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# Exhibit No. 229

Staff – Exhibit 229 Kim Cox Rebuttal File No. ER-2024-0189

Exhibit No.: Issue(s): Revenue, Other Revenue Issues Witness: Kim Cox Sponsoring Party: MoPSC Staff Type of Exhibit: Rebuttal Testimony Case No.: ER-2024-0189 Date Testimony Prepared: August 6, 2024

## **MISSOURI PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION**

### **INDUSTRY ANALYSIS DIVISION**

### **TARIFF/RATE DESIGN DEPARTMENT**

### **REBUTTAL TESTIMONY**

OF

### KIM COX

#### **EVERGY MISSOURI WEST, INC.,**

d/b/a Evergy Missouri West

### CASE NO. ER-2024-0189

Jefferson City, Missouri August 6, 2024

\*\* Denotes Confidential Information \*\*

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1	<b>REBUTTAL TESTIMONY</b>
2	OF
3	KIM COX
4	<b>EVERGY MISSOURI WEST, INC.,</b>
5	d/b/a Evergy Missouri West
6	CASE NO. ER-2024-0189
7	Q. Please state your name and business address.
8	A. Kim Cox, 200 Madison Street, Jefferson City, Missouri 65101.
9	Q. By whom are you employed and in what capacity?
10	A. I am employed by the Missouri Public Service Commission ("Commission") as
11	a Research/Data Analyst in the Tariff and Rate Design Department of the Industry Analysis
12	Division of the Commission Staff.
13	Q. Have you previously filed testimony in this case?
14	A. Yes. I provided direct testimony as part of the revenue requirement filed on
15	June 27, 2024.
16	Q. What is the purpose of your rebuttal testimony?
17	A. The purpose of my rebuttal testimony is to:
18	1. Address the manual adjustments made to test year customer/bill counts.
19	2. Address the Time of Use ("TOU") revenue adjustment.
20	3. Address Evergy Missouri West ("EMW") witness Marisol E. Miller
21	application of normalized TOU pricing period percentages.
22	4. Address the winter and summer season billing determinants.

1	5. Address EMW witness Albert R. Bass, JR.'s kilowatt-hours ("kWh") growth
2	adjustment and EMW witness Marisol E Miller's application of the kWh
3	growth adjustment.
4	6. Address EMW witness Marisol E. Miller applying a weather normalization
5	factor to net metering and parallel generation customers.
6	MANUAL ADJUSTMENTS TO TEST YEAR ACTUAL CUSTOMER/BILL COUNTS
7	Q. Did EMW make any manual adjustments prior to reporting test year actual
8	billing determinants?
9	A. Yes. Staff asked data request ("DR") number 0149.1:
10 11 12	Did Evergy make any manual adjustments prior to "actual units" as titled within each rate code sheet in workpaper, CONFIDENTIAL – Billed Revenue – MO West – TYE202306? If the answer is yes,
13 14 15	a) Please explain in detail, Evergy's process for manual adjustments prior to actual units. Please describe the steps from beginning to end, starting with pulling the data and ending with the actual units.
16 17 18 19 20	b) Please explain Evergy's process when pulling the test year, update period and true-up billing determinants and the adjustments made prior to actual units. For example, if a residential customer did not receive a June statement and their July statement included June and July, how would Evergy account for this with a test year ending June 2023 and an update of December 2023?
21 22 23 24	c) Please provide the manual adjustments that were made prior to actual units performed by Evergy, by month and rate code for the 12 months ending June 2023. For all manual adjustments made prior to actual units please explain why the adjustment was necessary.
25 26 27 28 29 30	<ul> <li>EMW's response to DR 0149.1 stated:</li> <li>a. The only manual adjustment for the rate code level units was to set Customer/Bill Count equal to Customer Charge units for each rate code where a customer charge currently existed. This adjustment was introduced in the current case to align our methodology to Staff's.</li> </ul>

