sec.gov) in which they use my name, social security number, and have created an account number connected to my principal's name MERLON JONEE RAGLAND TRUST/ MERLON JONEE RAGLAND. **Exhibit # 1 (See Attachment)**

4. Rule 20 CSR 4240-13.015 (1)(V) as "cash, draft of good and sufficient funds, or electronic transfer.

Legally there is no "cash" what we call "cash" is a Federal Reserve *Note* (promissory note) All forms of payment= **DEBT**

Federal Reserve *Note*

A Federal Reserve note, also known as a dollar bill, is a type of paper currency issued by the Federal Reserve Banks and used as legal tender in the United States. They are non-interest-bearing promissory notes that are payable to the bearer on demand and come in denominations ranging from \$1 to \$10,000.

Draft of Good

Drafting a legal document (promissory note, check, money order, security) is a skill that can be achieved only through a lot of practice. Drafting itself means the process of writing a legal document either by pen and paper or by using a computer, laptop or other

electronic devices, but the goal of a draft should focus on being accurate, concise and to the point when it comes to legal principles and the facts that are related or relevant to the particular situation or issue for which the draft is being prepared.

Sufficient funds means such amounts as are sufficient to pay the principal of and premium, if any, and interest, due on the Notes(Promissory Notes) on the stated maturity date or on a redemption date, if applicable.

SPIRE'S bill meets the definition of a negotiable instrument. It was registered in my name and mailed directly to me and I am entitled to enforce the instrument.

I am an Indigenous American, Chahta Washitaw Moor and I am protected by the Supreme Law of the Land, The Constitution, as being the Organic Trust for the Sovereign People, which are the beneficiaries of that TRUST. There is no COrporation above the united States Constitution. It governs all events/commerce/business in this Republican Nation.

Article IV

Section. 4.

The United States shall guarantec to every State in this Union a Republican Form of Government,

United States of America Constitution

Article. IV.

Section. 1.

Full Faith and Credit shall be given in each State to the public Acts, Records, and judicial Proceedings of every other State. And the Congress may by general Laws prescribe the Manner in which such Acts, Records and Proceedings shall be proved, and the Effect thereof.

Article. VI.

All Debts contracted and Engagements entered into, before the Adoption of this Constitution, shall be as valid against the United States under this Constitution, as under the Confederation.

This Constitution, and the Laws of the United States which shall be made in Pursuance thereof; and all Treaties made, or which shall be made, under the Authority of the United States, shall be the supreme Law of the Land; and the Judges in every State shall be bound thereby, any Thing in the Constitution or Laws of any State to the Contrary notwithstanding.

When a bill is passed in identical form by both the Senate and the House, it is sent to the president for his signature. If the president signs the bill, it becomes a law. Laws are also known as Acts of Congress.

5. In light of the holding of Guaranty Trust Company vs. Henwood, 307 U.S. 247 (1939), a Federal US court of appeals ruled on Title 31 USC 5118. As of October 27, 1977, legal tender for discharge of debt is no longer required. That is because legal tenders are not in circulation at par with promises to pay credit. Requirement of repayment of debt is against Public Policy, since legal tender was not loaned [nor in circulation] they can not demand payment in any [particular] form of coin or currency or legal tender and repayment [or payment] need only be made in equivalent kind; A negotiable instrument. SPIRE has been PAID.

6. 31usc 3123

(a)The faith of the United States Government is pledged to pay, in legal tender, principal and interest on the obligations of the Government issued under this chapter.

(b)The Secretary of the Treasury shall pay interest due or accrued on the public debt. As the Secretary considers expedient, the Secretary may pay in advance interest on the public debt by a period of not more than one year, with or without a rebate of interest on the coupons.

7. Corporations are generally subject to the laws and regulations set forth in the United States Constitution, just like any other entity or individual. However, there may be specific laws and regulations that apply specifically to corporations based on their type of business or industry. It's important for corporations to comply with both the Constitution and any relevant laws and regulations to operate legally within the United States.

Yes, corporations are required to follow laws adopted by Congress, as well as any other laws and regulations that apply to their specific industry or business. Congress has the authority to pass laws that govern various aspects of corporate behavior, such as tax laws, antitrust laws, and regulations related to consumer protection and environmental standards. It is important corporations to comply with all applicable laws to operate legally and ethically.

Utility companies are typically regulated by the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and are subject to the Securities Act of 1933 and the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These acts require companies to provide accurate and transparent information to investors and the public when issuing securities.

As for the Bill of Exchange Act, this primarily deals with negotiable instruments such as checks, promissory notes, and bills of exchange used in commercial transactions. While utility companies may not be directly in these types of transactions, they are still required

to comply with any relevant laws and regulations that apply to business operations.

Non-Citizen National: A person born in an outlying possession of the U.S. (e.g., American Samoa or Swain's Island) on or after the date the U.S. acquired the possession, or a person whose parents are U.S. non-citizen nationals. All U.S. citizens are U.S. nationals; however, not every U.S. national is a U.S. citizen.

