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Exhibit No.: Issues: Purchased Power

Witness: Sponsoring Party: Type of Exhibit: Case Nos.:

Date Testimony Prepared:

Leon C. Bender MO PSC Staff Surrebuttal Testimony ER-2004-0034 & HR-2004-0024 February 13, 2004

MISSOURI PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

UTILITY OPERATIONS DIVISION

SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY

OF

LEON C. BENDER

AQUILA, INC. D/B/A AQUILA NETWORKS--MPS AND AQUILA NETWORKS--L&P

CASE NOS. ER-2004-0034 & HR-2004-0024

Jefferson City, Missouri February 2004

Exhibit No. 115
Case No(s). FR-2004-0034
Date 2123/01 Rotr 44

BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

In The Matter Of Aquila, Inc. D/B/A Aquila) Networks L&P And Aquila Networks MPS) Case No. ER-2004-0034 & To Implement A General Rate Increase In) HR-2004-0024 (Consolidated) Electricity

AFFIDAVIT OF LEON C. BENDER

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STATE OF MISSOURI)) ss **COUNTY OF COLE**)

Leon C. Bender, of lawful age, on his oath states: that he has participated in the preparation of the following written testimony in question and answer form, consisting of 4pages of testimony to be presented in the above case, that the answers in the attached written testimony were given by him; that he has knowledge of the matters set forth in such answers; and that such matters are true to the best of his knowledge and belief.

Leon C. Bender

Subscribed and sworn to before me this

day of February, 2004.

DAWN L. HAKE Notary Public - State of Missouri County of Cole My Commission Exuites Jan 9, 2005

My commission expires

1		SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY	
2		OF	
3		LEON C. BENDER	
4		AQUILA, INC.	
5		D/B/A AQUILA NETWORKS-MPS AND	
6		AQUILA NETWORKS-L&P	
7		CASE NOS. ER-2004-0034 AND HR-2004-0024	
8		(CONSOLIDATED)	
9	Q.	Please state your name and business address.	
10	А.	Leon C. Bender, P.O. Box 360, Jefferson City, Missouri, 65102.	
11	Q.	Are you the same Leon C. Bender who filed direct and rebuttal testimony in	
12	this case?		
13	А.	Yes, I am.	
14	Q.	What is the purpose of your surrebuttal testimony in this case, Aquila, Inc.	
15	(Aquila) d/b/a Aquila Networks-MPS (MPS) and Aquila Networks-L&P (L&P) Case		
16	No. ER-200	04-0034?	
17	А.	The purpose of my surrebuttal testimony is to respond to statements in the	
18	rebuttal tes	timony of James W. Okenfuss, of Aquila concerning Staff's determination of	
19	purchased power prices. In particular, I wish to respond to Mr. Okenfuss' suggestion that		
20	purchased power prices in the production cost model should be correlated with the		
21	predicted natural gas prices (page 6) as well as his statement that Staff has confused costs		
22	with prices	(page 4).	

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Surrebuttal Testimony of Leon C. Bender

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1	Q. Do you agree that the Staff should change its purchased power prices based on
2	natural gas prices?
3	A. No. Purchased power prices are influenced by many factors.
4	Q. What are some of the factors that could have an influence on purchased power
5	prices in general?
6	A. Schedule 1 lists some of the factors that influence purchased power prices
7	such as plant specific characteristics, the economy, electrical system congestion and a
8	sellers intent.
9	Q. With all these variables affecting purchased power can one assume only one
10	variable controls the outcome?
11	A. No. A change in any one of these variables can influence the final choices a
12	supplier makes to minimize its costs. Some factors have a greater influence than others but
13	all the variables influence the outcome in some way. For example, a suppliers low cost
14	unit being forced out during peak periods probably would cause a rise in local market
15	prices. As another example, load could decrease due to a sudden reduction in demand from
16	a large industrial customer's closing. The supplier would have excess generation available
17	thus lowering the price at which energy could be purchased. Or, for instance, a marketer
18	may be anticipating an increase in demand and may be holding back his unit to save on
19	maintenance cost as he expects prices to go even higher in the near future. In the last
20	example, marginal cost at the hub has little to do with his decision but the effect might be
21	increased prices.