1 2 3 4	<ul><li>b. Adjustment explained in part a.</li><li>c. Adjustment explained in part a.</li></ul>
5	Q. Did Staff receive the customer/bill counts?
6	A. No. As discussed in my direct testimony, Staff made several attempts to obtain
7	the customer/bill counts. EMW manually adjusted the customer/bill count yet did not provide
8	them as requested in DR 0149.1. It is not clear why EMW states that such an adjustment was
9	introduced to align with Staff's methodology. Staff and EMW used the customer/bill count to
10	calculate the normal use per customer in previous rate cases. The impact to billing determinants
11	and revenues is unknown due to the customer/bill counts not being provided. Staff recommends
12	the Commission order EMW to provide the customer/bill counts in future rate cases.
13	TOU REVENUE ADJUSTMENT
14	Q. What are EMW TOU rate codes?
15	1. "MORT" is the current rate code designation of the legacy time-based rate
16	plan, tariff name "Residential Time of Use," rate schedule "RTOU",
17	currently marketed as "Nights & Weekends Saver."
18	2. "MORT2" is the current rate code designation of the rate plan which was the
19	default-ordered residential rate plan from December, 2022 - September,
20	2023, tariff name "Residential Time of Use Two Period, rate schedule
21	"RTOU-2", currently marketed as "Summer Peak Time Based Plan."
22	3. "MORT3" is the current rate code designation of the rate plan with the tariff
23	name "Residential Time of Use Three Period, rate schedule "RTOU-3",
24	currently marketed as "Nights & Weekends Max Saver."

1	4. "RPKA" is the tariff designation of the current default residential plan,
2	"Residential Peak Adjustment Service," which has been marketed as
3	"Peak Reward Saver," and is now marketed as "Default Time Based Plan."
4	This rate plan has three rate codes, depending on whether or not a customer
5	is net-metered or participates in a subscriber solar program.
6	Those designations are variations of the rate code "MORPA."
7	Q. Please explain the TOU revenue adjustment made by EMW.
8	A. As an outcome of Case No. ER-2022-0129, the implementation of TOU rates
9	began in October 2023 and was to be completed by December 2023. The test year <sup>1</sup> in this case
10	did not capture the movement of customers. EMW had Oracle develop a Batch Rate Analysis
11	Tool ("BRAT"). <sup>2</sup> The tool was used to estimate the annual impact of the TOU rates. <sup>3</sup>
12	EMW witness Ms. Marisol E. Miller provides the limitations and inclusion/exclusion used in
13	the tool <sup>4</sup> that resulted in a negative \$3.1M adjustment to EMW's test year revenues.
14	Ms. Miller states in her direct testimony: <sup>5</sup>
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	The Company acknowledges that the estimated revenue impact of \$3.1M is inexact. It is fully expected that actual revenue impacts will be different. The Company did not attempt to precisely estimate an annual or seasonal revenue amount nor did it attempt to modify existing TOU pricing with that goal because it would have required that the Company attempt to predict not only which TOU rate a customer would select based on the many options available to them, but also how each customer would modify their usage and behavior in response to those price signals. There is no data that currently exists to reliably predict or estimate that outcome.
23	EMW's modeling of customer rate choices assumes that the majority of customers
24	would take service on MORT3, which is the high differential rate plan. This is not consistent

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The test year is 12 months ending June 30, 2023.
<sup>2</sup> EMW witness Marisol E. Miller direct testimony, page 7.
<sup>3</sup> The tool was also used to allow customers to explore different TOU rate options.
<sup>4</sup> EMW witness Marisol E. Miller direct testimony, pages 8-10.
<sup>5</sup> EMW witness Marisol E. Miller direct testimony, page 10 and 11.

- 1 with EMW's reporting of actual customer rate selections. Actual customer rate selections,
- 2 by rate code, from DR 02.1 in Case No. ET-2024-0061 are set out in the graph below,
- 3 which shows very few customers decided to take service on MORT3, the high differential
- 4 rate plan:<sup>6</sup>

5



According to the graph above, the rate code customer counts have remained somewhat steady
since the conclusion of the transition of TOU rates in December 2023. In Case No.
EW-2023-0199, EMW indicated that they would provide an updated BRAT analyses by
August 4, 2024. The updated analyses<sup>7</sup> will still not include a full twelve months of customers
on the TOU rates at true-up direct and will notably lack TOU information during the
summer months.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> The DR includes all residential rate codes. The net metering and solar rate codes are not displayed in this chart. <sup>7</sup> Staff witness Sarah Lange states on page 9 of her direct testimony that the Oracle modeling requested by EMW relies on a calculation that 59% of customer would have taken service on MORT3 and 19% on MORPA.