Title 18, Part 1, Chapter 13 §241 of United States Codes of Law:

If two or more persons conspire to injure, oppress, threaten, or intimidate any person in any State, Territory, commonwealth, Possession, or district in the free exercise or enjoyment of any right or privilege secured to him by the Constitution or Laws of the United States, or because of his having so exercised the same; or...

If two or more persons go in disguise on the highway, or on the premises of another, with the intent to prevent or hinder his free exercise or enjoyment of any right or privilege so secured -

They shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than ten years, or both; and if death results from the acts committed in violation of this section, or if such acts include kidnapping or an attempt to kidnap, aggravated sexual abuse or an attempt to commit aggravated sexual abuse, or an attempt to kill, they shall be fined under this title or imprisoned for any term of years or for life, or both, or may be sentenced to death.

Title 18, Part 1, Chapter 13 §242 of United States Codes of Law:

Whoever, under 'color' of any law, statute, ordinance, regulation, or custom, willfully subjects any person in any State, Territory, Commonwealth, Possession, or District to the deprivation of any rights, privileges, or immunities secured or protected by the Constitution or Laws of the United States, or to different punishments, pains, or penalties, on account of such person being an alien, or by reason of his color, or race, that are prescribed for the citizens, shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than one year, or both; and if bodily injury results from the acts committed in violation of this section, or if such acts include the use, attempted use, or threatened use of a dangerous weapon, explosives, or fire, shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than ten years or for life, or both, or may be sentenced to death.

Therefore, in preservation of 'The Rights of Indigenous Peoples' and the Preservation

of the Rights of the People, in accord and defence of the Constitution for the United States Republic of North America and its Republican Form of Government - being the 'Supreme Law of the Land'; and primal to the contractual liabilities, Oath - bound Obligations, and Fiduciary Duties of the Officers of the Courts - Federal, State, City, and Municipal, etc., I hereby, Demand the enforcement of the De jure Laws of the United States, and all Treaties made under the Authority of The United States, in accord with Article VI of the Constitution; The Bill of Rights; The Declaration of the Rights of the Child; The Rights of Indigenous Peoples; The Universal Declaration of Human Rights; The United Nations Charter, Article 55(c); The United States Supreme Court - 'Acts of State'; The Foreign Sovereign Immunities Act 28 USC 1601; et Sequa., The Convention on 'International Road Traffic'—Day 19, September 1949, The World Court Decisions, The Hague, Netherlands, Day 21, January 1958 A.D = 1378 M.C.; and "Executive Order 13107" - United States Republic, North America: The Implementation of Human Rights Treaties; The National Constitution for the Continental United States, Article III, Section 2; Amendment V - Liberty Clause; Amendment IX, etc., etc. I hereby, Demand a Dismissal of any and all unconstitutional sanctions, claims, or other warrants or charges made or issued, which are devoid of true identity personages; a denial of 'Due Process' of a 'Trial' by a Jury of my own National Peers; or absent of a verified and lawful Indictment, sanctioned by an assembled Grand Jury; and that I be availed all lawful Constitutional - secured safeguards, established by the Supreme Law; with documented proper Jurisdiction and Venue confirmed and in place.

Wherefore all parties of interest are Authorized by this Writ, pursuant to National and International Law, to honor all Substantive Rights and Constitutional Immunities reserved for, and to, this Aboriginal / Indigenous Free and Sovereign Moor / Muur*. All Officials are to enlist all available and appropriate measures to ensure, and assure, that all My Substantive Rights and Constitutionally - secured Rights and Immunities are not violated, not breached, nor abridged. The Sovereign, Natural Being, named herein, is not to be Arrested nor held for Detention under any 'colorable' circumstances! You are to notify the active Ministers of the Aboriginal / Indigenous Moorish Nationals of the Territory (Organic Land). The Natural Person named herein is NON-OBLIGATORY and thus Exempt from Customs, Tariffs, Taxation, 'Owner in Fee' permit-deception Constructs, and from any other hindrance or restriction of His or Her Freedoms, Allodial Properties, Compensations, Rights of Travel, or Freedom of Movement on, in, or within, any member or non-member States of the United States Union, etc. The Moor / Muur (bearer of this Indigenous Peoples' Document) is to be treated with all due Respect and 'Due Process' Rights under the Law. All available and appropriate measures are to be taken to prevent injustice, harm, false arrest, trumped-up charges, or attack on the

Natural Being's Person, Property, Personalty, Conveyances, Freedoms, and / or Dignity.

