Exhibit No.:

Issues:

Accounting Authority Order

Witness:

Michael R. Noack

Sponsoring Party:

Missouri Gas Energy

Case No.:

GU-2010-0015

Date:

Type of Exhibit: Direct Testimony August 25, 2009

## MISSOURI PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

MISSOURI GAS ENERGY

CASE NO. GU-2010-0015

FILED<sup>2</sup>

NOV 0 9 2009

Missouri Public Service Commission

DIRECT TESTIMONY OF

MICHAEL R. NOACK

Jefferson City, Missouri

August 2009

# DIRECT TESTIMONY OF MICHAEL R. NOACK

# CASE NO. GU-2010-0015

# **AUGUST 2009**

1		INTRODUCTION
2	Q.	WOULD YOU PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND BUSINESS
3		ADDRESS?
4	A.	My name is Michael R. Noack and my business address is 3420 Broadway,
5		Kansas City, Missouri 64111.
6		
7	Q.	BY WHOM ARE YOU EMPLOYED AND IN WHAT CAPACITY?
8	A.	I am employed by Missouri Gas Energy, a division of Southern Union Company
9		(MGE or Company), as Director of Pricing and Regulatory Affairs.
10		
11	Q.	PLEASE DESCRIBE YOUR EDUCATIONAL AND PROFESSIONAL
12		EXPERIENCE.
13	A.	I received a Bachelor of Science in Business Administration with a major in
14		Accounting from the University of Missouri in Columbia in 1973. Upon
15		graduation, I was employed by Troupe Kehoe Whiteaker & Kent (TKWK), a
16		Certified Public Accounting Firm in Kansas City, Missouri. I spent
17		approximately 20 years working with TKWK or firms that were formed by former
18		TKWK employees or partners. I was involved during that time in public utility
19		consulting and financial accounting, concentrating primarily on rate cases for
20		electric and gas utilities and financial audits of independent telephone companies
21		across the United States. In 1992, I started Carleton B. Fox Co. Inc. of Kansas
22		City which was an energy consulting company specializing in billing analysis and
23		tariff selection for large commercial and industrial customers. In July of 2000, I

1		started my employment with MGE. Presently, I hold in good standing, a Certified						
2		Public Accountant certificate in the state of Kansas and am a member of the						
3		Kansas Society of Certified Public Accountants.						
4								
5		<u>PURPOSE</u>						
6	Q.	WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY IN THIS						
7		PROCEEDING BEFORE THE MISOSUTI PUBLIC SERVICE						
8		COMMISSION ("COMMISSION")?						
9	A.	The purpose of my testimony is to support MGE's request that the Commission						
10		issue an Accounting Authority Order ("AAO") that will allow MGE to defer for						
11		consideration in the next rate case, property taxes assessed by Kansas tax						
12		authorities, and paid by MGE, on inventories of gas held on MGE's account for						
13		resale and stored in underground formations (gas in storage) in the State of						
14		Kansas. I will explain to the Commission why this expense is appropriate for						
15		deferral.						
16								
17		NEW KANSAS TAX						
18	Q.	WOULD YOU PLEASE DESCRIBE THE KANSAS STORAGE GAS						
19		PROPERTY TAX AT ISSUE, AS YOU UNDERSTAND IT?						
20	A.	On April 17, 2009, Kansas Governor Kathleen Sebelius signed into law House						
21		Substitute for Senate Bill No. 98 (attached hereto as Schedule MRN-1) which is						
22		an omnibus property tax measure that contains a provision amending the						
23		definition of a public utility for property tax purposes in an effort to place stored						
24		natural gas on the tax rolls. The legislation was made retroactive to inventories						

