10(

Exhibit No.: Issue(s): Witness: Sponsoring Party: Type of Exhibit: Case No.: Date Testimony Prepared:

LTS Tariff Wilbon L. Cooper Union Electric Company Surrebuttal Testimony EA-2005-0180 February 14, 2005

MISSOURI PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

Œ

CASE NO. EA-2005-0180



Ţ.

MAR 0 2 2005

OF

SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY

WILBON L. COOPER

Missouri Public Service Opminication

ON

BEHALF OF

UNION ELECTRIC COMPANY d/b/a AmerenUE

> St. Louis, Missouri February, 2005

Exhibit No. 106 Case No(s) EA - 2005 - 0180 Date 2 - 22 - 05 Rptr KF

.

BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

)

)

)

)

)

)

)

Application of Union Electric Company for a Certificate of Public Convenience and Necessity authorizing it to construct, install, own, operate, control, manage and maintain electric plant, as defined in § 386.020(14), RSMo. to provide electric service in a portion of New Madrid, County, Missouri, as an extension of its existing certificated area

Case No. EA-2005-0180

AFFIDAVIT OF WILBON L. COOPER

STATE OF MISSOURI)
) ss
CITY OF ST. LOUIS) -

Wilbon L. Cooper, being first duly sworn on his oath, states:

1. My name is Wilbon L. Cooper. I am employed by Ameren Services

Company as Manager of the Rate Engineering and Analysis Department of Regulatory Policy and Planning.

2. Attached hereto and made a part hereof for all purposes is my Surrebuttal Testimony on behalf of Union Electric Company, d/b/a AmerenUE, consisting of <u>9</u> pages, all of which have been prepared in written form for introduction into evidence in the above-referenced docket.

3. I hereby swear and affirm that my answers contained in the attached

testimony to the questions therein propounded are true and correct.

'ilbon I Cooper

Subscribed and sworn to before me this <u>14</u>	day of February, 2005.
	Mary Hout
My commission expires: 4-1-2006	Notary Public
My commission expires: $4-1-2006$	MARY HOYT
	Notary Public - Notary Seal STATE OF ISSOURI
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Jeffers Jounty My Commission - Dist April 1. 2006

1		SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY	
2		OF	
3		WILBON L. COOPER	
4		CASE NO. EA-2005-0180	
5	Q.	Please state your name and business address.	
6	А.	My name is Wilbon L. Cooper. My business address is One Ameren Plaza,	
7 1901 Chouteau Avenue, St. Louis, Missouri 63103.			
8	Q.	By whom and in what capacity are you employed?	
9	А.	I am employed by Ameren Services Company as Manager of the Rate	
10	0 Engineering and Analysis Department of Regulatory Policy and Planning.		
11	Q.	Are you the same Wilbon L. Cooper who filed Direct Testimony in this case?	
12	Α.	Yes, I am.	
13	Q.	What is the purpose of your surrebuttal testimony?	
14	Α.	The purpose of my surrebuttal testimony is to comment on certain rate - related	
15 testimony filed by MPSC witnesses Michael S. Proctor and James C. Watkins. I will also address			
16	OPC witness	Ryan Kind's testimony and his commentary pertaining to special contracts, and	
17	MIEC witnes	s Michael Gorman's testimony as it relates to the notice provision in the tariff.	
18	Q.	Have you read and are you generally familiar with the testimony of Missouri	
19	Public Servi	ce Commission ("MPSC" or "Commission") staff witness Dr. Michael S.	
20	Proctor?		
21	А.	Yes.	
22	Q.	On page 17 (lines 2-7) of Dr. Proctor's testimony he states, in part, "I will	
23	assume that	the \$32.28/MWh rate level is operable, but would note that my interpretation	

·--- ·--

.

---- -

of the LTS tariff filed by Ameren in this case is that in its cost of service submittal to signatories in Case No. EC-2002-1 no later than January 1, 2006, under the revenue recovery that is currently in AmerenUE's rates, the Commission can expect to see a rate level closer to \$30/MWh being proposed by AmerenUE to serve Noranda load." Do you agree with Dr. Proctor's interpretation?

