

FILED
September 1, 2023
Data Center
Missouri Public
Service Commission

Exhibit No. 129

Staff – Exhibit 129
Majors Surrebuttal
File No. WR-2023-0006

Exhibit No.:
Issue(s): *Discovery Issues, Plant,
Acquisition Costs*
Witness: *Keith Majors*
Sponsoring Party: *MoPSC Staff*
Type of Exhibit: *Surrebuttal Testimony*
Case No.: *WR-2023-0006*
Date Testimony Prepared: *July 21, 2023*

MISSOURI PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
FINANCIAL AND BUSINESS ANALYSIS DIVISION
AUDITING DEPARTMENT

SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY

OF

KEITH MAJORS

CONFLUENCE RIVERS UTILITY OPERATING COMPANY, INC.

CASE NO. WR-2023-0006

Jefferson City, Missouri
July 2023

**** Denotes Confidential Information ****

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9

**TABLE OF CONTENTS OF
SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF
KEITH MAJORS
CONFLUENCE RIVERS UTILITY OPERATING COMPANY, INC.
CASE NO. WR-2023-0006**

DISCOVERY ISSUES2
RETIRED ASSET VALUES3
PLANT ADDITIONS.....3
ACQUISITION-RELATED COSTS DISALLOWED4

1 **SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF**

2 **KEITH MAJORS**

3 **CONFLUENCE RIVERS UTILITY OPERATING COMPANY, INC.**

4 **CASE NO. WR-2023-0006**

5 Q. Please state your name and business address.

6 A. Keith Majors, Fletcher Daniels Office Building, 615 East 13th Street, Room 201,
7 Kansas City, Missouri, 64106.

8 Q. By whom are you employed and in what capacity?

9 A. I am a Utility Regulatory Audit Supervisor employed by the Staff (“Staff”) of
10 the Missouri Public Service Commission (“Commission”).

11 Q. Are you the same Keith Majors who previously provided testimony in this case?

12 A. Yes. I provided direct testimony in this case on May 26, 2023 concerning Staff’s
13 revenue requirement recommendation and other various adjustments and topics. I provided
14 rebuttal testimony on June 29 concerning updates and corrections to Staff’s revenue
15 requirement recommendation.

16 Q. What is the purpose of your surrebuttal testimony?

17 A. The purpose of this surrebuttal testimony is responding to the rebuttal testimony
18 of Confluence Rivers Utility Operating Company, Inc. (“Confluence”) witness Brent Thies.

19 Q. Please provide a brief summary of your surrebuttal testimony.

20 A. My surrebuttal testimony responds to portions of Mr. Thies’ testimony,
21 Section VI, “Rate Base Including Acquisition Costs.” concerning the “Retired Asset Values”
22 and “Acquisition-Related Cost Disallowed.” I also reserve the right to supplement my

1 testimony once Staff receives materials from US Water Systems, LLC (“US Water”) and
2 Central States Water Resources, Inc.’s (“CSWR”) board meetings.

3 **DISCOVERY ISSUES**

4 Q. Has Staff received full and complete discovery regarding board of directors’
5 meeting materials from Confluence’s parent companies, US Water and CSWR, for board
6 meetings that occurred between October 1, 2019, and April 30, 2023?

7 A. No. My understanding is that Staff asked the Commission to compel
8 Confluence to respond to Staff Data Request (“DR”) No. 0231.1, which requests these
9 materials. On June 26, Staff filed a *Motion to Compel* (“Motion”). The Motion requested that
10 Confluence provide a response to DR No. 0231.1. That DR requested all of US Water’s
11 and CSWR’s board of directors meeting minutes, agendas, and all materials for the period
12 of October 1, 2019 through April 30, 2023. I have attached a copy of this DR as
13 Confidential Schedule KM-s1. On July 12, the Commission issued its *Order Denying in Part*
14 *and Granting in Part Staff’s Request to Compel Discovery Answers*. Although the Commission
15 ordered Confluence to respond to DR No. 0231.1,¹ Staff’s attorneys and Confluence’s attorneys
16 do not agree on the scope of the order and Staff finds Confluence’s response deficient. For this
17 reason, Staff has not received the requested board materials.