]		held as of January 1, 2009, which means property taxes will be assessed in 2009
2		based upon gas in storage as of January 1, 2009.
3		
4	Q.	DOES MGE STORE NATURAL GAS IN KANSAS?
5		A. Yes. As a part of its routine operations, MGE 's natural gas storage
6		balance volume is partially allocated by Panhandle Eastern Pipe Line and
7		Southern Star Central Gas Pipeline to underground formations in the state of
8		Kansas.
9		
10		AMOUNT OF TAX
11	Q.	IF THIS TAX IS UPHELD, WILL THE AMOUNT OF TAX TO BE PAID
12		BY MGE FROM YEAR TO YEAR BE CONSISTENT?
13	A.	No. The amount of taxes assessed to MGE by Kansas is based on the value of the
14		gas in storage as of December 31 for each year. Because it is based on the value
15		of the stored gas, the amount of tax owed will fluctuate in future years as the
16		value of the gas goes up and down due to changes in both price and volume.
17		
18	Q.	WHAT IS THE ESTIMATED AMOUNT OF THE BILLED PROPERTY
19		TAX BASED UPON THE JANUARY 1, 2009 GAS IN STORAGE?
20	A.	The estimated amount of property taxes to be billed and payable, based on
21		January 1, 2009 storage volumes in Kansas, is \$1,345,123. Attached as Schedule
22		MRN-2, is the computation of the estimate. Schedule MRN-2 was prepared by
23		me using the assessed valuation computation dated August 21, 2009, sent by the

1		Kansas Department of Revenue. The assessed valuation is attached as Schedule
2		<u>MRN-3</u> .
3		
4	Q.	HAVE THESE TAXES BEEN RECORDED ON MGE'S BOOKS AND
5		RECORDS IN 2009?
6	A.	Yes. Seven months of the estimated tax has been accrued on MGE's books as of
7		July 31, 2009. A monthly accrual of \$65,376 will need to be recorded for each of
8		the remaining months in 2009.
9		
10	Q.	DO MGE'S CURRENT RATES INCLUDE ANY ALLOWANCE FOR
11		RECOVERY OF KANSAS STORAGE GAS PROPERTY TAXES?
12	A.	No.
13		
14		PREVIOUS ATTEMPTS/APPEALS
15	Q.	HAS KANSAS PREVIOUSLY ATTEMPTED TO TAX NATURAL GAS
16		STORED IN THE STATE OF KANSAS?
17	A.	Yes. Kansas has previously attempted to tax natural gas held in storage in that
18		state on at least two occasions. The Company participated in appeals of both of
19		these attempts to tax storage gas. The first attempt was thwarted by an October
20		2003 Kansas Supreme Court decision in an appeal brought by MGE and other
21		companies, holding that out-of-state natural gas distributors, such as MGE, were
22		entitled to a merchant's inventory exemption from the property tax by the terms
23		of the Kansas constitution. The companies also prevailed in their appeal of the
24		2004 legislation.

•		
2	Q.	IS IT MGE'S INTENTION TO CHALLENGE THE LAWFULNESS OF
3		THIS TAX?
4	A.	The Company is evaluating an appeal to the Kansas Board of Tax Appeals, as
5		well as to the Kansas courts, of the recent Kansas legislation imposing property
6		taxes on the value of gas held in storage facilities in Kansas beginning in 2009.
7		
8	Q.	HAS MGE PREVIOUSLY ATTEMPTED TO INCLUDE GAS STORAGE
9		PROPERTY TAXES IN RATES WHILE THE TAX WAS UNDER
10		APPEAL?
11	A.	Yes. That was the situation during MGE's general rate case that was considered
12		by the Commission while the 2004 Kansas property tax legislation was under
13		appeal (Commission Case No. GR-2004-0209).
14		
15	Q.	DID THE COMMISSION INCLUDE THOSE PROPERTY TAXES IN
1 <del>6</del> .		MGE'S RATES?
17	A.	No. The Commission denied recovery of the costs associated with the property
18		taxes in Case No. GR-2004-0209, stating that this "potential tax liability is not
19		currently known or measurable and on that basis it cannot be included in MGE's
20		cost of service." The reason the taxes were said to not be know and measurable
21		was the pendency of MGE's appeal.
22		

