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Exhibit No. 507

MIEC – Exhibit 507 Greg R. Meyer Surrebuttal Testimony File Nos. ER-2021-0240 & GR-2021-0241 Exhibit No.: Issues: I Witness: C Type of Exhibit: S Sponsoring Party: I Case No.: I Date Testimony Prepared: I

Revenue Requirement Greg Meyer Surrebuttal Testimony Missouri Industrial Energy Consumers ER-2021-0240 November 5, 2021

BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

In the Matter of Union Electric Company d/b/a Ameren Missouri's Tariffs to Adjust its Revenues for Electric Service

Case No. ER-2021-0240

Surrebuttal Testimony of

Greg R. Meyer

On behalf of

Missouri Industrial Energy Consumers

REDACTED VERSION

November 5, 2021



Project 11115

BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

In the Matter of Union Electric Company d/b/a Ameren Missouri's Tariffs to Adjust its Revenues for Electric Service

Case No. ER-2021-0240

STATE OF MISSOURI SS) COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS)

Affidavit of Greg R. Meyer

Greg R. Meyer, being first duly sworn, on his oath states:

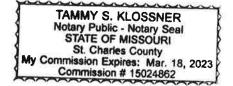
My name is Greg R. Meyer. I am a consultant with Brubaker & Associates, Inc., 1. having its principal place of business at 16690 Swingley Ridge Road, Suite 140, Chesterfield, Missouri 63017. We have been retained by the Missouri Industrial Energy Consumers in this proceeding on their behalf.

Attached hereto and made a part hereof for all purposes is my surrrebuttal 2. testimony which was prepared in written form for introduction into evidence in Missouri Public Service Commission Case No. ER-2021-0240.

I hereby swear and affirm that the testimony is true and correct and that it shows 3. the matters and things that it purports to show.

Les R Meyer Greg R. Meyer

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 5th day of November, 2021.



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Notary/Public

BRUBAKER & ASSOCIATES, INC.

BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

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In the Matter of Union Electric Company d/b/a Ameren Missouri's Tariffs to Adjust Its Revenues for Electric Service

Case No. ER-2021-0240

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BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

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In the Matter of Union Electric Company d/b/a Ameren Missouri's Tariffs to Adjust Its Revenues for Electric Service

Case No. ER-2021-0240

Surrebuttal Testimony of Greg R. Meyer

1	Q	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND BUSINESS ADDRESS.	
2	А	Greg R. Meyer. My business address is 16690 Swingley Ridge Road, Suite 140,	
3		Chesterfield, MO 63017.	
4	Q	ARE YOU THE SAME GREG R. MEYER WHO HAS PREVIOUSLY FILED	
5		TESTIMONY IN THIS PROCEEDING?	
6	А	Yes. I have previously filed both direct and rebuttal testimony on revenue requirement	
7		issues presented in this proceeding.	
8	Q	ARE YOUR EDUCATIONAL BACKGROUND AND EXPERIENCED OUTLINED IN	
9		YOUR PRIOR TESTIMONY?	
10	А	Yes. This information is included in Appendix A to my direct testimony filed on	
11		September 3, 2021.	
12	Q	ON WHOSE BEHALF ARE YOU APPEARING IN THIS PROCEEDING?	
13	А	This testimony is presented on behalf of the Missouri Industrial Energy Consumers	
14		("MIEC"), a non-profit corporation that represents the interest of large customers in	

15 Missouri utility matters. These companies purchase substantial quantities of electricity

from Ameren Missouri, and the outcome of this proceeding will have an impact on their
 cost of electricity.

3	Q	WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY?
4	А	My surrebuttal testimony will address the following issues:
5		 High Prairie Wind Farm ("High Prairie");
6		Meramec Plant Retirement;
7		Ameren Missouri's Revenues;
8		Ameren Missouri's Storm Costs; and
9		Ameren Missouri's Property Taxes.

10 High Prairie Wind Farm

11	Q	IN THE REBUTTAL TESTIMONIES OF RENEW MISSOURI'S WITNESS JAMES
12		OWENS AND AMEREN MISSOURI'S WITNESS AJAY ARORA, BOTH WITNESSES
13		CLAIM YOU VIOLATED A STIPULATION AND AGREEMENT PROVISION IN CASE
14		NO. EA-2018-0202, ¹ REGARDING THE HIGH PRAIRIE WIND FARM ("HIGH
15		PRAIRIE") CERTIFICATE OF PUBLIC CONVENIENCE AND NECESSITY ("CCN").
16		PLEASE RESPOND.
17	А	I totally disagree with both Mr. Arora and Mr. Owens on this point. MIEC will address

18 the legitimacy of this assertion at the appropriate time.

¹Interestingly, at page 7, Mr. Owens claims that MIEC's position is "not a black-letter violation...but should still be rejected."

1 Q DID YOU REVIEW THE REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF AMEREN MISSOURI'S

2 WITNESS JOHN REED AS IT PERTAINS TO THE HIGH PRAIRIE ISSUE?

3 A Yes, I did.

4 Q DID MR. REED DISCUSS PRUDENCE?

5 A Yes, he did. In fact, at page 6 of Mr. Reed's rebuttal testimony, Ameren Missouri

6 describes the results from a prudence disallowance:

"In the case of capital investments [like High Prairie], a prudence disallowance <u>would reduce rate base</u>, meaning: 1) no return on the disallowed amount; 2) no depreciation expense on the disallowed amount; 3) a lower overall revenue requirement; and therefore 4) a lower rate overall." [Emphasis added.]