6 A. No. The Company has no firm expectation with regard to a specific level of rates 7 that Noranda or any other customer or customer class will experience after it provides its class 8 cost of survey study to the other signatories in Case No. EC-2002-1 by January 1, 2006. First, 9 the Company is not required to provide Missouri retail electric jurisdictional and associated class 10 cost of service studies until January 2006. Providing those studies does not require the Company 11 to propose either a change in the overall level of its revenues or the distribution of said revenues 12 among classes. However, if a rate and/or rate design case results from that study, the Company 13 expects the Commission to set fair and just and reasonable rates from a jurisdictional and class 14 perspective. Such cost of service should be equal to the revenue required to pay operating 15 expenses, provide for depreciation and taxes, and permit the Company's shareholders to earn a 16 fair and reasonable return on their investment. More specifically, the Company expects to file 17 class rates based on the fundamental principle of cost causation and equitable cost recovery. If 18 adherence to this principle produces the \$30/MWh rate level suggested by Dr. Proctor, then the 19 Company can be expected to file cost support for this rate level; however, adherence to this same 20 principle could result in a different "cost based" filed rate level that could be higher or lower 21 than the \$30/MWh level.

Q. On page 19 (lines 10-13) of Dr. Proctor's testimony it states, in part,
"Moreover, when AmerenUE files its class cost of service study on January 2006, the ACF

1 component of the tariff will not be included and, absent an increase in overall revenue 2 requirements to serve Missouri retail customers, the rate that Noranda would anticipate 3 would actually fall to 3.002 cents/kWh." Please comment.

4 Α. Again, Dr. Proctor seems to be suggesting that the Company's proposed LTS 5 tariff somehow binds the Commission in its treatment of any rate case filing the Company might 6 make based on the January 2006 cost of service study. The language on the elimination of the 7 Annual Contribution Factor or ACF in the proposed LTS tariff does not bind the Commission 8 from a ratemaking perspective. Moreover, there was no intent to bind and the LTS tariff does 9 not bind the Commission to any future rate level for Noranda and Noranda is fully aware that all 10 of the Company's rates are subject to the jurisdiction of the Commission and may change from 11 time to time as is lawful. While the tariff does state the specific ACF shall be eliminated effective upon a Commission order in a complaint case, rate case proceeding, or any other 12 regulatory proceeding where Company's rates for its bundled Service Classifications are 13 14 changed, it does not state that the Commission can not institute or implement some other form of 15 an ACF or rate design that would effectively achieve the same result, assuming the record supported such a rate component. Based on Dr. Proctor's recent deposition, I now understand 16 17 that Dr. Proctor is not contending that the Commission is somehow bound by any aspect of the 18 LTS tariff is a future rate case.

19 Q. Dr. Proctor mentions the Company's January 2006 cost of service submittal 20 several times in his testimony. Is the Company required to file for a change its rates 21 simultaneous with the January 2006 filing?

22 No. As stated earlier, the Company is only required to submit to the other A. 23 signatories to the Case No. EC-2002-1 settlement Missouri retail electric jurisdictional and

ł associated class cost of service studies in January 2006. There is no requirement that the 2 Company propose either a change in the overall level of its revenues or the distribution of said 3 revenues among classes. Therefore, it is possible that Noranda could be served under the 4 proposed LTS tariff with the ACF beyond 2006. 5 Q. Have you read and are you generally familiar with the testimony of MPSC 6 staff witness James C. Watkins? 7 Yes. A. 8 On page 4 (lines 21-22) of Mr. Watkins' testimony he states that you have 0. 9 suggested that the Rider RDC charges should be used as a proxy for the cost of a radial line 10 from the Company's transmission line to the Customer's substation. Is Mr. Watkins 11 statement accurate? 12 No, page 6 (lines 4-10) of my direct testimony discusses my rationale for the use Α. 13 of Rider RDC as a proxy for the Company's avoidance of certain costs and related expenses of 14 providing distribution service to its primary service customers. The Company's transmission 15 lines are not even connected to Noranda, as discussed in the Company's Application and as explained by Mr. Ed Pfeiffer in his testimony filed in this docket. Therefore, Mr. Watkins' 16 17 statement is somewhat misleading, and at the least is in error. 18 Q. On pages 5 and 6 of Mr. Watkins' testimony, he asserts that the Company's 19 adjustments of average energy and demand losses embedded in its existing Large Primary 20 Service Rate to reflect the unique characteristics of the Noranda load may be unreasonable. 21 Please comment. 22 Α. Mr. Watkins has accurately described the Company's adjustments to average 23 Large Primary Service ("LPS") demand and energy losses to reflect Noranda's load

1 characteristics. As stated in my direct testimony, it was logical that a strict application of the LPS 2 rate to Noranda was inappropriate. As a result, the Company elected to use readily available 3 average LPS loss data from its most recent rate design case and specific loss data for Noranda, to 4 develop a reasonable adjustment for losses until a more specific class cost of service study is 5 performed with any change in rates that might result therefrom.