PAST COMMISSION TREATMENT

1,	Q.	HAS THE COMMISSION ADDRESSED A SIMLAR REQUEST FROM
2		MGE FOR AN ACCOUNTING AUTHORITY ORDER (AAO) RELATED
3		TO KANSAS STAORAGE GAS PROPERTY TAXES?
4	A.	Yes. Subsequent to the Commission's decision in Case No. GR-2004-0209, MGE
5		requested that the Commission grant it an AAO related to the 2004 legislation. In
6		Case No. GU-2005-0095, the Commission granted MGE an AAO concerning the
7		2004 Kansas property tax legislation and, in doing so, found as follows:
8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15		The Kansas property tax on gas held in storage in that state is unusual in that MGE, which does not serve customers in Kansas, has never before had to pay property tax in Kansas. However, if the Kansas taxes are found to be legal in the ongoing court challenge, and MGE is required to pay the tax, it should be able to recover those tax payments for future years through its rates when it includes those taxes in its cost of service in a future rate case.
16	Q.	WHAT IS YOUR UNDERSTANDING AS TO THE CIRCUMSTANCES
17		UNDER WHICH THE COMMISSION MAY GRANT AN ACCOUNTING
18		AUTHORITY ORDER?
19	A.	It is my understanding that an accounting authority order may generally be
20		utilized in situations where the requesting utility has incurred a cost that is
21		extraordinary, unusual or unique.
22		
23	Q.	WHY SHOULD THIS EXPENSE BE DEFERRED THROUGH AN AAO?
24	A.	This tax is <u>unusual</u> in that it has never been assessed against the gas in storage
25		held in Kansas and is unique in that MGE still has never before paid property
26		taxes on storage gas in the State of Kansas.

1	Q.	IS THIS TAX A USUAL, ORDINARY AND RECURRING PROPERTY
2		TAX?
3	A.	No. This is not a usual, ordinary or recurring property tax at this time. By the
4		time the next rate case is filed, if the property tax on gas stored in Kansas is no
5		struck down by the courts it might very well be a usual, ordinary and recurring
6		expense similar to other property taxes. Until then, however, Kansas storage gas
7		property taxes are more accurately characterized as unusual, extraordinary and
8		non-recurring.
9		
10	Q.	DID THE COMMISSION FIND THE TAX CREATED BY THE 2004
11		KANSAS LEGISLATION TO BE EXTRAORDINARY?
12	A.	Yes. In deciding to grant MGE an AAO in Case No. GU-2005-0095, the
13		Commission found that these specific taxes were "extraordinary, unusual and
14		unique, and not recurring" because of the special facts surrounding them such as
15		the fact that MGE had never had to pay this tax in the past, the significant dollar
16		amount at issue, the fact that MGE could not file a rate case to recover the
17		expense because of the ongoing appeal and the general uncertainty related to the
18		tax.
19		
20		<u>MATERIALITY</u>
21	<b>Q.</b> ,	IS THE AMOUNT OF THIS EXPENSE SIGNIFICANT TO MGE?
22	A.	Yes. Based on the rate case model in Case No. GR-2009-0355, excluding the
23		requested increase of \$32,416,997, the property taxes on gas in storage would

amount to 10.60% of net income.

1		
2	Q.	WHY WAS THE RATE CASE MODEL USED FOR THIS
3		COMPUTATION?
4	A.	Because MGE is a division of Southern Union Company, all of the debt and
5		interest expense is recorded on the books of Southern Union Company and not on
6	•	MGE's books. The monthly operating statements of MGE only show operating
.7		income and not net income. As a result a percent of net income test cannot be
8		performed on actual MGE results. By using the rate case model, a more accurate
9		representation of the magnitude of the property taxes can be shown. In this case,
10		the percentage is 10.60%.
11		
12	Q.	WHAT HAPPENS IF THE AAO IS DENIED AND MGE ULTIMATELY
13		HAS TO PAY THE PROPERTY TAXES TO KANSAS?
14	A.	If the AAO is denied, MGE will not be afforded any reasonable opportunity to
15		earn its rate of return. This is because \$1,345,123 of property tax expense for
16		2009 will have been paid by MGE even though \$0 for such item have been
17		included in MGE's cost of service and rates. Of course, the situation compounds
18		for the worse in each successive year that the taxes are paid by MGE without
19		either an AAO or inclusion of such amounts in the calculation of its cost of
20		service and rates.

