APPENDIX DAL

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APPENDIX DAL

(LOCAL DIRECTORY ASSISTANCE LISTINGS)

1. <u>INTRODUCTION</u>

- 1.1 This Appendix sets forth terms and conditions for which Parties agrees to license its subscriber listing information applicable SBC Communications Inc. (SBC) owned Incumbent Local Exchange Carrier (ILEC) and CLEC.
- SBC Communications Inc. (SBC) means the holding company which directly or indirectly owns the following ILECs: Illinois Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Illinois, Indiana Bell Telephone Company Incorporated d/b/a SBC Indiana, Michigan Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Michigan, Nevada Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Nevada, The Ohio Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Ohio, Pacific Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC California, The Southern New England Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Connecticut, Southwestern Bell Telephone, L.P. d/b/a SBC Arkansas, SBC Kansas, SBC Missouri, SBC Oklahoma and/or SBC Texas and/or Wisconsin Bell, Inc. d/b/a SBC Wisconsin.
- 1.3 SBC-2STATE As used herein, SBC-2STATE means SBC CALIFORNIA and SBC NEVADA, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC(s) doing business in California and Nevada.
- 1.4 SBC-4STATE As used herein, SBC-4STATE means Southwestern Bell Telephone, L.P. d/b/a SBC Arkansas, SBC Kansas, SBC Missouri, and SBC Oklahoma the applicable SBC-owned ILEC(s) doing business in Arkansas, Kansas, Missouri and Oklahoma.
- 1.5 SBC-7STATE As used herein, SBC-7STATE means SBC SOUTHWEST REGION 5-STATE, SBC CALIFORNIA and SBC NEVADA, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC(s) doing business in Arkansas, California, Kansas, Missouri, Nevada, Oklahoma, and Texas.
- 1.6 SBC-8STATE As used herein, SBC-8STATE means SBC SOUTHWEST REGION 5-STATE, SBC CALIFORNIA, SBC NEVADA, and SBC CONNECTICUT the applicable SBC-owned ILEC(s) doing business in Arkansas, California, Connecticut, Kansas, Missouri, Nevada, Oklahoma, and Texas.
- 1.7 SBC-10STATE As used herein, SBC-10STATE means SBC SOUTHWEST REGION 5-STATE and SBC MIDWEST REGION 5-STATE an the applicable SBC-owned ILEC(s) doing business in Arkansas, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Michigan, Missouri, Ohio, Oklahoma, Texas, and Wisconsin.
- SBC-12STATE As used herein, SBC-12STATE means SBC SOUTHWEST REGION 5-STATE, SBC MIDWEST REGION 5-STATE and SBC-2STATE the applicable SBC-owned ILEC(s) doing business in Arkansas, California, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Michigan, Missouri, Nevada, Ohio, Oklahoma, Texas, and Wisconsin.
- 1.9 SBC-13STATE As used herein, SBC-13STATE means SBC SOUTHWEST REGION 5-STATE, SBC MIDWEST REGION 5-STATE, SBC-2STATE and SBC CONNECTICUT the applicable SBC-owned ILEC(s) doing business in Arkansas, California, Connecticut, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Michigan, Missouri, Nevada, Ohio, Oklahoma, Texas, and Wisconsin.
- 1.10 SBC ARKANSAS As used herein, SBC ARKANSAS means Southwestern Bell Telephone, L.P. d/b/a SBC Arkansas, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC doing business in Arkansas.
- 1.11 SBC CALIFORNIA As used herein, SBC CALIFORNIA means Pacific Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC California, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC doing business in California.
- 1.12 SBC CONNECTICUT As used herein, SBC CONNECTICUT means The Southern New England Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Connecticut, the applicable above listed ILEC doing business in Connecticut.
- 1.13 SBC KANSAS As used herein, SBC KANSAS means Southwestern Bell Telephone, L.P. d/b/a SBC Kansas, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC doing business in Kansas.

- 1.14 SBC ILLINOIS As used herein, SBC ILLINOIS means Illinois Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Illinois, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC doing business in Illinois.
- 1.15 SBC INDIANA As used herein, SBC INDIANA means Indiana Bell Telephone Company Incorporated d/b/a SBC Indiana, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC doing business in Indiana.
- 1.16 SBC MICHIGAN As used herein, SBC MICHIGAN means Michigan Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Michigan, the applicable SBC-owned doing business in Michigan.
- 1.17 SBC MIDWEST REGION 5-STATE As used herein, SBC MIDWEST REGION 5-STATE means Illinois Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Illinois, Indiana Bell Telephone Company Incorporated d/b/a SBC Indiana, Michigan Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Michigan, The Ohio Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Ohio, and/or Wisconsin Bell, Inc. d/b/a SBC Wisconsin, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC(s) doing business in Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio, and Wisconsin.
- 1.18 SBC MISSOURI As used herein, SBC MISSOURI means Southwestern Bell Telephone, L.P. d/b/a SBC Missouri, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC doing business in Missouri.
- 1.19 SBC NEVADA As used herein, SBC NEVADA means Nevada Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Nevada, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC doing business in Nevada.
- 1.20 SBC OHIO As used herein, SBC OHIO means The Ohio Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Ohio, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC doing business in Ohio.
- 1.21 SBC OKLAHOMA As used herein, SBC OKLAHOMA means Southwestern Bell Telephone, L.P. d/b/a SBC Oklahoma, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC doing business in Oklahoma.
- 1.22 SBC SOUTHWEST REGION 5-STATE As used herein, SBC SOUTHWEST REGION 5-STATE means Southwestern Bell Telephone, L.P. d/b/a SBC Arkansas, SBC Kansas, SBC Missouri, SBC Oklahoma and/or SBC Texas the applicable above listed ILEC(s) doing business in Arkansas, Kansas, Missouri, Oklahoma, and Texas.
- 1.23 SBC TEXAS As used herein, SBC TEXAS means Southwestern Bell Telephone, L.P. d/b/a SBC Texas, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC doing business in Texas.
- 1.24 SBC WISCONSIN As used herein, SBC WISCONSIN means Wisconsin Bell, Inc. d/b/a SBC Wisconsin, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC doing business in Wisconsin.
- 1.25 The prices at which SBC-13STATE agrees to provide CLEC with Directory Assistance Listing (DAL) are contained in the applicable Appendix Pricing and/or the applicable Commissioned ordered tariff where stated.

2. GENERAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS

- 2.1 Where technically feasible and/or available, SBC-13STATE will provide Directory Assistance (listing information referred to as Directory Assistance Listing (DAL) in SBC SOUTHWEST REGION 5-STATE, Directory Assistance Listing Information Service (DALIS) in SBC California and Dialing Parity Directory Listings in SBC MIDWEST REGION 5-STATE (herein after collectively referred to as DAL):
 - 2.1.1 SBC-13STATE owns and maintains the database containing directory assistance listing information (name, address and published telephone number, or an indication of "non-published status") of telephone subscribers.
 - 2.1.2 SBC-13STATE uses the directory assistance listing information in its database to provide directory assistance (DA) service to End Users who call SBC-13STATE's DA to obtain such information.
 - 2.1.3 Inasmuch as SBC-13STATE provides DA service under contract for Independent Local Exchange Carriers (ILECs) and Competitive Local Exchange Carriers, (CLECs), SBC-13STATE's database also contains directory assistance listing information for other ILEC and CLEC End Users.

- 2.1.4 CLEC, or its agent, wishes to provide DA service to CLEC's End Users located in the CLEC's service area, and therefore, wishes to load its database with directory assistance listings contained in SBC-13STATE's DA database.
- 2.1.5 SBC-13STATE agrees to license requested directory assistance listing information contained in its database, under the following terms and conditions:
 - 2.1.5.1 SBC-13STATE shall license its directory assistance listing information as defined in Exhibit A.
 - 2.1.5.2 SBC-13STATE shall provide directory assistance listing information in a mutually acceptable format.
 - 2.1.5.3 SBC-13STATE shall provide directory assistance listing information to CLEC via a mutually acceptable mode of transmission. Once the mode of transmission has been determined, SBC13-STATE will provide to CLEC the initial load of directory assistance listing information in a mutually agreed upon timeframe.

2.2 Use of Directory Assistance Listing Information

- 2.2.1 CLEC may use the directory assistance listing information licensed and provided pursuant to this Appendix in compliance with all applicable laws, regulations, and rules including any subsequent decision by the FCC or a court regarding the use of directory assistance listings.
- 2.2.2 Upon termination of the Agreement, CLEC shall cease using, for any purpose whatsoever, the directory assistance listing information provided hereunder by SBC-13STATE, and shall extract and expunge all copies or any portions thereof from files and records and provide a certification from an officer of the company that all actions have been performed.
- 2.2.3 In the event a telephone service subscriber has a "non-published" listing, a "non-published" classification will be identified in lieu of the telephone number information and will be considered part of the Listing Information. The last name, first name, street number, street name, community, and zip code will be provided as part of the Listing Information. The information provided for non-published customers can only be used for two purposes. First, the non-published status may be added to the listing in CLEC's database for the sole purpose of adding/correcting the non-published status of the listings in the database. Second, addresses for non-published customers may be used for verification purposes. If a caller provides the address for a requested listing, CLEC may verify the listing by matching the caller-provided address with the address in CLEC's dates. CLEC may not provide the address information of a requested listing of a non-published subscriber to a caller under any circumstances. CLEC can notify the customer that the requested listing is non-published.

3. ASSIGNMENT

3.1 The directory assistance listings provided by SBC shall remain the property of SBC-13STATE. CLEC, or its third-party DA provider/agent, shall take appropriate measures at least equal to the measures CLEC uses for its own listings to guard against any unauthorized use of the listings provided to it hereunder.

4. BREACH OF CONTRACT

4.1 In the event a Party is found to have materially breached this Appendix, such breach shall be remedied immediately and the non-breaching Party shall have the right to terminate the breaching party's license, without terminating its own rights hereunder, upon fourteen (14) calendar days notice, until the other Party's breach is remedied. Further should CLEC breach this agreement, it shall immediately cease use of SBC-13STATE's directory assistance listing information.

5. LIABILITY

- 5.1 SBC-13STATE makes no express or implied warranties whatsoever regarding the accuracy of the directory assistance listing information provided to CLEC. CLEC agrees to accept the directory assistance listing information on an "as-is" basis with all faults, errors and omissions, if any. SBC-13STATE makes no warranty, expressed or implied, with respect to any listings or the information contained therein, including but not limited to warranties for merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose.
- 5.2 CLEC hereby releases SBC-13STATE from any and all liability for damages due to errors or omissions in the directory assistance listing information provided under this Appendix, or by reason of delay in providing the directory assistance listing information, including, but not limited to, special, indirect, consequential, punitive or incidental damages.
- 5.3 CLEC shall indemnify, protect, save harmless and defend SBC-13STATE (or SBC-13STATE's officers, employees, agents, assigns and representatives) from and against any and all losses, liability, damages and expense arising out of any demand, claim, suit or judgment by a third party in any way related to SBC-13STATE Appendix, and every interconnection, service and network element provided hereunder, shall be subject to all rates, terms and conditions contained in this Agreement or any other appendices or attachments to this Agreement which are supplying directory assistance listing information, or any actual error or omission. CLEC shall so indemnify regardless of whether the demand, claim or suit by the third party is brought jointly against CLEC and SBC-13STATE, and/or against SBC-13STATE alone. However, if such demand, claim or suit specifically alleges that an error or omission appears in DA listing information, SBC-13STATE may, at its option, assume and undertake its own defense, or assist in the defense of CLEC, in which event CLEC shall reimburse SBC-13STATE for reasonable attorney's fees and other expenses incurred by it in handling and defending such demand, claim and/or suit. CLEC shall not enter into any settlement of any such demand, claim or suit without the prior written consent of SBC-13STATE.

6. TERM OF APPENDIX

6.1 This Appendix will continue in force for the length of the Interconnection Agreement, but no less than twelve (12) months. At the expiration of the term of the Interconnection Agreement to which this Appendix is attached, or twelve (12) months, whichever occurs later either Party may terminate this Appendix upon one hundred-twenty (120) calendar day's written notice to the other Party.

APPENDIX 911

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APPENDIX 911

TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR PROVIDING CONNECTION TO E911 UNIVERSAL EMERGENCY NUMBER SERVICE

1. INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 This Appendix sets forth terms and conditions by which the applicable SBC Communications Inc. (SBC)-owned Incumbent Local Exchange Carrier (ILEC) will provide CLEC with access to the applicable SBC-owned ILEC's 911 and E911 Databases and provide interconnection and Call Routing for purposes of 911 call completion to a Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP) as required by Section 251 of the Act.
- 1.2 SBC Communications Inc. (SBC) means the holding company which directly or indirectly owns the following ILECs: Illinois Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Illinois, Indiana Bell Telephone Company Incorporated d/b/a SBC Indiana, Michigan Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Michigan, Nevada Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Nevada, The Ohio Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Ohio, Pacific Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC California, The Southern New England Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Connecticut, Southwestern Bell Telephone, L.P. d/b/a SBC Arkansas, SBC Kansas, SBC Missouri, SBC Oklahoma and/or SBC Texas and/or Wisconsin Bell, Inc. d/b/a SBC Wisconsin.
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- 1.23 SBC TEXAS As used herein, SBC TEXAS means Southwestern Bell Telephone, L.P. d/b/a SBC Texas, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC doing business in Texas.
- 1.24 SBC WISCONSIN As used herein, SBC WISCONSIN means Wisconsin Bell, Inc. d/b/a SBC Wisconsin, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC doing business in Wisconsin.

2. **DEFINITIONS**

- 2.1 "911 System" means the set of network, database and customer premise equipment (CPE) components required to provide 911 service.
- 2.2 "911 Trunk" means a trunk capable of transmitting Automatic Number Identification (ANI) associated with a call to 911 from CLEC's End Office to the E911 system.
- 2.3 "Automatic Location Identification" or "ALI" means the automatic display at the PSAP of the caller's telephone number, the address/location of the telephone and, in some cases, supplementary emergency services information.
- 2.4 "Automatic Number Identification" or "ANI" means the telephone number associated with the access line from which a call to 911 originates.
- 2.5 "Company Identifier" or "Company ID" means a three to five (3 to 5) character identifier chosen by the Local Exchange Carrier that distinguishes the entity providing dial tone to the End-User. The Company Identifier is maintained by NENA in a nationally accessible database.

- 2.6 "Database Management System" or "DBMS" means a system of manual procedures and computer programs used to create, store and update the data required to provide Selective Routing and/or Automatic Location Identification for 911 systems.
- 2.7 "E911 Customer" means a municipality or other state or local government unit, or an authorized agent of one or more municipalities or other state or local government units to whom authority has been lawfully delegated to respond to public emergency telephone calls, at a minimum, for emergency police and fire services through the use of one telephone number, 911.
- 2.8 "E911 Universal Emergency Number Service" (also referred to as "Expanded 911 Service" or "Enhanced 911 Service") or "E911 Service" means a telephone exchange communications service whereby a public safety answering point (PSAP) answers telephone calls placed by dialing the number 911. E911 includes the service provided by the lines and equipment associated with the service arrangement for the answering, transferring, and dispatching of public emergency telephone calls dialed to 911. E911 provides completion of a call to 911 via dedicated trunking facilities and includes Automatic Number Identification (ANI), Automatic Location Identification (ALI), and/or Selective Routing (SR).
- 2.9 "Emergency Services" means police, fire, ambulance, rescue, and medical services.
- 2.10 "Emergency Service Number" or "ESN" means a three to five digit number representing a unique combination of emergency service agencies (Law Enforcement, Fire, and Emergency Medical Service) designated to serve a specific range of addresses within a particular geographical area. The ESN facilitates selective routing and selective transfer, if required, to the appropriate PSAP and the dispatching of the proper service agency(ies).
- 2.11 "National Emergency Number Association" or "NENA" means the National Emergency Number Association is a not-for-profit corporation established in 1982 to further the goal of "One Nation-One Number". NENA is a networking source and promotes research, planning, and training. NENA strives to educate, set standards and provide certification programs, legislative representation and technical assistance for implementing and managing 911 systems.
- 2.12 "Public Safety Answering Point" or "PSAP" means an answering location for 911 calls originating in a given area. The E911 Customer may designate a PSAP as primary or secondary, which refers to the order in which calls are directed for answering. Primary PSAPs answer calls; secondary PSAPs receive calls on a transfer basis. PSAPs are public safety agencies such as police, fire, emergency medical, etc., or a common bureau serving a group of such entities.
- 2.13 "Selective Routing" and "Selective Router" or "SR" means the routing and equipment used to route a call to 911 to the proper PSAP based upon the number and location of the caller. Selective routing is controlled by an ESN, which is derived from the location of the access line from which the 911 call was placed.
- 2.14 "Service Provider" means an entity that provides one or more of the following 911 elements; network, database, or CPE.

