Exhibit No.:

Issues:

Fuel Model and Purchased

Power

Witness:

David W. Elliott

Sponsoring Party:

MO PSC Staff

Type of Exhibit:

**Direct Testimony** 

Case No.:

ER-2001-672

Date Testimony Prepared:

December 6, 2001

## MISSOURI PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION UTILITY OPERATIONS DIVISION

**DIRECT TESTIMONY** 

**FILED**<sup>3</sup>

OF

DEC 6 2001

DAVID W. ELLIOTT

Missouri Public Service Commission

UTILICORP UNITED, INC. D/B/A MISSOURI PUBLIC SERVICE

CASE NO. ER-2001-672

Jefferson City, Missouri December 2001

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2	DIRECT TESTIMONY		
3	OF		
4	DAVID W. ELLIOTT		
5	UTILICORP UNITED INC,		
6	d/b/a MISSOURI PUBLIC SERVICE		
7	CASE NO. ER-2001-672		
8			
9	Q. Please state your name and business address.		
10	A. David W. Elliott, P.O. Box 360, Jefferson City, Missouri, 65102.		
11	Q. By whom are you employed and in what capacity?		
12	A. I am employed by the Missouri Public Service Commission (Commission)		
13	as a Utility Engineering Specialist III in the Energy Department of the Utility Operations		
14	Division.		
15	Q. Please describe your educational and work background.		
16	A. I graduated from Iowa State University with a Bachelor of Science degree		
17	in Mechanical Engineering in May 1975. I was employed by Iowa-Illinois Gas and		
18	Electric Company (IIGE) as an engineer from July 1975 to May 1993. While at IIGE, I		
19	worked at Riverside Generating Station, first as an assistant to the maintenance engineer,		
20	and then as an engineer responsible for monitoring station performance. In 1982, 1		
21	transferred to the Mechanical Design Division of the Engineering Department where I		
22	was an engineer responsible for various construction and maintenance projects at IIGE's		
23	power plants. In September 1993, I began my employment with the Commission.		

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and SJLP is \$88,840,579.

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basis is \$20,533,341. The annual cost of fuel and purchased power for a combined MPS

Why were three different scenarios run in this case?

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A. The three different scenarios were run in order to enable an allocation of the joint costs. The methodology for allocating the joint costs is addressed in the direct testimony of Staff Witness Mike S. Proctor, which is also being filed in this case.

- Q. What test year did Staff use?
- A. In accordance with a Commission Order, Staff used the test year of January 1, 2000 to December 31, 2000, updated for purchased power, system loads, and fuel prices through June 30, 2001.
  - Q. What is a production cost model?
- A. The Staff's production cost model is a computer program used to perform an hour-by-hour, chronological simulation of a utility's generation and power purchases. The model determines energy costs and fuel consumption necessary to economically meet a utility's load.
- What is meant by an "hour-by-hour, chronological simulation" of a Q. utility's generation and power purchases?
- A. The production cost model used by the Staff operates in a chronological fashion, meeting each hour's energy demand, or load, before moving to the next hour. It schedules purchased power, or dispatches generating units to serve the load in each hour in a least-cost manner based upon the fuel cost, unit availability and operating conditions, and the cost of purchased power. This model simulates the way the company dispatches its generating units and schedules purchased power to meet the net system load in a least cost manner.
  - Q. What production cost model did the Staff use in this case?

Data Request No. 2908.

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A.	The RealTime® production cost model developed by The Emelar Group	
was used. Th	is is the same model used by Staff in all electric cases since 1995.	
Q.	What production cost model does MPS use?	
A.	MPS also uses the RealTime® production cost model.	
Q.	What were the sources of the input data used in the model?	
A.	The sources of the input data used in the model are listed in Schedule 2.	
Q.	Why are steam loads required to simulate SJLP's electric dispatch	
scenarios?		
A.	SJLP electric dispatch scenarios require steam loads because the SJLP	
Lake Road Plant sells steam to industrial customers.		
Q.	What is purchased power?	
A.	Purchased power is the energy purchased from another electric supplier to	
supplement the utility's generation to meet net system load.		
Q.	Do both MPS and SJLP purchase power to meet their net system loads?	
A.	Yes. MPS and SJLP purchase energy when the cost of energy available	
for purchase is lower than the cost of the next dispatch increment of their generating		
units, and when needed generating units are off line due to outages.		
Q.	What was the source of the data used to calculate purchased power prices	
and the availability of energy?		
A.	The data used to calculate purchase power prices and available energy	
came from the monthly reports submitted to Staff by MPS as required by Commission		
Rule 4 CSR 2	240-20.080 (20.080 data). UtiliCorp verified this data in its response to Staff	
	was used. The Q. A. Q. A. Q. scenarios? A. Lake Road Pl Q. A. supplement the Q. A. for purchase units, and whe Q. and the availate A. came from the quantity of the quantity of the purchase units, and whe q. and the availate A. came from the quantity of t	