Q. WHAT IS YOUR RECOMMENDATION TO THE COMMISSION?

1	A.	I recommend the Commission grant MGE an AAO allowing MGE to defer the
2		new Kansas storage gas property taxes for potential recovery in a future rate case
3		to the extent they are ultimately paid by MGE.
4		
5		ACCOUNTING AUTHORITY ORDER LANGUAGE
6	Q.	WHAT LANGUAGE DOES MGE ASK THE COMMISSION TO ADOPT
7		IN REGARD TO AN ACCOUNTING AUTHORITY ORDER?
8	A.	MGE asks that the Commission issue an order that includes the following
9		language:
10		"That Missouri Gas Energy, a division of Southern Union Company, ("MGE") is
11		granted an Accounting Authority Order whereby the company is authorized to
12		record on its books a regulatory asset, which represents the expenses associated
13		with the property tax to be paid to the state of Kansas pursuant to House
14		Substitute for Senate Bill No. 98. MGE may maintain this regulatory asset on its
15		books until the effective date of the Report and Order in MGE's general rate
16		proceeding immediately subsequent to Case No. GR-2009-0355."
17		
18	Q.	DOES THAT CONCLUDE YOUR DIRECT TESTIMONY?
19	A.	Yes it does.

# BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

## OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

In the Matter of the Application of Missouri Gas Energy, a Division of Southern Union Company, for an Accounting Authority Order Concerning Kansas Property Tax for Gas in Storage.	9015
AFFIDAVIT OF MICHAEL R. NOACK	
STATE OF MISSOURI )	
COUNTY OF JACKSON ) ss.	
Michael R. Noack, of lawful age, on his oath states; that he has participated in the foregoing Direct Testimony in question and answer form, to be presented that the answers in the foregoing Direct Testimony were given by him; that he the matters set forth in such answers; and that such matters are true and corresponded and belief.	in the above case; has knowledge of
Mestas	R. NOACK
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 25 <sup>th</sup> day of August, 2009.	
Notary Public	1. Honge
My Commission Expires: 2/3// STATE OF MISS Jackson Councils on Number My commission expires F	lary Seal OURI nly 07424654



#### KANSAS ADVANCE LEGISLATIVE SERVICE



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#### KANSAS 83RD LEGISLATURE -- 2009 REGULAR SESSION

SENATE BILL No. 98

2009 Kan. SB 98

#### **BILL TRACKING SUMMARY FOR THIS DOCUMENT**

SYNOPSIS: AN ACT concerning property taxation; relating to statewide levy for public schools, exemption therefrom; fair market value for certain rental property; public utilities, natural gas inventories; amending K.S.A. 2008 Supp. 72-6431, 79-201x, 79-503a and 79-5a01 and repealing the existing sections.

NOTICE: [A> UPPERCASE TEXT WITHIN THESE SYMBOLS IS ADDED <A] |D> Text within these symbols is deleted <D]

To view the next section, type .np\* TRANSMIT.

To view a specific section, transmit p\* and the section number. e.g. p\*1

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

- [\*1] Section 1. K.S.A. 2008 Supp. 72-6431 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-6431. (a) The board of each district shall levy an ad valorem tax upon the taxable tangible property of the district in the school years specified in subsection (b) for the purpose of:
- (1) Financing that portion of the district's general fund budget which is not financed from any other source provided by law;
- (2) paying a portion of the costs of operating and maintaining public schools in partial fulfillment of the constitutional obligation of the legislature to finance the educational interests of the state; and
- (3) with respect to any redevelopment district established prior to July 1, 1997, pursuant to K.S.A. 12-1771, and amendments thereto, paying a portion of the principal and interest on bonds issued by cities under authority of K.S.A. 12-1774, and amendments thereto, for the financing of redevelopment projects upon property located within the district.
- (b) The tax required under subsection (a) shall be levied at a rate of 20 mills in the school year [D> 2007-2008 <D] [A> 2009-2010 <A] and school year [D> 2008-2009 <D] [A> 2010-2011 <A].
- (c) The proceeds from the tax levied by a district under authority of this section, except the proceeds of such tax levied for the purpose of paying a portion of the principal and interest on bonds issued by cities under authority of K.S.A. 12-1774, and amendments thereto, for the financing of redevelopment projects upon property located within the district, shall be deposited in the general fund of the district.
- (d) On June 6 of each year, the amount, if any, by which a district's local effort exceeds the amount of the district's state financial aid, as determined by the state board, shall be remitted to the state treasurer. Upon receipt of any such

remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the same in the state treasury to the credit of the state school district finance fund.