3. SBC-13STATE RESPONSIBILITIES

- 3.1 SBC-13STATE shall provide and maintain such equipment at the 911 SR and the DBMS as is necessary to provide CLEC access to the 911 SR and DBMS set forth herein in a particular Rate Center in which CLEC is authorized to provide local telephone exchange service and when SBC-13STATE provides the 911 System component. In such situations, SBC-13STATE shall provide CLEC access to the SBC 13-STATE 911 System as described in this section in.
- 3.2 Call Routing
 - 3.2.1 SBC-13STATE will route 911 calls from the SBC-13STATE SR to the designated primary PSAP or to designated alternate locations, according to routing criteria specified by the PSAP.
 - 3.2.2 SBC-13STATE will forward the calling party number (ANI) it receives from CLEC and the associated 911 Address Location Identification (ALI) to the PSAP for display. If no ANI is forwarded by CLEC, SBC-13STATE will forward an Emergency Service Central Office (ESCO) identification code for

display at the PSAP. If ANI is forwarded by the CLEC, but no ALI record is found in the E911 DBMS, SBC-13STATE will report this "No Record Found" condition to the CLEC in accordance with NENA standards.

3.3 Facilities and Trunking

- 3.3.1 SBC-13STATE shall provide and maintain sufficient dedicated E911 trunks from SBC-13STATE's SR to the PSAP of the E911 Customer, according to provisions of the appropriate state Commission-approved tariff and documented specifications of the E911 Customer.
- 3.3.2 SBC-13STATE will provide facilities to interconnect the CLEC to the SBC-13STATE SR, as specified in the applicable SBC-13STATE Access tariff. Additionally, when diverse facilities are requested by CLEC, SBC-13STATE will provide such diversity where technically feasible, at standard SBC-13STATE Access Tariff rates.
- 3.3.3 SBC-13STATE and CLEC will cooperate to promptly test all trunks and facilities between CLEC's network and the SBC-13STATE SR(s).

3.4 Database

- 3.4.1 Where SBC-13STATE manages the 911 and E911 Databases, SBC-13STATE shall provide CLEC access to the 911 and E911 Databases to store CLEC's End User 911 Records [that is, the name, address, and associated telephone number(s) for each of CLEC's End Users served by CLEC's exchange(s)] in the electronic data processing database for the E911 DBMS. CLEC or its representative(s) is responsible for electronically providing End User 911 Records and updating this information.
- 3.4.2 Where SBC-13STATE manages the 911 and E911 Databases, SBC-13STATE shall coordinate access to the SBC-13STATE DBMS for the initial loading and updating of CLEC End User 911 Records.
- 3.4.3 Where SBC-13STATE manages the E911 Database, SBC-13STATE's ALI database shall accept electronically transmitted files that are based upon NENA standards. Manual entry shall be allowed only in the event that the DBMS is not functioning properly.

4. **CLEC RESPONSIBILITIES**

4.1 Call Routing

- 4.1.1 CLEC will transport 911 calls from each point of interconnection (POI) to the SBC-13STATE SR office of the 911 System, where SBC-13STATE is the 911 System Service Provider.
- 4.1.2 CLEC will forward the ANI information of the party calling 911 to the SBC-13STATE 911 Selective Router.

4.2 Facilities and Trunking

- 4.2.1 CLEC shall provide interconnection with each SBC-13STATE 911 Selective Router that serves the exchange areas in which CLEC is authorized to and will provide telephone exchange service.
- 4.2.2 CLEC acknowledges that its End Users in a single local calling scope may be served by different SRs and CLEC shall be responsible for providing interconnection facilities to route 911 calls from its End Users to the proper E911 SR.
- 4.2.3 CLEC shall provide a minimum of two (2) one-way outgoing E911 trunk(s) dedicated for originating 911 emergency service calls from the point of interconnection (POI) to interconnect to each SBC-13STATE 911 Selective Router, where applicable. Where SS7 connectivity is available and required by the applicable E911 Customer, the Parties agree to implement Common Channel Signaling trunking rather than CAMA MF trunking.
 - 4.2.3.1 In SBC MIDWEST REGION 5-STATE only, CLEC is responsible for providing a separate 911 trunk group for each county or other geographic area that CLEC serves if the 911 Customer for such county or geographic area has a specified varying default routing

condition. In addition, 911 traffic originating in one (1) NPA (area code) must be transmitted over a separate 911 trunk group from 911 traffic originating in any other NPA (area code) 911.

- 4.2.4 CLEC shall maintain facility transport capacity sufficient to route 911 traffic over trunks dedicated for 911 interconnection between the CLEC switch and the SBC-13STATE SR.
- 4.2.5 CLEC shall provide sufficient trunking to interconnect with the designated SBC-13STATE 911 SR to route CLEC's originating 911 calls to the designated SBC-13STATE 911 SR. CLEC is responsible for requesting that trunking and facilities be routed diversely for 911 interconnection
- 4.2.6 CLEC is responsible for determining the proper quantity of trunks and transport facilities from its switch(es) to interconnect with the SBC-13STATE 911 SR.
- 4.2.7 CLEC shall engineer its 911 trunks to attain a minimum P.01 grade of service as measured using the "busy day/busy hour" criteria or, if higher, at such other minimum grade of service as required by Applicable Law or duly authorized Governmental Authority.
- 4.2.8 CLEC shall monitor its 911 trunks for the purpose of determining originating network traffic volumes. If CLEC's traffic study indicates that additional 911 trunks are needed to meet the current level of 911 call volumes, CLEC shall provision additional 911 trunks for interconnection with SBC-13STATE.
- 4.2.9 CLEC will cooperate with SBC-13STATE to promptly test all 911 interconnection trunks and facilities between CLEC's network and the SBC-13STATE 911 Selective Router(s) to assure proper functioning. CLEC agrees that it will not pass live traffic until successful testing is completed by both Parties.
- 4.2.10 CLEC is responsible for the isolation, coordination and restoration of all 911 facility and trunking maintenance problems from CLEC's demarcation (for example, collocation) to the SBC-13STATE 911 SR(s). CLEC is responsible for advising SBC-13STATE of the 911 trunk identification and the fact that the trunks are dedicated for 911 traffic when notifying SBC-13STATE of a failure or outage. The Parties agree to work cooperatively and expeditiously to resolve any 911 outage. SBC-13STATE will refer network trouble to CLEC if no defect is found in SBC-13STATE's 911 network. The Parties agree that 911 network problem resolution will be managed expeditiously at all times.

4.3 Database

- 4.3.1 Once the 911 interconnection between CLEC and all appropriate SBC-13STATE SR(s) has been established and tested, CLEC or its representatives shall be responsible for providing CLEC's End User 911 Records to SBC-13STATE for inclusion in SBC-13STATE's DBMS on a timely basis.
- 4.3.2 CLEC or its agent shall provide initial and ongoing updates of CLEC's End User 911 Records that are MSAG-valid in electronic format based upon established NENA standards.
- 4.3.3 CLEC shall adopt use of a Company ID on all CLEC End User 911 Records in accordance with NENA standards. The Company ID is used to identify the carrier of record in facility configurations.
- 4.3.4 CLEC is responsible for providing SBC-13STATE updates to the ALI database; in addition, CLEC is responsible for correcting any errors that may occur during the entry of their data to the SBC-13STATE 911 DBMS.

5. RESPONSIBILITIES OF BOTH PARTIES

5.1 Jointly coordinate the provisioning of transport capacity sufficient to route originating E911 calls from the CLEC's POI to the designated SBC-13STATE 911 Selective Router(s).

6. METHODS AND PRACTICES

6.1 With respect to all matters covered by this Appendix, each Party will comply with all of the following to the extent that they apply to access to 911 and E911 Databases: (i) all FCC and applicable state Commission rules and regulations, (ii) any requirements imposed by any Governmental Authority other than a

Commission, (iii) the terms and conditions of SBC-13STATE's Commission-ordered tariff(s) and (iv) the principles expressed in the recommended standards published by NENA.

7. **CONTINGENCY**

- 7.1 The terms and conditions of this Appendix represent a negotiated plan for providing access to 911 and E911 Databases, and provide interconnection and call routing for purposes of 911 call completion to a Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP) as required by Section 251 of the Act.
- 7.2 The Parties agree that the 911 System is provided herein is for the use of the E911 Customer, and recognize the authority of the E911 Customer to establish service specifications and grant final approval (or denial) of service configurations offered by SBC-13STATE and CLEC. These specifications shall be documented in Exhibit I, CLEC Serving Area Description and E911 Interconnection Details. CLEC shall complete its portion of Exhibit I and submit it to SBC-13STATE not later than forty-five (45) days prior to the passing of live traffic. SBC-13STATE shall complete its portion of Exhibit I and return Exhibit I to CLEC not later than thirty (30) days prior to the passing of live traffic.
- 7.3 CLEC must obtain documentation of approval of the completed Exhibit I from the appropriate E911 Customer(s) that have jurisdiction in the area(s) in which CLEC's End Users are located CLEC shall provide documentation of all requisite approval(s) to SBC-13STATE prior to use of CLEC's E911 connection for actual emergency calls.
- 7.4 Each Party has designated a representative who has the authority to complete additional Exhibit(s) I to this Appendix when necessary to accommodate expansion of the geographic area of CLEC into the jurisdiction of additional PSAP(s) or to increase the number of CAMA trunks. CLEC must obtain approval of each additional Exhibit I, as set forth in Section 7.2, and shall furnish documentation of all requisite approval(s) of each additional Exhibit I in accordance with Section 7.2.
- 7.5 In SBC-2STATE, and SBC MIDWEST REGION 5-STATE; the state specific forms shall be submitted in lieu of the Exhibit 1 referenced in Sections 7.1, 7.2 and 7.4 hereof.

8. BASIS OF COMPENSATION

Rates for access to 911 and E911 Databases, interconnection and call routing of E911 call completion to a Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP) as required by Section 251 of the Act are set forth in SBC-13STATE's Appendix Pricing or applicable SBC-13STATE Commission-approved access tariff.

9. LIABILITY

- 9.1 SBC-13STATE's liability and potential damages, if any, for its gross negligence, recklessness or intentional misconduct, is not limited by any provision of this Appendix. SBC-13STATE shall not be liable to CLEC, its End Users or its E911 calling parties or any other parties or persons for any Loss arising out of the 911 System or any errors, interruptions, defects, failures or malfunctions of the 911 System, including any and all equipment and data processing systems associated therewith. Damages arising out of such interruptions, defects, failures or malfunctions of the system after SBC-13STATE has been notified and has had reasonable time to repair, shall in no event exceed an amount equivalent to any charges made for the service affected for the period following notice from CLEC until service is restored.
- 9.2 CLEC's liability and potential damages, if any, for its gross negligence, recklessness or intentional misconduct is not limited by any provision of this Appendix. In the event CLEC provides E911 Service to SBC-13STATE, CLEC shall not be liable to SBC-13STATE, its End Users or its E911 calling parties or any other parties or persons for any Loss arising out of the provision of E911 Service or any errors, interruptions, defects, failures or malfunctions of E911 Service, including any and all equipment and data processing systems associated therewith. Damages arising out of such interruptions, defects, failures or malfunctions of the system after CLEC has been notified and has had reasonable time to repair, shall in no event exceed an amount equivalent to any charges made for the service affected for the period following notice from SBC-13STATE until service is restored.

- 9.3 CLEC agrees to release, indemnify, defend and hold harmless SBC-13STATE from any and all Loss arising out of SBC-13STATE providing CLEC access to the 911 System hereunder or out of CLEC's End Users' use of the 911 System, whether suffered, made, instituted or asserted by CLEC, its End Users, or by any other parties or persons, for any personal injury or death of any person or persons, or for any loss, damage or destruction of any property, whether owned by CLEC, its End Users or others, unless the act or omission proximately causing the Loss constitutes gross negligence, recklessness or intentional misconduct of SBC-13STATE.
- 9.4 CLEC also agrees to release, indemnify, defend and hold harmless SBC-13STATE from any and all Loss involving an allegation of the infringement or invasion of the right of privacy or confidentiality of any person or persons, caused or claimed to have been caused, directly or indirectly, by the installation, operation, failure to operate, maintenance, removal, presence, condition, occasion or use of the 911 System features and the equipment associated therewith, including by not limited to the identification of the telephone number, address or name associated with the telephone used by the party or parties accessing the 911 System provided hereunder, unless the act or omission proximately causing the Loss constitutes the gross negligence, recklessness or intentional misconduct of SBC-13STATE.

APPENDIX MERGER CONDITIONS

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APPENDIX MERGER CONDITIONS

1. MERGER CONDITIONS

- 1.1 For purposes of this Appendix only, SBC-13STATE is defined as one of the following ILECs, as appropriate, in those geographic areas where the referenced SBC-owned Company is the ILEC: Illinois Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Illinois, Indiana Bell Telephone Company Incorporated d/b/a SBC Indiana, Michigan Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Michigan, Nevada Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Nevada, The Ohio Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Ohio, Pacific Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Company d/b/a SBC Company d/b/a SBC Connecticut, Southwestern Bell Telephone, L.P., d/b/a SBC Arkansas, SBC Kansas, SBC Missouri, SBC Oklahoma and/or SBC Texas and/or Wisconsin Bell, Inc. d/b/a SBC Wisconsin.
 - 1.1.1 SBC-2STATE As used herein, SBC-2STATE means SBC CALIFORNIA and SBC NEVADA, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC(s) doing business in California and Nevada.
 - 1.1.2 SBC-13STATE As used herein, SBC-13STATE means SBC SOUTHWEST REGION 5-STATE, SBC MIDWEST REGION 5-STATE, SBC-2STATE and SBC CONNECTICUT the applicable SBC-owned ILEC(s) doing business in Arkansas, California, Connecticut, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Michigan, Missouri, Nevada, Ohio, Oklahoma, Texas, and Wisconsin.
 - 1.1.3 SBC CONNECTICUT As used herein, SBC CONNECTICUT means The Southern New England Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Connecticut, the applicable above listed ILEC doing business in Connecticut.
 - 1.1.4 SBC MIDWEST REGION 5-STATE As used herein, SBC MIDWEST REGION 5-STATE means Illinois Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Illinois, Indiana Bell Telephone Company Incorporated d/b/a SBC Indiana, Michigan Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Michigan, The Ohio Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Ohio, and/or Wisconsin Bell, Inc. d/b/a SBC Wisconsin, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC(s) doing business in Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio, and Wisconsin.
 - 1.1.5 SBC SOUTHWEST REGION 5-STATE As used herein, SBC SOUTHWEST REGION 5-STATE means Southwestern Bell Telephone, L.P. d/b/a SBC Arkansas, SBC Kansas, SBC Missouri, SBC Oklahoma and/or SBC Texas the applicable above listed ILEC(s) doing business in Arkansas, Kansas, Missouri, Oklahoma, and Texas.
- 1.2 The Parties agree to abide by and incorporate by reference into this Appendix the FCC Merger Conditions to the extent that particular conditions have not yet terminated (sunset) and which are specifically addressed herein or relate to any provisions set forth herein.
- 1.3 Each of the obligations set forth in this Appendix terminates the earlier of: (1) the date this Agreement itself terminates without reference to this Appendix; or (2) the date such obligation terminates under the FCC Merger Conditions.

2. <u>DEFINED TERMS; DATES OF REFERENCE</u>

- 2.1 Unless otherwise defined in this Appendix, capitalized terms shall have the meanings assigned to such terms in the Agreement without reference to this Appendix and in the FCC Merger Conditions.
- 2.2 For purposes of calculating the intervals set forth in the FCC Merger Conditions concerning carrier to carrier promotions:
 - 2.2.1 the Merger Closing Date is October 8, 1999; and
 - 2.2.2 the Offering Window begins November 7, 1999.
- 2.3 8"FCC Merger Conditions" means the Conditions for FCC Order Approving SBC/Ameritech Merger, CC Docket No. 98-141.