- 12 The adjustment I proposed did not reduce rate base and, therefore, would not
- 13 qualify under Ameren Missouri's standard as a prudence disallowance

14 Q CAN YOU PROVIDE AN EXAMPLE OF A PRUDENCE DISALLOWANCE OF A

15 CAPITAL INVESTMENT THAT HAS HAPPENED IN MISSOURI?

16 А Yes. In his rebuttal testimony, Mr. Reed discusses the establishment of the prudence 17 standard from the construction of the Callaway Nuclear Plant. In that case, the 18 Commission disallowed over \$300 million of construction costs as being imprudently 19 incurred. One issue of imprudence was the concrete pouring of the nuclear base mat. 20 The contractor for Union Electric did not properly pour the base mat that was needed 21 to support the nuclear reactor. The base mat test failed and the base mat had to be 22 ripped up and repoured. The Commission Staff disallowed all costs of the original base 23 mat work as being imprudently incurred due to the failed test. The Commission upheld 24 the Staff's position.

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In this case, I have not proposed any disallowance of any construction costs associated with High Prairie. I have made no findings of construction imprudence.

Q HOW WOULD YOU CHARACTERIZE THE HIGH PRAIRIE ADJUSTMENTS YOU 4 HAVE PROPOSED IN BOTH YOUR DIRECT AND REBUTTAL TESTIMONIES?

5 А The High Prairie adjustments I have proposed in both my direct testimony and rebuttal 6 testimony are performance adjustments. High Prairie was constructed with certain 7 assumptions of performance. Having a wind unit unavailable for every night during a 8 seven-month period should be considered a performance issue. I have merely reduced 9 the return on the High Prairie investment during that period of time. Likewise, in my 10 rebuttal testimony, I have included the effects the curtailment of High Prairie has on the 11 production tax credits that Ameren Missouri can claim. Again, the reduction in 12 production tax credits is based on the performance of High Prairie.

13 Q IN ITS DIRECT TESTIMONY IN THE CCN CASE, DID AMEREN MISSOURI

14 ESTIMATE THE EFFECT ON HIGH PRAIRIE OPERATIONS CAUSED BY

15 ENDANGERED SPECIES CONCERNS?

- 16 A In part. On page 10 of his direct testimony in the CCN case, Matt Michels estimates
- 17 that the total impact from many factors, including a low capacity factor.
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- "Q Does this hold true even under the least favorable assumptions for transmission cost, capacity factor, and power prices?
- A Yes. With the least favorable assumptions applied to <u>all</u> wind projects – low power prices, high transmission costs, and low capacity factor – the impact on average customer rates over the 20-year IRP planning horizon is less than 0.7%. To bring the average rate impact up to the 1% limit would require one of the following: 1) a further increase in capital costs of approximately \$200/kW, 2) a further reduction in power prices from the IRP low scenario of approximately another 18%, or 3) a reduction in

1capacity factor to 34%. Each of these conditions is very unlikely."2[Emphasis added.]

- Q GIVEN THE SIGNIFICANT REDUCTION IN NIGHTTIME PRODUCTION DURING
 THE BAT SEASON, WHAT CAPACITY FACTOR HAS HIGH PRAIRIE ACHIEVED
 FOR OPERATIONS SINCE JANUARY 2021?
- 6 A I have prepared Table 1 that lists the monthly production and capacity factor from High

7 Prairie, as well as different periods of production levels and capacity factors.

TABLE 1			
High Prairie Capacity Factor			
Mc	onth	Output (MWh)	Capacity Factor
December 2020	1	60,083	20.19%
January 2021	2	84,941	28.54%
February 2021	2	80,914	30.10%
March 2021	2	128,216	43.08%
April 2021	2	75,902	26.35%
May 2021	2	63,977	21.50%
June 2021	2	38,199	13.26%
July 2021	2	17,916	6.02%
August 2021	2	25,629	8.61%
Beginning to Date (Dec 20 to Aug 21) 575,777 21.89%			
Year to Date (Jan 21 to Aug 21)		515,694	22.11%
Bat Season (April - August) 221,623 15.09%		15.09%	
Sources: ¹ Form EIA-923 for 2020, Table 1, Entry for High Prairie Wind Farm ² Form EIA-923 as of August 2021, Table 1, Entry for High Prairie Wind Farm			

As Table 1 illustrates, the High Prairie capacity factor was climbing steadily from December 2020 through March 2021. In fact, the capacity factor peaked at 43.08% in March 2021. In contrast, during the April - August bat season, the capacity factor plummeted to 15.09%. I would also note that the 15.09% capacity factor listed above does not include the total shut down of High Prairie at night beginning June 2021. If High Prairie had been completely curtailed for the whole bat season, the 15.09% capacity factor would have been much lower.