Explicit Reservation and use of 'All Rights Reserved Without Prejudice' U.C.C. 1-207 / 308, U.C.C. 1-103, is Noted To All Federal, State, City, and Municipal Peace Officers; in harmony with State's Statutes, and indicates the Reservation of My Rights. Whereby I may Reserve My Substantive Rights and Constitutional - secured Rights and Immunities to 'NOT' be Compelled to perform under any Contracts or Agreements that I have not entered into knowingly, voluntarily, willingly, or unintentionally. I do not accept any actual or implied 'Liabilities' associated with any 'COMPELLED - BENEFITS' of any 'unrevealed' or deceptively-imposed commercial contracts. I, furthermore, do not sanction any 'unconstitutional' rules or policies, nor acts of Misprision committed by any U.S. Government or State Officials, at any level, claimed by any of them, in the name of the United States Republic, nor do I assent to any implied colorable policies made by alleged representatives, as being sanctioned by the People and Citizens. Consider any formerly-assumed constructs alleged to be related to me as being misrepresentations and thusly 'Cured' forthwith. Let it be known....:

Represent means to 'Depict' to 'Portray', to 'Symbolize' and to 'Stand for'. Let it be known that the Union States Society 'Bar Association' Lawyers, Esquires, and Attorneys of European Colonial descent, and foreign corporation, cannot depict, portray or symbolize a Free Moor; as they are not of the same Nation Jurisdiction, Customs, or National Peers; and cannot sit in judgment of any Free Moor (Acts of State). Europeans are not Indigenes to the Land (Americas) - Moors are Aboriginal! Union States Lawyers and Attorneys operate in Demo - political format, which is contrary to Article IV, Section 4 of the Constitution for the United States. Moors operate in a Republican Form of Government, conjoined with Isonomi Principles - being in harmony with the Constitution. Moors respect Constitution Principles. The unconstitutional Tribunals operating under the Union States Society conflicts with, and is repugnant to, "Due Process" under Constitution Principles, and functions primarily in 'colorable' procedures. Therefore, no 'Fair', 'Just' trial, or remedy is availed to the Natural Peoples of the Land, through such 'colorable' processes! These violating acts constitute a 'Conflict of Interest'; a 'Conflict of Law' and clearly establishes the 'Federal Questions' of 'Diversity of Citizenship'; a Conflict of Identity; and of Nationality etc. Thus, a clear 'Averment of Jurisdiction' is also hereby proclaimed and advanced. Only Moors can 'Present' and 'Depict' themselves as being Moors / Al Moroccans, and Aboriginal /Indigenes of the Land! Thus, only Moors can 'Present' 'Self'!

I, Merlon- Jonee: Ragland, A real, live flesh and blood, breathing, non-fictional, and Natural Being, born of a natural Mother, do solemnly, sincerely, and squarely Affirm that the foregoing facts contained in this Constructive and Actual Judicial Notice and Proclamation, by Affirmed Affidavit, are true, to the best of my knowledge, Culture, Customs and Beliefs; being actual, correct, not misleading, etc.; and being the Truth, the whole Truth, and nothing but the Truth.

Hibu (Love), Haqq (Truth), Salaam (Peace), Hurryatun (Freedom), Adl (Justice),

All Rights Reserved Without Prejudice / Recourse; Allodial Claim.

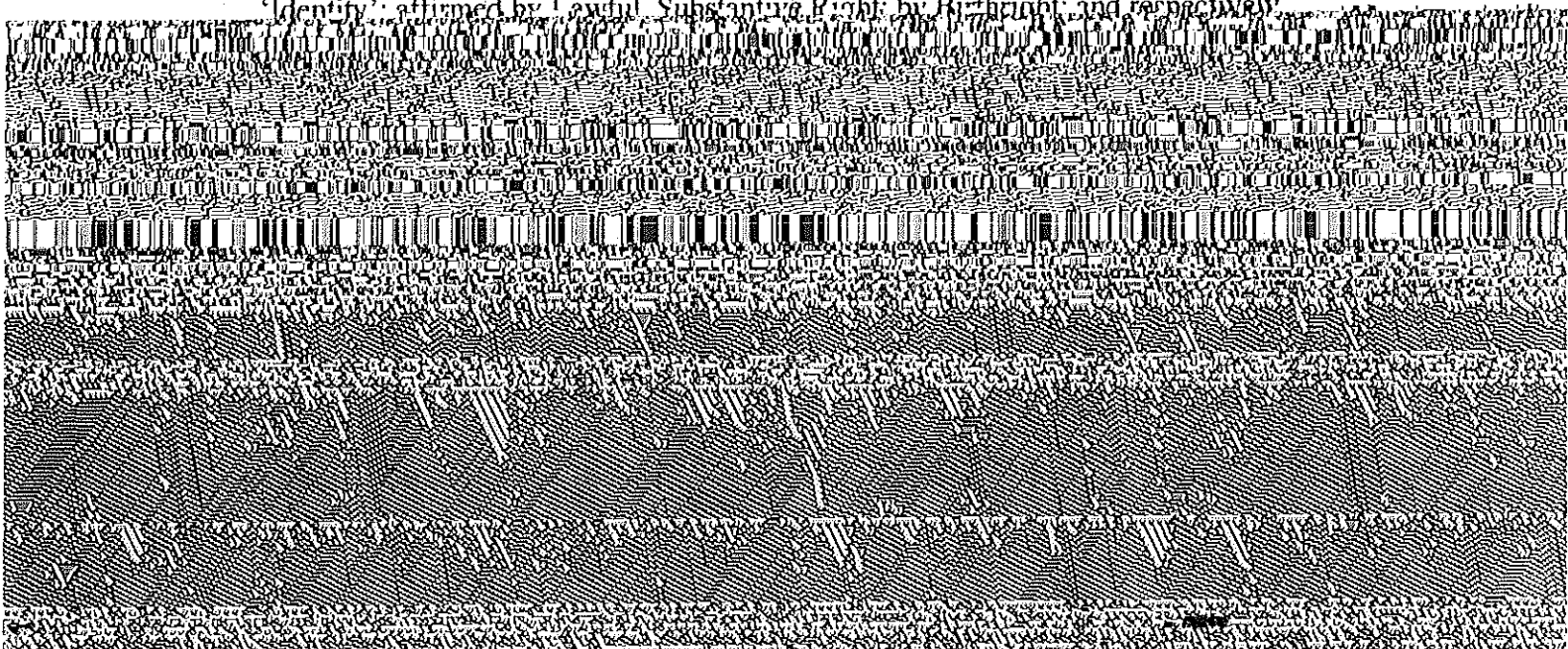
I am Merlon- Jonee: Ragland Natural Person - In Propria Persona - Authorized Representative; All Rights Reserved