3. PROMOTIONAL DISCOUNTS ON RESALE

- The promotional resale discount ("Resale Discount") on telecommunications services that SBC-13STATE provides at retail to subscribers who are not telecommunications carriers, where such services are resold to residential end user customers sunset (terminated) in each SBC-13STATE on November 8, 2002. Consequently, such discount is not available to any CLEC who did not have an approved and effective FCC Merger Conditions Appendix in each of its Agreements with SBC-13STATE that provided for such Resale Discount before November 8, 2002. Thus, notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Appendix or Agreement, in the event that any other telecommunications carrier should adopt provisions in this Appendix or Agreement pursuant to Section 252(i) of the Act, or otherwise obtains this Appendix, CLEC shall not be entitled to this Resale Discount unless the CLEC: (1) had an approved and effective FCC Merger Conditions Appendix in each of its Agreements with SBC-13STATE that provided for this Resale Discount before November 8, 2002; and (2) even then, only with respect to those underlying resold lines the Adopting CLEC ordered prior to November 8, 2002 for this resale discount with a requested installation date of no later than December 7, 2002, as more specifically addressed in Paragraph 48 of the FCC Merger Conditions.
- 3.2 With respect to any CLEC that had an approved and effective FCC Merger Conditions Appendix in its Interconnection Agreement with SBC-13STATE that provided for such Resale Discount before November 8, 2002, such CLEC shall continue to receive this promotional discount only for those underlying resold lines CLEC ordered during the Offering Window for this resale discount that has/had a requested installation date of no later than December 7, 2002, as more specifically addressed in Paragraph 48 of the FCC Merger Conditions. Any resold services (such as Call Waiting) provided over a resold customer line that is/was placed in service after December 7, 2002 shall not be eligible for the Resale Discount. Resold services (such as Call Waiting) added to a resold line that qualifies for the Resale Discount (i.e., which was ordered by CLEC during the offering window and has/had a requested installation date of no later than December 7, 2002) shall be eligible for the Resale Discount for the duration of the Promotional Period for the underlying resold service regardless of whether such resold services were added after the end of the Offering Window (i.e., November 8, 2002). SBC/Ameritech is under no obligation to provide a service for resale at the Resale Discount outside the Promotional Period. For purposes of this subsection, Promotional Period is defined as a period of 36 months from the date a qualifying resold service was installed and operational, or the period during which the resold service remains in service at the same location and for the same telecommunications carrier, whichever is shorter.
- 3.3 If CLEC does not qualify for the Resale Discount, SBC-13STATE's provision, if any, and CLEC's payment for promotional resale discounts shall continue to be governed by Appendix Resale as currently contained in the Agreement without reference to this Appendix. Unless SBC receives thirty (30) days advance written notice with instructions to terminate service provided via the Resale Discount or to convert such service to an available alternative service provided by SBC-13STATE, then upon expiration of the Resale Discount in any state, the service shall automatically convert to an appropriate SBC-13STATE product/service offering pursuant to the rates, terms and conditions of the Agreement or, in the absence of rates, terms and conditions in the Agreement, the applicable tariff. Where there are no provisions for such offering in the Agreement without reference to this Appendix and there is no applicable tariff, the Parties shall meet within 30 days of a written request to do so to negotiate mutually acceptable rates, terms and conditions that shall apply retroactively. If the Parties are unable to reach agreement within 60 days of the written request to negotiate, any outstanding disputes shall be handled in accordance with the Dispute Resolution procedures in the Agreement.

4. UNBUNDLED LOCAL SWITCHING WITH SHARED TRANSPORT

4.1 SBC MIDWEST REGION 5-STATE will provide unbundled shared transport in accordance with Appendix C, paragraph 56 of the Federal Communications Commission's Memorandum Opinion and Order, CC Docket No. 98-141 (FCC 99-279, rel. October 8, 1999) until the obligation set forth therein has expired. To the extent this Agreement currently contains specific rates, terms and conditions for that SBC MIDWEST REGION 5-STATE unbundled shared transport offering, such offering shall be available to CLEC. In the event this Agreement does not contain specific rates, terms and conditions for that offering, such offering shall not be available to CLEC until CLEC incorporates specific rates, terms and conditions for unbundled shared transport into this Agreement via Amendment which would become effective following the date it is approved or deemed approved by the appropriate SBC MIDWEST REGION 5-STATE state commission or effective as may otherwise be set forth in the Amendment. unbundled shared transport is not offered under this Appendix.

5. CONFLICTING CONDITIONS

If any of the FCC Merger Conditions in this Appendix and conditions imposed in connection with the merger under state law grant similar rights against SBC-13STATE, CLEC shall not have a right to invoke the relevant terms of these FCC Merger Conditions in this Appendix if CLEC has invoked substantially related conditions imposed on the merger under state law in accordance the FCC Merger Conditions.

6. SUSPENSION OF CONDITIONS

If the FCC Merger Conditions are overturned or any of the provisions of the FCC Merger Conditions that are incorporated herein by reference are amended or modified as a result of any order or finding by the FCC, a court of competent jurisdiction or other governmental and/or regulatory authority, any impacted promotional discounts and other provisions described in this Appendix shall be automatically and without notice suspended as of the date of such termination, order or finding and shall not apply to any product or service purchased by CLEC or provisioned by SBC-13STATE after the date of such termination, order or finding. Thereafter, SBC-13STATE's continued provision and CLEC's payment for any service or item originally ordered or provided under this Appendix shall be governed by the rates, terms, and conditions as currently contained in the Agreement without reference to this Appendix. In the event that the FCC changes, modifies, adds or deletes any of the FCC Merger Conditions set forth herein, the Parties agree that the FCC's final order controls and takes precedence over the FCC Merger Conditions set forth herein.

APPENDIX ITR (Interconnection Trunking Requirements)

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APPENDIX ITR (Interconnection Trunking Requirements)

1. INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 This Appendix sets forth terms and conditions for Interconnection provided by the applicable SBC Communications Inc. (SBC) owned Incumbent Local Exchange Carrier (ILEC) and Competitive Local Exchange Carrier (CLEC).
- 1.2 This Appendix provides descriptions of the trunking requirements between CLEC and SBC-13STATE. Any references to incoming and outgoing trunk groups are from the perspective of CLEC. The paragraphs below describe the required and optional trunk groups for Section 251(b)(5) Traffic, ISP Bound Traffic, InterLATA Toll, IntraLATA Toll Traffic, InterLATA "Meet Point", Mass Calling, E911, Operator Services and Directory Assistance traffic.
- 1.3 Local Only and Local Interconnection Trunk Groups may only be used to transport traffic between the Parties' End Users.
- SBC Communications Inc. (SBC) means the holding company which directly or indirectly owns the following ILECs: Illinois Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Illinois, Indiana Bell Telephone Company Incorporated d/b/a SBC Indiana, Michigan Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Michigan, Nevada Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Nevada, The Ohio Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Ohio, Pacific Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC California, The Southern New England Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Connecticut, Southwestern Bell Telephone, L.P. d/b/a SBC Arkansas, SBC Kansas, SBC Missouri, SBC Oklahoma and/or SBC Texas and/or Wisconsin Bell, Inc. d/b/a SBC Wisconsin.
- 1.5 SBC-2STATE As used herein, SBC-2STATE means SBC CALIFORNIA and SBC NEVADA, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC(s) doing business in California and Nevada.
- SBC-4STATE As used herein, SBC-4STATE means Southwestern Bell Telephone, L.P. d/b/a SBC Arkansas, SBC Kansas, SBC Missouri, and SBC Oklahoma the applicable SBC-owned ILEC(s) doing business in Arkansas, Kansas, Missouri and Oklahoma.
- 1.7 SBC-7STATE As used herein, SBC-7STATE means SBC SOUTHWEST REGION 5-STATE, SBC CALIFORNIA and SBC NEVADA, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC(s) doing business in Arkansas, California, Kansas, Missouri, Nevada, Oklahoma, and Texas.
- 1.8 SBC-8STATE As used herein, SBC-8STATE means SBC SOUTHWEST REGION 5-STATE, SBC CALIFORNIA, SBC NEVADA, and SBC CONNECTICUT the applicable SBC-owned ILEC(s) doing business in Arkansas, California, Connecticut, Kansas, Missouri, Nevada, Oklahoma, and Texas.
- 1.9 SBC-10STATE As used herein, SBC-10STATE means SBC SOUTHWEST REGION 5-STATE and SBC MIDWEST REGION 5-STATE and the applicable SBC-owned ILEC(s) doing business in Arkansas, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Michigan, Missouri, Ohio, Oklahoma, Texas, and Wisconsin.
- 1.10 SBC-12STATE As used herein, SBC-12STATE means SBC SOUTHWEST REGION 5-STATE, SBC MIDWEST REGION 5-STATE and SBC-2STATE the applicable SBC-owned ILEC(s) doing business in Arkansas, California, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Michigan, Missouri, Nevada, Ohio, Oklahoma, Texas, and Wisconsin.
- 1.11 SBC-13STATE As used herein, SBC-13STATE means SBC SOUTHWEST REGION 5-STATE, SBC MIDWEST REGION 5-STATE, SBC-2STATE and SBC CONNECTICUT the applicable SBC-owned ILEC(s) doing business in Arkansas, California, Connecticut, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Michigan, Missouri, Nevada, Ohio, Oklahoma, Texas, and Wisconsin.
- 1.12 SBC ARKANSAS As used herein, SBC ARKANSAS means Southwestern Bell Telephone, L.P. d/b/a SBC Arkansas, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC doing business in Arkansas.

- 1.13 SBC CALIFORNIA As used herein, SBC CALIFORNIA means Pacific Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC California, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC doing business in California.
- 1.14 SBC CONNECTICUT As used herein, SBC CONNECTICUT means The Southern New England Telephone Company, the applicable above listed ILEC doing business in Connecticut.
- 1.15 SBC KANSAS As used herein, SBC KANSAS means Southwestern Bell Telephone, L.P. d/b/a SBC Kansas, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC doing business in Kansas.
- 1.16 SBC ILLINOIS As used herein, SBC ILLINOIS means Illinois Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Illinois, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC doing business in Illinois.
- 1.17 SBC INDIANA As used herein, SBC INDIANA means Indiana Bell Telephone Company Incorporated d/b/a SBC Indiana, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC doing business in Indiana.
- 1.18 SBC MICHIGAN As used herein, SBC MICHIGAN means Michigan Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Michigan, the applicable SBC-owned doing business in Michigan.
- 1.19 SBC MIDWEST REGION 5-STATE As used herein, SBC MIDWEST REGION 5-STATE means Illinois Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Illinois, Indiana Bell Telephone Company Incorporated d/b/a SBC Indiana, Michigan Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Michigan, The Ohio Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Ohio, and/or Wisconsin Bell, Inc. d/b/a SBC Wisconsin, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC(s) doing business in Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio, and Wisconsin.
- 1.20 SBC MISSOURI As used herein, SBC MISSOURI means Southwestern Bell Telephone, L.P. d/b/a SBC Missouri, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC doing business in Missouri.
- 1.21 SBC NEVADA As used herein, SBC NEVADA means Nevada Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Nevada, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC doing business in Nevada.
- 1.22 SBC OHIO As used herein, SBC OHIO means The Ohio Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Ohio, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC doing business in Ohio.
- 1.23 SBC OKLAHOMA As used herein, SBC OKLAHOMA means Southwestern Bell Telephone, L.P. d/b/a SBC Oklahoma, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC doing business in Oklahoma.
- 1.24 SBC SOUTHWEST REGION 5-STATE As used herein, SBC SOUTHWEST REGION 5-STATE means Southwestern Bell Telephone, L.P. d/b/a SBC Arkansas, SBC Kansas, SBC Missouri, SBC Oklahoma and/or SBC Texas the applicable above listed ILEC(s) doing business in Arkansas, Kansas, Missouri, Oklahoma, and Texas.
- 1.25 SBC TEXAS As used herein, SBC TEXAS means Southwestern Bell Telephone, L.P. d/b/a SBC Texas, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC doing business in Texas.
- 1.26 SBC WISCONSIN As used herein, SBC WISCONSIN means Wisconsin Bell, Inc. d/b/a SBC Wisconsin, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC doing business in Wisconsin.

2. **DEFINITIONS**

- 2.1 "Access Tandem Switch" is defined as a switching machine within the public switched telecommunications network that is used to connect and switch trunk circuits between and among End Office Switches for IXC (Inter-exchange Carrier) carried traffic, interLATA Toll Traffic and IntraLATA Toll Traffic in the SBC SOUTHWEST REGION 5-STATE as well as switching Section 251(b)(5) Traffic and ISP-Bound Traffic in SBC-2STATE, SBC MIDWEST REGION 5-STATE and SBC-CONNECTICUT.
- 2.2 "End Office" or "End Office Switch" is a switching machine that directly terminates traffic to and receives traffic from end users purchasing local exchange services. A PBX is not considered an End Office Switch.
- 2.3 "IntraLATA Toll Traffic" or "IntraLATA Toll" is defined as traffic between one SBC 13-STATE local calling area to the local calling area of another SBC 13-STATE or LEC within one LATA within the respective state.

- 2.4 "IntraLATA Toll Trunk Group" is defined as a trunk group carrying IntraLATA Toll Traffic as defined above.
- 2.5 "ISP-Bound Traffic" is as defined in Attachment: Intercarrier Compensation.
- 2.6 "Local Interconnection Trunk Groups" are two-way trunk groups used to carry Section 251(b)(5)/IntraLATA and Toll Traffic between CLEC End Users and SBC-12STATE End Users. In SBC-CONNECTICUT these trunk groups will carry the same type of traffic, but they will be established and used as one-way.
- 2.7 "Local/IntraLATA Tandem Switch" is defined as a switching machine within the public switched telecommunications network that is used to connect and switch trunk circuits between and among subtending End Office Switches for Section 251(b)(5)/IntraLATA Toll Traffic.
- 2.8 "Local Only Tandem Switch" is defined as a switching machine within the public switched telecommunications network that is used to connect and switch trunk circuits between and among other End Office Switches for Section 251(b)(5) and ISP-Bound Traffic.
- 2.9 "Local Only Trunk Groups" are two-way trunk groups used to carry Section 251(b)(5) and ISP-Bound Traffic only.
- 2.10 "Local Tandem" refers to any Local Only, Local/IntraLATA, Local/Access or Access Tandem Switch serving a particular local calling area.
- 2.11 "Meet Point Trunk Group" carries traffic between CLEC's End Users and Interexchange Carriers (IXCs) via SBC-13STATE Access or Local/Access Tandem Switches.
- 2.12 "Offers Service" is defined as when CLEC opens an NPA-NXX, ports a number to serve an End User or pools a block of numbers to serve End Users.
- 2.13 "Section 251(b)(5) Traffic" is as defined in Attachment: Intercarrier Compensation.
- 2.14 "Section 251(b)(5)/IntraLATA Toll Traffic" shall mean for purposes of this Attachment, (i) Section 251(b)(5) Traffic, (ii) ISP-Bound Traffic, (iii) IntraLATA Toll traffic originating from an End User obtaining local dial tone from CLEC's network where CLEC is both the Section 251(b)(5) Traffic and Toll provider, and/or (iv) IntraLATA Toll traffic originating from an End User obtaining local dialtone from SBC-13STATE where SBC-13STATE is both the Section 251(b)(5) Traffic and IntraLATA Toll provider.

3. ONE-WAY AND TWO-WAY TRUNK GROUPS

- 3.1 CLEC shall issue Access Service Requests (ASRs) for two-way Local Only Trunk Groups, Local Interconnection and Meet Point Trunk Groups. CLEC shall issue ASRs for one-way trunk groups originating at the CLEC switch. SBC-13STATE shall issue ASRs for one-way trunk groups, originating at the SBC-13STATE switch.
- 3.2 Trunk groups for ancillary services (e.g. OS/DA, BLVI, mass calling, and E911) and Meet Point Trunk Groups can be established between CLEC switch and the appropriate SBC-13STATE Tandem Switch as further provided in this Appendix ITR.
- 3.3 Two-way Local Interconnection Trunk Groups for traffic can be established between CLEC's switch and an SBC-12STATE Local Tandem or End Office Switch. Two-way Local Only Trunk Groups can be established between CLEC's switch and an SBC-12STATE Local Tandem. These trunk groups will utilize Signaling System 7 (SS7) or multi-frequency (MF) signaling protocol, with SS7 signaling preferred whenever possible.
- 3.4 Intentionally Left Blank
- 3.5 The Parties recognize that embedded one-way trunks may exist for Section 251(b)(5)/IntraLATA Toll Traffic. The Parties may agree to negotiate a transition plan to migrate the embedded one-way Local Only and/or Local Interconnection Trunk Groups to two-way Local Only and/or two-way Local Interconnection Trunk Groups. The Parties will coordinate any such migration, trunk group prioritization, and

implementation schedule. SBC-12STATE agrees to develop a cutover plan and project manage the cutovers with CLEC participation and agreement.

4. TANDEM TRUNKING AND DIRECT END OFFICE TRUNKING

- 4.1 SBC-13STATE deploys in its network Local Only Tandem Switches (SBC SOUTHWEST REGION 5-STATE and SBC MIDWEST REGION 5-STATE), Local/IntraLATA Tandem Switches (SBC SOUTHWEST REGION 5-STATE only), Local/Access Tandem Switches and Access Tandem Switches In addition SBC-13STATE deploys Tandems that switch ancillary traffic such as E911 (E911 Tandem or E911 Selective Routing Tandem), Operator Services/Directory Assistance (OS/DA Tandem), and Mass Calling (choke Tandem).
- 4.2 CLEC shall establish Local Only or Local Interconnection Trunk Groups to all Local Tandems in the local exchange area in which CLEC Offers Service in SBC SOUTHWEST REGION 5-STATE. CLEC shall route appropriate traffic (i.e. only traffic to End Offices that subtend that tandem) to the respective SBC-13STATE tandem on the trunk groups defined below. SBC-13STATE shall route appropriate traffic to CLEC switches on the trunk groups defined below.
- 4.3 Direct End Office Trunk Groups (DEOTs) transport Section 251(b)(5)/Meet Point/IntraLATA/InterLATA Toll Traffic between CLEC's switch and an SBC-13STATE End Office and are not switched at a Local Tandem location. Unless otherwise agreed to, once provisioned, traffic from CLEC to SBC-13STATE must be redirected to route first to the DEOT with overflow traffic alternate routed to the appropriate SBC-13STATE Local Tandem.
- 4.4 All traffic received by SBC-13STATE on the DEOT from CLEC must terminate in the End Office, i.e. no Tandem switching will be performed in the End Office. Where End Office functionality is provided in a remote End Office of a host/remote configuration, CLEC shall establish the DEOT at the host switch. The number of digits to be received by the SBC-13STATE End Office shall be mutually agreed upon by the Parties. This trunk group shall be two-way (one-way in SBC CONNECTICUT).