6

Q. On pages 6 and 7of Mr. Watkins' testimony, he discusses the impact of the 7 proposed ACF provision of the proposed LTS tariff. Please comment.

8 A. As I stated earlier, while the proposed LTS tariff contains a provision for the 9 elimination of the specific ACF in the tariff, it does not prevent the Commission from imposing 10 another charge or rate design, that would, in effect, either replicate or mimic the specific ACF in 11 the Company's next rate proceeding, or should the Commission decide, not replicate or mimic 12 the ACF.

On page 7 of Mr. Watkins' testimony, he discusses the impact of the ACF if 13 **Q**. 14 Noranda were to experience a reduced load factor. Please comment.

15 Historically, Noranda has been able to maintain a load factor in excess of 98% Α. 16 and I'm unaware of any circumstances or conditions that would change this characteristic. 17 Therefore, Mr. Watkins' scenario is possible, but highly unlikely. Despite this improbability, 18 Mr. Watkins correctly states that a lower load factor would increase the average charge per 19 kilowatt-hour because the fixed charges (customer charge and demand charge) are spread over 20 fewer kilowatt-hours. However, Mr. Watkins fails to mention that under his unlikely scenario 21 the Company's operating expense would be lower also as a result of fewer kilowatt-hours being 22 delivered/sold to Noranda. This offset in operating expenses or lowering of revenue 23 requirements should not be ignored when evaluating LTS with ACF billing versus standard LPS

billing. Besides, the Company's proposed LTS tariff essentially requires a customer to have a
98% or better load factor to qualify for the LTS rate. Finally, rates are frozen. Whatever impact
of load factor or other changes, real or theorized, will be addressed in some form or fashion in
the Company's next rate case.

5

Q. Have you reviewed the testimony of Public Counsel witness Ryan Kind?

A. Yes. A good portion of his testimony addresses whether the agreement between
the Company and Noranda is a "special contract" and the purported ramifications of a special
contract.

9

Q. Do you agree with Mr. Kind's observations?

10 A. No. Mr. Kind appears to mistakenly believe that Noranda will take service 11 under a contract with AmerenUE. That is incorrect. Let me explain. AmerenUE entered into an agreement with Noranda (submitted as Exhibit CDN-1 to Mr. Craig Nelson's direct testimony) 12 13 that provides that the Company will provide regulated service to Noranda under the LTS tariff if the Commission approves the Company's Application and the tariff, among other conditions. If 14 15 that approval occurs and the other conditions are met, Noranda will take service, the LTS tariff will apply to that service, and the agreement with Noranda will not apply to or govern that 16 17 service in any way, with one exception that has nothing to do with providing or taking the service, or the rates, but only pertains to what may occur 15 or more years from when service 18 19 begins. During the entire time that service continues, the contract has no effect on how 20 AmerenUE provides service, how Noranda takes service, or on the Commission's authority 21 regarding the service or the rates for the service. The LTS tariff is a regulated rate providing regulated service to a regulated customer. 22

23 The LTS tariff has as its premise a cost justification which is primarily based on the cost

,

.