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Surrebuttal Testimony of Leon C. Bender

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1	Q. Please discuss how Staff's method satisfactorily addresses the
2	interdependence of the various inputs.
3	A. Since Staff is using actual prices, this by definition accounts for all the
4	variables that affected the market price curve during the test year. Thus, Staff's method
5	avoids the need to speculate as to the effect of any one variable or combination of variables
6	upon the purchase power price.
7	Q. Has Staff confused cost with prices as Mr. Okenfuss states at the bottom of
8	page 4 of his rebuttal testimony?
9	A. No. Mr. Okenfuss's testimony is confusing when he refers to Staff's use of
10	cost and prices. Staff develops prices for input into the production cost model. To do so,
11	Staff uses Aquila's actual purchased power cost in dollars (\$) divided by the amount
12	purchased in mega-watts (MW) to determine the actual price paid (\$/MW) in each hour of
13	the test year.
14	Q. Does the Staff's method used to develop purchased power prices determine a
15	cost curve or a market price curve?
16	A. In effect, it develops a market price curve, based on the market conditions in
17	the test year as represented by Aquila's expenditures for power and the amount received.
18	This so-called market price curve is then input into the production cost model.
19	Q. Please briefly discuss the Staff's method.
20	A. The Staff's method is described in my direct testimony in this case. The
21	method employs actual data submitted by Aquila during the test year through August 2003.
22	The data includes actual cost and amounts for energy sales and energy purchases for every
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Surrebuttal Testimony of Leon C. Bender

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1	hour. As stated earlier, the total cost (\$) for each hour is divided by the total amount (MW)
2	for each hour to obtain the price (\$/MW) for each hour. This price represents the power
3	market price (\$/MW) for Aquila during that hour. In hours for which no energy was
4	purchased, a statistical calculation is used to estimate a price for that hour. The calculation
5	is based upon actual prices in other hours around it and is not a forecasted price. The
6	prices are then aligned with the weather-normalized load to ensure that the highest price is
7	paid during the period of highest demand and vice versa. This forms a market price curve
8	for use in the estimation of fuel and purchased power expense that is consistent with the
9	prices from the time period ordered by the Commission.
10	Q. Why doesn't Staff use a forecasted market price curve in its production cost
11	model, as does Aquila?
12	A. Staff has traditionally used inputs to its production cost model that are from
13	the same period for which revenues are calculated in a rate case. Staff witness,
14	Dana E. Eaves, discusses why it is appropriate to use matching revenue and cost data to set
15	rates in his rebuttal testimony on page 8, starting at line 9 of his testimony.
16	Q. Have you made any changes to Staff's purchased power inputs that you filed
17	direct testimony on as a result of discussions with the other parties in prehearing?
18	A. No, I have not.
19	Q. Does this conclude your surrebuttal testimony?
20	A. Yes, it does.

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FACTORS WHICH AFFECT THE COST OF PURCHASE POWER

1. Incremental cost of each generating unit in the model

Plant specific items:

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Minimum and maximum capacity

Normal operating capacity

Availability and maintenance schedules

Operation & Maintenance cost

Unit Ramp rates

Unit Net Heat Rate curve

Plant minimum up times and down times

Startup cost

Length of time it takes to startup up

Cost of primary and supplemental fuels for startup, and operation

2. Load at which generation is dispatched

Weather

Economy

Transmission availability

Demand side management

Customer turnover

3. Transmission availability

Outages Maintenance

New construction

System congestion

4. Position of company and sellers

Ability and willingness of company and sellers to take risks-this could change frequently

Companies and sellers expectations of the future prices

5. Purchase power contracts in effect at time