4.5 Trunk Configuration

- 4.5.1 Trunk Configuration SBC SOUTHWEST REGION 5-STATE, SBC MIDWEST REGION 5-STATE and SBC CONNECTICUT
 - 4.5.1.1 Where available and upon the request of the other Party, each Party shall cooperate to ensure that its trunk groups are configured utilizing the Bipolar 8 Zero Substitution Extended Super Frame (B8ZS ESF) protocol for 64 kbps Clear Channel Capability (64CCC) transmission to allow for ISDN interoperability between the Parties' respective networks. Trunk groups configured for 64CCC and carrying Circuit Switched Data (CSD) ISDN calls shall carry the appropriate Trunk Type Modifier in the CLCI-Message code. Trunk groups configured for 64CCC and not used to carry CSD ISDN calls shall carry a different appropriate Trunk Type Modifier in the CLCI-Message code.
 - 4.5.1.1.1 Any SBC-13STATE switch incapable of handling 64CCC traffic will require that Local Interconnection Trunk Groups be established at those switches using Alternate Mark Inversion (AMI).

5. TRUNK GROUPS

- 5.1 When CLEC Offers Service in a Local Exchange Area or LATA, the following trunk groups shall be used to exchange various types of traffic between CLEC End Users and SBC-13STATE End Users.
- 5.2 Local Only and Local Interconnection Trunk Group(s) in each Local Exchange Area: SBC SOUTHWEST REGION 5-STATE.
 - 5.2.1 A two-way Interconnection Trunk Group shall be established between CLEC's switch and each SBC SOUTHWEST REGION 5-STATE appropriate tandem Switch in the local exchange area or LATA.

- 5.2.2 A two-way Local Interconnection Trunk Group shall be established between CLEC switch and each SBC SOUTHWEST REGION 5-STATE Local/IntraLATA Tandem Switch and each Local/Access Tandem Switch in the local exchange area. Inter-Tandem switching is not provided.
- 5.2.3 SBC SOUTHWEST REGION 5-STATE reserves the right to initiate a one-way IntraLATA Trunk Group to CLEC in order to provide Tandem relief when a community of interest is outside the local exchange area in which CLEC is interconnected.
- 5.2.4 Where traffic from CLEC switch to an SBC SOUTHWEST REGION 5-STATE End Office is sufficient (24 or more trunks), a Local Interconnection Trunk Group shall also be established to the SBC SOUTHWEST REGION 5-STATE End Office.
- 5.2.5 For each SBC end office that does not subtend an SBC Local Tandem, Sprint and SBC shall exchange traffic on an Indirect basis. See definition of Indirect Traffic.

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- 5.3.1 Where SBC Missouri has a single Access Tandem in a LATA, IntraLATA Toll and Local traffic shall be combined on a single Local Interconnection Trunk group for calls destined to or from all End Offices that subtend the Tandem. This trunk group shall be two-way and will utilize Signaling System 7 (SS7) signaling and shall be subject to cost sharing provisions set forth in NIM Section 5. In SBC Missouri;
 - 5.3.1.1 Section 251(b)(5) Meet Point and IntraLATA/InterLATA Toll and ISP Bound Traffic shall be routed on Multi-jurisdictional Trunk Groups established at appropriate SBC Tandems in the LATA for calls destined to or from SBC Missouri End Offices that subtend the appropriate tandem. These trunk groups shall be two-way and will utilize Signaling System (SS7) signaling and shall be subject to cost sharing provisions set forth in NIM Section 5.

5.4 Meet Point Trunk Group: SBC-13STATE

- 5.4.1 IXC traffic shall be transported between CLEC switch and the SBC-13STATE Access or combined local/Access Tandem over a Meet Point Trunk Group separate from Section 251(b)(5)/IntraLATA toll traffic. The Meet Point Trunk Group will be established for the transmission and routing of exchange access traffic between CLEC's End Users and inter exchange carriers via a SBC-13STATE Access Tandem.
- 5.4.2 Meet Point Trunk Groups shall be provisioned as two-way and will utilize SS7 signaling, except multi-frequency ("MF") signaling will be used on a separate Meet Point Trunk Group to complete originating calls to switched access customers that use MF FGD signaling protocol Where available, network signaling information such as transit network selection ("TNS") parameter, carrier identification codes ("CIC") (CCS platform) and CIC/OZZ information (non-SS7 environment) will be provided by the CLEC wherever such information is needed for call routing or billing. The Parties will follow all OBF adopted standards pertaining to TNS and CIC/OZZ codes. CLEC is financially responsible for the transport facility cost as described in Appendix NIM section

5.4.3 One-Way and Two-Way Trunk Groups

- 5.4.3.1 A one-way trunk group for ancillary services (e.g. OPS/DA, mass calling, 911) can be established between a Sprint Tandem or End Office switch and an SBC-13STATE Tandem. This trunk group will utilize Signaling System 7 (SS7) or multi-frequency (MF) signaling protocol, with SS7 signaling preferred whenever possible. Sprint will have administrative control of one-way trunk groups from Sprint to SBC-13STATE (Sprint originating).
- 5.4.3.2 Two-way trunk groups for Section 251(b)(5)/IntraLATA Toll Traffic can be established between a Sprint switch and an SBC-13STATE Tandem or End Office switch. This trunk group will utilize Signaling System 7 (SS7) or multi-frequency (MF) signaling protocol, with SS7 signaling preferred whenever possible. Two-way trunking will be jointly provisioned

and maintained. For administrative consistency Sprint will have control for the purpose of issuing Access Service Requests (ASRs) on two-way groups. SBC-13STATE will use the Trunk Group Service Request (TGSR), as described in Section 7.3.1 of this Appendix, to request changes in trunking. Both Parties reserve the right to issue ASRs, if so required, in the normal course of business.

- 5.4.4 In SBC-13STATE where there is more than one Access Tandem in a LATA, and the CLEC had previously established a Meet Point Trunk Group to a SBC-13STATE Access Tandem, or a constrained Access Tandem condition exist, the Parties agree to develop a mutually acceptable plan to establish a Meet Point Trunk Group to each SBC-13STATE Access Tandem where the CLEC has homed its NXX code(s)
- 5.4.5 FOR SBC CALIFORNIA ONLY: CLEC will home new codes serving a particular community on the Tandem serving that community, as defined in SCHEDULE CAL.P.U.C. NO. 175—T, Section 6.7.3, Tandem Access Sectorization (TAS). CLEC is not required, however, to home codes by the sector designations. CLEC also agrees to locate at least one Local Routing Number (LRN) per home Tandem if CLEC ports any telephone numbers to its network from a community currently homing on that Tandem.
- 5.4.6 Intentionally Left Blank
- 5.4.7 SBC-13STATE will not block switched access customer traffic delivered to any SBC-13STATE Access Tandem Switch or Local/Access Tandem Switch for completion on CLEC's network. The Parties understand and agree that Meet Point trunking arrangements are available and functional only to/from switched access customers who directly connect with any SBC-13STATE Access Tandem Switch or Local/Access Tandem Switch that CLEC switch subtends in each LATA. In no event will SBC-13STATE be required to route such traffic through more than one of its tandem switches for connection to/from switched access customers. SBC-13STATE shall have no responsibility to ensure that any switched access customer will accept traffic that CLEC directs to the switched access customer.
- 5.5 800/(8YY) Traffic: SBC-13STATE
 - 5.5.1 If CLEC chooses SBC-13STATE to handle 800/(8YY) database queries from its switches, all CLEC originating 800/(8YY) traffic will be routed over the meet point trunk group. This traffic will include a combination of both Interexchange Carrier (IXC), 800/(8YY) service and CLEC 800/(8YY) service that will be identified and segregated by carrier through the database query handled through the SBC-13STATE Tandem switch.
 - 5.5.2 All originating Toll Free Service (800/8YY) calls for which CLEC requests that SBC-13STATE perform the Service Switching Point ("SSP") function (e.g., perform the database query) shall be delivered using GR-394 format over the Meet Point Trunk Group. Carrier Code "0110" and Circuit Code (to be determined for each LATA) shall be used for all such calls.
 - 5.5.3 CLEC may handle its own 800/8YY database queries from its switch. If so, CLEC will determine the nature (local/intraLATA/interLATA) of the 800/8YY call based on the response from the database. If the query determines that the call is a local or IntraLATA 800/8YY number, CLEC will route the post-query local or IntraLATA converted ten-digit local number to SBC-13STATE over the local or intraLATA trunk group. In such case, the CLEC is to provide an 800/8YY billing record when appropriate. If the query reveals the call is an InterLATA 800/8YY number, CLEC will route the post-query inter-LATA call (800/8YY number) directly from its switch for carriers Interconnected with its network or over the meet point group to carriers not directly connected to its network but are connected to SBC-13STATE's Access Tandem. Calls will be routed to SBC-13STATE over the trunk groups within the LATA in which the calls originate.
 - 5.5.4 All post-query Toll Free Service (800/8YY) calls for which CLEC performs the SSP function, if delivered to SBC-13STATE, shall be delivered using GR-394 format over the Trunk Group for calls

destined to IXCs, or shall be delivered by CLEC using GR-317 format over the trunk Group for calls destined to End Offices that directly subtend the Tandem.

5.6 E911 Trunk Group

- 5.6.1 A dedicated trunk group for each NPA shall be established to each appropriate E911 switch within the local exchange area or LATA in which the CLEC Offers Service. CLEC will have administrative control for the purpose of issuing ASRs on this one-way trunk group. This trunk group shall be provisioned as a one-way outgoing only and will utilize MF CAMA signaling or, where available, SS7 signaling. Where the parties utilize SS7 signaling and the E911 network has the technology available, only one E911 trunk group shall be established to handle multiple NPAs within the local exchange area or LATA. If the E911 network does not have the appropriate technology available, a SS7 trunk group shall be established for each NPA in the local exchange area or LATA. CLEC shall provide a minimum of two (2) one-way outgoing channels on E911 trunk groups per default PSAP or default ESN assignment dedicated for originating E911 emergency service calls from the Point of Interconnection (POI) to the SBC-13STATE E911 Selective Router switch that serves a specified geographic rate area.
- 5.6.2 In SBC CONNECTICUT only, CLEC will comply with the CT DPUC directives regarding the E911 trunk groups. The current directive requires CLEC to establish three dedicated separate trunk groups for each Connecticut NPA and default PSAP or default ESN assignment, from its switch to each of the Connecticut E911 Selective Routing tandems. For each NPA, one trunk group using SS7 signaling will go to the Primary E911 Selective Routing tandem. A second trunk group using SS7 will go to the Secondary E911 Selective Routing tandem. The third trunk group will have MF CAMA signaling and will go to the Primary E911 tandem and serve as a backup. These trunk groups shall be provisioned as a one-way outgoing only. CLEC will have administrative control for the purpose of issuing ASRs.
- 5.6.3 CLEC will cooperate with SBC-13STATE to promptly test all E911 trunks and facilities between CLEC network and the SBC-13STATE E911 Selective Routing Tandem to assure proper functioning of E911 service. CLEC will not turn-up live traffic until successful testing is completed by both Parties.
- 5.7 High Volume Call In (HVCI) / Mass Calling (Choke) Trunk Group: SBC-12STATE
 - 5.7.1 A dedicated trunk group shall be required to the designated Public Response HVCI/Mass Calling Network Access Tandem in each serving area. This trunk group shall be one-way outgoing only and shall utilize MF signaling. As the HVCI/Mass Calling trunk group is designed to block all excessive attempts toward HVCI/Mass Calling NXXs, it is necessarily exempt from the one percent blocking standard described elsewhere for other final Local Interconnection Trunk Groups. CLEC will have administrative control for the purpose of issuing ASRs on this one-way trunk group. The Parties will not exchange live traffic until successful testing is completed by both Parties.
 - 5.7.2 This group shall be sized as follows:

Number of Access Lines Served	Number of Mass Calling Trunks
0 – 10,000	2
10,001 – 20,000	3
20,001 – 30,000	4
30,001 – 40,000	5
40,001 – 50,000	6
50,001 – 60,000	. 7
60,001 – 75,000	8
75,000 +	9 maximum

- 5.7.3 If CLEC should acquire a HVCI/Mass Calling customer, i.e. a radio station, CLEC shall notify SBC-12STATE at least 60 days in advance of the need to establish a one-way outgoing SS7 or MF trunk group from the SBC-12STATE HVCI/Mass Calling Serving Office to the CLEC customer's serving office. CLEC will have administrative control for the purpose of issuing ASRs on this one-way trunk group.
- 5.7.4 If CLEC finds it necessary to issue a new choke telephone number to a new or existing HVCI/Mass Calling customer, the CLEC may request a meeting to coordinate with SBC-12STATE the assignment of HVCI/Mass Calling telephone number from the existing choke NXX. In the event that the CLEC establishes a new choke NXX, CLEC must notify SBC-12STATE a minimum of ninety (90) days prior to deployment of the new HVCI/Mass Calling NXX. SBC-12STATE will perform the necessary translations in its End Offices and Tandem(s) and issue ASR's to establish a one-way outgoing SS7 or MF trunk group from the SBC-12STATE Public Response HVCI/Mass Calling Network Access Tandem to the CLEC's choke serving office.
- 5.7.5 In SBC CONNECTICUT, where HVCI/Mass Calling NXXs have not been established, the Parties agree to utilize "call gapping" as the method to control high volumes of calls, where technically feasible in the originating switch, to specific high volume customers or in situations such as those described in Section 36 Network Maintenance and Management of the General Terms and Conditions.
- 5.8 Operator Services/Directory Assistance Trunk Group(s)
 - 5.8.1 Terms and Conditions for Inward Assistance Operator Services are found in Appendix INW.
 - 5.8.2 If SBC-13STATE agrees through a separate appendix or contract to provide Directory Assistance and/or Operator Services for CLEC the following trunk groups are required:
 - 5.8.2.1 Directory Assistance (DA)
 - 5.8.2.1.1 CLEC may contract for DA services only. A segregated trunk group for these services will be required to the appropriate SBC-13STATE OPERATOR SERVICES Tandem in the LATA for the NPA the CLEC wishes to serve. This trunk group is provisioned as one-way outgoing only and utilizes Modified Operator Services Signaling (2 Digit Automatic Number Identification (ANI)). CLEC will have administrative control for the purpose of issuing ASRs on this one-way trunk group.
 - 5.8.2.2 Directory Assistance Call Completion (DACC)
 - 5.8.2.2.1 CLEC contracting for DA services may also contract for DACC. This requires a segregated one-way trunk group to each SBC-13STATE OPERATOR SERVICES Tandem within the LATA for the combined DA and DACC traffic. his trunk group is provisioned as one-way outgoing only and utilizes Modified Operator Services Signaling (2 Digit ANI). The CLEC will have administrative control for the purpose of issuing ASRs on this one-way trunk group.
 - 5.8.2.3 Busy Line Verification/Emergency Interrupt (BLV/EI)
 - 5.8.2.3.1 When SBC-13STATE's operator is under contract to verify the busy status of the CLEC End Users, SBC-13STATE will utilize a segregated one-way with MF signaling trunk group from SBC-13STATE's Operator Services Tandem to CLEC switch. CLEC will have administrative control for the purpose of issuing ASRs on this one-way trunk group.
 - 5.8.2.4 Operator Assistance (0+, 0-)
 - 5.8.2.4.1 This service requires a one-way trunk group from CLEC switch to SBC-13STATE's OPERATOR SERVICES Tandem. Two types of trunk groups may be utilized. If the trunk group transports DA/DACC, the trunk group will be

designated with the appropriate traffic use code and modifier. If DA is not required or is transported on a segregated trunk group, then the group will be designated with a different appropriate traffic use code and modifier. Modified Operator Services Signaling (2 Digit ANI) will be required on the trunk group. CLEC will have administrative control for the purpose of issuing ASRs on this one-way trunk group.

