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Missouri School Board Association – Exhibit 850 Louie R. Ervin II Direct Testimony (Gas) File Nos. ER-2021-0240 & GR-2021-0241 Exhibit No.:_____ Issue: In the Matter of Union Electric Company d/b/a Ameren Missouri's Tariffs to Adjust Its Revenues for Natural Gas Service Witness: Louie R. Ervin II Exhibit Type: Direct Sponsoring Party: Missouri School Boards' Association Case No.: GR-2021-0241 Date: September 17, 2021

MISSOURI PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

CASE No. GR-2021-0241

DIRECT TESTIMONY

OF

LOUIE R. ERVIN II

ON BEHALF OF

MISSOURI SCHOOL BOARDS' ASSOCIATION

Jefferson City, Missouri September 17, 2021

1	Q.	Please state your name and business address.
2	A.	My name is Louie R. Ervin II. My business address is 150 First Avenue NE, Suite 300
3		Cedar Rapids, IA 52401.
4	Q.	On whose behalf is your testimony presented?
5	A.	I am testifying on behalf of the Missouri School Boards' Association (hereinafter
6		"MSBA").
7	Q.	By whom and in what capacity are you employed?
8	A.	I am employed by Latham, Ervin, Vognsen, and Associates, Inc. ("LEV") as President and
9		Chief Operating Officer for the firm.
10	Q.	Will you briefly describe Latham, Ervin, Vognsen & Associates?
11	A.	LEV is an independent energy adviser, primarily to Midwestern purchasers of natural gas,
12		electricity and steam. Our clients include K-12 education institutions, colleges,
13		universities, grain handling and feed industry companies, hospitals, cities, large industrial
14		companies, smaller municipal electric utilities and trade associations. LEV is not affiliated
15		with any utility, energy marketer, broker or pipeline. Our primary activities are negotiation
16		of short-term and long-term electric supply and natural gas supply agreements, aggregation
17		of clients into larger purchasing pools, oversight of the administration of energy supply
18		contracts, preparation of Class Cost of Service and rate design studies, provide expert
19		witness testimony in state and federal jurisdictions, advice on strategic energy investments
20		in electric generation, negotiation of the purchase and sale of energy production and
21		aggregation businesses, and advice on market participation in Regional Transmission
22		Organizations. Our firm has advised clients on the establishment and operations of

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statewide school natural gas programs in Missouri, Illinois, Iowa, Wisconsin, Nebraska and Kansas.

3 Q. Please state your relevant education and background business experience.

A. I hold a Bachelor of Science degree in Electrical Engineering from Iowa State University
and am a licensed Professional Engineer in the State of Iowa. I joined LEV in August 2017
advising clients on natural gas and electric regulatory matters including Midcontinent
Independent System Operator ("MISO"), Southwestern Power Pool ("SPP") and PJM
Independent System Operator ("ISO") rates and regulations, retail rate design, aggregate
purchasing, development and negotiation of contracts, tariff applications and economic
feasibility analyses.

Q. Have you testified as an expert witness before courts, legislatures, and regulatory bodies?

A. I recently provided testimony before the Missouri Public Utility Commission in Case No.
 GR-2021-0108. In addition, I have testified before the Iowa Utilities Board, Illinois
 Commerce Commission, represented a utility at FERC, managed a utility planning and
 engineering department and oversaw utility integration during the start of the Midcontinent
 Independent System Operator energy markets.

18 Q. Will you briefly describe MSBA and the School Transportation Program (STP)?

A. MSBA is a 501(c)(6) not-for-profit corporation representing 387 schools and school
 districts in the State of Missouri as a trade association with approximately 2,000 individual
 school locations, several of which have multiple natural gas meters or accounts. MSBA
 sponsors a statewide aggregate natural gas purchasing program which enables schools to
 take services under STP tariffs with all Missouri gas corporations in accordance with a

special school statute Section 393.310 RSMo. (See Appendix 1). MSBA's purchasing
 organization is referred to as Missouri Purchasing Resource Center ("MOPRC"). MSBA's
 natural gas purchasing organization under MOPRC is commonly known as the MSBA
 Natural Gas Consortium (Consortium).