Aboriginal / Indigenous, free Sovereign Moor - Natural Person of the Land; 'In Propria Persona' (Not Pro Se Nor Colorable)

*Moors / Muurs: The Aboriginal and Indigenous Natural Peoples and True Inheritors of the Lands (Territories) - North America, Central America, South America, and the Adjoining Islands

Al Moroc / Ameru / Americana)

By Special Appearance, in Honor, the Divine Being, Your Free National Appellation Here, Affirms that He / She is the Natural Person / Divine Being herein named, existing in His / Her own Proper Person; meeting the 'law of evidence' as required and defined in 'Identity': affirmed by Lawful, Substantive Right; by Birthright; and respectively.



Affidavit

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STATE OF MISSOURI

COUNTY (OR CITY) OF JACKSON

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN TO BEFORE

ME, on the 23rd day of
July, 2024

Merlon-Jonee Ragland
(Signature)

Merlon- Jonee: Ragland

Signature *Bennett Miller*

(Seal)

NOTARY PUBLIC

My Commission expires:

01/02/2028

BENNETT MILLER
Notary Public-Notary Seal
STATE OF MISSOURI
Jackson County
My Commission Expires 01/02/2028
Commission # 24592759

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EXHIBIT 11

Filed Pursuant to Rule 424(b)(2)
Registration Statement File No. 333-264799

PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT
(to Prospectus dated May 9, 2022)

\$ [REDACTED]



Spire Inc.

5.300% Senior Notes due 2026

This is an offering of \$ [REDACTED] aggregate principal amount of 5.300% Senior Notes due 2026 (the "Notes") of Spire Inc. The selling securityholders named under the caption "Selling Securityholders" are offering to sell \$ [REDACTED] principal amount of the Notes, and we are offering to sell \$ [REDACTED] principal amount of the Notes.

The Notes will bear interest at the rate of 5.300%. Interest on the Notes will be payable semi-annually on March 1 and September 1 of each year, beginning on September 1, 2024, and at maturity, as further described in this prospectus supplement. The Notes will mature on March 1, 2026. The Notes will not be redeemable prior to maturity. The Notes will be issued in registered form and available for purchase in the authorized denominations of \$ [REDACTED] and integral multiples of \$ [REDACTED] in excess thereof.

Per Note	Price to Public(1)	Underwriting Discount	Proceeds, Before Expenses, to Spire Inc.	Proceeds, Before Expenses, to Selling Securityholders
Total	\$ [REDACTED] 99.990%	\$ [REDACTED] 0.450%	\$ [REDACTED] 99.540%	\$ [REDACTED] 99.540%

(1) Plus accrued interest, if any, from the date of issuance, which is expected to be on or about February 12, 2024.

The selling securityholders have agreed to purchase \$ [REDACTED] principal amount of our 2021 Series A 0.75% Remarketable Senior Notes due 2026 (the "Remarketable Notes") in connection with the remarketing of the Remarketable Notes pursuant to the Purchase Contract and Pledge Agreement, dated as of February 16, 2021, between us and U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association (as successor of U.S. Bank National Association), as purchase contract agent, attorney-in-fact of the holders of the related purchase contracts, collateral agent and custodial agent, and U.S. Bank National Association, as securities intermediary (the "Purchase Contract and Pledge Agreement"), and will sell the Remarketable Notes to us on or about February 12, 2024 in exchange for the Notes offered hereby by them and a cash payment. See "Prospectus Supplement Summary—Remarketing Transactions" in this prospectus supplement.

Investing in the Notes involves certain risks. See "Risk Factors" on page S-6 of this prospectus supplement and page 1 of the accompanying prospectus.

These securities have not been approved or disapproved by the Securities and Exchange Commission or any state securities commission, nor has the Securities and Exchange Commission or any state securities commission determined that this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus is accurate or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

The underwriters expect to deliver the Notes in book-entry form only through the facilities of The Depository Trust Company on or about February 12, 2024.