8 Q YOU PREVIOUSLY MENTIONED AMEREN MISSOURI'S TESTIMONY FROM THE

9 CCN CASE IN WHICH IT CLAIMED THAT A REDUCTION IN CAPACITY FACTOR

- 10 TO 34% IS "VERY UNLIKELY." AT WHAT LEVEL OF OPERATIONS WOULD HIGH
- 11 PRAIRIE HAVE TO OPERATE FOR THE MONTHS OF SEPTEMBER DECEMBER

12 IN ORDER TO ACHIEVE A 34% CAPACITY FACTOR?

A High Prairie would have to operate at a 57.69% capacity factor for the remaining four
 months to achieve a 34% capacity factor.²

15 Q DO YOU BELIEVE THAT HIGH PRAIRIE CAN ACHIEVE THAT CAPACITY
 16 FACTOR?

A No. It has already been established that High Prairie's output was curtailed for the
 months of June through October. In my opinion, given that High Prairie was curtailed
 overnight, it is virtually impossible for High Prairie to reach the minimum capacity factor
 of 34% from its first full year of operation.

²While this testimony is being submitted in early November, I do not have the High Prairie capacity factors for September and October.

1 Q WHAT CAPACITY FACTORS DID AMEREN MISSOURI INCLUDE IN ITS DIRECT

2 FILING IN THE CCN CASE?

- A Based on a review of the case workpapers, it appears that Ameren Missouri projected
 a high capacity factor of <u>*******</u> and a low capacity factor of <u>*******</u> Clearly, these
 capacity factors are much higher than what has been achieved thus far at High Prairie.
 I will also state that, as explained above, High Prairie will almost certainly not achieve
- 7 those capacity factors for its first full year of operation.

8 Q DID AMEREN MISSOURI ACKNOWLEDGE IN ITS REBUTTAL TESTIMONY IN

9 THIS CASE THAT HIGH PRAIRIE HAD NOT PERFORMED ACCORDING TO

10 STUDY PARAMETERS?

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11 A Yes. In Mr. Arora's rebuttal testimony at page 11, the following Q and A's appear:

"Q MDC [Missouri Department of Conservation] raised a number of concerns about endangered species in the CCN case, including about the Indiana bat. Did MDC indicate during this December 2017 meeting that 6.9 m/s would not provide full avoidance?

17ANo. What I understood from this discussion, coupled with other18discussions like those I noted above, was that the consensus of19experts in the field and conservation regulators was that 6.9 m/s20would provide full avoidance."

"Q BASED ON DR. MARKE'S AND MR. MEYER'S STATEMENTS, DID THAT CONSENSUS PROVE TO BE INCORRECT?

A Yes, unfortunately it did."

* * *

* * *

- 25 Further, in his rebuttal testimony, on page 15, Mr. Arora made the following statement:
- 26 "All 175 turbines are in service, operating, and producing electricity each
 27 and every day of the year (subject to normal outages); at worst, all 175
 28 turbines might not produce power or may produce less power than we
 29 had expected in 2018, at night, for part of the year." [Footnote omitted.]

1 Q PLEASE RESPOND TO THE ABOVE STATEMENTS OF MR. ARORA.

2 А First, Mr. Arora admits that the consensus of experts involved in the CCN case was 3 wrong in assessing endangered species impacts at High Prairie. Second, I contend 4 Mr. Arora is attempting to downplay the significance of the curtailment of High Prairie 5 during bat season. As it currently stands, High Prairie did not, and possibly will not, 6 operate during overnight hours for the months of April through October. This 7 curtailment period represents over 29.25% of the possible annual wind production hours for High Prairie.³ This lost production of zero cost generation is significant, and 8 9 the performance adjustment I proposed is entirely appropriate.

10 Q MR. REED'S TESTIMONY DISAGREES WITH YOUR PERFORMANCE 11 ADJUSTMENT. DO YOU HAVE ANY COMMENTS ON MR. REED'S TESTIMONY? 12 А Obviously, I disagree with Mr. Reed's conclusion that my proposed performance 13 adjustment is not supported by regulatory principles. Based on my reading of Mr. 14 Reed's testimony, Ameren Missouri believes that it should be allowed a full rate of 15 return on this investment regardless of its production. Effectively, Ameren Missouri 16 contends that despite its role in siting this facility and creating the capacity factor 17 assumptions, that all risk for this curtailed unit should be shifted to ratepayers. Taking 18 the argument to its fullest extreme, if High Prairie produced no power, Ameren 19 Missouri's ratepayers would still be required to provide a full return on the High Prairie 20 investment. I cannot accept the premise Mr. Reed is advocating.

³The curtailment period percentage of 29.25% is calculated using Mr. Arora's position that the wind turbines would be curtailed 45 minutes before sunset to 45 minutes after sunrise. The curtailment period percentage referenced in my direct testimony was based on a 30-minute period.

Q DO YOU BELIEVE THAT AMEREN MISSOURI IS ALREADY COMPENSATED FOR THE RISK THAT WIND RESOURCES, SUCH AS HIGH PRAIRIE, MAY NOT FULLY OPERATE THROUGH ITS RETURN ON EQUITY?

