

CORRECTED

1 adopted these KCP&L recommendations adjusted for the KCC-approved revenue
2 requirement.¹⁸

3
4 Differences between Residential General Use and Electric Space Heat winter
5 energy charges, i.e., cents per kWh, were dramatically reduced as a result of the
6 KCC adoption of the KCP&L recommendation in Kansas as shown below:

	<u>Residential Space Heat Rate Advantage Over General Use: Winter Rate Block Difference (Cents/kWh)¹⁹</u>	
	<u>Before Rate Charge</u>	<u>After Rate Change</u>
<u>Electric Space Heat</u>		
First 1000 kWh	(2.83)	(0.73)
Over 1000 kWh	(4.10)	(1.57)
<u>Electric Space Heat- Separate Meter Usage</u>		
First 1000 kWh	(4.28)	(1.57)
Over 1000 kWh	(4.25)	(1.57)

19 As discussed earlier my testimony, KCP&L proposes to increase the current
20 winter energy charge differences between the Space Heat and General Use
21 schedules in this case in Missouri, contrary to the KCP&L recommendation and
22 the KCC order in its 2009 Kansas rate case.

¹⁸ Order: 1) Addressing Prudence; 2) Approving Application, in Part; & 3) Ruling on Pending Requests Docket No. 10-KCPE-415-RTS, November 22, 2010, page 125.

¹⁹ *Id.*, page 125 and Exhibit V, page 2 provide the following winter energy charges before and after the approved rate change:

	<u>Present Rates</u>		<u>New Rates</u>			
	<u>General Use</u>	<u>Space Heat</u>	<u>Space Heat- Separate Meter</u>	<u>General Use</u>	<u>Space Heat</u>	<u>Space Heat- Separate Meter</u>
First 1000 kWh	0.08037	0.05211		0.07312	0.06581	
Over 1000 kWh	0.08003	0.03908		0.07312	0.05746	
Separate Meter			0.03758			0.05746

The Space Heat-Separate Meter schedule has been frozen to new customers since January 1, 2007.