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2/3 Adjustment in Net Fuel Expense for Under-Forecasting Error Michael S. Proctor MO PSC Staff Surrebuttal Testimony ER-2008-0318 November 5, 2008

MISSOURI PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

UTILITY OPERATIONS DIVISION

SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY

OF

MICHAEL S. PROCTOR

UNION ELECTRIC COMPANY d/b/a AMERENUE

CASE NO. ER-2008-0318

Jefferson City, Missouri November 2008

State Exhibit No... Case No(s).<u>FP -200</u> Date<u>12-12-08</u> Rp Rptr

BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

In the Matter of Union Electric Company d/b/a) AmerenUE for Authority to File Tariffs) Increasing Rates for Electric Service Provided) to Customers in the Company's Missouri) Service Area.

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Case No ER-2008-0318

AFFIDAVIT OF MICHAEL S. PROCTOR

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STATE OF <u>Missouri</u>) COUNTY OF <u>Cola</u>) SS

Michael S. Proctor, of lawful age, on his oath states: that he has participated in the preparation of the foregoing Surrebuttal Testimony in question and answer form, consisting of $\underline{\underline{\mathcal{U}}}$ pages to be presented in the above case; that the answers in the foregoing Surrebuttal Testimony were given by him; that he has knowledge of the matters set forth in such answers; and that such matters are true and correct to the best of his knowledge and belief.

Muhael S Proc Michael S. Proctor

Subscribed and sworn to before me this <u>5th</u> day of <u>November</u>, 2008. Notary Public - Notary Seal State of Missouri Commissioned for Osage County NV Commissioned for Osage County NV Commissioned for Osage County

My Commission Expires October 01, 2011 Commission Number 07287016

SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY
OF
MICHAEL S. PROCTOR
UNION ELECTRIC COMPANY d/b/a AMERENUE
CASE NO. ER-2008-0318
Q. What is your name and business address?
A. My name is Michael S Proctor My business address is 9900 Page Avenue,
Suite 103, Overland, MO 63132
Q. By whom are you employed and in what capacity?
A. I am employed by the Missouri Public Service Commission (Commission) as
Chief Regulatory Economist in the Energy Department
Q. Are you the same Michael S. Proctor who has submitted rebuttal
testimony in this proceeding?
A Yes, I am
Q. On what issues are you filing surrebuttal testimony in this proceeding?
A My surrebuttal testimony will address the rebuttal testimony of AmerenUE
Witness Timothy Finnell Mr Finnell's rebuttal testimony addresses an adjustment to net fuel
expense that he has described as a cost related to AmerenUE's under-forecasting the load it
submits in the Midwest ISO day-ahead market
Q. What is meant by under-forecasting load in the Midwest ISO day-ahead
market?
A. The Midwest ISO has both a day-ahead and a real-time energy market for
electricity. Market participants submit offers for generation and load in the day-ahead market

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Surrebuttal Testimony of Michael S. Proctor

1 primarily for the purpose of improving the economics associated with committing generating 2 units to meet the demand expected for the next day The day-ahead market is financially 3 binding - meaning that generators are paid the day-ahead prices and the utilities pay the day-4 ahead prices for load. Then in real time, any deviations from the settled amounts in the day-5 ahead market are cleared in the real-time market. For example, if the load submitted in the 6 day-ahead market is less than the load that actually occurs in real time, the cost of the 7 additional load is based on the price in the real-time market. The load submitted in the day-8 ahead market is forecasted based on forecasted weather for the day ahead Thus, when actual 9 load is greater than forecasted load, this difference can be described as an under-forecasting 10 error.

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Q.

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Why does AmerenUE incur a cost related to under-forecasting its load?

12 Α Actually, AmerenUE can incur either a cost or receive a savings from under-13 forecasting its load. If the real-time price is higher than the day-ahead price, then AmerenUE 14 must pay a higher price for its increase in actual load. However, if the real-time price is lower 15 than the day-ahead load, it will pay a lower price for its increase in actual load Mr. Finnell 16 recognized this in his calculations by multiplying the under-forecasted load difference by the 17 difference between the real-time and day-ahead price in each hour and summing both the 18 costs and the savings for all of the hours. Mr. Finnell's calculations show that the net impact 19 of under-forecasting results in the costs being higher than the savings This is the basis of Mr 20 Finnell's adjustment to net fuel expense

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Q. Do you agree with the adjustment submitted by Mr. Finnell in his rebuttal testimony?

Surrebuttal Testimony of Michael S. Proctor

A No, I do not Mr Finnell's calculation did not take into account the changes in generation that also occur in the hours when AmerenUE has under forecasted its load I met with Mr Finnell to discuss this omission and Mr Finnell agreed to put together additional data on day-ahead and real-time generation

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- Q. Why do changes in generation between day ahead and real time need to be taken into account in calculating losses from under-forecasting?
- A. Under-forecasting of load is highly related to deviations in actual weather from forecasted weather For example, on a summer day, the forecast for tomorrow may be for a high of 89 degrees, but the actual high is 93 degrees. In this case actual load will be higher than forecasted load. However, a utility having to meet that load will also have to dispatch additional generation. So, if the load goes up by 100 megawatts, generation to meet that load must also go up by 100 megawatts. In this non-market example, the increase in load is met by the increase in generation.

Q. Did you use the increase in day-ahead generation to offset the increase in day-ahead load?

A Yes, this type of adjustment was calculated in the first attempt at making an adjustment to the cost for under-forecasting load However, in many of those hours the increase in generation is greater than the increase in load because the real-time price is higher than the day-ahead price. In order to capture this additional effect from increased generation, the increase in generation times the difference between real-time and day-ahead prices was calculated. However, there are several days on which the real-time generation decreased because of an unexpected forced outage on one of AmerenUE's large base load plants. To

Surrebuttal Testimony of Michael S Proctor

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1 make a fair calculation, the decreases in generation that occurred need to be taken into 2 account as well as the increases

- Q. What data did AmerenUE and Staff agree to use for the calculation of
 costs associated with the under-forecasting error?
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We agreed to use the test year - twelve months ending March 31, 2008

Q. Based on the data from the test year, what was the impact of adding
changes in generation, both positive and negative, in the hours in which AmerenUE had
under-forecasted its load?

A. For the 12 months from April 2007 through March 2008, the net revenue loss from under-forecasting load was \$3,941,361. Adding the changes in generation reduced the revenue loss from under-forecasting by \$92,146, resulting in a net revenue loss from underforecasting of \$3,849,215 for the test year The Staff supports this calculation of the cost for under-forecasting as an adjustment to net fuel expense.

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Q. Does AmerenUE agree with the Staff regarding the inclusion of changes in generation in the analysis of the under-forecasting costs?

- A. In discussion with Mr Finnell, my understanding is that AmerenUE agrees
 with the results of these calculations
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- Q. Does this conclude your surrebuttal testimony?
- 19
- A. Yes, it does

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