- (e) No district shall proceed under K.S.A. 79-1964, 79-1964a or 79-1964b, and amendments thereto.
- [\*2] Sec. 2. K.S.A. 2008 Supp. 79-201x is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-201x. For taxable years [D> 2007 and 2008 <D] [A> 2009 AND 2010 <A], the following described property, to the extent herein specified, shall be and is hereby exempt from the property tax levied pursuant to the provisions of K.S.A. 72-6431, and amendments thereto: Property used for residential purposes to the extent of \$ 20,000 of its appraised valuation.
- [\*3] Sec. 3. K.S.A. 2008 Supp. 79-503a is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-503a. "Fair market value" means the amount in terms of money that a well informed buyer is justified in paying and a well informed seller is justified in accepting for property in an open and competitive market, assuming that the parties are acting without undue compulsion. In the determination of fair market value of any real property which is subject to any special assessment, such value shall not be determined by adding the present value of the special assessment to the sales price. For the purposes of this definition it will be assumed that consummation of a sale occurs as of January 1. Sales in and of themselves shall not be the sole criteria of fair market value but shall be used in connection with cost, income and other factors including but not by way of exclusion:
  - (a) The proper classification of lands and improvements;
  - (b) the size thereof:
  - (c) the effect of location on value;
  - (d) depreciation, including physical deterioration or functional, economic or social obsolescence;
  - (e) cost of reproduction of improvements;
- (f) productivity [A> TAKING INTO ACCOUNT ALL RESTRICTIONS IMPOSED BY THE STATE OR FEDERAL GOVERNMENT AND LOCAL GOVERNING BODIES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, RESTRICTIONS ON PROPERTY RENTED OR LEASED TO LOW INCOME INDIVIDUALS AND FAMILIES AS AUTHORIZED BY SECTION 42 OF THE FEDERAL INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1986, AS AMENDED <A | ;
  - (g) earning capacity as indicated by lease price, by capitalization of net income or by absorption or sell-out period;
- - (i) sale value on open market with due allowance to abnormal inflationary factors influencing such values;
- (j) restrictions [A> OR REQUIREMENTS <A] imposed upon the use of real estate by [A> THE STATE OR FED-ERAL GOVERNMENT OR <A] local governing bodies, including zoning and planning boards or commissions [A>, AND INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, RESTRICTIONS OR REQUIREMENTS IMPOSED UPON THE USE OF REAL ESTATE RENTED OR LEASED TO LOW INCOME INDIVIDUALS AND FAMILIES, AS AUTHOR-IZED BY SECTION 42 OF THE FEDERAL INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1986, AS AMENDED <A]; and
- (k) comparison with values of other property of known or recognized value. The assessment-sales ratio study shall not be used as an appraisal for appraisal purposes.

The appraisal process utilized in the valuation of all real and tangible personal property for ad valorem tax purposes shall conform to generally accepted appraisal procedures which are adaptable to mass appraisal and consistent with the definition of fair market value unless otherwise specified by law.

[\*4] New Sec. 4. It is the purpose of the amendments enacted in this legislation to K.S.A. 79-5a01 to carry out the mandate of the electorate of the state of Kansas who in 1992 amended Section 1 of Article 11 of the Constitution of the state of Kansas to effectuate the taxation of public utility inventories, in response to an appellate decision holding that natural gas owned by public utilities and stored for resale comes within the exemption from ad valorem taxation afforded to merchants' and manufacturers' inventories. The Legislature recognizes that the state has a number of underground formations that are ideal for the storage of natural gas and that the storage of natural gas in these formations by and on behalf of the owners, brokers and marketers of natural gas assures them a plentiful supply of natural gas during

periods of peak demand and thereby contributes to their economic viability. The Legislature further recognizes that the state and its political subdivisions provide valuable governmental services that protects the natural gas and its free flow to and from these formations for which such owners, brokers and marketers of natural gas should contribute through the property tax imposed by the amendments enacted in this legislation to K.S.A. 79-5a01.