Joint Book-Running Managers

Wells Fargo Securities

Mizuho

Morgan Stanley

The date of this prospectus supplement is February 5, 2024.

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The Offering	
Issuer	Spire Inc., a Missouri corporation
Securities offered by us	\$ [redacted] aggregate principal amount of 5.300% Senior Notes due 2026.
Securities offered by the selling securityholders	\$ [redacted] aggregate principal amount of 5.300% Senior Notes due 2026.
Original issue date	February 12, 2024.
Maturity date	The Notes will mature on March 1, 2026.
Interest rate	5.300% per annum.
Interest payment dates	Interest on the Notes will accrue from and including February 12, 2024 and is payable on March 1 and September 1 of each year, beginning on September 1, 2024.
No redemption or sinking fund	The Notes may not be redeemed prior to the maturity date. The Notes will not be entitled to the benefit of a sinking fund. See "Description of the Notes—No redemption or Sinking Fund" in this prospectus supplement.
Ranking	The Notes will be direct unsecured general obligations of Spire and will rank equally with all other unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness of Spire from time to time outstanding. As of December 31, 2023, Spire, excluding its subsidiaries, had approximately \$ [redacted] of unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness. Because we are a holding company, our obligations under the Notes will be effectively subordinated to all existing and future liabilities of our subsidiaries. As of December 31, 2023, our subsidiaries had approximately \$ [redacted] principal amount of outstanding long-term debt to external sources (including securities due within one year), which would be senior to our rights as sole shareholder and, as applicable, creditor of those companies.
Further issuances	We may, without the consent of the holders of the Notes, issue additional notes having the same ranking and the same interest rate, maturity and other terms as the Notes (except for the original issue date, the public offering price and, if applicable, the initial interest payment date). Any such additional notes will be fungible for U.S. federal income tax purposes with the Notes.
Denomination	We will issue the Notes in denominations of \$ [redacted] and integral multiples of \$ [redacted] in excess of \$ [redacted].
Trading	The Notes will not be listed on any securities exchange or be quoted on any automated dealer quotation system.
Trustee	Regions Bank
Use of proceeds	We will only receive proceeds from the \$ [redacted] principal amount of the Notes that are being offered hereby by us. We estimate that we will receive net proceeds of approximately \$ [redacted].



Debt = CASH, Credit/Debit, Money Order
And Check

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In considering whether to invest in the Notes, you should carefully consider all of the information contained in or incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. In particular, you should consider the risk factors described in our periodic reports filed with the SEC, including those set forth under the caption "Risk Factors" in Item 1A of Part I of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2023, which is so incorporated, as well as the additional risks described below. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or those currently viewed by us to be immaterial may also materially and adversely affect us.

Risks Related to Investing in the Notes

Any lowering of the credit ratings on the Notes would likely reduce their value.

As described under the caption "Item 1A. Risk Factors" in Part I of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2023, the rating agencies that provide us with credit ratings from time to time implement new requirements for various rating levels, which may require us to take steps to change our business plans in ways that may affect our results of operations. Our credit ratings are investment grade, but are subject to review and change by the rating agencies. Such ratings are limited in scope and do not address all material risks relating to an investment in the Notes, but rather reflect only the view of each rating agency at the time the rating is issued. An explanation of the significance of such rating may be obtained from such rating agency. There is no assurance that such credit ratings will be issued or remain in effect for any given period of time or that such ratings will not be lowered, suspended or withdrawn entirely by the rating agencies, if, in each rating agency's judgment, circumstances so warrant. It is also possible that such ratings may be lowered in connection with the application of the proceeds of this offering or in connection with future events, such as future acquisitions. Holders of the Notes will have no recourse against us or any other parties in the event of a change in or suspension or withdrawal of such ratings. Any lowering, suspension or withdrawal of such ratings may have an adverse effect on the market price or marketability of the Notes. In addition, any decline in the ratings of the Notes may make it more difficult for us to raise capital on acceptable terms.

profit over the people

We must rely on cash from our subsidiaries to make payments on the Notes.

We conduct our operations primarily through our subsidiaries and substantially all of our consolidated assets are held by our subsidiaries. Accordingly, our cash flow and our ability to meet our obligations under the Notes are largely dependent upon the earnings of our subsidiaries and the distribution or other payment of these earnings to us in the form of dividends or, in the case of non-utility subsidiaries, loans. Our subsidiaries are separate and distinct legal entities and have no obligation to pay any amounts due on the Notes or to make any funds available for payment of amounts due on the Notes. Any payment of dividends, loans or advances by our subsidiaries to us could be subject to statutory or contractual restrictions and will be contingent upon the subsidiaries' earnings and business considerations. Our right to receive any assets of any of our subsidiaries upon their bankruptcy, liquidation or similar reorganization, and therefore the right of the holders of the Notes to participate in those assets, will be structurally subordinated to the claims of that subsidiary's creditors, including trade creditors, as described below. Even if we are a creditor of any of our subsidiaries, our rights as a creditor would be subordinate to any security interest in the assets of our subsidiaries and any indebtedness of our subsidiaries senior to that held by us.