- 4 А Yes. Based upon my experience, return on equity analysts determine an appropriate 5 return on equity for a proxy group of companies that exhibit a similar risk profile. Among 6 other points of consideration, the risk factors set forth in the Risk Factor section of a 7 utility's 10-K is especially relevant. In Ameren Missouri's most recent 10-K, filed on 8 February 22, 2021, Ameren Missouri introduces its risk factors with the following 9 caveat: "[i]nvestors should review carefully the following material risk factors." Then 10 Ameren Missouri expressly indicated that the *investors* should be aware that wind 11 facilities may not produce at full capacity in order to protect wildlife:
- 12"Our electric generation, transmission, and distribution facilities13are subject to operational risks.
- 14Our financial performance depends on the successful operation of15electric generation, transmission, and distribution facilities. Operation16of electric generation, transmission, and distribution facilities involves17many risks, including:
- inability to operate wind generation facilities at full capacity
 resulting from requirements to protect natural resources, including
 wildlife;"
- 21 Clearly then, shareholders are already being compensated for the risk that wind
- facilities may not generate at full capacity due to the need to protect wildlife. While it
- 23 has already been compensated for this risk, Ameren Missouri now seeks to shift this
- 24 risk to ratepayers. If Ameren Missouri wants ratepayers to accept this risk, then
- Ameren Missouri needs to be willing to accept a lower return on equity.

1QIN YOUR DIRECT TESTIMONY, YOU MENTIONED THAT THE CONSULTANT2SERVICES NEEDED TO MONITOR HIGH PRAIRIE DURING THE CURRENT3PHASE OF ITS OPERATIONS SHOULD BE REVIEWED AND A DETERMINATION4BE MADE ABOUT COST RECOVERY OF SUCH EXPENSES. DO YOU HAVE ANY5ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON THE COST RECOVERY ISSUE?

- 6 A Yes. In the Third S&A in Case No. EA-2018-0202 (High Prairie's CCN case),
- 7 Appendix A to Third Stipulation and Agreement, File No. EA-2018-0202, Item 9 on
- 8 page 2, reads as follows:
- 9 "9. Prior to commencement of operations at 6.9 meters/second or 10 higher during the active bat season at night when the temperatures are 50 degrees Fahrenheit or above, the Company will in good faith 11 12 work with MDC toward the goal of reaching agreement on a research 13 plan involving post-construction monitoring for a limited time period 14 (between one and three years) and with appropriate confidentiality 15 protections, to be conducted at the Company's expenses for 16 research purposes as a part of a collaboration between the 17 Company and MDC relating to conservation issues with wind 18 facilities, with such research plan to be implemented if an Incidental 19 Take Permit for bats is not obtained and or the Company operates the Project during the active season at a cut-in speed of 6.9 20 21 meters/second or higher"
- 22 Based on that language in Appendix A, I believe most, if not all, of the
- 23 monitoring costs incurred by Ameren Missouri should be borne by shareholders.

24 Q DO YOU HAVE ANY FURTHER COMMENTS ON THE REBUTTAL TESTIMONY

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CONCERNING THIS ISSUE?

- 26 A Yes. Both Mr. Reed and Mr. Owens assume that my return adjustment would result in
- a several million dollar disallowance over the life of High Prairie. In my rebuttal
- testimony, I cleared up this confusion by stating that in only the years when High Prairie
- 29 operations were curtailed during bat season would my proposed adjustment be

appropriate. If High Prairie develops measures that allow it to operate during bat
 season, then the return adjustment I proposed would not be applicable.

Q IN THE REBUTTAL TESTIMONIES OF AMEREN MISSOURI WITNESSES, THERE IS A SIGNIFICANT AMOUNT OF DISCUSSION THAT REDUCED WIND SPEEDS WERE ADDRESSED IN DETAIL IN THE CCN CASE. DO YOU HAVE AN ALTERNATIVE ADJUSTMENT IF THE COMMISSION WANTS TO RECOGNIZE THE REDUCED OPERATIONS OF HIGH PRAIRIE DURING BAT SEASONS?

8 А Yes. If the Commission believes that higher cut-in speeds were adequately addressed 9 in the CCN case and is not supportive of my adjustment for full curtailment. I would 10 propose that the return adjustment and the proposed production tax credit adjustment 11 I recommended in rebuttal testimony be developed based on a 34% capacity factor. 12 This capacity factor, as described above, was the least favorable capacity factor that 13 supposedly would occur at High Prairie, and that capacity factor was claimed to be 14 very unlikely. Using that capacity factor would be a conservative adjustment. The 15 Commission could then reduce the return component if High Prairie fails to attain a 16 34% annual capacity factor.

17 Q PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR ADJUSTMENTS TO HIGH PRAIRIE.

- 18 A I have prepared a list of adjustments for High Prairie:
- As set forth in my direct testimony, I have proposed a return adjustment in the rate case to reflect the reduced (curtailed) power generation at High Prairie. This adjustment needs to be evaluated each year to determine if the adjustment is still applicable. As indicated in my direct testimony, if High Prairie is not curtailed, then the return adjustment needs to be captured in a regulatory asset for future recovery.
- As set forth in my rebuttal testimony, I have calculated a RESRAM adjustment to reflect the actual curtailed generation at High Prairie for the period April October 2021. This adjustment reflects the actual curtailed operations that High Prairie experienced based on projected wind output.