5.8.2.5 Digit-Exchange Access Operator Services Signaling

5.8.2.5.1 CLEC will employ Exchange Access Operator Services Signaling (EAOSS) from the equal access End Offices (EAEO) to the OPERATOR SERVICES switch that are equipped to accept 10 Digit Signaling for Automatic Number Identification (ANI).

5.8.2.6 OS Questionnaire

5.8.2.6.1 If CLEC chooses SBC-13STATE to provide either OS and/or DA, then CLEC agrees to accurately complete the OS Questionnaire prior to submitting ASRs for OS and DA trunks.

6. TRUNK FORECASTING RESPONSIBILITIES: SBC-13STATE

- CLEC agrees to provide an initial forecast for establishing the initial Interconnection facilities. SBC-13STATE shall review this trunk forecast and provide any additional information that may impact the trunk forecast information provided by CLEC. Subsequent forecasts shall be provided on a semi-annual basis, not later than January 1 and July 1 in order to be considered in the semi-annual publication of the SBC-13STATE General Trunk Forecast. Each trunk forecast must include information for all trunk groups described in this Appendix for a minimum of three years. Parties agree to the use of Common Language Location Identification (CLLI) coding and Common Language Circuit Identification for Message Trunk coding (CLCI-MSG) which is described in TELCORDIA TECHNOLOGIES documents BR795-100-100 and BR795-400-100 respectively. Inquiries pertaining to use of TELCORDIA TECHNOLOGIES common Language Standards and document availability should be directed to TELCORDIA TECHNOLOGIES at 1-800-521-2673.
- 6.2 The semi-annual forecasts shall include:
 - 6.2.1 Yearly forecasted trunk quantities for all trunk groups required in this appendix for a minimum of three (current plus 2 future) years; and
 - 6.2.2 A description of major network projects anticipated for the following six months. Major network projects include trunking or network rearrangements, shifts in anticipated traffic patterns, orders greater than four (4) DS1's, or other activities that are reflected by a significant increase or decrease in trunking demand for the following forecasting period.
 - 6.2.3 The Parties shall agree on these forecasts to ensure efficient trunk utilization. For forecast quantities that are in dispute, the Parties shall make all reasonable efforts to develop a mutually agreeable forecast.
 - 6.2.4 Orders for trunks that exceed forecasted quantities for forecasted locations will be accommodated as mutually agreed to by the Parties. Parties shall make all reasonable efforts and cooperate in good faith to develop alternative solutions to accommodate these orders.
- 6.3 CLEC shall be responsible for forecasting two-way trunk groups. SBC-13STATE shall be responsible for forecasting the one-way trunk groups terminating to CLEC and CLEC shall be responsible for forecasting the one-way trunk groups terminating to SBC-13STATE, unless otherwise specified in this Appendix.
- 6.4 Each Party shall provide a specified point of contact for planning and forecasting purposes.

7. TRUNK DESIGN BLOCKING CRITERIA: SBC-13STATE

7.1 Trunk requirements for forecasting and servicing shall be based on the blocking objectives shown in Table 1. Trunk requirements shall be based upon time consistent average busy season busy hour twenty (20) day averaged loads applied to industry standard Neal-Wilkinson Trunk Group Capacity algorithms (use Medium day-to-day Variation and 1.0 Peakedness factor until actual traffic data is available).

TABLE 1

Trunk Group Type	Design Blocking Objective
Local Interconnection Trunk Group Direct End Office (Primary High)	ECCS*
Local Interconnection Trunk Group - Direct End Office (Final)	2%
IntraLATA Toll Trunk Group (Local/Access or Access Tandem Switch)	1%
Local Interconnection Trunk Group (Local Tandem)	1%
Meet Point (Local/Access or Access Tandem Switch)	0.5%
E911	1%
Operator Services (DA/DACC)	1%
Operator Services (0+, 0-)	1%
Busy Line Verification/Emergency Interrupt	1%

^{*}During implementation the Parties will mutually agree on an Economic Centum Call Seconds (ECCS) or some other means for the sizing of this trunk group.

8. TRUNK SERVICING: SBC-13STATE

- 8.1 Orders between the Parties to establish, add, change or disconnect trunks shall be processed by using an Access Service Request (ASR). CLEC will have administrative control for the purpose of issuing ASRs on two-way trunk groups. In SBC CONNECTICUT where one-way trunks are used (as discussed in section 3.4), SBC MIDWEST REGION 5-STATE and SBC CONNECTICUT will issue ASRs for trunk groups for traffic that originates from SBCCONNECTICUT and terminates to CLEC.
- 8.2 Both Parties will jointly manage the capacity of Local Only, Local Interconnection and Meet Point Local Interconnection Trunk Groups. Both Parties may send a Trunk Group Service Request (TGSR) to the other Party to trigger changes to the Local Only, Local Interconnection and Meet Point Trunk Groups based on capacity assessment. The TGSR is a standard industry support interface developed by the Ordering and Billing Forum of the Carrier liaison Committee of the Alliance for Telecommunications Solutions (ATIS) organization. TELCORDIA TECHNOLOGIES Special Report STS000316 describes the format and use of the TGSR. Contact TELCORDIA TECHNOLOGIES at 1-800-521-2673 regarding the documentation availability and use of this form.
- 8.3 Utilization: Utilization shall be defined as Trunks Required as a percentage of Trunks In Service.
 - 8.3.1 In A Blocking Situation (Over-utilization)
 - 8.3.1.1 In a blocking situation the CLEC is responsible for issuing ASRs on all two-way Local Only interconnection and Meet Point Trunk Groups and one-way CLEC originating Local Interconnection Trunk Groups to reduce measured blocking to design objective blocking levels based on analysis of trunk group data. If an ASR is not issued, SBC-13STATE will issue a TSGR. CLEC will issue an ASR within three (3) days after receipt and review of the TGSR. CLEC will note "Service Affecting" On the ASR.
 - 8.3.1.3 If an alternate final Local Only Trunk Group or Local Interconnection Trunk Group is at seventy-five percent (75 %) utilization, a TGSR is sent to CLEC for the final and all subtending high usage's that are contributing any amount of overflow to the final route.
 - 8.3.1.4 If a direct final Meet Point Trunk Group is at seventy-five percent (75%) utilization, a TGSR shall be sent to CLEC.

8.3.2 Underutilization

- 8.3.2.1 Underutilization of Local Only Trunk Groups, Local Interconnection Trunk Groups and Meet Point Trunk Groups exists when provisioned capacity is greater than the current need. Those situations where more capacity exists than actual usage requires will be handled in the following manner:
 - 8.3.2.1.1 If a Local Only Trunk Group Local Interconnection trunk Group or a Meet Point Trunk Group is under seventy-five percent (75%) of CCS capacity on a monthly average basis, for each month of any three (3) consecutive months period, either Party may request the issuance of an order to resize the Local Only trunk Group, Local Interconnection Trunk Group or the Meet Point Trunk Group, which shall be left with not less than twenty-five percent (25%) excess capacity. In all cases grade of service objectives shall be maintained.
 - 8.3.2.1.2 Either party may send a TGSR to the other Party to trigger changes to the Local Only trunk Groups, Local Interconnection trunk Groups or Meet Point Trunk Groups based on capacity assessment. Upon receipt of a TGSR, the receiving Party will issue an ASR to the other Party within twenty (20) business days after receipt of the TGSR.
 - 8.3.2.1.3 Upon review of the TGSR, if a Party does not agree with the resizing, the Parties will schedule a joint planning discussion within the twenty(20) business days. The Parties will meet to resolve and mutually agree to the disposition of the TGSR.
 - 8.3.2.1.4 If SBC-13STATE does not receive an ASR, or if CLEC does not respond to the TGSR by scheduling a joint discussion within the twenty (20) business day period, SBC-13STATE will attempt to contact CLEC to schedule a joint planning discussion. If CLEC will not agree to meet within an additional five (5) business days and present adequate reason for keeping trunks operational, SBC-13STATE reserves the right to issue ASRs to resize the Local Only Trunk Groups, Local Interconnection Trunk Groups or Meet Point Trunk Groups.

8.3.3 Trunk Servicing – SBC SOUTHWEST REGION 5-STATE Exceptions

- 8.3.3.1 The Parties will process trunk service requests submitted via a properly completed ASR within ten (10) business days of receipt of such ASR unless defined as a major project. Incoming orders will be screened by SBC SOUTHWEST REGION 5-STATE trunk engineering personnel for reasonableness based upon current utilization and/or consistency with forecasts. If the nature and necessity of an order requires determination, the ASR will be placed in held status, and a Joint Planning discussion conducted. Parties agree to expedite this discussion in order to minimize delay in order processing. Extension of this review and discussion process beyond two days from ASR receipt will require the ordering Party to Supplement the order with proportionally adjusted Customer Desired Due Dates. Facilities must also be in place before trunk orders can be completed.
- 8.4 Projects require the coordination and execution of multiple orders or related activities between and among SBC-13STATE and CLEC work groups, including but not limited to the initial establishment of Local Only, Local Interconnection or Meet Point Trunk Groups and service in an area, NXX code moves, re-homes, facility grooming, or network rearrangements.
 - 8.4.1 Orders that comprise a project, i.e., greater than four (4) DS1s, shall be submitted at the same time, and their implementation shall be jointly planned and coordinated.

- 8.9 Projects-Tandem Rehomes/Switch Conversion/Major Network Projects
 - 8.9.1 SBC-13STATE will advise CLEC of all projects significantly affecting CLEC trunking. Such Projects may include, Tandem Rehomes, Switch Conversions and other Major Network Changes. An Accessible Letter with project details will be issued at least 6 months prior to the project due dates. SBC-13STATE will follow with a Trunk Group Service Request (TGSR) approximately 4 to 6 months before the due date of the project. A separate TGSR will be issued for each CLEC trunk group and will specify the required CLEC ASR issue date. Failure to submit ASR(s) by the required date may result in SBC-13STATE ceasing to deliver traffic until the ASR(s) are received and processed.

9. TRUNK DATA EXCHANGE: SBC-13STATE

- 9.1 The Parties agree to exchange traffic data on two-way trunks and to implement such an exchange within three (3) months of the date that two-way trunking is established and the trunk groups begin passing live traffic, or another date as agreed to by the Parties.
- 9.2 Exchange of traffic data enables each Party to make accurate and independent assessments of trunk group service levels and requirements. Parties agree to establish a timeline for implementing an exchange of traffic data utilizing the DIXC process via a Network Data Mover (NDM) or FTP computer to computer file transfer process. Implementation shall be within three (3) months of the date, or such date as agreed upon, that the trunk groups begin passing live traffic. The traffic data to be exchanged will be the Originating Attempt Peg Count, Usage (measured in Hundred Call Seconds), Overflow Peg Count, and Maintenance Usage (measured in Hundred Call Seconds on a seven (7) day per week, twenty-four (24) hour per day, fifty-two (52) weeks per year basis). These reports shall be made available at a minimum on a semi-annual basis upon request. Exchange of data on one-way groups is optional.
- 9.3 A trunk group utilization report (TIKI) is available upon request. The report is provided in a MS-Excel format.

10. NETWORK MANAGEMENT: SBC-13STATE

- 10.1 Restrictive Controls
 - 10.1.1 Either Party may use protective network traffic management controls such as 7-digit and 10-digit code gaps set at appropriate levels on traffic toward each other's network, when required, to protect the public switched network from congestion due to facility failures, switch congestion, or failure or focused overload. CLEC and SBC-13STATE will immediately notify each other of any protective control action planned or executed.
- 10.2 Expansive Controls
 - 10.2.1 Where the capability exists, originating or terminating traffic reroutes may be implemented by either Party to temporarily relieve network congestion due to facility failures or abnormal calling patterns. Reroutes will not be used to circumvent normal trunk servicing. Expansive controls will only be used when mutually agreed to by the Parties.
- 10.3 Mass Calling
 - 10.3.1 CLEC and SBC-13STATE shall cooperate and share pre-planning information regarding cross-network call-ins expected to generate large or focused temporary increases in call volumes.

11. INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

12. SWITCHED ACCESS TRAFFIC

12.1 For purposes of this Agreement only, Switched Access Traffic shall mean all traffic that originates from an end user physically located in one local exchange and delivered for termination to an end user physically located in a different local exchange (excluding traffic from exchanges sharing a common mandatory local calling area as defined in SBC 13-STATE's local exchange tariffs on file with the applicable state

commission) including, without limitation, any traffic that (i) terminates over a Party's circuit switch, including traffic from a service that originates over a circuit switch and uses Internet Protocol (IP) transport technology (regardless of whether only one provider uses IP transport or multiple providers are involved in providing IP transport) and/or (ii) originates from the end user's premises in IP format and is transmitted to the switch of a provider of voice communication applications or services when such switch utilizes IP technology and terminates over a Party's circuit switch. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, all Switched Access Traffic shall be delivered to the terminating Party over feature group access trunks per the terminating Party's access tariff(s) and shall be subject to applicable intrastate and interstate switched access charges; provided, however, the following categories of Switched Access Traffic are not subject to the above stated requirement relating to routing over feature group access trunks:

- (i) IntraLATA toll Traffic or Optional EAS Traffic from a CLEC end user that obtains local dial tone from CLEC where CLEC is both the Section 251(b)(5) Traffic provider and the intraLATA toll provider,
- (ii) IntraLATA toll Traffic or Optional EAS Traffic from an SBC end user that obtains local dial tone from SBC where SBC is both the Section 251(b)(5) Traffic provider and the intraLATA toll provider;
- (iii) Switched Access Traffic delivered to SBC from an Interexchange Carrier (IXC) where the terminating number is ported to another CLEC and the IXC fails to perform the Local Number Portability (LNP) query; and/or
- (iv) Switched Access Traffic delivered to either Party from a third party competitive local exchange carrier over interconnection trunk groups carrying Section 251(b)(5) Traffic and ISP-Bound Traffic (hereinafter referred to as "Local Interconnection Trunk Groups") destined to the other Party.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, each Party reserves it rights, remedies, and arguments relating to the application of switched access charges for traffic exchanged by the Parties prior to the Effective Date of this Agreement and described in the FCC's Order issued in the Petition for Declaratory Ruling that AT&T's Phone-to-Phone IP Telephony Services Exempt from Access Charges, WC Docket No. 01-361(Released April 21, 2004).

12.2 In the limited circumstances in which a third party competitive local exchange carrier delivers Switched Access Traffic as described in Section 12.1 (iv) above to either Party over Local Interconnection Trunk Groups, such Party may deliver such Switched Access Traffic to the terminating Party over Local Interconnection Trunk Groups. If it is determined that such traffic has been delivered over Local Interconnection Trunk Groups, the terminating Party may object to the delivery of such traffic by providing written notice to the delivering Party pursuant to the notice provisions set forth in the General Terms and Conditions and request removal of such traffic. The Parties will work cooperatively to identify the traffic with the goal of removing such traffic from the Local Interconnection Trunk Groups. If the delivering Party has not removed or is unable to remove such Switched Access Traffic as described in Section 12.1(iv) above from the Local Interconnection Trunk Groups within sixty (60) days of receipt of notice from the other party, the Parties agree to jointly file a complaint or any other appropriate action with the applicable Commission to seek any necessary permission to remove the traffic from such interconnection trunks up to and including the right to block such traffic and to obtain compensation, if appropriate, from the third party competitive local exchange carrier delivering such traffic to the extent it is not blocked.