5

Q. How many of those natural gas accounts are served by Ameren Missouri?

6 A. MSBA is the authorized purchasing agent for over 2,300 Missouri school natural gas 7 accounts of which approximately 200 STP accounts are in the Ameren service areas. The 8 Consortium purchases natural gas on the open market and arranges for gas supply, pipeline 9 delivery, and local utility transportation to Missouri school meters. The total annual 10 Consortium consumption is approximately 35,000,000 therms. About 80% of STP volumes are on the Spire system. Ameren's service area includes the next most volumes at 11 about 9% and the remaining 11% of volumes is spread over the other three utilities with 12 13 Missouri jurisdictions, namely Empire, Liberty and Summit.

Q. What is the fundamental difference between schools receiving natural gas under the special school statute Section 393.310 RSMo. and purchasing natural gas under local distribution utilities "sales service" rate schedules?

A. For sales service, utilities normally provide the entire natural gas service including the gas
supply. They purchase wholesale natural gas supply, arrange for delivery to its distribution
system from interstate pipelines and deliver the supply to end user meters. Schools can
arrange to purchase their own natural gas supply in lieu of the utility purchasing on their
behalf as provided by Missouri state law § 393.310 RSMo. Section 393.310 RSMo
requires special STP tariffs be made available to schools with annual use of up to 100,000
therms and provides that schools can aggregate purchases under contracts negotiated by a

not-for-profit school association, such as MSBA. Aggregate school purchasing allows
 schools to directly purchase their own natural gas supply in the open market and manage
 the delivery process from the interstate pipeline to the utility distribution system for
 delivery to school meters. STP service allows schools to transport natural gas on the utility
 delivery system in a manner similar to that of large commercial and industrial
 transportation customers.

7

Q.

Who benefits from the STP?

A. Students and taxpayers benefit from group purchasing of natural gas under STP. MSBA's
 natural gas program ultimately supports classroom needs. Absent these STP savings on gas
 supply costs, schools would have fewer dollars for teachers, computers and other classroom
 learning tools.

12 **Q.**

What is the purpose of your testimony?

A. MSBA joins Ameren in requesting the Commission extend the MSBA-Pilot for an additional year, the winter season of November 2021 through April 2022. We also request that the Commission issue an Order that sets a date following the Pilot extension for Ameren, Staff and MSBA to collaborate on proposed revisions to Ameren's STP tariff to implement a longer-term solution to the concerns about STP imbalances consistent with the purpose of the STP Pilot program.

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Q. Please explain the Pilot program history?

A. The pilot originated from joint stipulation between Ameren and MSBA in Ameren's last rate case, Case No. GR-2019-0077. The stipulation approved by the Commission provided, among other things, that Ameren and MSBA meet after each winter to analyze the imbalances between nominations and deliveries, collect cost data, and work to develop forecasting improvements for the nomination process. The signatories to the Stipulation recognized that extreme circumstances such as major pipeline force majeure events, curtailments or extreme weather events could render the information gained by the pilot insufficient upon which to recommend a permanent solution in the Company's next natural gas rate case and thus contemplated potentially needing an extension of the pilot.

6

Q. What is the primary purpose of the MSBA-Pilot?

7 The purpose of the MSBA-Pilot is to collect data pertaining to the STP daily nominations A. 8 of gas to be delivered and actual delivery usage, calculate monthly cash-out costs for 9 imbalances between deliveries and usage, and to analyze the data upon completion of the 10 Pilot to improve forecasting for nominations and to determine if there is any pattern of price manipulation related to the daily deliveries which are netted in determining monthly 11 imbalance cash-outs. We support the pilot extension for basically the same reasons 12 recommended by Ameren Witness Timothy Eggers for a one-year Pilot extension to obtain 13 14 data during the upcoming winter that hopefully is not distorted by an extreme Polar Vortex, inordinate number of days of school dismissal and remote learning due to Covid-19 and 15 the Polar Vortex. 16