18 Q. Do you reserve the right to file supplemental testimony once Staff has received
19 these materials?

20 A. Yes.

¹ *Order Denying in Part and Granting in Part Staff’s Request to Compel Discovery Answers*, page 8.

1 **RETIRED ASSET VALUES**

2 Q. On page 8 beginning on line 14 of his rebuttal testimony, Mr. Thies references
3 assets that were retired that did not include a corresponding asset value in utility plant in service.
4 What are these assets?

5 A. These assets are in the Gladlo, Missouri Utilities, Roy-L, Terre Du Lac, and
6 Villa Ridge systems. Staff reviewed the response to DR No. 0088 detailing the plant additions
7 and retirements, and the annual reports to identify the corresponding additions. Staff could not
8 identify where Confluence listed the additions that corresponded to the retirements that were
9 listed in DR No. 0088. According to discussions with Confluence, these assets were not
10 included in the property transferred to Confluence upon acquisition, which would explain why
11 the retirement was recorded less than five months after the acquisition.

12 Q. Do you currently have a change to the plant or reserve balances related to these
13 discrepancies?

14 A. No, but Staff will continue to discuss this issue with Confluence to resolve this
15 issue.

16 **PLANT ADDITIONS**

17 Q. Has Staff, subsequent to the accounting schedules identified in your rebuttal
18 testimony, identified plant additions that should be included?

19 A. Yes. The original response to DR No. 0088 requested plant additions from
20 January 1, 2019, through the present. The Hillcrest, Indian Hills, and Raccoon Creek systems
21 filed for rate increases or were acquired prior to 2019 and had additions that were not included
22 in Staff's updated accounting schedules. Staff requested DR No. 0088.1 for the additions and
23 retirements prior to 2019. Staff has included the plant, reserve, and depreciation expense, as

1 appropriate and adjusted for acquisition costs and repairs, for these additions in Staff's
2 accounting schedules.

3 **ACQUISITION-RELATED COSTS DISALLOWED**

4 Q. On page 10, beginning on line 1 of his rebuttal testimony, Mr. Thies references
5 acquisition-related costs. Generally, what costs are incurred in completion of an acquisition?

6 A. There are two general categories, transaction and transition costs. Transaction
7 costs include investment banker fees, and consulting and legal fees associated with the
8 evaluation, bid, negotiation and structure of the deal.²

9 Transition costs are costs incurred to integrate the acquired utility into the acquiring
10 entity. These costs are necessary to ensure that the synergy savings are achieved and that the
11 merger process is effective. These costs can include severance and retention costs and costs
12 associated with process integration.³

13 The Commission thoroughly described and evaluated transition and transaction costs in
14 the *Report and Order* in Case No. EM-2007-0374, *In the Matter of the Joint Application of*
15 *Great Plains Energy Incorporated, Kansas City Power & Light Company, and Aquila, Inc. for*
16 *Approval of the Merger of Aquila, Inc. with a Subsidiary of Great Plains Energy Incorporated*
17 *and for Other Related Relief.*⁴

18 Q. What are synergy savings?

19 A. Synergy savings are reductions in costs from combining the operations of
20 merging utilities as compared to the combined costs of the entities standing alone. Examples

² *Report and Order*, Case No. EM-2007-0374, Page 78, footnotes omitted.

³ *Ibid.*

⁴ It is noteworthy that, like Confluence's numerous acquisitions, Aquila, Inc. was a "distressed" utility suffering from numerous financial perils including a below investment grade debt rating.

1 of synergy savings include benefits of scale, improved efficiency in support functions,
2 economies of scale in purchasing, and savings from combining customer service and field
3 operations in the same geographic area.⁵

4 Q. On page 10, lines 8-12 of his rebuttal testimony, Mr. Thies gives several
5 examples of the acquisition-related costs. In your opinion, are these transaction costs or
6 transition costs?