1	Q.	Did Staff make an adjustment for the movement of customers to TOU rates?									
2	А.	As noted in my direct testimony, <sup>8</sup> Staff made a residential intraclass rate switch									
3	adjustment.9	Based on the most current data, <sup>10</sup> Staff's approach for the implementation of									
4	TOU rates is	more reasonable than EMW's and therefore Staff recommends the adjustment									
5	of -\$380,818 as filed in Staff's direct revenue requirement. Staff will review the data that is to										
6	be provided in	n Case no. EO-2024-0002 on July 24, 2024 and August 2, 2024 and make any									
7	adjustments in	true-up direct.									
0	NODMALIZ	ED TOU DRIGING DEDIOD DEDOENTA CEG									
8	NORMALIZ	ED TOU PRICING PERIOD PERCENTAGES									
9	Q.	What are pricing periods?									
10	А.	Pricing periods are different times of the day that have an applicable kWh energy									
11	charge. The p	periods are designated as on-peak, off-peak, and super off-peak. The pricing									
12	periods for eac	ch TOU rate are as follows:									
13	MORT	(Three Period)									
14	On-Pea	ak: 4pm-8pm, Monday through Friday, excluding holidays									
15	Super	Off-Peak: 12am-6am every day									
16	Off-Pe	ak: All other hours									
17	MORT	<sup>7</sup> 2 (RTOU-2) <sup>11</sup>									
18	Summ	er On-Peak: 4pm-8pm, Monday through Friday, excluding holidays									
19	Summ	er Off-Peak: All other hours									
20	Winter	Super Off-Peak: 12am-6am, everyday									
21	Winter	Off-Peak: All other hours									
22	MORT	3 (High Differential)									
23	On-Pea	ak: 4pm-8pm, Monday through Fridays, excluding holidays									
24	Super	Off-Peak: 12am-6am, everyday									
25	Off-Pe	ak: All other hours									

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Direct Testimony of Kim Cox, page 11 and 12.
<sup>9</sup> Staff's residential intraclass rate switch adjustment is -\$380,818.
<sup>10</sup> Case no. ET-2024-0061, DR 02.1 response.
<sup>11</sup> Summer months are June through September. Winter months are October through May.

1 2 3	RPKA On-Pe Super	. (MORPA, MORPAN ak: 4pm-8pm Off-Peak: 12am-6am	M, MORPA	APG)					
4	Q. How did EMW apply the weather normalization adjustment to the periods?								
5	А.	EMW applied the	weather fa	actor to each pricing	g period	1 of the	TOU		
6	(three period)	rate. <sup>12</sup> For all other rate	te codes, EN	AW applied the weathe	er factor	and adjuste	ed the		
7	percent in eac	h block. Below are th	ne actual an	d normal blocks <sup>13</sup> for	the rate	codes MC	ORT <sup>14</sup>		
8	and MORG. <sup>15</sup>	The normal blocks a	are the same	e as the actual block for	or MOR	T while th	e rate		
9	code MORG l	blocks are adjusted:							
		MORT	Jul-2022	MORG	Jul-2022				
		Usage per Customer (kwh)	1,413	Usage per Customer (kwh)	1,384				
		Block 1 %	15.16%	Block 1 %	40.36%				
		Block 2 %	10 10%	Block 2 %	22.58%				
		BIOCK 3 70	19.1970	BIOCK 3 70	37.0078				
		Normal Usage per Customer	1,346	Normal Usage per Customer	1,319				
		Block 1 Rep	42.5%	Block 1 Rep	43.3%				
		Block 2 Rep	70.8%	Block 2 Rep	72.2%				
		Block 1 Norm Diff	2.11%	Block 1 Norm Diff	2.16%				
		Block 2,1 Diff	28.3%	Block 2,1 Diff	28.9%				
		Norm Rep Diff	0.0%	Norm Rep Diff	7.5%				
			45.459/		42.00/				
		Norm Block 1	15.16%	Norm Block 1	42.0%				
10		Norm Block 3	19 19%	Norm Block 3	35.4%				
10			13.1376	North Brock S	33.170				
11	Q.	Why are the normal b	locks the sat	me as the actual block	for the ra	te code Mo	ORT?		
12	А.	Stall asked for the fo	nowing in L	JK 0200.					
13	In detail, please describe the steps taken to allocate the weather normalized								
14		usage adjustments fo	r peak, off-	peak, and super off-pe	ak for ra	ate code M	10RT		
15		in worknaper CONFI	DENTIAI	– Billed Revenue – M	10 West	Please er	nlain		
16		why the peak off per	le super off	f pools octual 0/ of use	as is the		ormal		
10		why the peak, on-pea	ik, super on	i-peak actual % of usa	ge is the	same as no	ormai		
1/		% of usage.							
	10								

