### Exhibit No. 16

Empire District Electric Company – Exhibit 16
Testimony of Peter Eichler
Surrebuttal
File No. ER-2024-0261

Exhibit No.: \_\_\_\_\_ Issue(s): Allocations Witness: Peter Eichler

Type of Exhibit: Surrebuttal Testimony Sponsoring Party: The Empire District

Electric Company d/b/a Liberty

Case No.: ER-2024-0261

Date Testimony Prepared: September 2025

### Before the Public Service Commission of the State of Missouri

#### **Surrebuttal Testimony**

of

**Peter Eichler** 

on behalf of

The Empire District Electric Company d/b/a Liberty

**September 17, 2025** 



# SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF PETER EICHLER THE EMPIRE DISTRICT ELECTRIC COMPANY D/B/A LIBERTY BEFORE THE MISSOURI PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION CASE NO. ER-2024-0261

1	Q.	Please state your name and business address.	
2	A.	My name is Peter Eichler. My business address is 354 Davis Road, Oakville, Ontario,	
3		Canada.	
4	Q.	Are you the same Peter Eichler who provided rebuttal testimony in this matter on	
5		behalf of The Empire District Electric Company d/b/a Liberty ("Liberty" or the	
6		"Company")?	
7	A.	Yes.	
8	Q.	What is the purpose of your surrebuttal testimony in this proceeding before the	
9		Missouri Public Service Commission ("Commission")?	
10	A.	I address Office of Public Counsel ("OPC") witness Angela Schaben's rebuttal	
11		testimony regarding corporate allocations and administration and general ("A&G")	
12		costs.	
13	Q.	Ms. Schaben attempts to portray the divestiture of Algonquin Power & Utilities	
14		Corp.'s renewable energy subsidiary as something that has negatively impacted	
15		customers in Missouri. How do you respond to that assertion?	
16	A.	OPC's portrayal is incorrect. In OPC's rebuttal testimony, Ms. Schaben makes several	
17		arguments related to the sale of the renewables business, some of which contradict one	
18		another. On one hand, OPC argues that Missouri customers are paying more because	
19		of the sale, and on the other hand, OPC argues that Algonquin's Environmental, Social	
20		and Governance (ESG) targets, which were largely set when the renewable energy	
21		business was still owned by Algonquin, are now the catalyst for increased costs.	

1	Q.	How do you respond to OPC's assertion regarding increased allocations resulting	
2		from the sale of the renewables business?	

A.

OPC's assertion lacks analytical support. OPC has not presented any calculations, modeling, or substantive review to demonstrate that the costs allocated to Empire following the sale of the renewables business are inappropriate or imprudent. The mere observation that allocation percentages have shifted does not, in and of itself, establish that the resulting allocations are unreasonable. The increase in allocation percentages is a mathematical outcome of removing a business unit from the cost allocation pool. With the renewables business no longer part of the corporate structure, its share of common costs is naturally reallocated among the remaining entities. However, this shift does not relieve the Company of its obligation to demonstrate the prudency of the underlying costs, nor does it alter the Commission's authority to scrutinize those costs.

Historically, the presence of the renewables business raised concerns about potential cross-subsidization between regulated and unregulated operations. With the sale now complete, over 97% of Algonquin Power & Utilities' business is comprised of regulated utilities, significantly reducing the potential for such concerns. Importantly, the Commission retains full jurisdiction to evaluate both the prudency of costs and the reasonableness of allocation methodologies used to assign those costs to Empire. The absence of non-regulated entities in the allocation pool simplifies this review and enhances transparency. In short, OPC's claim is speculative and unsupported by evidence. The Commission's established regulatory framework provides the necessary tools to ensure that only prudent, appropriately allocated costs are recovered from customers.

1	Q.	And what about the assertions of allocation	ns related to the failed acquisition of
2		Kentucky Power?	
3	A.	OPC's testimony on this point is misplaced.	Because the acquisition of Kentucky

A.

OPC's testimony on this point is misplaced. Because the acquisition of Kentucky Power was never completed, there are no ongoing allocations of costs tied to that transaction within the allocated cost pool. It is a fundamental regulatory principle that only prudent, incurred costs that benefit customers are recoverable, and in this particular situation pertaining to Kentucky Power the acquisition did not proceed. That said, the Company did incur certain costs in pursuit of the acquisition – most notably, approximately \$37 million related to IT system deployment and integration planning. These costs were fully written off following the termination of the transaction and are not included in the cost pool subject to allocation or recovery in this case. The accounting treatment was transparent and consistent with regulatory expectations for non-recoverable expenditures. In short, the Company has taken appropriate steps to ensure that costs associated with the Kentucky Power acquisition did not impact Empire's customers or distort the allocation of shared services across jurisdictions.

## Q. You mentioned that OPC is critical of Algonquin's ESG targets and their implications to Missouri customers. How do you respond?

OPC's concerns regarding Algonquin's ESG targets fail to consider the Commission's prior determinations. The Commission has already reviewed and approved the prudency of costs associated with Empire's retirement of the Asbury facility and its investment in wind energy resources for its customers. These decisions were made in prior dockets based on a thorough evaluation of the facts and regulatory standards. Moreover, the ESG document cited by OPC was developed prior to the sale of Algonquin's renewables business unit. As a result, it does not reflect the current

## PETER EICHLER SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY

1		structure or operational focus of the Company. Empire operates as a regulated utility,
2		and its resource decisions are subject to Commission oversight - not corporate ESG
3		positioning. Given these facts, OPC's argument lacks relevance to this docket and does
4		not pertain to Empire's present-day operations or cost recovery mechanisms.
5	Q.	OPC Schaben updates her graphs related to A&G Expenses in her rebuttal
6		testimony. Does this update alter your position on OPC's recommendations
7		regarding the Company's A&G costs?
8	A.	No, the updated graphs do not change my position. While OPC witness Schaben
9		revised the visual presentation of her analysis, the underlying logic and methodology
10		remain flawed. The comparisons she relies on are not appropriate for evaluating
11		Empire's A&G expenses in the context of this case. As such, I continue to support the
12		positions and conclusions outlined in my rebuttal testimony.
13	Q.	Does this conclude your surrebuttal testimony at this time?
14	A.	Yes.

### **VERIFICATION**

I, Peter Eichler, under penalty of perjury, on this 17th day of September, 2025, declare that the foregoing is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

/s/ Peter Eichler