The Notes are structurally subordinated to any existing or future preferred stock, indebtedness, guarantees and other liabilities of our subsidiaries.

Because we are a holding company, our obligations under the Notes will be effectively subordinated to all existing and future liabilities of our subsidiaries. Therefore, our rights as sole shareholder and the rights of our creditors, including the rights of the holders of the Notes, to participate in the liquidation of assets of any subsidiary will be subject to the prior claims of such subsidiary's creditors. To the extent that we may be a creditor with recognized claims against any of our subsidiaries, our claims would still be effectively subordinated to any security

Customer's statements shows the dividends monthly. Using our NAME, Social Number, Account number etc. ✓ ✓

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MATERIAL UNITED STATES FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES

The following is a summary of material U.S. federal income tax consequences of the acquisition, ownership and disposition of the Notes, but it does not purport to be a complete analysis of all the potential tax considerations. This summary is based upon the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), the U.S. Treasury Regulations promulgated or proposed thereunder and administrative and judicial interpretations thereof, all as of the date hereof and all of which are subject to change, possibly on a retroactive basis. This summary only addresses the tax consequences of those persons who are beneficial owners of the Notes, who purchase the Notes at their offering price for cash pursuant to this offering and who hold such Notes as capital assets within the meaning of Section 1221 of the Code, who we refer to as "Holders." This summary does not purport to address all aspects of U.S. federal income taxation that might be relevant to particular Holders in light of their particular investment circumstances or status, nor does it address specific tax consequences that may be relevant to particular persons (including, for example, banks, financial institutions, broker-dealers, securities and commodities traders, insurance companies, real estate investment trusts, regulated investment companies, partnerships or other pass-through entities, former U.S. citizens or residents, controlled foreign corporations, passive foreign investment companies, companies that accumulate earnings to avoid U.S. federal income tax, tax-exempt organizations, persons subject to the alternative minimum tax, U.S. persons that have a functional currency other than the U.S. Dollar or who hold Notes through non-U.S. brokers or other non-U.S. intermediaries or persons in special situations, such as those who have elected to mark securities to market, those who hold the Notes as part of a straddle, hedge, conversion transaction or other integrated investment or those required to accelerate the recognition of any item of gross income with respect to a Note as a result of such income being recognized on an applicable financial statement). In addition, this summary does not address U.S. federal alternative minimum, estate, generation skipping and gift tax consequences, consequences under the tax laws of any state, local or foreign jurisdiction, or consequences under any U.S. federal tax laws other than income tax law. We have not sought any ruling from the Internal Revenue Service (the "IRS") with respect to the statements made and the conclusions reached in this summary, and we cannot assure you that the IRS will agree with such statements and conclusions.

This summary is for general information only. Prospective purchasers of the Notes are urged to consult their independent tax advisors concerning the U.S. federal income tax consequences to them of the acquisition, ownership and disposition of the Notes, as well as the application of state, local and foreign tax laws and U.S. federal tax laws other than income tax law.

7 For purposes of the following summary, "United States Holder" is a Holder that is, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, (i) a citizen or individual resident of the U.S., (ii) a corporation or other entity taxable as a corporation created or organized under the laws of the U.S., any state thereof or the District of Columbia, (iii) an estate, the income of which is subject to U.S. federal income tax regardless of the source, or (iv) a trust, if a court within the U.S. is able to exercise primary supervision over the trust's administration and one or more United States persons (as defined in the Code) have the authority to control all substantial decisions of the trust or if a valid election to be treated as a United States person is in effect with respect to such trust. A "Non-United States Holder" is a Holder that is neither a United States Holder nor a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

An entity or arrangement classified as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes is not subject to federal income tax on income derived from holding the Notes. The U.S. federal income tax treatment of a partner in an entity or arrangement classified as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes that holds the Notes generally will depend on such partner's particular circumstances and on the activities of the partnership. If you are an entity or arrangement treated as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes acquiring Notes (or a partner in such a partnership), you should consult your tax advisor about the U.S. federal income tax consequences of the acquisition, ownership and disposition of the Notes.

Our determination that the Notes are not contingent payment debt instruments is not binding on the IRS. If the IRS were to successfully challenge our determination and the Notes were treated as contingent payment debt

Corporation

U.S. Citizen/

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- the Non-United States Holder is not a controlled foreign corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes that is related to us (within the meaning of Section 864(d)(4) of the Code);
- the Non-United States Holder is not a bank described in Section 881(c)(3)(A) of the Code; and
- either (a) the beneficial owner of the Notes certifies to us or our agent on IRS Form W-8BEN or IRS Form W-8BEN-E, as applicable (or a suitable substitute form or successor form), under penalties of perjury, that it is not a "United States person" (as defined in the Code) and provides its name and address or (b) a securities clearing organization, bank or other financial institution that holds customers' securities in the ordinary course of its trade or business, and holds the Notes on behalf of the beneficial owner, certifies to us or our agent, under penalties of perjury, that such a certification has been received from the beneficial owner by it and furnishes us with a copy thereof.