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> The test year billing determinants only include the schedule TOU (three period).
<sup>13</sup> The blocks are referencing the pricing periods.
<sup>14</sup> The rate code MORT is the TOU three period.
<sup>15</sup> The rate code MORG is the general use rate with seasonal and block energy charges.

	Example:
	Sheet MORT, cells C257-C259, July 2022:
	Block 1 % 15.16%
	Block 2 % 65 66%
	Block 3 % 19 19%
	DIOCK 5 / 0 17.17/0
	Sheet MORT, Calls C268, C270
	Norm Plock 1 15 169/
	Norm Diagle 2 $(5.70)$
	Norm Block 2 05.7%
	Norm Block 3 19.2%
	EMW's response to DR 0266 states:
	The weather normalized usage for each TOU block was calculated by
	multiplying the actual usage for each block by the corresponding weather
	normalization factor. For the rate code MORT and month July 2022 shown in
	the example, the weather normalization factor was 0.9526 (D14 on the
	"Factors" tab).
	The blocking percentage for the actual blocks and the weather normalized blocks
	are the same because MORT is a TOU rate. The same residential weather
	adjustment factor for July 2022 was applied to each of the three TOU energy
	charge blocks resulting in the same blocking percentage for the
	adjusted determinants.
Q.	Does Staff agree that the normalized blocking percentages <sup>16</sup> should be the same
as the actual b	blocking percentages?
А.	No. Customers consume energy differently depending on weather and it impacts
on-peak and c	off-peak hours differently. Staff witness Michael Stahlman discusses the estimates
of energy use	for TOU blocks <sup>17</sup> in his revenue requirement direct <sup>18</sup> and rebuttal <sup>19</sup> testimonies.
WINTER A	ND SUMMER SEASONS BILLING DETERMINANTS
Q.	What are EMW winter and summer seasons?
	Q. as the actual 1 A. on-peak and c of energy use <u>WINTER AI</u> Q.

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> Normalized blocking percentages are the normalized pricing periods.
 <sup>17</sup> Blocks are referring to pricing periods.
 <sup>18</sup> COS Direct Testimony of Michael Stahlman, page 7-8.
 <sup>19</sup> Rebuttal Testimony of Michael Stahlman, page 2, lines 9-22.

- 1 A. The summer season is the four monthly billing periods of June through 2 September. The winter season is the eight monthly billing periods of October through May.
- 3

Q. Please provide an example of the winter and summer season billing determinants

- for rate code MORT (TOU three period). 4
- 5

Below are the rate code MORT billing determinants for October through A.