Q. Does MSBA agree with Ameren witness Eggers that the pilot program should be extended?

A. Yes, we completely agree with Mr. Eggers that the two winters covered by the pilot so far
 were materially impacted by the extreme circumstances of the COVID-19 pandemic
 adjusting MSBA school usage and the February 2021 polar vortex causing difficulties for
 the supplier to appropriately manage gas deliveries. Therefore, we agree that the Pilot

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should be extended through the 2021-2022 winter season with a termination date of May 1, 2022.

3 Q. Please explain what you mean by "materially impacted".

4 When basing decisions on historical data, typically we would like to have the test year be A. 5 a typical or average year. For this Pilot, we would have preferred to see normal or average 6 usage data on which we can perform the necessary analysis to reach a solution. Both 7 winters covered by this Pilot so far have been anomalies. Covid-19 caused many schools 8 to go to remote learning; with no or reduced in-school learning, natural gas usage was 9 reduced for heating but also for other uses such as hot water and cooking. In February 10 2021, the extreme cold weather of the Polar Vortex Uri drove heating usage much higher than typical but also dampened usage for severe weather dismissals. For these reasons we 11 view the data as not representative and thus request an additional year in hopes of having 12 13 better data upon which to base a solution.

14 Q. What does MSBA recommend after the conclusion of the Pilot program?

A. We recommend that within a reasonable amount of time the Commission require a resolution to the balancing concern that the Pilot program is intended to address as part of this rate case or in a subsequent proceeding. We suggest four months after the proposed Pilot extension, (September 1, 2022), the Company, Staff and MSBA collaborate to develop tools and processes and file tariff language to resolve the parties' issues for implementation before the winter season of 2022-2023.

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Q. Do you have a recommended solution?

A. Yes, MSBA agrees to work closely with the Company and Staff to evaluate the data and
 consider other solutions before drawing any conclusions, but we believe a solution similar

to the processes under an uncontested Stipulation, approved by the Commission in the Spire rate case (Case No. GR-2021-0108), would be a win-win-win for all parties.

2 3

Q. Please describe the Spire rate case Stipulation.

- A. The Spire STP tariff revision approved by the Stipulation between Spire, Staff and MSBA,
 among other provisions, eliminates the possibility of suppliers manipulating daily
 nominations which could allow them to nominate higher volumes for MSBA on low gas
 price days and nominate lower volumes on high gas price days but still enable the supplier
 to minimize the imbalance at the end of the month.
- 9 Q. Has the Commission approved the Spire Stipulation?
- 10 A. Yes, by Order dated September 25, 2021.

Q. What is the mechanism under the Ameren STP tariff intended to address potential manipulation?

A. Ameren's STP tariff currently uses cash-out with varying tiers of punitive penalties
 depending on the percentage of imbalance. This mechanism encourages suppliers to
 manage the imbalances but in reality charges the schools those cash-out costs which are
 passed through from the suppliers.

17 Q. Has MSBA discussed this potential solution with Ameren?

A. We have only recently introduced this possibility to the Company. MSBA has worked well
with the Company on the Pilot and completely understands that it isn't reasonable to expect
a change to the Ameren STP tariff's current cash-out mechanism in a short timeframe this
case can afford due to the priority of other rate case issues Ameren staff has pending.
However, Ameren has verbally agreed to enter good faith discussions with MSBA
following the rate case to consider our proposal.

