FILED August 31, 2021 Data Center Missouri Public Service Commission

# Exhibit No. 62

Spire – Exhibit 62 Adam Woodard True Up Rebuttal Testimony File No. GR-2021-0108

Exhibit No:	
Issue:	<b>Capital Structure</b>
	and Rate of Return
	(ROR)
Witness:	Adam Woodard
Type of Exhibit:	True-Up Rebuttal
Sponsoring Party:	Spire Missouri Inc.
Case No.:	GR-2021-0108
<b>Date Testimony Prepared:</b>	August 16, 2021

# **SPIRE MISSOURI INC.**

### CASE NO. GR-2021-0108

#### TRUE-UP REBUTTAL TESTIMONY

OF

#### ADAM WOODARD

### AUGUST 16, 2021

\*\* Denotes Confidential Information \*\*

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1		TRUE-UP REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF ADAM WOODARD
2		I. INTRODUCTION
3	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND BUSINESS ADDRESS.
4	A.	My name is Adam Woodard and my business address is 700 Market, St. Louis, MO
5		63101.
6	Q.	ARE YOU THE SAME ADAM WOODARD WHO FILED REBUTTAL,
7		SURREBUTTAL AND TRUE-UP DIRECT TESTIMONY IN THIS CASE?
8	A.	Yes.
9		II. PURPOSE OF TESTIMONY
10	Q.	WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY?
11	A.	The purpose of my testimony is to respond to the recommendations regarding capital
12		structure and return on equity ("ROE") made by the Office of the Public Counsel ("OPC")
13		witness Dave Murray in his True-Up Direct Testimony.
14		III. CAPITAL STRUCTURE
15	Q.	DOES OPC'S WITNESS DAVID MURRAY PROVIDE AN UPDATED ANALYSIS
16		OF THE COST OF ALL CAPITAL COMPONENTS IN HIS TRUE-UP DIRECT
17		TESTIMONY?
18	A.	No. Mr. Murray states that he analyzed changes to the capital structures of Spire Inc. and
19		Spire Missouri including the cost of capital related to all capital components except
20		common equity. <sup>1</sup> This is a significant omission on the part of the OPC. Indeed, Mr.
21		Murray's ROE recommendation is based in part on information that extends back well
22		before the inception of this current proceeding. He repeatedly cites the last Empire rate

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Murray True-Up Direct, p.1, line 12

case proceeding as the basis for his current recommendation. Mr. Murray's direct testimony
 in the last Empire proceeding was filed on January 15, 2020 based on market conditions in
 2019.

4 Specifically, I disagree with the OPC's recommended capital structure of 48.00% long-term debt, 7.00% short-term debt and 45.00% equity which is based on a misleading 5 6 interpretation of rating agency methodology; instead, I recommend that the Commission 7 order a capital structure of 45.72% debt and 54.28% equity which is more appropriate for 8 the Company as a stand-alone utility. This recommendation is also in line with past 9 Commission practice as highlighted by the principles cited by the Commission in Spire's 10 last rate proceeding, the Staff's recommendation in this case and my previously filed 11 Rebuttal and Surrebuttal Testimony. Secondly, the Company maintains its position that a 12 9.95% ROE is more appropriate as reflected in the Direct, Rebuttal, and Surrebuttal 13 Testimony of Company witness Dylan D'Ascendis.

#### 14 Q. MR. MURRAY STATES THAT SPIRE MISSOURI UPDATED ITS CAPITAL

15 STRUCTURE TO TARGET A CAPITAL STRUCTURE CONSISTENT WITH 16 THAT WHICH THE COMMISSION AUTHORIZED IN CASES NOS. GR-2017-

# 17 0215 AND GR-2017-0216. (MURRAY TRUE-UP DIRECT, PG 1.) IS THIS TRUE?

A. Yes. More precisely Spire Missouri updated its capital structure *in accordance* with the
 Commission's report and order in the last Spire rate proceeding. Mr. Murray disagrees
 with past Commission's decisions and offered relatively weak arguments challenging
 some of the finding of facts in the last report and order in prior testimony<sup>2</sup>. However,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Murray Rebuttal pages 4-7. See also Woodard Rebuttal Testimony, pgs. 6-7; Woodard Surrebuttal Testimony pgs. 10-13.