1	justification of the LPS tariff, but with modifications to the LPS rate intended to reflect cost				
2	adjustments (based on service differences) albeit without the benefit of a complete class cost of				
3	service study. The vast majority of the other terms and conditions in the LTS tariff are virtually				
4	identical to the LPS tariff. The revenues to be derived under the LTS tariff are virtually the same				
5	5 as if Noranda was taking service under the LPS tariff.				
6	In	my experience, "special contracts" tend to be those arrangements between the utility			
7	7 and customer where there is virtually little or no regulatory oversight. It may be that the utility				
8	8 and customer make some showing of an economic bypass, or that the resultant rate will at least				
9	cover fixed c	osts in some extant circumstances, and even where the utility could enter any			
10	0 agreement it chooses and its only obligation was to place the contract on file. None of these				
11	11 characteristics are reflective of the Noranda matter and LTS tariff. As I and others have				
12	12 explained, in the next rate case or rate proceeding, Noranda will be treated like any other				
13	13 customer; I do not find this sort of regulatory review to be "special".				
14	Q.	You mentioned that the contract has some effect 15 or more years from now.			
15	Please expla	in.			
16	Α.	As I understand it, Noranda was given a statutory right to switch suppliers.			
17	Noranda has	agreed in the contract to forego that right for at least 15 years.			
18	Q.	To what portion of MIEC witness Gorman's testimony do you intend to			
19	address?				
20	А.	Mr. Gorman makes statements with regard to Noranda's obligations coming to an			
21	end prior to the 15 year contract term. He states, "the five-year notice of intent to terminate				
22	service at the end of the initial 15-year minimum period should also apply to service termination				
23	within the initial term."				

-

÷.

ł

÷

ļ

1

Q. How do you respond?

A. Mr. Gorman apparently misunderstands the term of service provisions. The LTS tariff requires the customer to take service for 15 years at a minimum, and nothing less. Mr. Gorman's position is that the customer could give notice of termination and take service for less than 15 years—that is not acceptable to AmerenUE. The customer is required to give the five year notice, but must take service for the initial term of 15 years. Simply stated, Noranda has no right to give any notice that would allow for termination before the end of the initial fifteen year term.

9 Q. Mr. Gorman then assumes if his early notice provision is accepted, and 10 where the customer is permitted to opt out of the 15 year initial term, that the billing 11 demand be based on the load prior to termination notice, and not the LTS billing demand. 12 Is Mr. Gorman's proposal acceptable?

13 No. Mr. Gorman offers no rationale for his proposal. It appears he believes he is Α. 14 intending to mitigate against some unknown, unquantifiable harm by virtue of the customer 15 leaving the system "early". But whether his billing demand adjustment meets the stated purpose 16 is not explained. A number of variables would come into play, the least of which is the amount 17 of the billing demand and when the customer opted out of the initial term vis a vis the facts and 18 circumstances at hand. For example, if load growth surpassed current expectations, that factor 19 alone may play significantly into the propriety of his proposal. In the end, Mr. Gorman's 20 approach is in conflict with the required minimum 15 year term, and to the extent he requires the 21 customer to compensate AmerenUE if somehow it would leave before the initial term, the level 22 of compensation is not proportionate to the alleged harm, which could be zero. I would also note 23 that staff witness Dr. Proctor does not believe that the hypothetical possibility that Noranda

•

1 might leave the system "early" warrants any condition or alternative terms relating to the LTS

ī.

į.

2 tariff or the provision of service to Noranda.

3 Q. Does this complete your surrebuttal testimony?

4 A. Yes.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that a copy of the foregoing document was served on the following parties of record by e-mail this 14th day of February, 2005, at the e-mail addresses set forth below:

General Counsel Missouri Public Service Commission P.O. Box 360 Jefferson City, Missouri 65102 gencounsel@psc.mo.gov

Office of the Public Counsel P.O. Box 7800 Jefferson City, Missouri 65102 opcservice@ded.mo.gov

Robert C. Johnson Lisa C. Langeneckert The Stolar Partnership LLP 911 Washington Avenue St. Louis, MO 63101 bjohnson@stolarlaw.com Ilangeneckert@stolarlaw.com

Paul M. Ling Great Plains Energy Services 1201 Walnut, 20th Floor Kansas City, MO 64106-2124 paul.ling@kcpl.com

Diana M. Vuylsteke Bryan Cave, LLP 211 N. Broadway, Suite 3600 St. Louis, MO 63102 dmvuylsteke@bryancave.com Duncan Kincheloe Missouri Joint Municipal Electric Utility Commission 2407 W. Ash Columbia, Missouri 65203 (573) 445-3279 (573) 445-0680 (fax)

Mark W. Comley Newman, Comley & Ruth P.C. 601 Monroe, Suite 301 P.O. Box 537 Jefferson City, Missouri 65102-0537 Telephone: 573-634-2266 Fax: 573-636-3306 <u>dkincheloe@mpua.org</u> <u>comleym@ncrpc.com</u>

<u>/s/James B. Lowery</u> James B. Lowery