Q. Please provide a little detail about the method for the solution MSBA is recommending.

The Commission-approved tariffs establish STP weather-based nomination procedures 3 A. which ensure the schools' supplier minimizes winter imbalances, the difference between 4 5 schools' gas supply delivered from the pipeline to the distribution company system and the 6 schools' metered use, adjusted for losses. MSBA's proposed solution enables the Company to determine daily nominations or at least have the authority to override STP supplier 7 8 nominations. This alone would prevent suppliers from potentially gaming the system. 9 Currently, the Company is not set up to calculate appropriate STP nominations based on 10 weather forecast algorithms, school account additions or removals, or school closures, for example. In addition, this method would require a change from a monthly cash-out to a 11 monthly carry-over by which any negative or positive monthly imbalance is reconciled the 12 following month. This is the current process under the Spire STP tariff. Given the amount 13 14 of change that would be needed, MSBA recommends the Commission allow the parties adequate time to implement this solution or develop an alternative solution at the 15 conclusion of the pilot program. 16

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Q. Is this potential solution consistent with the Section 393.310 RSMo?

A. Yes, it still adheres to the statute by allowing monthly balancing, capacity release from the
utility at cost, as well as all other provisions.

Q. What is MSBA's ultimate goal with regard to the STP tariffs among the five Missouri utilities?

A. Each utility has significantly different STP tariffs and MSBA would like to ultimately have
 more uniformity to STP tariffs across the state. MSBA believes the uncontested Spire-

MSBA STP tariff approved by the Commission in Case No. GR-2021-0108 is a good model. It provides the utility authority to control nominations based on a weather algorithm and eliminates potential daily price manipulations and establishes utility release of firm summer and winter seasonal pipeline capacity based on 110% of maximum STP summer and winter highest daily use over a recent rolling seven-year rolling period.

- 6 Q. For utilities like Ameren that currently have the STP supplier initiate nominations, is
 7 there an alternative to the utility developing nominations for STP?
- A. The key concern is that utilities have authority to reject nominations and require a revision
 if it is apparent that a STP supplier is attempting to manipulate daily prices.

10 Q. Specifically, what are you requesting from the Commission?

- 11 A. MSBA requests the Commission order Staff, Ameren and MSBA to develop and submit 12 STP tariff changes within four months following the proposed Pilot extension that 13 addresses the concerns for which then Pilot was initiated. Preferably, the parties will submit 14 a single consensus tariff revision after reviewing the Pilot data.
- Q. Are there other benefits from the Spire Stipulation that MSBA believes would also be
 beneficial under the Ameren STP tariff?
- A. Yes, consistent with the uncontested Stipulation between Spire, Staff and MSBA, MSBA
 believes the provisions would:
- (1) improve accuracy of nominations by using a weather-based algorithm and otherpertinent data,
- 21 (2) eliminate potential for price manipulation by providing authority to Ameren to either
- 22 provide the STP nominations to the school suppliers based on a weather algorithm and

other pertinent data or gives Ameren the authority to require revised nominations if it is
apparent that the school supplier has not submitted a reasonable daily nomination, and
(3) establish Ameren's release of firm summer and winter seasonal pipeline capacity based
on a 110% STP accounts' highest daily use during the most recent rolling seven (7) year
period.

- 6 Q. Does this conclude your direct testimony?
- 7 A. Yes, it does.

Appendix 1 Issue: In the Matter of Union Electric Company d/b/a Ameren Missouri's Tariffs to Adjust Its Revenues for Natural Gas Service Witness: Louie R. Ervin II Exhibit Type: Direct Sponsoring Party: Missouri School Boards' Association Case No.: GR-2021-0241 Date: September 17, 2021

MISSOURI PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

CASE No. GR-2021-0241

APPENDIX 1

SECTION 393.310 RSMo.

ON BEHALF OF

MISSOURI SCHOOL BOARDS' ASSOCIATION

Jefferson City, Missouri September 17, 2021



🐨 🕒 Effective - 28 Aug 2006 🔧

393.310. Certain gas corporations to file set of experimental tariffs with PSC, minimum requirements — extension of tariffs. — 1. This section shall only apply to gas corporations as defined in section 386.020. This section shall not affect any existing laws and shall only apply to the program established pursuant to this section.