APPENDIX INW

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APPENDIX INW (Inward Assistance Operator Services)

1. INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 This Appendix sets forth terms and conditions for Inward Assistance Operator Services for switched-based CLEC's or CLEC's leasing unbundled switched ports as provided by the applicable SBC Communications Inc. (SBC) owned Incumbent Local Exchange Carrier (ILEC) and CLEC.
- 1.2 SBC Communications Inc. (SBC) means the holding company which directly or indirectly owns the following ILECs: Illinois Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Illinois, Indiana Bell Telephone Company Incorporated d/b/a SBC Indiana, Michigan Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Michigan, Nevada Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Nevada, The Ohio Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Ohio, Pacific Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC California, The Southern New England Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Connecticut, Southwestern Bell Telephone, L.P. d/b/a SBC Arkansas, SBC Kansas, SBC Missouri, SBC Oklahoma and/or SBC Texas and/or Wisconsin Bell, Inc. d/b/a SBC Wisconsin.
- 1.3 SBC-2STATE As used herein, SBC-2STATE means SBC CALIFORNIA and SBC NEVADA, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC(s) doing business in California and Nevada.
- 1.4 SBC-4STATE As used herein, SBC-4STATE means Southwestern Bell Telephone, L.P. d/b/a SBC Arkansas, SBC Kansas, SBC Missouri, and SBC Oklahoma the applicable SBC-owned ILEC(s) doing business in Arkansas, Kansas, Missouri and Oklahoma.
- 1.5 SBC-7STATE As used herein, SBC-7STATE means SBC SOUTHWEST REGION 5-STATE, SBC CALIFORNIA and SBC NEVADA, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC(s) doing business in Arkansas, California, Kansas, Missouri, Nevada, Oklahoma, and Texas.
- 1.6 SBC-8STATE As used herein, SBC-8STATE means SBC SOUTHWEST REGION 5-STATE, SBC CALIFORNIA, SBC NEVADA, and SBC CONNECTICUT the applicable SBC-owned ILEC(s) doing business in Arkansas, California, Connecticut, Kansas, Missouri, Nevada, Oklahoma, and Texas.
- 1.7 SBC-10STATE As used herein, SBC-10STATE means SBC SOUTHWEST REGION 5-STATE and SBC MIDWEST REGION 5-STATE and the applicable SBC-owned ILEC(s) doing business in Arkansas, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Michigan, Missouri, Ohio, Oklahoma, Texas, and Wisconsin.
- 1.8 SBC-12STATE As used herein, SBC-12STATE means SBC SOUTHWEST REGION 5-STATE, SBC MIDWEST REGION 5-STATE and SBC-2STATE the applicable SBC-owned ILEC(s) doing business in Arkansas, California, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Michigan, Missouri, Nevada, Ohio, Oklahoma, Texas, and Wisconsin.
- 1.9 SBC-13STATE As used herein, SBC-13STATE means SBC SOUTHWEST REGION 5-STATE, SBC MIDWEST REGION 5-STATE, SBC-2STATE and SBC CONNECTICUT the applicable SBC-owned ILEC(s) doing business in Arkansas, California, Connecticut, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Michigan, Missouri, Nevada, Ohio, Oklahoma, Texas, and Wisconsin.
- 1.10 SBC ARKANSAS As used herein, SBC ARKANSAS means Southwestern Bell Telephone, L.P. d/b/a SBC Arkansas, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC doing business in Arkansas.
- 1.11 SBC CALIFORNIA As used herein, SBC CALIFORNIA means Pacific Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC California, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC doing business in California.
- 1.12 SBC CONNECTICUT As used herein, SBC CONNECTICUT means The Southern New England Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Connecticut, the applicable above listed ILEC doing business in Connecticut.
- 1.13 SBC KANSAS As used herein, SBC KANSAS means Southwestern Bell Telephone, L.P. d/b/a SBC Kansas, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC doing business in Kansas.

- 1.14 SBC ILLINOIS As used herein, SBC ILLINOIS means Illinois Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Illinois, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC doing business in Illinois.
- 1.15 SBC INDIANA As used herein, SBC INDIANA means Indiana Bell Telephone Company Incorporated d/b/a SBC Indiana, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC doing business in Indiana.
- 1.16 SBC MICHIGAN As used herein, SBC MICHIGAN means Michigan Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Michigan, the applicable SBC-owned doing business in Michigan.
- 1.17 SBC MIDWEST REGION 5-STATE As used herein, SBC MIDWEST REGION 5-STATE means Illinois Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Illinois, Indiana Bell Telephone Company Incorporated d/b/a SBC Indiana, Michigan Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Michigan, The Ohio Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Ohio, and/or Wisconsin Bell, Inc. d/b/a SBC Wisconsin, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC(s) doing business in Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio, and Wisconsin.
- 1.18 SBC MISSOURI As used herein, SBC MISSOURI means Southwestern Bell Telephone, L.P. d/b/a SBC Missouri, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC doing business in Missouri.
- 1.19 SBC NEVADA As used herein, SBC NEVADA means Nevada Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Nevada, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC doing business in Nevada.
- 1.20 SBC OHIO As used herein, SBC OHIO means The Ohio Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Ohio, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC doing business in Ohio.
- 1.21 SBC OKLAHOMA As used herein, SBC OKLAHOMA means Southwestern Bell Telephone, L.P. d/b/a SBC Oklahoma, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC doing business in Oklahoma.
- 1.22 SBC SOUTHWEST REGION 5-STATE As used herein, SBC SOUTHWEST REGION 5-STATE means Southwestern Bell Telephone, L.P. d/b/a SBC Arkansas, SBC Kansas, SBC Missouri, SBC Oklahoma and/or SBC Texas the applicable above listed ILEC(s) doing business in Arkansas, Kansas, Missouri, Oklahoma, and Texas.
- 1.23 SBC TEXAS As used herein, SBC TEXAS means Southwestern Bell Telephone, L.P. d/b/a SBC Texas, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC doing business in Texas.
- 1.24 SBC WISCONSIN As used herein, SBC WISCONSIN means Wisconsin Bell, Inc. d/b/a SBC Wisconsin, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC doing business in Wisconsin.

2. SERVICES

- 2.1 Where technically feasible and/or available, SBC-13STATE Inward Assistance Operator will provide the following assistance or services when reached by an operator dialing the appropriate Toll Center Code in addition to the inward code.
 - 2.1.1 General Assistance on calls where an attempt to connect the call is required by a local operator.
 - 2.1.2 Busy Line Verification (BLV) service and Busy Line Verification/Interrupt (BLV/I) service.

3. **DEFINITIONS**

- 3.1 "General Assistance" A service in which an operator calls the Inward Assistance operator seeking assistance in dialing a number. The assistance could be required, for example, for attempting to dial a number where a 'no ring' condition has been encountered.
- 3.2 "Busy Line Verification" A service in which an operator asks the Inward Assistance operator to verify a conversation in progress.
- 3.3 "Busy Line Verification/ Interrupt" A service in which an operator asks the Inward Assistance operator to interrupt a conversation in progress, to determine if one of the parties is willing to speak to the caller requesting the interrupt.

- 3.4 "Toll Center Code" Refers to a three digit Access Tandem Code (ATC) code that uniquely identifies a tandem switch in the Local Exchange Routing Guide (LERG) designated as providing access to operator services functions. An operator dials the appropriate area code + ATC + OPR SVC CODE to obtain Inward Assistance.
- 3.5 "Operator Service Code" Refers to the operator dialable code assigned in the LERG for Inward Assistance.

4. RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE PARTIES

- 4.1 To the extent that a Party elects, in its sole discretion, to interconnect with the other Party's Operator assistance switches, the Parties' responsibilities are described below:
 - 4.1.1 It is the responsibility of the CLEC to order the necessary facilities to interconnect with SBC-13STATE's Operator assistance switch(es). It is the responsibility of SBC-13STATE to provide the necessary facilities to the CLEC's point of presence in the local exchange area/LATA to interconnect with the CLEC's Operator assistance switches.
 - 4.1.2 The CLEC will initiate an ASR for a one-way trunk group from its designated Operator assistance switch to the SBC-13STATE Operator assistance switch utilizing MF signaling. Likewise, SBC-13STATE will initiate an ASR for a one-way MF signaling trunk group from its Operator assistance switch to the CLEC's designated Operator assistance switch.
- 4.2 CLEC will furnish request for service in writing to SBC-13STATE, thirty calendar (30) days in advance of the date when the Inward Assistance Operator Services are to be undertaken, unless otherwise agreed to by SBC-13STATE. CLEC or its designated operator services providers shall submit Access Service Requests (ASRs) to SBC-13STATE to establish any new interconnection trunking arrangements.
- 4.3 The requester of this Inward Assistance Operator Services service agreement must provide one Carrier Identification Code (CIC) for its CLEC or Independent Exchange Carrier business operation and one for its InterExchange Carrier (IXC) business operation if the requesting company wishes to receive billing data in a format that separates the service provided to the two business operations.

5. TOLL CENTER CODES

- 5.1 Toll Center Codes will be used by the CLEC Operators for routing and connecting to the SBC-13STATE Operator assistance switches. These codes are specific to the various SBC-13STATE LATA's where SBC-13STATE Operator assistance switches are located.
- 5.2 SBC-13STATE Operator Services will require a Toll Center Code for the CLEC Operator Services assistance switch. This code will be the routing code used for connecting the SBC-13STATE Operator to the CLEC Operator on an Inward basis.
- 5.3 If the CLEC requires establishment of a new Toll Center Code, CLEC shall do so by referencing the Local Exchange Routing Guide (LERG).

6. PRICING

6.1 SBC-12STATE - Pricing for Inward Assistance Operator Services shall be based on the rates specified in the applicable Appendix Pricing (Operator work seconds) and/or the applicable Commissioned ordered tariff where stated.

7. MONTHLY BILLING

7.1 SBC-13STATE will render monthly billing statements to CLEC, and remittance in full will be due within thirty (30) days of receipt. CLEC will render monthly billing to SBC-13STATE and remittance in full will be due within thirty (30) days of receipt.

8. LIABILITY

- 8.1 The CLEC agrees to defend and hold harmless SBC-13STATE from any and all losses, damages, or other liability including attorneys fees that the carrier may incur as a result of claims, demands, wrongful death actions, or other suits brought by any party that arise out of the carrier's operator use of Inward Assistance Operator Services on the behalf of the carrier's End Users. The CLEC shall defend against all end user claims just as if the carrier operator had provided such service to its end user directly and shall assert its tariff limitation of liability for benefit of both SBC-13STATE and carrier.
- 8.2 The CLEC also agrees to release, defend and hold harmless SBC-13STATE from any claim, demand or suit that asserts any infringement or invasion of privacy or confidentiality of any person or persons caused or claimed to be caused, directly, or indirectly, by SBC-13STATE employees and equipment associated with provision of the Inward Assistance Operator Services. This provision includes but is not limited to suits, claims, and demands arising from disclosure of the telephone number, address, or name associated with the telephone called.

9. TERMS OF APPENDIX

- 9.1 This Appendix will continue in force for the length of the Interconnection Agreement, but no less than twelve (12) months. At the expiration of the term of the Interconnection Agreement to which this Appendix is attached or twelve (12) months, whichever occurs later, either Party may terminate this Appendix upon one hundred-twenty (120) calendar days written notice to the other Party.
- 9.2 If the CLEC terminates this Appendix prior to the expiration of the term of this Appendix, CLEC shall pay SBC-13STATE, within thirty (30) days of the issuance of any bills by SBC-13STATE, all amounts due for actual services provided under this Appendix, plus estimated monthly charges for the remainder of the term. Estimated charges will be based on an average of the actual monthly amounts billed by SBC-13STATE pursuant to this Appendix prior to its termination.
- 9.3 The rates applicable for determining the amount(s) under the terms outlined in this Section are those specified in Appendix Pricing.

APPENDIX INW

EXHIBIT I

SERVING AREA

OPERATOR SERVICES PROVIDER LOCATION:

CLEC SWITCH SERVING LOCATIONS:

CITY	<u>NPA-NXX</u>	<u>LATA</u>

ADDITIONAL SHEETS SHOULD BE ADDED AS REQUIRED.

APPENDIX NIM (NETWORK INTERCONNECTION METHODS)

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APPENDIX NIM (NETWORK INTERCONNECTION METHODS)

1. INTRODUCTION

This Appendix sets forth the terms and conditions that Network Interconnection Methods (NIM) is provided by the applicable SBC Communications Inc. (SBC) owned Incumbent Local Exchange Carrier (ILEC) and CLEC. This Appendix describes the physical architecture for Interconnection of the Parties' facilities and equipment.

- SBC Communications Inc. (SBC) means the holding company which directly or indirectly owns the following ILECs: Illinois Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Illinois, Indiana Bell Telephone Company Incorporated d/b/a SBC Indiana, Michigan Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Michigan, Nevada Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Nevada, The Ohio Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Ohio, Pacific Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC California, The Southern New England Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Connecticut, Southwestern Bell Telephone, L.P. d/b/a SBC Arkansas, SBC Kansas, SBC Missouri, SBC Oklahoma and/or SBC Texas and/or Wisconsin Bell, Inc. d/b/a SBC Wisconsin.
- 1.3 SBC-2STATE As used herein, SBC-2STATE means SBC CALIFORNIA and SBC NEVADA, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC(s) doing business in California and Nevada.
- 1.4 SBC-4STATE As used herein, SBC-4STATE means Southwestern Bell Telephone, L.P. d/b/a SBC Arkansas, SBC Kansas, SBC Missouri, and SBC Oklahoma the applicable SBC-owned ILEC(s) doing business in Arkansas, Kansas, Missouri and Oklahoma.
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- 1.9 SBC-13STATE As used herein, SBC-13STATE means SBC SOUTHWEST REGION 5-STATE, SBC MIDWEST REGION 5-STATE, SBC-2STATE and SBC CONNECTICUT the applicable SBC-owned ILEC(s) doing business in Arkansas, California, Connecticut, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Michigan, Missouri, Nevada, Ohio, Oklahoma, Texas, and Wisconsin.
- 1.10 SBC ARKANSAS As used herein, SBC ARKANSAS means Southwestern Bell Telephone, L.P. d/b/a SBC Arkansas, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC doing business in Arkansas.
- 1.11 SBC CALIFORNIA As used herein, SBC CALIFORNIA means Pacific Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC California, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC doing business in California.
- 1.12 SBC CONNECTICUT As used herein, SBC CONNECTICUT means The Southern New England Telephone Company, the applicable above listed ILEC doing business in Connecticut.
- 1.13 SBC KANSAS As used herein, SBC KANSAS means Southwestern Bell Telephone, L.P. d/b/a SBC Kansas, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC doing business in Kansas.

- 1.14 SBC ILLINOIS As used herein, SBC ILLINOIS means Illinois Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Illinois, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC doing business in Illinois.
- 1.15 SBC INDIANA As used herein, SBC INDIANA means Indiana Bell Telephone Company Incorporated d/b/a SBC Indiana, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC doing business in Indiana.
- 1.16 SBC MICHIGAN As used herein, SBC MICHIGAN means Michigan Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Michigan, the applicable SBC-owned doing business in Michigan.
- 1.17 SBC MIDWEST REGION 5-STATE As used herein, SBC MIDWEST REGION 5-STATE means Illinois Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Illinois, Indiana Bell Telephone Company Incorporated d/b/a SBC Indiana, Michigan Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Michigan, The Ohio Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Ohio, and/or Wisconsin Bell, Inc. d/b/a SBC Wisconsin, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC(s) doing business in Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio, and Wisconsin.
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- 1.23 SBC TEXAS As used herein, SBC TEXAS means Southwestern Bell Telephone, L.P. d/b/a SBC Texas, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC doing business in Texas.
- 1.24 SBC WISCONSIN As used herein, SBC WISCONSIN means Wisconsin Bell, Inc. d/b/a SBC Wisconsin, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC doing business in Wisconsin.
- 1.25 Network Interconnection Methods (NIMs) include, but are not limited to, Physical Collocation; Virtual Collocation; Fiber Meet Point; and Indirect Interconnection.
- 1.26 SBC-13STATE shall provide Interconnection for CLEC's facilities and equipment, at a level of quality that is equal to that which SBC-13STATE provides itself, a subsidiary, an affiliate, or any other party to which SBC-13STATE provides Interconnection and on rates, terms and conditions that are just, reasonable and non-discriminatory.
- 1.27 The Parties shall effect an Interconnection that is efficient, fair and equitable with each party being financially responsible for approximately half of the Interconnection facilities or in any other manner that is mutually agreeable to the Parties subject to proportionate cost sharing provisions set forth in Appendix 5.3..