7 A. These costs are appropriately categorized as transaction costs. I will discuss
8 each in turn with the descriptions used by Mr. Thies.

9 On line 7, page 10, Mr. Thies lists “necessary legal and engineering expenditures
10 directly related to the acquisitions.” These are most analogous to the due diligence that an
11 acquiring company completes prior to acquiring the utility. Mr. Thies describes the
12 expenditures further on lines 8 through 12:

13 These costs include expenditures that allow the Company to determine
14 the feasibility of capital improvements that will need to be made to the
15 system. They also include the legal and other costs associated with
16 securing clean title to the property, confirming proper easement access
17 to the system components, and the costs to appropriately file required
18 acquisition documentation with the Commission.

19 Feasibility studies to evaluate potential projects related to the evaluation of a potential
20 acquisition are not eligible for capitalization. Any costs to secure clean title to the property are
21 costs of ownership. Lastly, any costs related to the filing of an acquisition case before the
22 Commission are owner’s costs as there is no benefit to ratepayers for these costs and these costs
23 are not required for utility service.

24 Q. How are transaction costs recovered by utilities?

⁵ *Ibid*, Page 79.

1 A. Generally, these costs are not recovered in rates as noted in the EM-2007-0374

2 *Report and Order:*

3 351. Transaction costs are generally not recovered through rates but
4 rather charged to shareholders because transaction costs consist of costs
5 incurred by both the acquiring company as well as the acquired company
6 to complete the transaction, and not to facilitate the provision of utility
7 service – such costs are properly considered to be a part of the purchase
8 price of the acquisition. [footnote omitted]

9
10 352. Absent the specific rate and accounting treatment being requested
11 by the Applicants, pursuant to Generally Accepted Accounting
12 Principles, transaction costs would be added to the value of the
13 consideration being given by Great Plains for the Aquila stock being
14 acquired to arrive at the total purchase price of the transaction. [footnote
15 omitted]

16
17 353. Transaction costs do not meet the normal criteria for traditional
18 expenses used to establish rates. These costs are not used or useful nor
19 necessary for the provision of safe and adequate service. These costs are
20 investor costs incurred in the buying and selling of their stock. These are
21 the costs of a non-regulated holding company. Great Plains and its Board
22 decided to incur these costs. Recovery of these transaction costs would
23 result in regulated utilities subsidizing their non-regulated parent
24 companies. [footnote omitted]

25 As the Commission determined, acquisition transaction costs are not eligible for inclusion in
26 cost of service.

27 Q. From a rate base valuation perspective, why should transaction costs not be
28 recovered?

29 A. The intent of protecting ratepayers from providing unreasonable returns to
30 utilities would be circumvented if rates were developed by considering a return on investments
31 above net depreciated original costs. This concept has been described as being the net original
32 cost rule and the Commission has more fully articulated this rule as follows:

Surrebuttal Testimony of
Keith Majors

1 As a general rule, only the original cost of utility plant to the first owner
2 devoting the property to public service, adjusted for depreciation, should
3 be included in the utility's rate base. That principle is known as the net
4 original cost rule. The net original cost rule was developed in order to
5 protect ratepayers from having to pay higher rates simply because
6 ownership of utility plant has changed, without any actual change in the
7 usefulness of the plant. If a utility were allowed to revalue its assets each
8 time they changed hands, it could artificially inflate its rate base by
9 selling and repurchasing assets at a higher cost, while recovering those
10 costs from its ratepayers. Thus, ratepayers would be required to pay for
11 the same utility plant over and over again. The sale of assets to
12 artificially inflate rate base was an abuse that was prevalent in the 1920s
13 and 1930s and such abuses could still occur.⁶

14 Q. On page 10, lines 13-22 of his rebuttal testimony, Mr. Thies references the
15 National Association of Regulatory Utility Commissioners ("NARUC") Uniform System of
16 Accounts for Class A & B Water and Wastewater ("USOA") account 183 – Preliminary Survey
17 and Investigation Charges, and the Company's procedure to charge this account for the
18 expenses at issue. Does this procedure represent proper accounting?