- [\*5] Sec. 5. K.S.A. 2008 Supp. 79-5a01 is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-5a01. (a) As used in this act, the terms "public utility" or "public utilities" means every individual, company, corporation, association of persons, brokers, [A> MARKETERS, <A] lessees or receivers that now or hereafter own, [D> control and hold for resale stored <D] [A> BROKER OR MARKET <A] natural gas [A> INVENTORIES STORED FOR RESALE <A] in an underground formation in this state, or now or hereafter are in control, manage or operate a business of:
- (1) A railroad or railroad corporation if such railroad or railroad corporation owns or holds, by deed or other instrument, an interest in right-of-way, track, franchise, roadbed or trackage in this state;
  - (2) transmitting to, from, through or in this state telegraphic messages;
  - (3) transmitting to, from, through or in this state telephonic messages;
- (4) transporting or distributing to, from, through or in this state natural gas, oil or other commodities in pipes or pipelines, or engaging primarily in the business of storing natural gas in an underground formation;
  - (5) generating, conducting or distributing to, from, through or in this state electric power;
- (6) transmitting to, from, through or in this state water if for profit or subject to regulation of the state corporation commission; and
- (7) transporting to, from, through or in this state cargo or passengers by means of any vessel or boat used in navigating any of the navigable water-courses within or bordering upon this state.
- (b) The terms "public utility" or "public utilities" shall not include: (1) Rural water districts established under the laws of the state of Kansas; or (2) any individual, company, corporation, association of persons, tessee or receiver owning or operating an oil or natural gas production gathering line which is situated within one county in this state and does not cross any state boundary line; (3) any individual, company, corporation, association of persons, lessee or receiver owning any vessel or boat operated upon the surface of any manmade waterway located entirely within one county in the state; or (4) for all taxable years commencing after December 31, 1998, any natural gas distribution system which is owned and operated by a nonprofit public utility described by K.S.A. 66-104c, and amendments thereto, and which is operated predominantly for the purpose of providing fuel for the irrigation of land devoted to agricultural use.(c) The provisions of subsection (a) as amended by this act shall be applicable to all taxable years commencing after December 31, [D> 2003 <D] [A> 2008 <A].
  - [\*6] Sec. 6. K.S.A. 2008 Supp. 72-6431, 79-201x, 79-503a and 79-5a01 are hereby repealed.
  - [\*7] Sec. 7. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book.

#### HISTORY:

Approved: April 17, 2009

SPONSOR: Senate Committee on Assessment and Taxation

## Schedule MRN-2

# Missourl Gas Energy Computation of Estimated Property Tax On Gas Stored in Kansas at 1/1/09

Gas Volume/mmbtu Gas Price	_\$_	Panhandle 852,573 3.87	<u>\$</u>	7,479,982 3.89	<u>Total</u>
Total Value	\$	3,295,195.00	\$	29,097,134	\$ 32,392,329
Assessment Ratio		33%		33%	
Assessed Value Tax Rate - Estimated	\$ <b>\$</b>	1,087,414 0.0979	\$ <b>\$</b>	9,602,054 0.1290	\$ 10,689,469
Estimated Property Tax	<u>\$</u>	106,458	\$	1,238,665	\$ 1,345,123



JOAN WAGNON, SECRETARY

MARK PARKINSON, GOVERNOR

# DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE DIVISION OF PROPERTY VALUATION

SG-MISSOURI GAS ENERGY JOHN DAVIS August 21, 2009

3420 BROADWAY KANSAS CITY, MO 64144

PVD ID No.

G4201

## **DIRECTOR'S 2009 UNIT VALUE:**

32,392,329

## **APPLICATION TO KANSAS:**

## **ALLOCATION CALCULATION:**

Kansas Investment/System Investment

32,392,329	32,392,329	Allocation Factor:	1.000000
Director's Unit Value			32,392,329
Kansas Allocation Factor			x 1.000000
Kansas Market Value			32,392,329
Assessment Rate @ 33%			x 0.330000
KANSAS ASSESSED VAI	LUE		10,689,469

#### COMPANY INDICATORS

#### COST APPROACH:

Book Original Cost	. 0
Book Original Cost Less Depreciation	0
Net Investment Adjusted for Obsolescence	0
Reproduction Cost Less Depreciation	32,392,329

### MARKET APPROACH:

Equity Residual	0
Stock and Debt	0

#### **INCOME APPROACH:**

Forecast NOI	0	Rate	,0000	0
Actual NOI	0	Rate	.0000	0

An informal conference may be requested if there are any objections to the "Director's Unit Value" as stated on this "Notice" (K.S.A. 79-5a05). All conference request must: (1) be within 15 days of this Notice, (2) be in writing, (3) be made to the Director, (4) state the objection/s. Any document or written evidence to be presented at the conference must be submitted to this office no less than two (2) days prior to the conference.

This "Notice" constitutes the Director's final action to date.

Director