1	Mr. Murray uses these same points in his testimony in the Empire electric rate proceeding
2	to distinguish Empire from Spire Missouri <sup>3</sup> .
3	Spire Missouri recommends the recognition of its actual capital structure based on all of
4	the relevant finding of facts ("FOF") and conclusions of law provided to it by the
5	Commission in its last report and order, as these facts remain true for Spire Missouri
6	today <sup>4</sup> :
7	<ul> <li>Spire Inc. continues to hold public utilities which are regulated in other</li> </ul>
8	states (FOF #4)
9	• The recommendation is the actual capital structure on the true-up date
10	(FOF#6)
11	<ul> <li>Spire Missouri continues to have an independently determined capital</li> </ul>
12	structure: Spire Missouri does not guaranty the obligations of the parent
13	or any other affiliate and the Commission continues to approve any long-
14	term debt issuance <sup>5</sup> (FOF#7)
15	<ul> <li>Spire Missouri's stand-alone capital structure continues to support its own</li> </ul>
16	bond rating (FOF#8)
17	<ul> <li>Spire Missouri's capital structure ratios are consistent with the capital</li> </ul>
18	structure in its last rate case (FOF#9)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> ER-2019-0374, Murray Surrebuttal Testimony, pgs. 17-19.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> GR-2017-0215 / GR-2017-0216, Amended Report and Order, pages 35-44.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> It should be noted that the OPC advocated *limiting* Spire Missouri's long-term debt authorization request in the last debt authorization process (which such limitation was ultimately accepted by the Commission) while they are advocating *expanding* Spire Missouri's long-term debt in the current proceeding.

1		• Spire Missouri's capital structure ratios as of the true-up date continue to
2		be based upon the actual capital structure that finances the assets and
3		operations of the public utility for which the Commission is setting rates
4		(FOF#10)
5		• Spire Inc.'s capital structure continues to fund capital that has not been
6		directly used to fund investments at Spire Missouri: it includes the
7		common equity of other public utilities and unregulated operations
8		(FOF#11)
9		• The recommended equity ratio is in the range of the five-year average
10		common equity ratios of the proxy natural gas companies (FOF#25)
11		• The Commission specifically rejects a goodwill balance adjustment and
12		states that the goodwill balance has been removed from rate base
13		(Conclusions of Law)
14		Spire Missouri continues to manage its capital structure in accordance with the
15		principles outlined by the Commission in its last rate proceeding while also supporting
16		the best interests of the ratepayers. One example of the capital structure providing this
17		support occurred during the true-up period. Winter Storm Uri and the resulting surge in
18		natural gas pricing created significant operational and financial impacts on gas utilities
19		throughout the region. Several utilities were downgraded by the rating agencies. Spire
20		Missouri's rating was not downgraded. The flexibility provided by its capital structure
21		assisted Spire Missouri in weathering the financial impacts of Winter Storm Uri.
22	Q.	DID OPC'S ERRATA SHEET FILED ON JULY 28, 2021 EXPLAIN THE BASIS
23		FOR THE CORRECTIONS THAT WERE MADE?

1 A. No. The errata sheet was filed without explanation.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Woodard Surrebuttal, page 15, line 2.