December test year and update period: 6

October '22-Decembe	er '22				October '23-December '23			
	Oct-22	Nov-22	Dec-22			Oct-23	Nov-23	Dec-23
Customer/Bill Count	4,436	4,523	4,539	[	Customer/Bill Count	6,251	7,616	7,826
Customer Charge	4,464	4,564	4,573		Customer Charge	6,251	7,616	7,826
Summer kWh					Summer kWh			
Peak					Peak	580,325	26,560	
Off-Peak				1	Off-Peak	2,406,286	114,693	
Super-Off Peak					Super-Off Peak	666,300	29,174	
Winter kWh					Winter kWh			
Peak	556,840	404,283	500,494		Peak	240,395	657,396	816, 155
Off-Peak	2,441,980	2,102,173	2,672,062		Off-Peak	1,156,803	3,416,325	4,601,650
Super-Off Peak	743,823	724,366	954,956		Super-Off Peak	352,946	1,151,045	1,637,090
Total kWh	3,742,644	3,230,821	4,127,512		Total kWh	5,403,055	5,395,194	7,054,895



9







Why is there usage in summer for the months of October and November 2023? Staff asked EMW and received an email on April 12, 2024 with the following



Q.

A.



Staff's review discovered that there is no overlapping season usage in any month in any 1 residential rate code for the test year which included MORT.<sup>20</sup> The only residential rate codes 2 3 that have seasonal overlap usage for the update period are the TOU rates. The seasons are 4 billed at peak rates with the winter season being less than the summer season. It is unclear why 5 the TOU rates for the update period would be the only rates and months to have both seasons. 6 It is imperative that the billing determinants are accurate and Staff requests that EMW not only 7 verify that the test year revenues tie with books/records in future rate cases but that also the 8 update period billing determinants do as well. Staff recommends the Commission order EMW 9 to review 20% of individual bills for the TOU rate codes for the months of October and 10 November going forward and provide the results to Staff by January 1st of each year.

11

### KWH GROWTH ADJUSTMENT AND ITS APPLICATION

12

Q.

Did Staff make a growth adjustment?

A. Yes. As stated in my direct testimony,<sup>21</sup> Staff made a customer growth
adjustment to EMW to reflect the impact in change of customer levels on the update period
kWh sales, kW demand, and rate revenue.

16

Q. Did EMW make a growth adjustment?

A. Yes. Mr. Albert R. Bass, Jr. calculated a two-month class average for each month
of the test year. He then performed a trend analysis (with the new monthly class average
number of bills) to get a projected class number of bills as of June 2024. The growth factor that
was applied was the new monthly class average divided by the projected number of class bills

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> The rate code MORT is a TOU rate and has 12 months of billing determinants for the test year. None of which had winter and summer usage in a given month.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> Direct Testimony of Kim Cox, page 13, lines 9-15.

1	as of June 2024. Mr. Bass states that he will use the actual number of customers when the
2	numbers become available. <sup>22</sup>
3	Q. How did EMW apply the class level growth adjustment calculated by Mr. Bass?
4	A. The class level kWh growth adjustment developed by Mr. Bass was applied by
5	the monthly ratio of each rate code to the class level.
6	Q. Can you please provide an example for one of the rate codes in the
7	Small General Service ("SGS") class?
8	A. Yes. In August 2022, the $MOSDS^{23}$ rate code accounted for 80% of the total
9	class usage for that month. EMW applied 80% <sup>24</sup> of the class level kWh growth adjustment to
10	MOSDS for August 2022.
11	In addition, EMW applied the growth adjustment to only the months that had billing
12	determinants. For example, the rate code MOSGSS <sup>25</sup> started in April 2023 and EMW reduced
13	usage for April 2023 through June 2023 based on the class level customer growth. EMW did
14	not apply a growth adjustment for the months of July 2022 through March 2023.
15	Going forward, this rate code will have customers and usage and therefore
16	should be annualized.
17	Below provides the percent of change month over month for the SGS class as a whole

18

19

and each rate code separately. The SGS class as a whole does not align with the individual rate codes.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> It is unknown how Mr. Bass will use the actual number of residential customers at true-up since the TOU rates (with the exception of the rate code MORT) will not include a full 12 months. <sup>23</sup> The MOSDS rate code is small general service with demand at secondary voltage. <sup>24</sup> 80% of the adjustment was -2,535,298.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> The MOSGSS rate code is small general service without demand and with behind the meter on-site parallel generation.