- Q. What kinds of purchased power were used in the production cost model?
- A. Two kinds of purchased power were used in the production cost model: capacity contract purchases and spot market purchases.
  - Q. Please explain what capacity contract purchases are.
- A. Capacity purchases are made through contracts for the purchase of energy and capacity. Under such contracts the purchaser pays a monthly fixed cost for the ability to receive a maximum number of megawatts (MW) per hour, and pays a fixed or variable cost for each megawatt-hour (MWh) received. The monthly fixed cost, or demand charge, is paid whether any energy is purchased or not. This demand charge is not included in the model results, but is calculated and included in the case by the Staff accountants.
  - Q. How many capacity contracts were used in the model runs?
- A. One capacity contract was used in the SJLP production cost model run, and two were used in the MPS production cost model run.
- Q. How did you calculate the hourly prices and hourly energy availability for the SJLP capacity contract?
- A. For the capacity contract in the SJLP model run I used average historical energy prices for the updated test year from the 20.080 data. I used the contract capacity amount as the hourly energy amount available.
- Q. Did you calculate the hourly prices and hourly energy availability for the MPS capacity contracts the same way?
- A. No. The two capacity contracts represent capacity and energy from two specific generating plants, the wind farm in Kansas, and the combined cycle unit in

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Pleasant Hills, Missouri. The two capacity contracts were modeled to allow availability and prices to be based on the seasonal capacity changes for the wind farm, and the gas price changes for the combined cycle unit.

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Q. What are spot market purchases?

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transactions for energy on an hourly basis. A utility may purchase energy from one or

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more suppliers when the cost of the purchase is less than its incremental cost of

For the purposes of this case, spot market purchases are non-contract

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generation. Spot market purchases depend on the availability of energy on an hourly

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basis. Spot market purchases are generally made by a utility to meet unanticipated

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energy needs or to take advantage of lower energy prices.

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Q. What methodology did you use to determine the spot market purchased

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energy prices?

I used a procedure developed by the Commission's Energy Department

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Engineering Section as described in the document entitled A Methodology to Calculate

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Representative Prices for Purchased Energy in the Spot Market. This method uses a

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statistical calculation based on a truncated normal distribution curve to represent the

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hourly purchased power prices in the spot market. Actual hourly non-contract transaction

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prices obtained from MPS and SJLP 20.080 data were used as inputs in the calculation.

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Q. How did you determine the amount of spot market energy available in each hour of the year?

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A. For each month of the year, I used the maximum hourly energy purchased

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during the same hour in each day of that month. For example, if the maximum amount of

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energy that was purchased during the hour between 1:00 p.m. and 2:00 p.m. on any day

of a particular month was 100 MW, then 100 MW was used in the model run as the maximum MW available for each hour beginning at 1:00 p.m. for that month.

Q. What are the updated test year costs of fuel and purchased power, as determined by the Staff's production cost model for MPS, SJLP, and the jointly dispatched combined MPS and SJLP operation?

A. The updated test year cost, including purchased power, for MPS is \$75,483,577. The updated test year cost, including purchased power, for SJLP is \$20,533,341. The updated test year cost, including purchased power, for the jointly dispatched operation is \$88,840,579. These amounts were supplied to Staff Witness Michael S. Proctor and Staff Witness William V. Harris. For further discussion of how Staff annualized the overall fuel expense in this case, please refer to Staff Witness William V. Harris' direct testimony.

Q. Will Staff true up the production costs in this case?

A. Yes. The Commission has ordered a true-up of the test year through January 31, 2002. The Staff true-up filing will true-up the purchased power prices, the fuel prices, and the hourly system loads. The production cost model will be rerun with these trued up inputs.

Q. Does this conclude your direct testimony?

A. Yes, it does.

## BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

In The Matter Of The Tariff Filing Of Missouri Public Service (MPS) A Division Of UtiliCorp United Inc., To Implement A General Rate Increase For Retail Electric Service Provided To Customers In The Missouri Service Area Of MPS	) Case No. ER-2001-672 )
AFFIDAVIT OF	DAVID W. ELLIOTT
STATE OF MISSOURI ) ) ss COUNTY OF COLE )	
preparation of the foregoing written Direct ted7 pages of Direct testimony to be pre attached written Direct testimony were give	n his oath states: that he has participated in the estimony in question and answer form, consisting of esented in the above case, that the answers in the n by him; that he has knowledge of the matters se are true to the best of his knowledge and belief.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this	David W. Elliott  David W. Elliott  day of December, 2001.
DAWN L. H  Notary Public – Sta  County of  My commission expires  My Commission Exp	Notary Dublic

## SUMMARY of Staff Model Runs

	MPS	SJLP	JOINT
	Stand alone	Stand alone	
Total	\$75,483,577	\$20,533,341	\$88,840,579
Generation	\$44,829,192	\$13,850,542	\$58,843,793
Purchases	\$30,654,385	\$6,682,799	\$29,996,786

allotted condules

## INPUT DATA SOURCE FOR REALTIME PRODUCTION COST MODEL

INPUT	SOURCE
Fuel prices	Staff Witness William Harris
Weather normalized hourly loads	Staff Witness Lena Mantle
Purchase power prices & energy	4CSR 240-20.080 data, DR 55, DR 2908, DR 2904
Heat rates	DR 2906,DR 2927
Forced outage hours	DR 2907, DR64
Maintenance hours	DR 2909, DR 64
Unit specific data	DR 2901, DR 2929
SJLP Steam loads	DR 2928, Staff Witness Lena Mantle