1 serves to confuse and is contrary to how this data should be treated under GAAP and was 2 addressed by the Commission in Spire's last report and order<sup>7</sup>. 3 Q. MR. MURRAY STATES THAT SPIRE INC.'S SHORT-TERM DEBT RATIO AS 4 OF MAY 31, 2021 is \*\* **EVEN** \*\*. (MURRAY TRUE-UP DIRECT, PG 3.) IS 5 **THAT TRUE?** 6 A. Yes, assuming current maturities of long-term debt are counted as long-term debt. Spire 7 Inc.'s short-term debt as of May 31, 2021 is \*\* which accounts for \*\* \*\* of the total short- and long-term capitalization. It is also true that Spire Missouri's 8 short-term debt as of May 31, 2021 is \*\* which accounts for \*\* which accounts for \*\* 9 10 its short- and long-term capital structure and **\*\* \*\*** of Spire Inc.'s capital structure. 11 All of Spire Inc.'s consolidated short-term debt is attributable to Spire Missouri. Much 12 of this short-term debt is attributable to deferred gas costs resulting from Winter Storm 13 Uri. Spire Missouri has addressed the status of these balances with Staff and OPC and 14 would like to refinance these into long-term debt immediately once an agreement on 15 recovery has been reached. 16 **Q**. IS THE COMMISSION'S CUSTOMARY "POINT IN TIME" ANALYSIS A 17 **MANIPULATION OF SPIRE MISSOURI'S SHORT-TERM DEBT BALANCES** 18 FOR PURPOSES OF THE TRUE-UP PERIOD (MURRAY TRUE-UP DIRECT, 19 PG. 7.)? 20 A. No. Mr. Murray is implying that Spire Missouri's approach is wrong by simply 21 following historical Commission practice of using the 'point in time' analysis. The three-22 year average approach was rejected by the Commission in the Company's last rate case

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> GR-2017-0215/GR-2017-0216 Amended Report and Order.

1

2

as noted in the Commission's report and order when referencing the balance of shortterm assets relative to short-term debt:

3 "Mr. Murray's proposal to add short-term debt to the capital structure
4 ignores this fact by using a three-year average rather than the customary
5 'point in time' analysis of short-term debt"<sup>8</sup>.

6 Spire Missouri has followed the Commission's "point in time" analysis as outlined in the 7 report and order in its last rate proceeding, in this current proceeding, and would ask that 8 this method be supported by the Commission on a consistent and prospective basis. The 9 "point in time" analysis recognizes the dynamic that some short-term assets are transitory 10 (like deferred gas costs) and are never intended to be capitalized while other short-term 11 assets (like CWIP) will be capitalized at some point in the future but often not 12 immediately placed into rate base. Mr. Murray's recommendation of a three-year 13 average approach would essentially create a retroactive application of the treatment of 14 the Company's short-term debt that is inconsistent with what the Commission has 15 previously ordered. The consequences of his recommendation would result in penalizing the Company for managing its short-term debt based on the Commission's guidance in 16 17 the Company's last rate case. If the Commission is reconsidering its customary analysis 18 of short-term debt, Spire Missouri would request to be informed *before* entering a new 19 rate cycle so it can manage it short-term assets and liabilities accordingly.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> GR-2017-0215 / GR-2017-0216, Amended Report and Order page 45 (also referenced on page 42).

# 1Q.DOES SPIRE INC.'S CAPITAL STRUCTURE INCLUDE HYBRID2SECURITIES THAT ARE ALLOCATED TO DEBT AND EQUITY BY THE3RATING AGENCIES?

This question as posed in Mr. Murray's True-Up Testimony is not accurate<sup>9</sup>. Mr. Murray 4 A. 5 only cites the portions of the methodology that is supportive of his position and fails to 6 address the rest of the rating agency reconciliation. Both Moody's and Standard & Poor's 7 reconcile a rated company's entire financial statements according to their published methodology<sup>10</sup>. These reconciliations include recasting components of the balance sheet 8 9 but also include significant adjustments to the income statement and cash flow statement. 10 This has been a longstanding practice of the rating agencies and their oft cited metrics 11 are derived from these reconciliations to a company's financial statements. Moody's and 12 Standard & Poor's make significant reconciliations to the financial statements of both 13 Spire Inc. and Spire Missouri in rating each of them individually. This requires a 14 considerable amount of engagement by Spire Inc. and Spire Missouri as there is not 15 consistent agreement between the rating agencies and the companies on how various 16 reconciliations are to be applied. This information has been provided to the OPC through 17 data requests in this proceeding and pursuant to the Company's last debt authorization 18 order. Mr. Murray conveniently cites the part of these reconciliations that suits his 19 purposes but ignores the rest. This is misleading. One notable example of this is the fact