The requirements set forth in the clauses above are known as the Portfolio Interest Exception.

If a Non-United States Holder cannot satisfy the requirements of the Portfolio Interest Exception, payments of interest made to such Non-United States Holder will be subject to a 30% U.S. federal withholding tax unless the beneficial owner of the Note provides us or our agent, as the case may be, with a properly executed:

- IRS Form W-8BEN or IRS Form W-8BEN-E, as applicable (or a suitable substitute form or successor form), claiming, under penalties of perjury, an exemption from, or reduction in, withholding under a tax treaty (a "Treaty Exemption"); or
- IRS Form W-8ECI (or successor form) stating that interest paid on the Note is not subject to withholding tax because it is effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business of the beneficial owner (in which case such interest will be subject to regular graduated U.S. tax rates as described below).

The certification requirement described above also may require a Non-United States Holder that provides an IRS form, or that claims a Treaty Exemption, to provide its U.S. taxpayer identification number.

We urge you to consult your tax advisor about the specific methods for satisfying these requirements. A claim for exemption will not be valid if the person receiving the applicable form has actual knowledge or reason to know that the statements on the form are false.

If interest on the Note is effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business of the Non-United States Holder (and if required by an applicable income tax treaty, attributable to a U.S. permanent establishment), the Non-United States Holder, although exempt from the withholding tax described above (provided that the certifications described above are satisfied), will be subject to U.S. federal income tax on such interest on a net income basis at the same rates applicable to United States persons generally. In addition, if such Holder is a foreign corporation and interest on the Note is effectively connected with its U.S. trade or business (and if required by applicable income tax treaty, attributable to a U.S. permanent establishment), such Holder may be subject to a branch profits tax equal to 30% (unless reduced by an applicable income tax treaty) of its effectively connected earnings and profits for the taxable year, subject to certain adjustments.

Disposition of Notes

Subject to the discussions of backup withholding and FATCA below, no withholding of U.S. federal income tax will be required with respect to any gain or income realized by a Non-United States Holder upon the sale, exchange or other disposition of a Note.

Except with respect to accrued and unpaid interest, a Non-United States Holder will not be subject to U.S. federal income tax on gain realized on the sale, exchange or other disposition of a Note unless (a) the Non-United States Holder is an individual who is present in the U.S. for a period or periods aggregating 183 or more days in the taxable year of the disposition (as determined under the Code) and certain other conditions are met, in which

Certified Mail Number: 7020 3160 0000 9437 5744

From:

Merlon-Jonec: Ragland



Secured Party

Correction
P. Rasche, CFO

Attention: Steven ~~B. Andrews~~

To: SPIRE
700 MARKET STREET
ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI 630101
Respondent

Third or fourth letter May 29, 2024

RE: Account Number [Redacted]

Agreement Number [Redacted]

AFFIDAVIT OF NOTICE OF DEFAULT

State of Missouri)
)ss
[Redacted])

NOTICE TO AGENT IS NOTICE TO PRINCIPAL.
NOTICE TO PRINCIPAL IS NOTICE TO AGENT.

“Indeed, no more than (affidavits) is necessary to make the prima facie case.”
United States v. Kis, 658 F. 2nd, 526, 536 (7th Cir. 1981); Cert Denied, 50 U.S. L.W. 2169; S.
Ct. March 22, 1982

I, Merlon-Jonec: Ragland, herein ‘Affiant’, a living, breathing woman, being first duly sworn, depose, say, and declare by my signature that the following facts are true, correct, and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief.

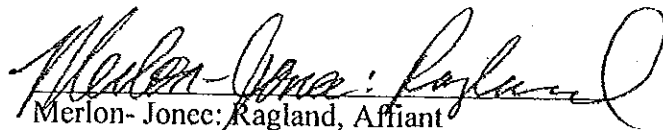
1. THAT Affiant is competent to state the matters included in her declaration, has knowledge of the facts, and declared that to the best of her knowledge, the statements made in this affidavit are true, correct, and not meant to mislead.
2. THAT Affiant is the secured party, superior claimant, holder in due course, and principal creditor having a registered priority lien hold interest to all property held in the name of the Debtor, MERLON JONEE RAGLAND, evidenced by UCC-1 Financing Statement # 120123245 filed with the Kansas Secretary of State and notification given to the Missouri Secretary of State.