2. As used in this section, the following terms mean:

(1) "**Aggregate**", the combination of natural gas supply and transportation services, including storage, requirements of eligible school entities served through a Missouri gas corporation's delivery system;

(2) "Commission", the Missouri public service commission; and

(3) "Eligible school entity" shall include any seven-director, urban or metropolitan school district as defined pursuant to section 160.011, and shall also include, one year after July 11, 2002, and thereafter, any school for elementary or secondary education situated in this state, whether a charter, private, or parochial school or school district.

3. Each Missouri gas corporation shall file with the commission, by August 1, 2002, a set of experimental tariffs applicable the first year to public school districts and applicable to all school districts, whether charter, private, public, or parochial, thereafter.

4. The tariffs required pursuant to subsection 3 of this section shall, at a minimum:

(1) Provide for the aggregate purchasing of natural gas supplies and pipeline transportation services on behalf of eligible school entities in accordance with aggregate purchasing contracts negotiated by and through a not-for-profit school association;

(2) Provide for the resale of such natural gas supplies, including related transportation service costs, to the eligible school entities at the gas corporation's cost of purchasing of such gas supplies and transportation, plus all applicable distribution costs, plus an aggregation and balancing fee to be determined by the commission, not to exceed four-tenths of one cent per therm delivered during the first year; and

(3) Not require telemetry or special metering, except for individual school meters over one hundred thousand therms annually.

5. The commission may suspend the tariff as required pursuant to subsection 3 of this section for a period ending no later than November 1, 2002, and shall approve such tariffs upon finding that implementation of the aggregation program set forth in such tariffs will

not have any negative financial impact on the gas corporation, its other customers or local taxing authorities, and that the aggregation charge is sufficient to generate revenue at least equal to all incremental costs caused by the experimental aggregation program. Except as may be mutually agreed by the gas corporation and eligible school entities and approved by the commission, such tariffs shall not require eligible school entities to be responsible for pipeline capacity charges for longer than is required by the gas corporation customers.

6. The commission shall treat the gas corporation's pipeline capacity costs for associated eligible school entities in the same manner as for large industrial or commercial basic transportation customers, which shall not be considered a negative financial impact on the gas corporation, its other customers, or local taxing authorities, and the commission may adopt by order such other procedures not inconsistent with this section which the commission determines are reasonable or necessary to administer the experimental program.

7. Tariffs in effect as of August 28, 2005, shall be extended until terminated by the commission.

(L. 2002 H.B. 1402, A.L. 2003 H.B. 208 merged with S.B. 686, A.L. 2004 S.B. 878 merged with S.B. 968 and S.B. 969, A.L. 2006 S.B. 558)

---- end of effective 28 Aug 2006 ---use this link to bookmark section 393.310

Click here for the **Reorganization Act of 1974 - or - Concurrent Resolutions Having** Force & Effect of Law

In accordance with Section **3.090**, the language of statutory sections enacted during a legislative session are updated and available on this website on the effective date of such enacted statutory section.

Other Information

• Other Links



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BEFORE THE MISSOURI PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

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In the Matter of the Application of Union Electric Company d/b/a Ameren Missouri's Tariffs to Adjust Its Revenues for Natural Gas Service

Case No. GR-2021-0241

AFFIDAVIT OF LOUIE R. ERVIN II.

STATE OF DUL SS. COUNTY OF LIN

Louie R. Ervin II, being first duly sworn on his oath, states:

1. My name is Louie R. Ervin II. I work in Cedar Rapids, Iowa and am employed by Latham, Ervin, Vognsen & Associates, Inc. as the President and Chief Operating Officer.

2. Attached hereto an made a part of hereof for all purposes is my Testimony on behalf of Missouri School Boards' Association which has been prepared in written form for introduction into evidence in the above referenced case.

3. I hereby swear and affirm that my answers contained in the questions therein propounded are true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

1

Tom REnit

Louie R. Ervin II President/Chief Operating Officer Latham, Ervin, Vognsen & Associates, Inc.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 15^{th} day of September, 2021.



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