2. NETWORK INTERCONNECTION ARCHITECTURE PLAN

2.1 SBC-13STATE's network is partly comprised of End Office switches, Local Only Tandem (SBC SOUTHWEST REGION 5-STATE and SBC MIDWEST REGION 5-STATE), Local/IntraLATA Tandem Switches Local/Access Tandem Switches and Access Tandem Switches. SBC-13STATE's network architecture in any given local exchange area and/or LATA can vary markedly from another local exchange area/LATA. Using one or more of the NIMs herein, the Parties will agree to a physical architecture plan for a specific Interconnection area. For Direct Interconnection, CLEC and SBC-13STATE will Interconnect their networks through existing and/or new Interconnection facilities between CLEC switch(es) and SBC-13STATE End Office(s) and/or Tandem switch(es) at a minimum of one location on SBC's network in the

- LATA. The physical architecture plan will, at a minimum, include the location of CLEC's switch(es) and SBC-13STATE's End Office switch(es) and/or Tandem switch(es) to be interconnected and the facilities that will connect the two networks. At the time of implementation in a given LATA the plan will be documented and signed by appropriate representatives of the Parties, indicating their mutual agreement to the physical architecture plan.
- 2.2 Points of Interconnection (POIs): A Point of Interconnection (POI) is a point in the network where the Parties deliver Interconnection traffic to each other, and also serves as a demarcation point between the facilities that each Party is responsible to provide, subject to cost sharing provisions set forth in appendix ITR Section 5. In many cases, at Sprint's sole option multiple POI(s) will be necessary to balance the facilities investment and provide the best technical implementation of Interconnection requirements to each Tandem within an exchange area and/or LATA. Both parties shall negotiate the architecture in each LATA location that will seek to mutually minimize and equalize investment.
- 2.3 Each Party is responsible for the facilities to its side of the negotiated POI(s), subject to cost sharing provisions set forth in Section 5 and may utilize any method of Interconnection described in this Appendix. Each Party is responsible for the appropriate sizing, operation, and maintenance of the transport facility to the POI(s). The parties agree to provide sufficient facilities for the Interconnection trunk groups required for the exchange of traffic between CLEC and SBC-13STATE.
- 2.4 Either Party, must provide thirty (30) days written notice of any intent to change to the physical architecture plan.
- 2.5 CLEC is solely responsible for the facilities that carry OS/DA, 911, mass calling and Meet-Point trunk groups as specified in Appendix ITR.
- 2.6 Types of Points of Interconnection
 - 2.6.1 A "Tandem Serving Area" or "TSA" is an SBC 13-STATE area defined by the sum of all local calling areas served by SBC 13-STATE End Offices that subtend an SBC 13-STATE tandem for Section 251(b)(5)/IntraLATA Toll Traffic as defined in the LERG.
 - 2.6.2 The Parties will interconnect their network facilities at a minimum of one CLEC designated Point of Interconnection (POI) within SBC 13-STATE's network in the LATA where CLEC Offers Service.
 - 2.6.3 A "Single POI" is a single point of interconnection within a LATA on SBC 13-STATE's network that is established to interconnect SBC 13-STATE's network and CLEC's network for the exchange of Section 251 (b)(5)/IntraLATA Traffic.
 - 2.6.4 The Parties agree that CLEC has the right to choose a Single POI or multiple POIs.
 - 2.6.5 When CLEC has established a Single POI (or multiple POIs) in a LATA, CLEC agrees to establish an additional POI:
 - at an SBC 13-STATE TSA separate from the existing POI arrangement when traffic through the
 existing POI arrangement to that SBC 13-STATE TSA exceeds twenty-four (24) DS1s at peak
 over three (3) consecutive months, or
 - (ii) at an SBC 13-STATE End Office in a local calling area not served by an SBC 13-STATE tandem for Section 251(b)(5)/IntraLATA Toll Traffic when traffic through the existing POI arrangement to that local calling area exceeds twenty-four (24) DS1s at peak over three (3) consecutive months.
 - 2.6.6 The additional POI(s) will be established within 90 days of notification that the threshold has been met.
 - 2.6.7 When the interconnection agreement becomes effective, and if the CLEC has more than a single POI in the LATA, and the conditions set forth in 2.4.5(i) and (ii) aren't met, CLEC will be allowed to decommission any facilities ordered to additional POI locations within 90 days and billing will cease.

2.7 Technical Interfaces

- 2.7.1 The Interconnection facilities provided by each Party shall be formatted using either Alternate Mark Inversion (AMI) line code with Superframe format framing or Bipolar 8 Zero Signaling (B8ZS) with Extended Superframe format framing or any mutually agreeable line coding and framing.
- 2.7.2 Electrical handoffs at the POI(s) will be at the DS1 or DS3 level. When a DS3 handoff is agreed to by the Parties, SBC-13STATE will provide any multiplexing required for DS1 facilities or trunking at their end and CLEC will provide any DS1 multiplexing required for facilities or trunking at their end.
- 2.7.3 When the Parties demonstrate the need for Optical handoffs at the OC-n level, the parties will meet to negotiate specific Optical handoff needs.

3. METHODS OF INTERCONNECTION

- 3.1 Physical Collocation
 - 3.1.1 When CLEC provides their own facilities or uses the facilities of a 3rd party to a SBC-13STATE Tandem or End Office and wishes to place their own transport terminating equipment at that location, CLEC may Interconnect using the provisions of Physical Collocation as set forth in Appendix I Collocation.

3.2 Virtual Collocation

3.2.1 When CLEC provides their own facilities or uses the facilities of a 3rd party to a SBC-13STATE Tandem or End Office and wishes for SBC-13STATE to place transport terminating equipment at that location on the CLEC's behalf, they may Interconnect using the provisions of Virtual Collocation as set forth in Appendix I Collocation. Virtual Collocation allows CLEC to choose the equipment vendor and does not require that CLEC be Physically Collocated.

3.4 Fiber Meet Point

- 3.4.1 Fiber Meet Point Interconnection between SBC-13STATE and CLEC can occur at any mutually agreeable and technically feasible point at an SBC-13STATE Tandem or End Office building within each LATA (SBC SOUTHWEST REGION 5-STATE).
- 3.4.2 When the Parties agree to interconnect their networks pursuant to the Fiber Meet, a single point-to-point linear chain SONET system must be utilized. Only Local Interconnection Trunk Groups shall be provisioned over this jointly provided facility.
- 3.4.3 Neither Party will be allowed to access the Data Communications Channel ("DCC") of the other Party's Fiber Optic Terminal (FOT). The Fiber Meet will be designed so that each Party may, as far as is technically feasible, independently select the transmission, multiplexing, and fiber terminating equipment to be used on its side of the POI(s). The Parties will work cooperatively to achieve equipment and vendor compatibility of the FOT equipment.
- 3.4.4 Requirements for such Interconnection specifications will be defined in joint engineering planning sessions between the Parties.
- 3.4.5 In addition to the semi-annual trunk forecast process, discussed in Appendix ITR, discussions to provide relief to existing facilities can be initiated by either party. Actual system augmentations will be initiated only upon mutual agreement. Facilities will be planned for to accommodate the verified and mutually agreed upon trunk forecast for the Local Interconnection Trunk Groups.
- 3.4.6 Both Parties will negotiate a project service date and corresponding work schedule to construct relief facilities prior to facilities exhaust.
- 3.4.10 CLEC will provide fiber cable to the last entrance (or SBC-13STATE designated) manhole at the SBC-13STATE Tandem or End Office building. SBC-13STATE shall make all necessary preparations to receive and to allow and enable CLEC to deliver fiber optic facilities into that manhole. CLEC will provide a sufficient length of Fiber cable for SBC-13STATE to pull through the

SBC-13STATE cable vault. CLEC shall deliver and maintain such strands wholly at its own expense up to the POI. SBC-13STATE shall take the fiber from the manhole and terminate it inside SBC-13STATE's expense. In this case the POI shall be at the SBC-13STATE designated manhole location.

- 3.4.11 Each Party shall provide its own source for the synchronized timing of its FOT equipment.
- 3.4.12 CLEC and SBC-13STATE will mutually agree on the capacity of the FOT(s) to be utilized based on equivalent DS1s or DS3s. Each Party will also agree upon the optical frequency and wavelength necessary to implement the Interconnection. The Parties will develop and agree upon methods for the capacity planning and management for these facilities, terms and conditions for over provisioning facilities, and the necessary processes to implement facilities as indicated in section 4 of this document.

3.5 Other Interconnection Methods

- 3.5.1 The Parties may mutually agree to other methods of obtaining interconnection that are technically feasible which are incorporated into the Interconnection Agreement by amendment.
- 3.5.2 Indirect Interconnection: For small volumes of traffic (less than 6 DS1s), CLEC may choose to interconnect with SBC-Missouri on an Indirect basis where SBC-13STATE end office does not subtend an SBC tandem.
- 3.5.3 Indirect Interconnection: For small volumes of traffic (less than 7 DS1s), CLEC may choose to interconnect with SBC-13STATE on an Indirect basis where SBC-13STATE end office does not subtend an SBC tandem.

4. RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE PARTIES

- 4.1 For each local Interconnection within an SBC-13STATE area, CLEC shall provide written notice to SBC-13STATE of the need to establish Interconnection in each LATA (SBC SOUTHWEST REGION 5-STATE) or LATA (SBC CALIFORNIA, SBC NEVADA, SBC CONNECTICUT and SBC MIDWEST REGION 5-STATE). CLEC shall provide all applicable network information on forms acceptable to SBC-13STATE (as set forth in SBC's CLEC Handbook, published on the CLEC website).
- 4.2 Upon receipt of CLEC's notice to interconnect, the Parties shall schedule a meeting to discuss the network architecture (including trunking) to be documented as discussed in Section 2.1. The Interconnection activation date for an Interconnect shall be established based on then-existing force and load, the scope and complexity of the requested Interconnection and other relevant factors.
- 4.3 Either party may add or remove additional switches. The parties shall provide 120 days written notice to establish such Interconnection; and the terms and conditions of this agreement will apply to such Interconnection.
- 4.4 The Parties recognize that a facility handoff point must be agreed to that establishes the demarcation for maintenance and provisioning responsibilities for each party on their side of the POI.

5. INTERCONNECTION FACILITIES

- 5.1 Interconnection facilities leased from SBC for the transmission and routing of telephone exchange and exchange access service shall be provided to Sprint at SBC's TELRIC-based rates and subject to cost sharing provisions in this Section.
- 5.2 When Interconnection Facilities are leased from SBC to carry both Section 251(b)(5) traffic and non-Section 251(b)(5) traffic, the Parties shall determine the percentage of the Interconnection Facility utilized for Section 251(b)(5) Traffic. The charges applied to the percentage of the Interconnection Facility utilized to carry Section 251(b)(5) Traffic shall be based upon SBC's TELRIC-based rates and subject to cost sharing provisions in this Section. The remaining percentage of the facilities shall be billed at SBC's applicable access tariff rates.

- 5.3 When two-way Interconnection Facilities are utilized, neither Party shall be financially responsible for that portion of the Interconnection Facility used to transmit the other Party's originating traffic.
 - 5.3.1 The Party, who is delivering traffic originating on its network through facilities and/or trunks provided by the other Party, shall pay to the other Party providing such facilities and/or trunks the monthly recurring and non-recurring costs of such facilities and/or trunks times the difference of 1 minus the Shared Facility Factor set forth below; provided, however, that either Party may submit to the other Party a traffic study, a reasonable estimate of its traffic with supporting justification for such estimate, and/or other network information in complete and appropriate form (determined in good faith)("Shared Facility Information") that the Parties will use to negotiate in good faith a different CLEC-specific Shared Facility Factor. The Shared Facility Information must be CLECspecific and relate to CLEC's network in the State; it shall not be based on industry average data or the data of other Telecommunications Carriers. If such Shared Facility Information is provided within ninety (90) Days after the date this Agreement is executed by duly authorized representatives of both Parties, then any CLEC-specific Shared Facility Factor derived using such Shared Facility Information shall be effective as of the date on which the Shared Facility Information was provided in complete and appropriate form (determined in good faith) to the other Party, but no earlier than the Effective Date of this Agreement; otherwise, the CLEC-specific Shared Facility Factor will be effective as of the date the Shared Facility Information was provided in complete and appropriate form (determined in good faith) to the other Party. Any CLEC-specific Shared Facility Factor that becomes effective during the Initial Term of the Agreement will remain in effect during the Initial Term of the Agreement. After the expiration of the Initial Term hereof. such CLEC-specific Shared Facility Factor established during the Initial Term shall remain in effect thereafter unless either Party provides new Shared Facility Information to the other Party. In such case, the Parties shall use that new CLEC-specific Shared Facility Information to renegotiate in good faith a new revised CLEC-specific Shared Facility Factor. Renegotiation of the CLECspecific Shared Facility Factor shall occur no more frequently than once every twelve months.

Shared Facility Factor - CLEC: 50% Shared Facility Factor - SBC 13-State: 50%

- 5.3.2 If Sprint leases the two-way Interconnection Facility from SBC, SBC shall credit the cost of such facility (both recurring and non-recurring charges) by 50%.
- 5.3.3 If Sprint leases the Interconnection Facility from SBC and SBC does not provide a credit according to Section 3.7.2 above, or if Sprint self-constructs or leases the Interconnection Facility from a third party, Sprint may charge SBC 50% of the recurring charges and non-recurring charges for the Interconnection Facilities.

APPENDIX NUMBER PORTABILITY

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APPENDIX NP (NUMBER PORTABILITY)

1. INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 This Appendix sets forth terms and conditions for Number Portability mutually provided by the applicable SBC Communications Inc. (SBC) owned Incumbent Local Exchange Carrier (ILEC) and CLEC.
- 1.2 SBC Communications Inc. (SBC) means the holding company which directly or indirectly owns the following ILECs: Illinois Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Illinois, Indiana Bell Telephone Company Incorporated d/b/a SBC Indiana, Michigan Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Michigan, Nevada Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Nevada, The Ohio Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Ohio, Pacific Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC California, The Southern New England Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Connecticut, Southwestern Bell Telephone, L.P. d/b/a SBC Arkansas, SBC Kansas, SBC Missouri, SBC Oklahoma and/or SBC Texas and/or Wisconsin Bell, Inc. d/b/a SBC Wisconsin.
- 1.3 SBC-12STATE As used herein, SBC-12STATE means SBC SOUTHWEST REGION 5-STATE, SBC MIDWEST REGION 5-STATE and SBC-2STATE the applicable SBC owned ILEC(s) doing business in Arkansas, California, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Michigan, Missouri, Nevada, Ohio, Oklahoma, Texas, and Wisconsin.
- 1.4 SBC-13STATE As used herein, SBC-13STATE means SBC SOUTHWEST REGION 5-STATE, SBC MIDWEST REGION 5-STATE, SBC-2STATE and SBC CONNECTICUT the applicable SBC owned ILEC(s) doing business in Arkansas, California, Connecticut, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Michigan, Missouri, Nevada, Ohio, Oklahoma, Texas, and Wisconsin.
- 1.5 SBC CALIFORNIA As used herein, SBC CALIFORNIA means Pacific Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC California, the applicable SBC owned ILEC doing business in California.
- 1.6 SBC CONNECTICUT As used herein, SBC CONNECTICUT means The Southern New England Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Connecticut, the applicable above listed ILEC doing business in Connecticut.
- SBC MIDWEST REGION 5-STATE As used herein, SBC MIDWEST REGION 5-STATE means Illinois Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Illinois, Indiana Bell Telephone Company Incorporated d/b/a SBC Indiana, Michigan Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Michigan, The Ohio Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Ohio, and/or Wisconsin Bell, Inc. d/b/a SBC Wisconsin, the applicable SBC-owned ILEC(s) doing business in Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio, and Wisconsin.
- 1.8 SBC NEVADA As used herein, SBC NEVADA means Nevada Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Nevada, the applicable SBC owned ILEC doing business in Nevada.
- 1.9 SBC SOUTHWEST REGION 5-STATE As used herein, SBC SOUTHWEST REGION 5-STATE means Southwestern Bell Telephone, L.P. d/b/a SBC Arkansas, SBC Kansas, SBC Missouri, SBC Oklahoma and/or SBC Texas the applicable above listed ILEC(s) doing business in Arkansas, Kansas, Missouri, Oklahoma, and Texas.

2. PERMANENT NUMBER PORTABILITY (PNP)

2.1 General Terms and Conditions

2.1.1 The Parties agree that the industry has established local routing number (LRN) technology as the method by which permanent number portability (PNP) will be provided in response to FCC Orders in CC Docket No. 95-116 (i.e., First Report and Order and subsequent Orders issued to the date this agreement was signed). As such, the parties agree to provide PNP via LRN to each other as required by such FCC Orders or Industry agreed upon practices.

2.1.2 Other than as specifically set out elsewhere in this agreement, SBC MISSOURI does not offer PNP under this agreement. Rather, PNP is available as described in Section 14 of the Connecticut Tariff FCC No. 39.

2.2 The Parties shall:

- 2.2.1 disclose, upon request, any technical limitations that would prevent LNP implementation in a particular switching office; and
- 2.2.2 provide PNP services and facilities only where technically feasible, subject to the availability of facilities, and only from properly equipped central office.

2.3 Obligations of SBC-12STATE

- 2.3.1 SBC CALIFORNIA/SBC NEVADA/SBC-SBC MIDWEST REGION 5-STATE/SBC SOUTHWEST REGION 5STATE has deployed LRN in all of their switches.
- 2.3.2 SBC-13STATE will open unrestricted non portable codes within 180 days of the receipt of a BFR (bona fide request). A sample BFR is provided in Exhibit 1.
- 2.3.3 SBC-12STATE may cancel any line-based calling cards associated with telephone numbers ported from their switch.

2.4 Obligations of CLEC

- 2.4.1 The CLEC is responsible for advising the Number Portability Administration Center (NPAC) of telephone numbers that it imports and the associated data as identified in industry forums as being required for PNP.
- 2.4.2 After the initial deployment of PNP in a mandated MSA, CLEC shall submit a BFR (see EXHIBIT 1) to request that a SBC SOUTHWEST REGION 5STATE switch in that MSA become LRN capable. The requested switch will be made LRN capable within the time frame stipulated by the FCC.
- 2.4.3 When CLEC requests that an NXX in an LRN capable SBC-12STATE switch become portable, CLEC shall follow the industry standard LERG procedure.
- 2.4.4 CLEC shall be certified by the Regional NPAC prior to scheduling Intercompany testing of PNP.
- 2.4.5 CLEC shall adhere to SBC-12STATE's Local Service Request (LSR) format and PNP due date intervals. Obligations of Both Parties
 - 2.5.1 When a ported telephone number becomes vacant, e.g., the telephone number is no longer in service by the original End User, the ported telephone number will snap-back to the LERG assigned thousands block holder or the NXX code holder if pooling is being used in the rate center.
 - 2.5.2 Each party has the right to block default routed call entering a network in order to protect the public switched network from overload, congestion, or failure propagation.
 - 2.5.3 Industry guidelines shall be followed regarding all aspects of porting numbers from one network to another.
 - 2.5.4 Intracompany testing shall be performed prior to the scheduling of intercompany testing.
 - 2.5.5 Each Party will designate a single point of contact (SPOC) to schedule and perform required testing. These tests will be performed during a mutually agreed time frame and must meet the criteria set forth in industry guidelines.
 - 2.5.6 Each Party shall abide by NANC and the associated industry guidelines for provisioning and implementation processes.
 - 2.5.7 Each Party shall become responsible for the End User's other telecommunications related items, e.g. E911, Directory Listings, Operator Services, Line Information Database (LIDB), when they port the End User's telephone number to their switch.