3. THAT the governing law of this private contract is the agreement of the parties supported by the Law Merchant and applicable maxims of law established by silence, acquiescence, and tacit agreement;
4. THAT Affiant, at no time, has not willingly, knowingly, intentionally, or voluntarily agreed to subordinate their position as creditor through signature, words, actions, and/or inactions;
5. THAT Affiant, at no time, has not requested or accepted extraordinary benefits or privileges from the Respondent, the United States, or any subdivision thereof;
6. THAT Affiant is not a party to any valid contract or compact with Respondent that requires Affiant to perform in any manner, including but not limited to the payment of money to Respondent, nor has Respondent under good faith any contract, agreement, or otherwise to show that the Affiant is required to perform in such manner.
7. THAT on or about February 14, 2024, Affiant sent a document with instruction on how to tender payment and that Spire, being the holder in due course is responsible for getting the instrument to the fiduciary for discharge. If my form of payment/discharge be denied or ignored Spire would be given a notice of dishonor and the debt would be considered discharged 400.3-603 MO Statute ucc 3-603 Tender of Payment and 31 USC 5118 prohibits banks/creditors from demanding any specific specie of payment.
8. THAT Respondent had ten (10) days to respond with proof of claim, point for point; however, Respondent chose to remain silent or otherwise refused to provide said proof of claim(s) and, therefore, has failed to state a claim upon which relief can be granted and has agreed and stipulated to the facts and agreed that the undersigned Secured Party can only discharge said debt via the remedy provided by Congress via HJR-192 with a Bill of Exchange or other appropriate commercial paper.
9. THAT Respondent is given an additional 3 days to contest Respondent's Acceptance as to the stipulated agreement based upon silence, acquiescence, and therein tacit agreement, that all the Affiant can do is discharge the debt via a Bill of Exchange, Bond, or other appropriate commercial paper.
10. THAT the Respondent is Noticed that Respondent is in Default, failed to contest acceptance and is in agreement to the undersigned.

Further Affiant saith not.

Dated this 29, day of May 2024.

Without Prejudice
Authorized Representative, Attorney-in-Fact,


Merlon-Jonec Ragland, Affiant

Secured Party Creditor
NOTICE

Using a notary on this document does not constitute any adhesion, nor does it alter my status in any manner. The purpose for notarization is verification and identification only and not for entrance into any foreign jurisdiction.

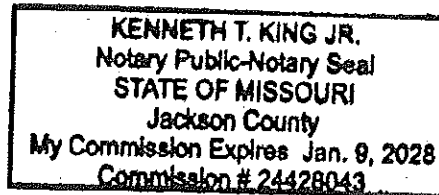
ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

As a Notary Public for said County and State, I do hereby certify that on this 29th day of May, 2024, that Merlon- Jonee: Ragland, the above-mentioned, appeared before me and executed the foregoing. Witness my hand and seal:

State of Missouri
County of Jackson
Subscribed and sworn before me
this 29 day of MAY 2024
Notary Public Kenneth T. King Jr

NOTARY PUBLIC

My Commission Expires: Jan. 9, 2028



Notary Signature: Kenneth T. King Jr

Certified Mail Number: 7020 3160 0000 9437 5836

From: Merlon- Jonee: Ragland



Secured Party

Attention: Steven P. Rasche
To: SPIRE
700 MARKET STREET
ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI 630101
Respondent

Third or fourth letter May 29, 2024

RE: Account Number [Redacted]
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Ct. March 22, 1982

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1. THAT Affiant is competent to state the matters included in her declaration, has knowledge of the facts, and declared that to the best of her knowledge, the statements made in this affidavit are true, correct, and not meant to mislead.
2. THAT Affiant is the secured party, superior claimant, holder in due course, and principal creditor having a registered priority lien hold interest to all property held in the name of the Debtor, MERLON JONEE RAGLAND, evidenced by UCC-1 Financing Statement # 120123245 filed with the Kansas Secretary of State and notification given to the Missouri Secretary of State.

3. THAT the governing law of this private contract is the agreement of the parties supported by the Law Merchant and applicable maxims of law established by silence, acquiescence, and tacit agreement;
4. THAT Affiant, at no time, has not willingly, knowingly, intentionally, or voluntarily agreed to subordinate their position as creditor through signature, words, actions, and/or inactions;
5. THAT Affiant, at no time, has not requested or accepted extraordinary benefits or privileges from the Respondent, the United States, or any subdivision thereof;
6. THAT Affiant is not a party to any valid contract or compact with Respondent that requires Affiant to perform in any manner, including but not limited to the payment of money to Respondent, nor has Respondent under good faith any contract, agreement, or otherwise to show that the Affiant is required to perform in such manner.
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10. THAT the Respondent is Noticed that Respondent is in Default, failed to contest acceptance and is in agreement to the undersigned.

Further Affiant saith not.

Dated this 29, day of May 2024.

Without Prejudice
Authorized Representative, Attorney-in-Fact,

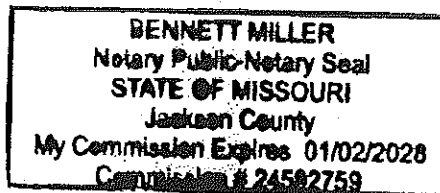

Merlon-Jonee Ragland, Affiant

Secured Party Creditor
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ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

As a Notary Public for said County and State, I do hereby certify that on this 29th day of May, 2024, that Merlon- Jonee: Ragland, the above-mentioned, appeared before me and executed the foregoing. Witness my hand and seal:



Bennett Miller

NOTARY PUBLIC

My Commission Expires: 01/02/2028

Notary Signature: Bennett Miller

State of Missouri
County of Jackson
Subscribed and sworn before
this 29th day of July, 2024
Notary Public Bennett Miller