19 A. No. The response to Staff DR No. 0066.1 specifically states regarding the
20 acquisition costs: "Expense is booked to account 183 prior to acquisition. Upon closing,
21 expenses are booked to 107 and any expense in 183 related to the acquired system are moved
22 to 107." Costs incurred prior to the acquisition, such as these, are clearly related to the
23 evaluation and due diligence on behalf of Confluence in determination of bid amount and terms
24 of the offer. These costs are property retained at the Confluence ownership level, or booked
25 "below the line" and not recovered in the cost of service.

⁶ Case No. EM-2000-292, Second Report and Order, *In the Matter of the Joint Application of UtiliCorp United Inc. and St. Joseph Light & Power Company for Authority to Merge St. Joseph Light & Power Company with and into UtiliCorp United Inc., and, in Connection Therewith, Certain Other Related Transactions*, 12 Mo.P.S.C.3d 388, 389-90 (2004), effective March 7, 2004.

Surrebuttal Testimony of
Keith Majors

1 Q. If the feasibility studies were subsequently used in part or whole in the
2 completion of a construction project, should the costs of those studies be charged to
3 Account 183 and subsequently to the appropriate utility plant account?

4 A. No. These costs were incurred on behalf of the purchaser (Confluence
5 shareholders) and would not be incurred but for the determination of bid amount and terms of
6 the offer. If Confluence chose not to acquire the subject utility there would be no recourse for
7 these costs as they are incurred by and benefit the purchaser (Confluence shareholders).

8 Q. On page 12, lines 4-14 of his rebuttal testimony, Mr. Thies references costs
9 similar to the acquisition costs included in prior rate cases. Are these comparable costs?

10 A. No. Staff did include some deferred maintenance costs for leak repairs, line
11 location, smoke testing, and sludge removal for the Indian Hills, Elm Hills, and Raccoon Creek
12 systems. These costs were deferred and amortized over 5, 10, or 20 years as applicable. These
13 costs differ from those at issue here because they were specifically agreed to in a disposition
14 agreement in the applicable cases. As Mr. Thies notes on page 28, lines 15-20 of his rebuttal
15 testimony concerning Stipulation and Agreements, it is uncertain what the parties to the
16 disposition agreement may have conceded in agreeing to defer and amortize these expenses.

17 More importantly, Confluence was never given carte blanche authority by the
18 Commission to defer acquisition costs. I am not aware of any utility acquisition in which the
19 Commission has authorized or Staff has recommended deferral of transaction costs.

20 Q. Does this conclude your surrebuttal testimony?

21 A. Yes it does.

BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

In the Matter of Confluence Rivers Utility)
Operating Company, Inc.'s Request for)
Authority to Implement a General Rate)
Increase for Water Service and Sewer)
Service Provided in Missouri Service Areas)

Case No. WR-2023-0006

AFFIDAVIT OF KEITH MAJORS

STATE OF MISSOURI)
)
COUNTY OF JACKSON) ss.

COMES NOW KEITH MAJORS and on his oath declares that he is of sound mind and lawful age; that he contributed to the foregoing *Surrebuttal Testimony of Keith Majors*; and that the same is true and correct according to his best knowledge and belief.

Further the Affiant sayeth not.



KEITH MAJORS

JURAT

Subscribed and sworn before me, a duly constituted and authorized Notary Public, in and for the County of Jackson, State of Missouri, at my office in Kansas City, on this 18th day of July 2023.



Notary Public



M. RIDENHOUR
My Commission Expires
July 22, 2023
Platte County
Commission #19603483

SCHEDULE KM-s1

HAS BEEN DEEMED

CONFIDENTIAL

IN ITS ENTIRETY