1 As set forth in my rebuttal testimony, I have calculated the effect on production tax. 2 credits during the April - October 2021 time frame from the reduced generation of High Prairie. I have proposed that this amount be used to reduce the RESRAM 3 4 charges. 5 As set forth in my rebuttal testimony, I have proposed that if High Prairie continues 6 to have reduced operations during future bat seasons, that an adjustment should be quantified to address the loss of production tax credits modeled by Ameren 7 Missouri in its direct testimony in the CCN case. 8 9 > As set forth herein, I have proposed that monitoring costs associated with the 10 endangered species issue including the study of mitigation plans should be borne 11 by Ameren Missouri's shareholders. 12 > As set forth herein, I have offered an alternative calculation based on the very 13 unlikely capacity factor of 34%. 14 To not adjust Ameren Missouri's cost of service for the lack of generation being 15 provided by High Prairie would be a disservice to the ratepayers of Ameren Missouri.

16 Meramec Plant Retirement

- 17 Q DID YOU REVIEW THE TESTIMONY OF AMEREN MISSOURI WITNESS MR.
- 18
 MITCHELL LANSFORD AS IT PERTAINS TO THE MERAMEC PLANT
- 19 **RETIREMENT?**
- 20 A Yes, I did.

21 Q DID MR. LANSFORD AGREE WITH ANY OF YOUR POSITIONS?

- 22 A Yes. Mr. Lansford agreed that the expenses to operate Meramec should be calculated
- 23 on a ten-month basis, as I detailed in my direct testimony, consistent with the remaining
- 24 ten-month operating life of Meramec once new rates are effective in this rate case.

25 Q DID YOU REVIEW THE TESTIMONY OF OPC WITNESS MR. JOHN RILEY WHERE

26 HE ADDRESSED THE MERAMEC PLANT RETIREMENT ISSUE?

27 A Yes. I reviewed Mr. Riley's testimony.

1 Q IS OPC'S MERAMEC PLANT RETIREMENT SIGNIFICANTLY DIFFERENT THAN

2 THE ADJUSTMENT YOU PROPOSED IN YOUR DIRECT TESTIMONY?

A No. The adjustment I proposed in my direct testimony created a regulatory liability to
capture expenses that ceased once Meramec was retired. The OPC's proposal simply
adds the expenses to operate Meramec for ten months with the unrecovered
investment in Meramec at operation of law date for this rate case, and amortizes that
balance over five years.

8 Q WOULD YOU SUPPORT THE POSITION PROPOSED BY THE OPC?

- 9 A Yes. I would support the OPC's position with the following clarifications:
- The unrecovered investment is measured at the month of the operation of law date
 in this rate case.
- The regulatory asset would be comprised of the expenses I identified in my direct testimony in Table 5, and netted against the unrecovered Meramec investment calculated pursuant to Step 1 above.
- The regulatory asset is amortized over five years with no carrying charge applied to the regulatory asset during the recovery period.

17 Q WHY ARE YOU OPPOSED TO A CARRYING CHARGE FOR THE REGULATORY 18 ASSET?

- 19 A The Meramec plant, upon retirement, will not be used and useful and providing service 20 to Ameren Missouri's ratepayers. It is without argument that while Meramec was 21 operating it was used and useful and should qualify for a return on the investment. 22 However, at retirement, the unrecovered investment certainly is no longer used and 23 useful. I would note that I am not aware of any historic performance issues while
- 24 operating Meramec that would cause someone to propose a performance adjustment.

1QBY SUPPORTING THE OPC'S POSITION AS AN ALTERNATIVE TO YOUR2PROPOSED RETIREMENT ADJUSTMENT DISCUSSED IN YOUR DIRECT3TESTIMONY, ARE YOU AWARE OF ANY COST DECREASES THAT WOULD NOT4BE CAPTURED?

5 A Yes. I would argue that the decrease in property taxes will not be captured by the
6 OPC's adjustment for property taxes paid in 2023 and beyond.

7 Q DOES THAT CHANGE YOUR POSITION ON ADOPTING THE OPC'S POSITION?

8 No. I believe it is proper to capture all cost savings from the retirement of a generating А 9 unit. I also recognize that the property taxes paid in 2023 are significantly beyond the 10 true-up period in this rate case. I also believe that keeping property taxes on an actual 11 paid basis for this rate case is consistent with the known and measurable aspect of 12 property taxes. To that end, I am fine with dropping the effects of future reduced 13 property taxes for purposes of the Meramec plant retirement. However, I want to be 14 clear, I am not pursuing the property tax issue to the extent all of the conditions I listed 15 above for the Meramec plant retirement are adopted.

16 **Revenues**

17 Q DID YOU REVIEW THE TESTIMONY OF AMEREN MISSOURI WITNESS DR.

18 NICHOLAS BOWDEN AS IT RELATES TO REVENUES?

19 A Yes, I did.

1QDR. BOWDEN HAS SEVERAL CONCERNS WITH YOUR PROPOSED REVENUE2ADJUSTMENT. BEFORE YOU ADDRESS THOSE CONCERNS, DO YOU HAVE AN3OVERALL DISCUSSION OF YOUR APPROACH IN PRESENTING YOUR REVENUE4ADJUSTMENT?