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Murray True-Up Testimony, page 4, lines 5-6.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Moody's, Financial Statement Adjustments in the Analysis of Non-Financial Corporations, August 9, 2018; Moody's, Hybrid Equity Credit, April 10, 2018; Standard & Poor's, Corporate Methodology: Ratios and Adjustments, April 1, 2019; Standard & Poor's, Hybrid Capital Handbook, September 15, 2008; Standard & Poor's, Hybrid Capital: Methodology and Assumptions, July 1, 2019.

that both rating agencies impute additional long-term debt to the extent that the pension
is less than 100% funded. Spire Missouri's pension is not 100% funded and the OPC did
not support Spire's filing position to fully fund it. Rating agency methodology imputes
additional long-term debt given these circumstances, but this "debt" is not cited by Mr.
Murray in his testimony.
It should be made abundantly clear that these rating agency reconciliations do NOT
purport to be GAAP and the agencies themselves would reject any suggestion otherwise.

8 Spire Missouri does not endorse Mr. Murray's misinformed attempt to alter its capital 9 structure based upon selective treatment of rating agency methodology. Spire takes 10 rating agency concerns into account when making corporate finance decisions but is 11 certainly not governed by their methodology and metrics as Mr. Murray suggests.

12

#### IV. RATE OF RETURN

13 **RECOMMENDS THE COMMISSION REJECT** Q. MR. MURRAY THE **COMPANY'S INCLUSION OF COMMON EQUITY FLOTATION COSTS** 14 15 CLAIMING RECOVERY OF FLOTATION COSTS ARE PROHIBITED AS PART OF THE REPORT AND ORDER RELATING TO THE COMPANY'S 16 17 ACQUISITION OF MGE. (MURRAY TRUE-UP DIRECT, PGS. 4-5). HAS THE 18 COMMISSION CONSIDERED FLOTATION COSTS IN THE PAST WHEN 19 AUTHORIZING A RETURN ON EQUITY AND SHOULD IT CONSIDER 20 THEM IN THIS PROCEEDING?

A. Yes. The Commission adjusted for flotation costs in Spire's last rate proceeding<sup>11</sup> which
is difficult for Mr. Murray to reconcile in his statement accusing Spire Missouri of

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> GR-2017-0215 / GR-2017-0216, page 31.

violating the Commission's Order. Once again, Mr. Murray is misconstruing the facts,
 and I disagree with the assertion that Spire Missouri is prohibited from including flotation
 costs based on the Report in Order in Case No. GM-2013-0254.

4 Mr. D'Ascendis provides an excellent explanation in his Direct Testimony of flotation 5 costs and why they should be recovered through a rate of return adjustment<sup>12</sup>. These costs 6 are real and are not accounted for in any of the models offered by Mr. Murray or Dr. 7 Won or Mr. D'Ascendis. The costs for the issuance of permanent capital are charged to 8 capital accounts and are not expensed on a utility's income statement. Recovery of 9 capital investment is related to the expected useful life of such investment and equity is 10 perpetual capital (as is assumed in discounted cash flow models). Historical flotation 11 costs are a permanent loss of investment to a utility and should be accounted for when 12 setting an authorized return on equity regardless of when such equity has been placed 13 with investors. The great majority of a utility's flotation costs are incurred prior to a 14 given test year but remains part of the cost structure during the test year and into the 15 future. Mr. Murray would have the Commission believe that Spire Missouri's equity is 16 not perpetual and issued without cost. This is simply not the case.

