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Spot Market Prices Bilateral Sales Forecasting Error Erin L. Maloney MO PSC Staff Rebuttal Testimony ER-2011-0028 March 25, 2011

MISSOURI PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

UTILITY OPERATIONS DIVISION

REBUTTAL TESTIMONY

OF

ERIN L. MALONEY

UNION ELECTRIC COMPANY d/b/a Ameren Missouri

CASE NO. ER-2011-0028

Jefferson City, Missouri March 2011

staff Exhibit No_2 Date 4/24/11 Reporter ER-2011-002 File No....

BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

In the Matter of Union Electric Company) d/b/a AmerenUE's Tariff to Increase Its) Annual Revenues for Electric Service

File No. ER-2011-0028

AFFIDAVIT OF ERIN L. MALONEY

)

STATE OF MISSOURI)) ss **COUNTY OF COLE**)

Erin L. Maloney, of lawful age, on her oath states: that she has participated in the preparation of the following Rebuttal Testimony in question and answer form, consisting of 3 pages of Rebuttal Testimony to be presented in the above case, that the answers in the following Rebuttal Testimony were given by her; that she has knowledge of the matters set forth in such answers; and that such matters are true to the best of her knowledge and belief.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 24^{μ} day of March, 2011.

otary Public

SUSAN L. SUNDERMEYER Notary Public - Notary Seal State of Missouri Commissioned for Callaway County My Commission Expires: October 03, 20 Commission Number: 10942086

1	REBUTTAL TESTIMONY	
2 3	OF	
4 5	ERIN L. MALONEY	
6 7 8 9	UNION ELECTRIC COMPANY d/b/a Ameren Missouri	
10 11	CASE NO. ER-2011-0028	
12 13	Q. Please state your name and business address?	
14	A. Erin L. Maloney, P.O. Box 360, Jefferson City, Missouri, 65102.	
15	Q. Are you the same Erin L. Maloney who contributed to the Missouri Publ	ic
16	Service Commission Staff Revenue Requirement and Cost of Service Report filed of	m
17	February 11, 2011?	
18	A. Yes.	
19	Q. What is the purpose of this testimony?	
20	A. The purpose of this testimony is to address three issues involved in the	he
21	calculation of Union Electric Company d/b/a Ameren Missouri (Ameren Missouri	or
22	Company) fuel and purchased power expenses. The first issue involves a change	in
23	methodology used to calculate purchased power prices used in Staff's Realtime [™] fuel mode	el,
24	the second issue involves an adjustment to account for the revenues received by the Compar	ny
25	as a result of bilateral sales presented in the direct testimony of Missouri Industrial Energy	gу
26	Consumers witness Mr. James R. Dauphinais, and the third issue involves the Company	''s
27	request for compensation based on generation and load forecast deviation presented in the	he
28	direct testimony of Company witness Mr. Tim Finnell.	
29	Q. What has changed with regard to the calculation of purchased power prices?	
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Rebuttal Testimony of Erin L. Maloney

1 In Staff's direct case, Staff calculated purchased power prices by using day-Α. 2 ahead, real time, and bilateral transactions as presented in the data submitted by the Company 3 as required per the 4 CSR 240-3.190 (1) E rule (3.190 data). Staff believed that using actual 4 transaction data better reflected the market conditions in which the Company operated. 5 During conversations with the Company and other parties Staff agreed, for the purposes of 6 this case, to model dispatch of the Company's generation fleet in the RealTime™ fuel model 7 using day-ahead prices with the caveat that if day-ahead prices were used, an adjustment to 8 account for revenues resulting from bilateral sales such as described in the direct testimony of 9 Mr. Dauphinais would be made outside the model.

10 Q. Why did Staff agree to use day-ahead purchased power prices in the fuel11 model?

A. Staff became concerned that by using the higher prices that were calculated as a result of incorporating real time and bilateral transaction prices into the average hourly purchased power calculation that the model would be sending inappropriate price signals to the generators. For example, if the purchased power price is too high, this could cause the model to signal the start up of on expensive gas generator instead of a more economical purchased power transaction.

Q. How does Staff recommend accounting for the revenues from bilateral
transactions that are no longer reflected in the purchased power prices used in Staff's latest
fuel run?

- A. Staff recommends that an adjustment for bilateral sales be made to off-system
 sales revenue as described on page 20 of Mr. Dauphinais' direct testimony.
- 23

Q.

Can you explain how he calculated this adjustment?

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Rebuttal Testimony of Erin L. Maloney

Q.

- 1 Α. Yes, Mr. Dauphinais used the 3.190 data to calculate the percentage of bilateral 2 sales margins to off-system sales revenues and then multiplied this percentage by the amount of 3 off system sales revenues from their production cost model.
- 4

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What is Staff's recommendation?

5 Staff recommends that the approximate \$4.4 million bi-lateral sales margin A. 6 adjustment proposed by Mr. Dauphinais be adopted which will reduce the Company's Net Base 7 Fuel Cost and revenue requirement by approximately \$4.4 million.

8

What is Staff's position regarding the Company's proposal to recover the costs of Q. 9 load and generation forecast errors?

10 Staff does not recommend adoption of the Company's proposal to recover these Α. 11 costs because load forecasting and generation planning is an inherent risk in the electric utility 12 business that should not be passed to the rate payers. There is always going to be some deviation 13 to either what is planned for generation dispatch or what is forecast for load. According to page 14 12 lines 9 through 18 of Mr. Finnell's direct testimony the load forecast deviation cost (or 15 revenue) is calculated by multiplying the amount of load deviation by the difference in the day-16 ahead price and the real-time price. In other words the Company would like to be compensated 17 for what the additional load would have cost them at the day-ahead price instead of what it did 18 cost them at the real time price. These costs are not "additional" costs as Mr. Finnell claims on 19 line 14 of his testimony but rather the cost of meeting load, which the Company is being 20 compensated for through rates.

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Q. What is your recommendation?

22 Staff recommends that the Company be denied an adjustment for generation and Α. 23 load forecasting deviation error.

Q. Does this conclude your rebuttal testimony? 24

25 Α. Yes.

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