5 A Yes. As part of my analysis of Ameren Missouri's revenue requirement request, I 6 checked the reasonableness of the level of annualized revenues. In this case, I found 7 that Ameren Missouri had, in my judgment, understated the usage per customer in 8 annualizing residential and small general service revenue classes. Dr. Bowden is 9 correct that I relied on FERC Form 1 data to perform my reasonableness check of 10 revenues. If Ameren Missouri's annualized revenues would have produced what I felt 11 were reasonable results, I would not have proposed the adjustments.

12 Q WHAT SPECIFICALLY DID DR. BOWDEN CRITICIZE REGARDING YOUR 13 REVENUE ADJUSTMENT?

A Dr. Bowden had several criticisms of my revenue adjustment. I will list the major objections below and then discuss each one.

- 16 Mr. Meyer used annual usages to propose his adjustment.
- 17 Mr. Meyer did not weather normalize his revenue adjustment.
- 18 Mr. Meyer did not account for the effects of energy efficiency.
- Mr. Meyer failed to recognize the effects from a large increase in the small general service class.

21 Q PLEASE DISCUSS THE ARGUMENT BY DR. BOWDEN THAT YOU USED ANNUAL

22 USAGES PER MONTH, INSTEAD OF MONTHLY VALUES.

- 23 A Dr. Bowden is correct. My analysis is based on annual usage levels. The use of annual
- 24 usage levels does not make the annualization of revenues inappropriate. Dr. Bowden

does not provide any quantification of what he believes to be a mistake in my revenue
 annualization. This is simply an argument to create confusion. Annualizing revenues
 using month end data or annual usage data should still produce reasonable results.

4 Q PLEASE DISCUSS DR. BOWDEN'S ARGUMENT THAT YOU DID NOT WEATHER 5 NORMALIZE THE REVENUES.

6 А I agree with Dr. Bowden that I did not specifically perform a weather normalization 7 adjustment. However, I would argue that my comparison of annual usages over a 8 multi-year period in itself is a mechanism to account for the effects of weather. By 9 comparing my annual usage per customer class to values over a multi-year period, in 10 essence, takes into account the effects of weather. If my annual usage per customer 11 used a weather period that was extremely warm, then my annual usage per customer 12 would have been higher than many other years in the past. Furthermore, although Dr. 13 Bowden criticizes me for not weather normalizing my annual usage per customer, Dr. 14 Bowden fails to provide any testimony whether my annual usage per customer was too 15 high due to weather. He is simply silent on this topic. Given Dr. Bowden's argument, 16 it cannot be determined if my annual usage per customer totals reflect normal weather 17 or not. I contend, given the usage per customer levels I have proposed, the effects of 18 weather are properly accounted for in my adjustment.

19 Q PLEASE DESCRIBE DR. BOWDEN'S ARGUMENT ABOUT ENERGY EFFICIENCY.

20 A Dr. Bowden argues that the annual usages I list from 2011 through 2020 do not reflect 21 the decreased usage that has occurred as a result of Ameren Missouri's energy 22 efficiency programs. Once again, Dr. Bowden is correct. However, that is only half the 23 story. Dr. Bowden does not acknowledge the usage levels I chose for annualizing revenues; the 2019 actuals (small general service) or an average of 2019 and 2020
 annual usages (residential class). Clearly, those recent usage levels do reflect the
 decline in usage per customer from energy efficiency programs.

Many times during my discussion of the annual usages per customer, I referred
to prior year's usage levels as a means to compare the reasonableness of my proposal.
However, I cannot recall using those values except for comparison purposes to
annualize revenues.

8 Q FINALLY, DR. BOWDEN CRITICIZES YOUR ANALYSIS FOR FAILING TO 9 ACKNOWLEDGE AN INCREASE IN THE NUMBER OF SMALL GENERAL 10 SERVICE CUSTOMERS BETWEEN 2014 AND 2015 (APPROXIMATE 15,000 11 CUSTOMER INCREASE). DR. BOWDEN ARGUES THIS OMISSION MAKES MY 12 REVENUE ADJUSTMENT "A FAILURE IN ANALYTICAL SCRUTINY, AND 13 FURTHER UNDERMINES CREDIBILITY OF HIS PROPOSAL."

A Once again, Dr. Bowden does not state whether this had any influence on the factors I
 used to annualize small general service revenues. It did not. The small general service
 revenues were annualized based on the 2019 annual usage per customer levels and
 the Company's proposed level of customers at September 30, 2021.

18 Q PLEASE GENERALLY DESCRIBE YOUR CONCERNS WITH DR. BOWDEN'S 19 TESTIMONY.

A It would appear that if one does not annualize revenues according to the process Dr. Bowden feels is acceptable, then the process is wrong. I feel Dr. Bowden needed to point out as many perceived faults with my annualization as possible without any quantification of the impacts and throw out as many arguments as he could possibly find to discredit this adjustment. For example, we know that Dr. Bowden is upset that
a specific weather normalization was not performed. Yet, Dr. Bowden is silent on the
usage level I used as it relates to weather. It is quite possible that the level I used was
actually more beneficial to Ameren Missouri.