2.5.8 Each party shall adhere to the reserved number terms and conditions pursuant to Appendix Numbering.

2.6 Limitations of Service

- 2.6.1 Telephone numbers can be ported as a basic network offering only within SBC Missouri rate centers as approved by State Commissions. "Porting within rate centers" refers to the physical location of the end user. If the end user changes his physical location from one rate center to another, he may not retain his telephone number (which indicates the old rate center) as a basic network (non FX) offering. An end user may retain his phone number assignment when moving from one rate center to another by receiving tariffed FX service from his new service provider or by the use of a Tariffed "Remote Call Forwarding" offering from his new service provider. The term "FX" in this attachment refers to number assignments and moves outside of rate centers, and is different from the term "FX" in the Compensation attachment which refers TO number assignments and moves outside of a mandatory local calling area.
- 2.6.2 Telephone numbers in the following NXXs shall not be ported (i) Official Communications Services (OCS) NXXs; and (ii) 555, 976, 950.
- 2.6.3 Telephone numbers with NXXs dedicated to choke/High Volume Call-In (HVCI) networks are not portable via LRN. Choke numbers will be ported as described in Section 5 of this Appendix.

2.7 Service Descriptions

- 2.7.1 The switch's LRN software determines if the called party is in a portable NXX. If the called party is in a portable NXX and if the number is not working on the switch, a query is launched to the PNP database to determine whether or not the called number is ported.
- 2.7.2 When the called number with a portable NXX is ported, an LRN is returned to the switch that launched the query. Per industry standards, the LRN appears in the CdPN (Called Party Number) field of the SS7 message and the called number then appears in the GAP (Generic Address Parameter) field.
- 2.7.3 When the called number with a portable NXX is not ported, the call is completed as in the pre-PNP environment.
- 2.7.4 The FCI (Forward Call Identifier) field's entry is changed from 0 to 1 by the switch triggering the query when a query is made, regardless of whether the called number is ported or not.
- 2.7.5 The CLEC shall populate the Jurisdictional Identification Parameter (JIP) field with the first six (6) digits (NPA NXX format) of the appropriate LRN of the originating switch.

2.8 Pricing

2.8.1 Except as set forth in Section 4, the parties agree not to charge each other for ordering, provisioning, or conversion of ported telephone numbers as a means for the other to recover the costs associated with LNP.

MASS CALLING CODES

3.1 General Terms and Conditions

3.1.1 Mass calling codes, i.e., choke/HVCI NXXs, are used in a network serving arrangement provided by either party in special circumstances where large numbers of incoming calls are solicited by an End User and the number of calls far exceeds the switching capacity of the terminating office, the number of lines available for terminating those calls, and/or the STP's query capacity to the PNP database. The following two different sets of End User objectives usually create this condition: (a) low call completion; and (b) high call completion.

3.1.2 Given the potentially hazardous effect calling conditions of this nature could have on the network, both parties will provide mass calling code portability using a non-LRN solution.

3.2 Service Provided

- 3.2.1 Both parties will offer the ability to port telephone numbers with mass calling NXX codes.
- 3.2.2 When a CLEC requests that a SBC-12STATE number with a mass calling NXX code be ported to its network, SBC-12STATE will build translations at the CSO to route the incoming calls to a CLEC provided dedicated Direct Inward Dial (DID) MF trunk group from the CSO to the CLEC central office.
- 3.2.3 In this non-LRN scenario, calls to the SBC-12STATE mass calling NXX code will leave the originating end office over dedicated MF (multi-frequency) trunk groups to the SBC-12STATE mass calling tandem and/or SBC MIDWEST REGION 5-STATE mass calling hub. The mass calling tandem will then route the calls over dedicated MF trunks to the SBC-12STATE choke serving central office (CSO).

3.3 Obligations of SBC-12STATE

- 3.3.1 SBC-12STATE will port its numbers with mass calling NXXs upon request by the CLEC.
- 3.3.2 SBC-12STATE will not charge the CLEC for the use of its choke network by the CLEC's mass calling customer. In exchange, SBC-12STATE shall not be responsible to pay intercompany terminating compensation for terminating minutes of use (MOU) for ported choke calls.

3.4 Obligations of CLEC

- 3.4.1 CLEC and SBC-12STATE shall agree as to the mass calling due date intervals.
- 3.4.2 The CLEC shall provide the facility and DID trunk group from the SBC-12STATE CSO to the CLEC's serving office. The CLEC shall size this one-way MF trunk group.

3.5 CLEC Mass Calling Codes

- 3.5.1 Should the CLEC assign a mass calling NXX code(s) and establish a mass calling interface for traffic destined to its CSO(s), the CLEC shall connect its CSO(s) on a SBC-12STATE mass calling tandem and a similar mass calling trunking arrangement (one-way outgoing with MF signaling) will be provided from SBC-12STATE's tandem and/or SBC MIDWEST REGION 5-STATE mass calling hub to the CLEC. In order to allow the Parties time to order and install such mass calling trunks, the CLEC shall provide SBC-12STATE notification of its intention to deploy mass calling NXX code(s) at least ninety (90) days before such codes are opened in the LERG. For more information regarding this mass local interconnection trunk group, See Appendix ITR.
- 3.5.2 MF SS7 trunk groups shall not be provided within a DS1 facility. A separate DS1 facility per signaling type must be used. Where SBC-12STATE and CLEC both provide mass calling trunking, both Parties' mass calling trunks may ride the same DS1 facility.

4. SPNP QUERY SERVICE

- 4.1 The N-1 carrier (N carrier is the responsible Party for terminating call to the End User based on the FCC rules) has the responsibility to determine if a query is required, to launch the query, and to route the call to the switch or network in which the telephone number resides.
- 4.2 If either party chooses not to fulfill its N-1 carrier responsibility, , the other party will perform default queries on calls to telephone numbers with portable NXXs received from the N-1 carrier and route the call to the switch or network in which the telephone number resides. In such event, the party providing the query service will charge and CLEC agrees to pay the default queries charges set forth in the CLEC contract or the SBC tariffs following:

- 4.2.1 SBC MIDWEST REGION 5-STATE Section 6 of the FCC No. 2 Access Services Tariff
- 4.2.2 SBC NEVADA Section 19 of the FCC No. 1 Access Services Tariff
- 4.2.3 SBC CALIFORNIA Section 13 of the FCC No. 1 Access Services Tariff
- 4.2.4 SBC SOUTHWEST REGION 5-STATE Section 34 of the FCC No. 73 Access Services Tariff.
- 4.3 SBC-12STATE provides CLECs the optional use of the SBC-12STATE LNP database via the SPNP Query Service-Database. When CLEC orders SPNP Query Service-Database, SBC-12STATE shall charge and CLEC agrees to pay the SPNP Query Service-Database service charges set forth in the appropriate tariff cited in 4.2 above. The CLEC's Signal Transfer Point (STP), tandem, and/or end office's LRN software will determine the need for, and triggers, the query. SBC-12STATE's LNP database will determine if a number has, or has not, been ported and will provide LRN if a number is ported.
- 4.4 When purchasing the SPNP Query Service Database, CLEC will access SBC-12STATE s facilities via an SS7 link to the SBC-12STATE STP.
- 4.5 When purchasing the SLNP Query Service Database, CLEC will advise SBC-12STATE of the entry point(s) of queries to the SBC-12STATE network and provide a query forecast for each entry point.
- 4.6 If SBC-12STATE chooses not to fulfill its N-1 carrier responsibility, CLEC will perform default queries on calls to telephone numbers with portable NXXs received from the N-1 carrier and route the call to the switch or network in which the telephone number resides. In such event CLEC will charge and SBC-12STATE agrees to pay the default queries charges set forth in CLEC's appropriate access tariff.

5. APPLICABILITY OF OTHER RATES, TERMS AND CONDITIONS

5.1 Every interconnection, service and network element provided hereunder, shall be subject to all rates, terms and conditions contained in this Agreement which are legitimately related to such interconnection, service or network element. Without limiting the general applicability of the foregoing, the following terms and conditions of the General Terms and Conditions are specifically agreed by the Parties to be legitimately related to, and to be applicable to, each interconnection, service and network element provided hereunder: definitions, interpretation, construction and severability; notice of changes; general responsibilities of the Parties; effective date, term and termination; fraud; deposits; billing and payment of charges; non-payment and procedures for disconnection; dispute resolution; audits; disclaimer of representations and warranties; limitation of liability; indemnification; remedies; intellectual property; publicity and use of trademarks or service marks; no license; confidentiality; intervening law; governing law; regulatory approval; changes in End User local exchange service provider selection; compliance and certification; law enforcement; no third party beneficiaries; disclaimer of agency; relationship of the Parties/Independent contractor; subcontracting; assignment; responsibility for environmental contamination; force majeure; taxes; non-waiver; network maintenance and management; signaling; transmission of traffic to third parties; customer inquiries; expenses; conflicts of interest; survival; scope of agreement; amendments and modifications; and entire agreement.

EXHIBIT 1

PERMANENT NUMBER PORTABILITY (PNP) BONA FIDE REQUEST (BFR) PROCESS

The Permanent Number Portability (PNP) Bona Fide Request (BFR) is a process that Competitive Local Exchange Carrier (CLECs) shall use to request that PNP be deployed in a Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) beyond the 100 largest MSAs in the country and additional switch(es) in an MSA in which PNP has been deployed.

Per the FCC First Report and Order and Further Notice Of Proposed Rulemaking (July, 1996, ¶80), CLEC can request that PNP be deployed in additional MSAs beginning January 1, 1999. SBC-13STATE is to provide PNP in that MSA in the requested switches within six (6) months of receipt of BFR.

Per the FCC's First Memorandum Opinion And Order On Reconsideration (March 1997, ¶65,66), switches that were not requested to be PNP capable in the initial PNP deployment in the top 100 MSAs can be requested to be made PNP capable. The following time frames begin after an MSA's Phase end date has been reached:

- equipped remote switches within 30 days
- hardware capable switches within 60 days
- capable switches requiring hardware within 180 days
- non-capable switches within 180 days

These time frames begin after the receipt of a BFR.

REQUEST FOR INSTALLATION OF PNP SOFTWARE

The request to make one or more switches in an MSA PNP capable shall be made in the form of a letter or the form on pages 3 through 5 of this Attachment from CLEC to its SBC-13STATE Account Manager which shall specify the following:

- The MSA in which requested switch(es) are located.
- The switch(es), by CLLI code, that are to become PNP capable.
- The date when PNP capability is requested with the FCC established time frames being the least amount of time.

An initial response from the SBC-13STATE Account Manager, acknowledging receipt of the BFR and the date when requested switch(es) will be PNP capable, must be made to CLEC within ten (10) business days of receipt of the BFR.

Local Number Portability (LNP) Bona Fide Request (BFR)

DATE:		(date	e of request)		
TO:		(add	ne of service provide ress of service provide tact name/number)		
FROM:		(requ (auth (auth	uester/service provid uester switch(es)/CLI norized by name) norized by title) tact name/address/n	_1)	
·	Affidavit attesting re	quester as authorized	agent should accom	pany request.	
SWITCH(ES):	CLLI ¹	Rate Center Name ²	Rate Center VC/HC ²	NPA-NXX(s) ³	
				All: Y or N All: Y or N All: Y or N All: Y or N All: Y or N	
	uested date switch(es) uested code opening d			ld/yy)	
Notes: See follo	wing page.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Acknowledgmen	nt of BFR is to be sent	to the requester withir	ten business days.		£ 44
² Enter Termin Screen ³ Circle	ating Point Master Co or highlight Y if reque	er information from LE ordinates; Source of esting all eligible NPA-	RG, including: Rat the LERG information	e Center Name and Asson: Destination Code Roperific switch to be operovide list of desired NPA	ecord (DRD) ned. Circle or
Note:	Targeting of specific	NPA-NXX codes shou	ld be carefully consid	lered Atraditional ILEC	may serve a

single rate center with multiple switches (CLLIs and NXX codes) while CLEC may serve multiple rate centers with a single switch. In the latter case, use of a specific NXX code will determine the rate

⁴ As documented in the Southwest Region Code Opening Process.

Acknowledgment of LNP Bona Fide Request (BFR)

DATE:			(date of response)			
TO:	(requester/CLEC name/ID) (contact name/address/number) (requester switch(es)/CLLI) (name of service provider) (address of provider) (contact name/number)					
FROM:				V	V -	
Switch request(s) accepted	ed:		·			
CLLI Accepted(CLLI 1)(CLLI 2)(CLLI 3)(CLLI 4)	LNP Effective Date	or	Modified Effective Date	Ineligibl	e NPA-NXXs	
Switch request(s) denied/	reason for denial:					
(CLLI 1):						
(CLLI 2):						
(CLLI 3):					ć.,	,
Authorized company repre	esentative signature.	title:				

APPENDIX NUMBERING

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APPENDIX NUMBERING

1. INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 This Appendix sets forth the terms and conditions under which the Illinois Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Illinois, Indiana Bell Telephone Company Incorporated d/b/a SBC Indiana, Michigan Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Michigan, Nevada Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Nevada, The Ohio Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Ohio, Pacific Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC California, The Southern New England Telephone Company d/b/a Connecticut, Southwestern Bell Telephone, L.P. d/b/a SBC Arkansas, SBC Kansas, SBC Missouri, SBC Oklahoma and/or SBC Texas and/or Wisconsin Bell, Inc. d/b/a SBC Wisconsin will coordinate with respect to NXX assignments.
- 1.2 As used herein, SBC-13STATE means the above listed ILECs doing business in Arkansas, California, Connecticut, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Michigan, Missouri, Nevada, Ohio, Oklahoma, Texas and Wisconsin.

2. GENERAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS

- Nothing in this Agreement shall be construed to limit or otherwise adversely impact in any manner either Party's right to employ or to request and be assigned any North American Numbering Plan (NANP) number resources from the numbering administrator including, but not limited to, central office (NXX) codes pursuant to the Central Office Code Assignment Guidelines, or to establish, by tariff or otherwise, Exchanges and Rating Points corresponding to such NXX codes. Each Party is responsible for administering the NXX codes it is assigned.
- 2.2 Intentionally Left Blank
- 2.3 Pursuant to Section 7.3 of the North American Numbering Council Local Number Portability Architecture and Administrative Plan report, which was adopted by the FCC, Second Report and Order, CC Docket 95-116, released August 18, 1997, portability is technically limited to rate center/rate district boundaries of the incumbent LEC due to rating and routing concerns.
- 2.4 Each Party is responsible to program and update its own switches and network systems to recognize and route traffic to the other Party's assigned NXX codes at all times. Neither Party shall impose fees or charges on the other Party for such required porting request, programming, and updating activities.
- 2.5 Each Party is responsible to input required data into the Routing Data Base Systems (RDBS) and into the Telcordia Rating Administrative Data Systems (BRADS) or other appropriate system(s) necessary to update the Local Exchange Routing Guide (LERG), unless negotiated otherwise.
- 2.6 Neither Party is responsible for notifying the other Parties' End Users of any changes in dialing arrangements, including those due to NPA exhaust.

2.7 NXX Migration

2.7.1 Where either Party has activated or reserved under contract or tariff an entire NXX for a single end user and such End-User chooses to receive service from the other Party, the first Party shall cooperate with the second Party to have the entire NXX reassigned in the LERG (and associated industry databases, routing tables, etc.) to an End Office operated by the second Party. Such transfer will require development of a transition process to minimize impact on the Network and on the end user(s)' service and will be subject to appropriate industry lead times (currently forty-five (45) days) for movements of NXXs from one switch to another. The Party to whom the NXX is migrated will pay NXX migration charges per NXX to the Party formerly assigned the NXX as described in the Pricing Appendix under "OTHER."

2.8 Test Numbers

2.8.1 Each Party is responsible for providing to the other, valid test numbers. One number terminating to a VOICE announcement identifying the Company and one number terminating to a milliwatt tome providing answer supervision and allowing simultaneous connection from multiple test lines. Both numbers should remain in service indefinitely for regressive testing purposes.