#### 17 **Q**. IS SPIRE MISSOURI'S RECOMMENDATION OF A FLOTATION COST 18 EQUITY ADJUSTMENT TO ITS ALLOWED RETURN ON AN 19 ENDORSEMENT OF APPLYING SPIRE INC.'S CONSOLIDATED CAPITAL 20 STRUCTURE AND CAPITAL COSTS TO SPIRE MISSOURI?

A. No. Mr. Murray argues that the Company's testimony recognizes Spire Inc.'s security
 issuances are not distinguishable for purposes of capitalizing Spire Missouri. Spire Inc.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> D'Ascendis Direct Testimony; Pages 45-48.

1 has not requested recovery of the cost of any debt outside Spire Missouri. However, 2 Spire Missouri's debt is a component of the consolidated debt structure of Spire Inc. It 3 would be awkward to ask the Commission for recovery of the cost of debt for Spire 4 Alabama. This is certainly a distinguishing factor. Spire Missouri does not issue its own 5 equity to third-party investors and has not received equity from Spire Inc. for a number 6 of years. However, equity is perpetual capital which makes the recovery of related 7 flotation costs distinguishable from when they were incurred. Spire Missouri is not 8 asking for recovery on flotation costs for the entire consolidated entity, but only as it 9 applies to its own equity. This is not a suggestion that the capital structures of Spire Inc. 10 and Spire Missouri are one in the same. Spire Missouri's capital structure is by definition 11 part of the larger consolidated capital structure of Spire Inc. along with the capital 12 contained within several other subsidiaries. This fact does not make the reverse true.

#### 13 Q. IS OPC'S RECOMMENDED CAPITAL STRUCTURE AND RATE OF RETURN

14

# FAIR AND REASONABLE?

A. No. Mr. Murray's approach to capital structure and rate of return is deeply flawed and
it would significantly impact Spire Missouri's ability to attract new capital at a
reasonable cost. OPC has provided updated cost analysis in its True-up Testimony on
all capital components <u>except</u> equity which is an inappropriate and suspicious omission
given the obvious trends toward higher authorized ROEs as reported by Regulatory
Research Associates<sup>13</sup>. Mr. Murray continues to cite the Empire electric proceeding as
a "current" comparable ROE despite the financial analysis underlying the testimony in

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> S&P Global Market Intelligence, RRA Regulatory Focus: Major Rate Case Decisions-January – June 2021, July 27, 2021.



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**1 1 1** 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> GR-2017-0215/GR-2017-0216, Staff's Cost of Service Report, pages 45-46; Murray Rebuttal Testimony.

1	Q.	DID STAFF UPDATE ITS ROE RECOMMENDATION IN THE TRUE-UP
2		DIRECT TESTIMONY OF KAREN LYONS?
3	А.	No.
4	Q.	SHOULD THE STAFF'S ROE NUMBER BE UPDATED?
5	А.	Yes. Staff should update the ROE number based on the current information available to
6		Staff, including information from recent utility cases which I included in my prior
7		testimony. <sup>16</sup>
8		VI. CONCLUSION
9	Q.	DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR TRUE-UP REBUTTAL TESTIMONY?
10	A.	Yes.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> GR-2021-0108, Woodard Surrebuttal Testimony, Schedule AWW SR-1.

#### **BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI**

In the Matter of Spire Missouri Inc.'s ) Request for Authority to Implement a ) General Rate Increase for Natural Gas ) File No. GR-2021-0108 Service Provided in the Company's ) Missouri Service Areas )

#### AFFIDAVIT

STATE OF MISSOURI	)	
	)	SS.
CITY OF ST. LOUIS	)	

Adam Woodard, of lawful age, being first duly sworn, deposes and states:

1. My name is Adam Woodard. I am Treasurer for Spire Missouri Inc. My business address is 700 Market St., St Louis, Missouri, 63101.

2. Attached hereto and made a part hereof for all purposes is my testimony on behalf of Spire Missouri Inc.

Under penalty of perjury, I declare that the foregoing is true and correct to the 3. best of my knowledge and belief.

/s/ Adam Woodard

Adam Woodard

August 16, 2021 Date