5 Q GIVEN THE VAST AMOUNT OF CRITICISMS THAT DR. BOWDEN HAS LEVIED 6 AGAINST YOUR ADJUSTMENT, HAVE ACTUAL RESULTS TRACED TO THE 7 LEVELS PROPOSED BY AMEREN MISSOURI?

8 A No. The level of sales proposed by Ameren Missouri has been exceeded through the
9 first two quarters of 2021. I have prepared Table 2 that shows the residential sales
10 levels for the twelve-month periods ending March 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021.

TABLE 2		
Residential Sales Levels		
Period/Party	Sales Level - MWh	
12 Months-to-Date March 31, 2021 ¹	13,531,670	
12 Months-to-Date June 30, 2021 ¹	13,387,497	
Company Proposed	13,311,574	
MIEC Proposed	13,473,789	
 ¹ S&P Capital IQ, Electric Sales Detail for Union Electric Company.		

As can be seen from Table 2, the level of sales proposed by Ameren Missouri has been exceeded in both quarter updates for 2021. I would also note that the level of sales I proposed has not been achieved. There is a logical explanation for this; the residential class level of customers continues to grow. I used the projected level of customers at September 30, 2021 to annualize revenues. Therefore, the level of revenues I have proposed will not be realized in any current sales levels as the
customer growth projected to occur through September 30, 2021 has not been realized
yet. The growth in customers should also highlight the conservative nature of the
Company's estimated sales levels. The Company estimated customer growth through
September 30, yet the 12-month sales levels reported for the residential class in 2021
already exceeds the level proposed by Ameren Missouri.

7 Q PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOU REVENUE ADJUSTMENTS.

A I continue to believe that the revenue adjustments I proposed are reasonable. Dr. Bowden uses every argument possible to discredit my adjustment, yet provides no quantification of his asserted flaws. I have also shown that the level of sales proposed by Ameren Missouri has already been exceeded for 2021 before the growth in the residential class has even occurred. I continue to support my revenue adjustments and am not persuaded by the arguments presented by Dr. Bowden.

14 Storm Costs

15 Q HAVE YOU READ THE REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF AMEREN MISSOURI

16 WITNESS MR. LANSFORD AS IT PERTAINS TO STORM COSTS?

17 A Yes, I have read Mr. Lansford's rebuttal testimony.

18 Q MR. LANSFORD CRITICIZES YOU FOR TRYING TO LINK VEGETATION

19 MANAGEMENT COSTS AND STORM COSTS TOGETHER. PLEASE RESPOND.

A There is no question that vegetation management programs and the severity of storm
 costs are directly tied together. The Commission established vegetation rules after a
 severe storm struck the Ameren Missouri service territory. These vegetation

1 management and infrastructure inspection rules were the direct result of that severe 2 storm. 3 In his direct testimony, Ameren Missouri witness Warren Wood on pages 10-11 4 states the following: 5 "Ameren Missouri is also working to hold costs level, and to decrease those expenditures when it makes sense to do so. As an example, 6 7 technological advances in mechanized trimmers allow Ameren Missouri 8 to use these devices in previously inaccessible spaces. The use of 9 these trimmers has decreased annual vegetation management costs by \$5 million as compared to amounts in our previous rate case." 10 11 First, I want to applaud Ameren Missouri's initiatives that save money for 12 ratepayers. I also read that statement by Mr. Wood to suggest that these new trimmers 13 could reach places and trim areas that were previously not accessible. To that degree, 14 there will be less exposure from trees to affect power lines during a storm. The three-15 year average of storm costs that I have proposed will reflect the new tree trimming 16 process described by Mr. Wood.

17 Q WHAT IS YOUR RESPONSE IF A SEVERE STORM STRIKES THE AMEREN 18 MISSOURI SERVICE TERRITORY?

19 A The current level of storm costs would not be adequate to allow recovery of a severe 20 storm. The costs associated with a severe storm would need to be addressed 21 separately. I am proposing a three-year average of non-severe storms to match the 22 period Ameren Missouri originally proposed for vegetation management and to reflect 23 the storm savings I expect from the new tree trimming process.

1 Q HAVE STORM COSTS DECLINED SINCE AMEREN MISSOURI'S LAST RATE

2 **CASE?**

- 3 A Yes. I have reproduced the historical storm data in Table 3 that I included in my direct
- 4 testimony (Table 14) to show the decline in storm costs.

TABLE 3	
Ameren Missouri's Storm Expense by Year	
Year	Amount
2016	\$4,118,414
2017	\$4,239,797
2018	\$4,557,070
2019	\$2,867,881
2020	\$2,440,117

5 As can be seen from Table 3, storm costs have decreased in 2019 and 2020. The 6 decreased storm costs in 2019 and 2020, combined with the new tree trimming 7 process, should allow storm costs to decrease from historic levels. Therefore, I 8 continue to propose a three-year average of storm costs to more quickly realize the 9 benefits from the new vegetation process.