In the figure below, under section A, are the monthly MOSDS rate code customer charge counts and adjusted usage<sup>26</sup> for the test year as calculated by EMW. In Section B are the customer growth adjusted MOSDS customer charge counts and usage calculated by EMW. The customer charge counts increased during the test year, yet EMW applied a -23,646,582 kWh adjustment and reduced the customer count charges by -3,064. These reductions equal a -\$2,146,813 revenue adjustment:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup> The usage reflects EMS adjustments for weather normalization, 365 days, rate switchers, and MEEIA.

			Jul-2022	Aug-2022	Sep-2022	Oct-2022	Nov-2022	Dec-2022	Jan-2023	Feb-2023	Mar-2023	Apr-2023	May-2023	Jun-2023
	Α.	Customer Charge/ Other Meter Energy Total (KWH)	11,163	11,235	11,554	11,579	11,568	11,592	11,615	11,697	11,743	11,760	11,798	11,763
			39,390,070	90,332,040	93,020,301	01,430,302	11,191,122	00,704,075	100,219,190	90,401,207	04,229,120	11,012,994	70,303,411	90,904,175
	В.	Customer Charge/ Other Meter	10,788	10,946	11,303	11,276	11,281	11,327	11,365	11,471	11,529	11,556	11,587	11,574
1		Energy Total (KWH)	96,051,509	96,017,550	91,788,464	79,301,548	75,281,148	84,723,781	98,061,068	93,589,478	82,693,821	75,732,370	75,194,204	89,443,529
2 3	At Ju	t the time ly 2023	e of Stat through	ff's dire 1 Decer	ect filin mber 20	g, Staff 023 als	was ab o revea	ole to in aled that	acorpor	ate the ⁄IOSDS	update 5 rate c	period code cu	in its aı stomer	nalysis. charge
4	co	ounts wer	e incre	asing:										
		Jan-23 F	eb-23 N	Mar-23	Apr-23	May-23	Jun-2	3 Jul-	23 Aug	g-23 Se	p-23 (	Oct-23	Nov-23	Dec-23
5	1	11,615 12	L,697 1	1,743	11,760	11,798	11,763	3 11,85	56 11,8	392 11,	,923 1	1,929	11,956	11,944
6		Q.	Do	es Staf	f agree	that the	e growt	h adjus	stment s	should	be upd	ated in	true up	direct?
7		A.	Sta	aff does	agree	that the	e custoi	mer ch	arge co	unts sh	ould b	e reviev	wed in	true-up
8	di	rect. Fo	or the	resider	tial cla	ass, the	ere stil	1 will	not be	a ful	l twelv	/e mon	ths of	billing
9	de	eterminar	nts for t	he new	TOU	rate coo	les. It	is unkr	iown at	this ti	ne if tl	ne same	e metho	dology
10	us	ed in Sta	ıff's dir	ect rev	enue re	quirem	ent wil	l apply	in true	-up dir	ect.			
11		Sta	ff does	not agr	ee that	the SG	S and L	arge G	eneral S	Service	("LGS	S") rate	classes	should
12	be	e adjusted	l at the	rate cla	iss leve	1. Furtl	nermor	e, Staff	f does n	ot agre	e that t	the MO	SDS ra	te code
13	sh	ould be	adjuste	ed by ·	-\$2,146	,813 w	hen th	e tren	d of ci	istome	r charg	ge cour	nts are	clearly
14	in	creasing	for the	rate co	de.									
15	N	ET MEI	<b>FERIN</b>	G ANI	) PAR	ALLE	L GEN	ERAT	TION C	CUSTO	MER	<u>S</u>		
16		Q.	WI	hat is n	et mete	ring an	d paral	lel gen	eration	?				