1 **Property Taxes**

2 Q AMEREN MISSOURI WITNESS MR. LANSFORD DESCRIBES AN INCONSISTENT

3 STAFF APPROACH TO PROPERTY TAXES IN HIS DISCUSSION OF THE

4 MERAMEC TRACKER. PLEASE RESPOND.

- 5 A Mr. Lansford argues that the Staff has not consistently treated property tax expenses
- 6 for Ameren Missouri, Empire and Spire rate cases. According to Mr. Lansford, in the
- 7 Spire and Empire rate cases, the Staff utilized the following methodology:

8 "Staff calculated the property rate by dividing the 2019 property taxes 9 paid by the December 31, 2018 total property. This property tax rate 10 was then applied to the total property as of December 31, 2019 to 11 determine annualized property tax."

12 Q DO YOU SUPPORT THE METHODOLOGY TO ANNUALIZE PROPERTY TAXES

13 THAT HAS BEEN USED FOR SPIRE AND EMPIRE?

- 14ANo, I do not. The methodology used by the Staff in those cases is incomplete. The15Staff is using a tax rate from a previous year to apply to current investment. The proper
- 16 matching of those components is to keep all of the tax components together and not
- 17 rely on past tax rates to predict or annualize current property taxes.

18 Q PLEASE EXPLAIN YOUR UNDERSTANDING OF THE CURRENT PROPERTY TAX

19 CALCULATION.

A In January of a year, a utility submits its investment in the electric system to the Missouri
 State Tax Commission. The Tax Commission then certifies the valuation of the
 investment by mid-year. The taxing jurisdictions can then use these assessed property
 values to determine its tax rates to be applied to the assessed valuations for property
 in the taxing jurisdiction. Tax rates may either increase or decrease depending on the

taxing jurisdiction's budgetary needs. After the taxing jurisdictions determines its tax
 rates, property tax bills are mailed to Ameren Missouri in November or December.
 Ameren Missouri is required to pay its property tax bill by December 31.

As one can see, there are many interlocking steps to determine Ameren
Missouri's property taxes. Substituting one aspect from a previous year will not result
in a known and measurable property tax bill for that current year.

7 Q WHAT JUSTIFICATION DID THE STAFF ARGUE IN THE EMPIRE OR SPIRE RATE

8 CASES?

14

15

9 A In the Spire rate case, the Staff cited a number of cases where the Staff's
10 recommendations and Commission orders were consistent with this different approach.
11 I have listed those cases below.

- 12 ➤ Missouri Gas Energy, Case No. GR-96-285
- 13 > St. Louis County Water Company, Case No. WR-2000-844
 - The Empire District Electric Company, Case No. ER-2001-0299
 - Kansas City Power & Light Company, Case ER-2006-0314
- 16 However, the Staff in the Spire rate case failed to mention that more recently 17 the Commission has upheld the position that all aspects of the tax calculation must be 18 completed to annualize property taxes. Essentially, the Commission Order in Ameren 19 Missouri's Case No. ER-2012-0166 confirmed the Staff's and MIEC's position in this 20 case, that actual property taxes paid are the only known and measurable property taxes 21 to include in cost of service. I should also note this is how Ameren Missouri filed its 22 property taxes in this case. The Commission's Ameren Missouri Order is almost six 23 years more recent than the latest decisions relied on by the Staff.

1 Q IF A UTILITY WANTED TO INCLUDE THE MOST CURRENT LEVEL OF PROPERTY

2 TAXES, DO YOU HAVE A RECOMMENDATION?

A Yes. The utility could file a rate case such that the true-up period or up-date period would include the end of the year so that property taxes could be included in cost of service. For many years, Ameren Missouri has filed rate cases proposing true-ups that ended on January 1. This allowed Ameren Missouri to include the latest known level of property taxes in its true-up cost of service. So, there are ways to include the effects of the most recent level of property taxes in cost of service.

9 Q PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR POSITION ON PROPERTY TAXES.

10 A I continue to support the position that only those property taxes actually paid should be 11 included in cost of service. If a utility feels that property taxes are going to be a major 12 component of its cost of service, it can file its case to include that known and 13 measurable event at the end of the calendar year. This position is also consistent with 14 the most recent Commission decision regarding property taxes.

Q IN HIS REBUTTAL TESTIMONY, AMEREN MISSOURI WITNESS LANSFORD
 TRIES TO COMPARE THE STAFF'S REQUEST TO RECOGNIZE REDUCED
 PROPERTY TAXES FROM A RETIRED PLANT TO THE ANNUALIZATION
 METHOD USED BY THE STAFF IN THE EMPIRE AND SPIRE CASES. DO YOU
 AGREE THESE ISSUES ARE SIMILAR?

A No, the issues are not similar. In the case of a retired plant, the reduction in property
 taxes at the time of payment is real. The Staff is merely requesting that Ameren
 Missouri estimate that impact from its tax bills for the effects of the retired plant. This
 is completely different than annualizing property taxes without all of the known and

measurable steps necessary to calculate property taxes. The Staff was not requiring
Ameren Missouri to estimate the reduction of property taxes right now, but, when those
taxes do expire, an estimate should be quantified. These are two completely different
issues and Ameren Missouri's attempt to leverage a recently rejected methodology
(Case No. ER-2012-0166) for annualizing property taxes should be rejected. I would
note that I have conditionally dropped the property tax issue for Meramec if my other
conditions for its retirement are accepted.

8 Q DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY?

9 A Yes, it does.

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