1	A. EMW's tariff $^{27}$ states, "net metering means using metering equipment sufficient
2	to measure the difference between the electrical energy supplied to a Customer-Generator by
3	the Company and the electrical energy supplied by the Customer-Generator to the Company
4	over the applicable billing period." EMW does not have a parallel generation definition in the
5	tariff; however, there is an applicability section that states, "Applicable to a
6	'Qualifying Facility' who contracts for service supplied at one point of delivery where part or
7	all of the electrical requirements of the Customer are provided by the Customer on the premises,
8	and where the Customers source of electricity is connected for parallel operation of the
9	Customer's system with the system of the Company." <sup>28</sup>
10	Q. Please explain how the customer is billed.
11	A. The net meter reads delivered and received usage at the metering point.
12	If the electricity supplied by EMW is greater than the electricity generated by the customer,
13	the customer is billed for the usage. If the customer generates more electricity than supplied
14	by EMW, the customer will be credited based on the excess generation at the applicable rate
15	schedule. In addition, EMW's tariff payment rate states:
16 17	\$0.0233 per kWh for all kWh received
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	<ul> <li>Administration adjustment (not applicable to net metering): The payment amount calculated above shall be reduced \$4.50 per month to compensate the Company for the fixed charges on the meter measuring the kilowatt-hours delivered by the Customer to the Company and for the engineering, administrative and accounting costs associated with the delivery of energy by the Customer to the Company.<sup>29</sup></li> <li>Q. Did EMW reduce the payment amount by \$4.50 for the MOSDS and MOLGS</li> </ul>
25	rate codes?

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup> P.S.C. MO. No. 1, 8<sup>th</sup> Revised Sheet No. 110, Definitions, F.
 <sup>28</sup> P.S.C. MO. No. 1, 10<sup>th</sup> Revised Sheet No. 102, Applicability.
 <sup>29</sup> P.S.C. MO. No. 1, 4<sup>th</sup> Revised Sheet No. 102.1, Payment Rate.

1	А.	Staff asked DR 0225 <sup>30</sup> and EMW responded that the parallel generation	
2	administrativ	e adjustment is not being applied. Staff is unclear why EMW is not reducing the	
3	amount paid	to those customers. Staff will continue its investigation and address it further in	
4	true-up direct		
5	Q.	Does EMW know when the customer consumed the energy the	
6	customer generated?		
7	А.	No. EMW only knows when the customer consumed the energy	
8	EMW provided.		
9	Q.	Did Ms. Miller apply Mr. Bass' computed weather normalization factor to the	
10	net metering and parallel generation customers?		
11	А.	Yes.	
12	Q.	Does Staff agree the weather normalization factor should be applied to	
13	net metering or parallel generation customers?		
14	А.	No. The customer-generated solar is either reducing the load or feeding the	
15	net energy back to the grid. The usage of these customers will have a different response to		
16	weather. <sup>31</sup>		
17	<u>CONCLUSI</u>	<u>ON</u>	
18	Q.	Does this conclude your rebuttal testimony?	
19	А.	Yes.	

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>30</sup> DR 0225 specifically asked for the number of customers per month for the SDS, LGS, and PGS rate classes that were charged \$4.50 for the parallel generation administration adjustment.
 <sup>31</sup> Staff witness, Michael Stahlman discusses the net metered customers and application of the weather factor in his rebuttal testimony, page 2, line 23 and page 3, lines 1-10.

#### BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

#### **OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI**

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In the Matter of Evergy Missouri West, Inc. d/b/a Evergy Missouri West's Request for Authority to Implement A General Rate Increase for Electric Service

Case No. ER-2024-0189

#### **AFFIDAVIT OF KIM COX**

STATE OF MISSOURI	)	
	)	SS.
COUNTY OF COLE	)	

COMES NOW KIM COX and on her oath declares that she is of sound mind and lawful age; that she contributed to the foregoing Rebuttal Testimony of Kim Cox; and that the same is true and correct according to her best knowledge and belief.

Further the Affiant sayeth not.

KIM COX

#### JURAT

Subscribed and sworn before me, a duly constituted and authorized Notary Public, in and for the County of Cole, State of Missouri, at my office in Jefferson City, on this day

of august 2024.

D. SUZIE MANKIN Notary Public - Notary Seal State of Missouri Commissioned for Cole County My Commission Expires: April 04, 2025 Commission Number: 12412070

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Notary Public (